



PERSONNEL RULES

Effective September 22, 2025

CITY AND BOROUGH OF
JUNEAU, ALASKA

RULE 1
POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Section
005. Classification Plan
010. Classification Specifications
015. Use of Classification Titles
020. Allocation of Positions
025. Effective Date of Allocation Actions

1 PR 005. Classification Plan.

The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall prepare and maintain a position classification plan which provides for a grouping of all positions in the classified service and the partially exempt service on the basis of typical duties, responsibilities and qualifications. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

1 PR 010. Classification Specifications.

(a) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall provide and maintain written specifications for each classification. Each specification for the classified service must include a title, a description of the duties, responsibilities and minimum qualifications. Each specification for the partially exempt service must include a title, a description of the duties, responsibilities and desired qualifications. The duties and responsibilities included in classification specifications are guidelines and are not inclusive of all duties and responsibilities in positions allocated to a particular class.

(b) The statement of minimum qualifications is the minimum education, experience, and other qualifications required of a new appointee to a position in the classification. When minimum qualifications change as a result of federal, state, occupational or professional requirements, current employees in the job classification may be required to meet the new minimum qualifications and shall be given a reasonable time to do so. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

1 PR 015. Use of Classification Titles.

The title of a classification is the official title for every position allocated to that classification. For the purpose of internal management, abbreviations or working titles may be used.

1 PR 020. Allocation of Positions.

(a) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall allocate all existing and new positions in the classified service and the partially exempt service to classifications according to established classification specifications.

(b) The department director requesting allocation action shall provide the Human Resources and Risk Management Director with a written description of the duties, responsibilities and authority

assigned to the position. The department director shall also submit other information as may be required by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director and such classification recommendations that are appropriate.

- (c) The department director shall provide the Human Resources and Risk Management Director with a revised position description if any change is made which may affect the allocation of a position or the standards for evaluating the performance of the employee occupying the position.
- (d) The department director shall provide the incumbent of a position with a copy of the current position description no later than the effective date of the position description.
- (e) An employee who considers his or her position improperly allocated may submit a request for allocation to a different classification in writing to his or her immediate supervisor. The immediate supervisor and the department director shall review, and revise if necessary, the employee's position description to assure that the duties and responsibilities of the position are accurately recorded. The department director shall submit the position description to the Human Resources and Risk Management Director for review. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall review the position description for proper allocation. Final allocations are subject to budget constraints as determined by the City Manager. This process shall be the sole and exclusive remedy for disputes regarding the allocation of a position or a group of positions. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)*

1 PR 025. Effective Date of Allocation Action.

The effective date of any allocation action shall be the first day of the pay period following the date of the action, unless another date is specified.

RULE 2
RECRUITMENT**Section****005. General****010. Announcements****015. Announcement Distribution****020. Recruitment Outside of Juneau****025. Applications****030. Notice to Applicants****2 PR 005. General.**

This Rule applies only to the classified service. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director may use whatever methods are appropriate to recruit qualified applicants. Recruitment may be restricted to current employees including general government, Bartlett Regional Hospital, Airport, Eaglecrest, Harbors, and School District employees. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 4028, 2025)*

2 PR 010. Announcements.

(a) Recruitment for permanent full time, permanent part time, permanent seasonal, Eaglecrest seasonal, benefited Eaglecrest limited, and long term temporary vacancies must be publicly announced prior to appointment. Part-time limited, non-benefited Eaglecrest limited, short term temporary, preferential appointments made in accordance with 4 PR 006 – 009 and nonpreferential appointments in made accordance with 4 PR 010 – 011 are not subject to public announcement. Vacancies filled through the transfer of a current employee in accordance with 5 PR 035 need not be publicly noticed provided the position to which the employee is transferring from is the same status type as the position the employee is transferring to.

(1) Announcements must be in writing and must include: the title of the position, the department, the division, position status, type of appointment, the pay range or rate, minimum qualifications, typical duties, the dates applications will be accepted, and the place and manner of filing applications. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director may add any additional information believed advisable.

(2) All announcements must be posted for not less than five days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and those holidays listed in these Rules.

(3) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director may authorize the use of an applicant pool to fill more than one vacancy provided that the additional appointment from the applicant pool occurs within 60 days of the original announcement closing. The additional position to be filled must be in the same job classification and the duties performed shall be reasonably similar to the original vacancy announced. *(Res. No. 2210, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2500, 2009; 2649, 2013)*

2 PR 015. Announcement Distribution.

The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall post Job Announcements online.

(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025)

2 PR 020. Recruitment Outside of Juneau.

- (a) If the Human Resources and Risk Management Director determines that insufficient competition exists or will exist, the announcement of a vacancy may include recruitment of any applicant with the legal right to work in the United States. The department director shall rank candidates for selection in accordance with 4 PR 020.
- (b) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall prepare and place all advertisements. *(Res. No. 2210, 2003; 2370, 2006)*

2 PR 025. Applications.

All applications must be made on a form provided by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

2 PR 030. Notice to Applicants.

Notice to applicants shall be done in accordance with 4 PR 025. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025)*

RULE 3
EXAMINATION**Section****005. General****010. Examination Methods****015. Medical Examination****020. Disqualification of Applicants****025. Criminal Convictions****030. Notice of Examination Results****035. Confidential Information****040. Retention of Records****3 PR 005. General.**

(a) Except for the provisions on medical examinations and medical records, this Rule applies only to the classified service.

(b) The department director shall provide the Human Resources and Risk Management Director with a written copy of the methods and materials for the examination of applicants prior to gaining access to applicant materials. All examinations must relate to the applicant's job-related knowledge, skills, ability and willingness to discharge the duties and responsibilities of the position. If the department director changes the methods and materials for examination subsequent to receiving access to the applicant materials, the changes must first be reviewed by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall keep a written copy of the methods and materials. (*Res. No. 1551, 1992; 2210, 2003; 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025*)

3 PR 010. Examination Methods.

The appropriate form of each examination shall be determined by the department director and may include oral, written, medical or physical examinations or tests, ratings of training and experience, assessment centers, employment references, background investigations, reports of supervisors, performance evaluations, work samples and personal references. The department director is responsible for setting any minimum qualifying scores for examinations.

3 PR 015. Medical Examination.

A department director requiring medical examinations must establish medical standards related to the duties and responsibilities of the position. Standards may differ based on the duties and responsibilities of each position. Medical examinations must be conducted by a licensed physician approved by the department director. Medical examinations may not be required except as a condition of appointment when a formal job offer has been made. No appointment is effective until the applicant meets the medical standards. (*Res. No. 1551, 1992*)

3 PR 020. Disqualification of Applicants.

- (a) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall disqualify an applicant who has failed to submit an application within the prescribed time limit.
- (b) A department director, with the concurrence of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, shall disqualify an applicant who fails to meet the minimum qualifications established for the job classification.
- (c) A department director, with the concurrence of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, shall disqualify an applicant who:
 - (1) Has made a false statement of fact material to the position applied for;
 - (2) Has used or attempted to use political influence or bribery to secure an advantage in the examination or appointment, or;
 - (3) Has directly or indirectly obtained information regarding examinations which an applicant is not entitled to obtain.
- (d) A department director, with the concurrence of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, may disqualify an applicant who has been dismissed from employment for misconduct, unsatisfactory performance of duties or other similar cause.
 - (1) In making the determination of whether an applicant should be disqualified, the relationship of the dismissal to the duties and responsibilities of the position and the amount of time which has passed since the dismissal shall be considered. The circumstances under which the dismissal occurred and the age of the applicant at the time of the dismissal may be considered. *(Res. No. 2049, 2000; 2210, 2003; 2370, 2006)*

3 PR 025. Criminal Convictions.

- (a) An applicant must report a misdemeanor conviction that occurred within the preceding 5 years, and any felony conviction regardless of the date it occurred.
- (b) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall review the applications of applicants convicted of crimes and may disqualify the applicant if the offense for which the applicant was convicted directly relates to the ability to discharge the duties and responsibilities of the position.
- (c) In making the determination of whether an applicant should be disqualified, the Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall consider: the nature and seriousness of the offense; the position for which the applicant is applying and the requirements of the position; the circumstances under which the offense occurred; the amount of time that has passed since commission of the offense; the age of the applicant at the time the offense was committed; whether

the offense was an isolated or repeated violation; and, any aggravating, mitigating, or other facts or circumstances that might have a bearing on the suitability of the applicant for employment in the position sought. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016*)

3 PR 030. Notice of Examination Results.

Notice of examination results shall be provided in accordance with 4 PR 025. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025*)

3 PR 035. Confidential Information.

- (a) Reports regarding reputation, previous employment, background investigations and similar information obtained as a result of confidential inquiries are confidential and are not available to the applicant.
- (b) Medical records are confidential and may not be included within an employee's personnel file. Medical records are available to the employee unless the medical officer who authored the record has prohibited the employee's access to the record.
- (c) Examination items which may be used in future examinations may not be made available to any applicant or potential applicant. (*Res. No. 1551, 1992*)

3 PR 040. Retention of Records.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), examination records must be retained by the department director or the Human Resources and Risk Management Director for:
 - (1) Two years from the date the position is filled where an eligible list is not used, or
 - (2) Two years from the date the eligible list expires where an eligible list is used.
- (b) Certain examinations are leased from independent contractors who are responsible for proper retention of the examinations. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

RULE 4
SELECTION

Section

005. General

006. Preferential Appointment Rights

007. Preferential Rights Due to a Request from a Pregnant Employee or an Employee with a Temporary Disability.

008. Preferential Rights Due to Layoff.

009. Preferential Rights Due to ADA Reassignment

010. Nonpreferential Appointment Rights without Public Announcement

011. Nonpreferential Appointment Rights of Injured Employees.

015. Eligible Lists

020. Local Hire Preference

021. Veteran's Preference

025. Notice to Applicants

030. Applicant Appeal Process

(Res. No. 2370, 2006)

4 PR 005. General.

(a) This Rule applies only to the classified service.

(b) The department director shall first offer a vacant position to a qualified employee who holds preferential appointment rights in accordance with 4 PR 006. If there are no employees with preferential appointment rights, the department director may fill a position through the use of nonpreferential, non competitive appointment rights in accordance with 4 PR 010 or through a competitive selection process. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 006. Preferential Appointment Rights.

(a) If there is an employee with a preferential employment right, the department director may fill a vacancy without public announcement. The order of preferential appointment shall be:

(1) Due to a request to transfer by a pregnant employee under AS 39.20.520 or an employee with a temporary disability;

(2) Due to return from layoff in accordance with 14 PR 015;

(3) Due to reassignment of duties under the Americans with Disabilities Act. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)*

4 PR 007. Preferential Rights due to a Request from a Pregnant Employee or an Employee with a Temporary Disability.

The department director shall offer the position to a qualified employee of the department if:

- (1) The employee is pregnant or has a temporary disability;
- (2) The employee requests appointment to the position;
- (3) The employee is qualified for transfer or demotion into the position;
- (4) The duties of the vacant position are less strenuous or less hazardous than those of the employee's current position.
- (5) An employee voluntarily transferred or demoted because of pregnancy or temporary disability shall return to the position previously held at such time as the employee's condition permits, provided that service in the alternate position does not exceed 18 weeks. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 008. Preferential Rights Due to Layoff.

If there are employees on layoff status for the job classification, the department director shall offer a vacant position to the employee with the highest number of points calculated in accordance with 14 PR 025, (reduction in work force). *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 009. Preferential Rights due to ADA Reassignment.

If an employee is eligible for reassignment under the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall offer a vacant position that would otherwise be publicly announced for appointment in accordance with 2 PR 010, to that employee provided the employee is qualified for the position and can perform the essential duties of the position with or without reasonable accommodation. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 010. Nonpreferential Appointment Rights without Public Announcement.

- (a) The department director may select an employee for appointment without public announcement under the following circumstances;
 - (1) The employee is eligible for a transfer under 5 PR 035;
 - (2) The employee is eligible for a demotion under 05 PR 050;
 - (3) The employee is eligible for reemployment under 5 PR 060; or
 - (4) The employee is eligible for reemployment under the injured employee provisions of 4 PR 011. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 011. Nonpreferential Appointment Rights of Injured Employees.

(a) The department director may offer a position to an individual who was injured on duty and has separated from service for the purposes of treatment and recovery from the injury. The department director may offer a position to a current employee who was injured on duty and whose doctor has certified that maximum medical recovery has been reached and the employee cannot perform the essential duties of his or her current position with our without a reasonable accommodation.. Such appointment shall be subject to the following rules:

(1) A request for nonpreferential placement must be made in writing to the Human Resources and Risk Management Director within 90 days after the date the injured employee is released to full or modified duty by the injured employee's treating physician; the request for placement must be accompanied by a copy of the treating physician's release. The request must also include;

(A) A completed CBJ employment application,

(B) A physical capacities evaluation form completed and signed by the employee's treating physician, and

(C) Any other material that the Human Resources and Risk Management Director may require to evaluate the request for nonpreferential placement.

(2) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall forward the completed packet of materials to the State of Alaska, Department of Labor, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation. If the injured employee is certified, they will be eligible for nonpreferential placement.

(3) The injured employee must meet the minimum qualifications of the position prior to being appointed.

(4) Nonpreferential appointment rights under this provision expire three years from the date of the employee's injury. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)*

4 PR 015. Eligible Lists.

(a) As part of the selection process for job classifications unique to a department, the department director may use an eligible list according to the following procedure:

(1) Each list must be by job classification and must contain the names in rank order of all persons who have passed the required examinations;

(2) If there are no employees with preferential appointment rights to the job classification, an offer of appointment will be made first to that person with the highest score on the eligible list;

(3) Eligible lists may remain in effect no longer than 2 years from the effective date of the list.

(b) To maintain an adequate pool of eligibles, the department director may combine a new list with an existing list. Eligible lists may only be combined if the same examination procedure is used to compile each list. If a different examination is used, applicants on the existing list must take the new examination to be placed on the new list.

(c) If the same examination procedure is used to compile each list, applicants remaining on an active eligible list will be re-ranked into the new eligible list based on their existing scores. An applicant may re-test if he or she so chooses; however, the applicant's ranking on the eligible list will be based on the updated score.

(d) The department director may remove names from eligible lists for any of the following reasons:

(1) Failure to respond to a written inquiry on availability for appointment within 10 days, or upon return as undeliverable a properly addressed letter;

(2) Refusal to accept appointment;

(3) Failure to report for duty at the time prescribed; or

(4) Failure to satisfactorily complete a required examination, such as a background investigation or a medical examination.

(5) Documented misconduct or less than fully acceptable performance for current employees during the period of time between eligibility determination and appointment.

(e) The department director may return a name to an eligible list when removal from the list was because:

(1) The candidate failed to respond to a written inquiry; or

(2) The candidate refused appointment. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 3000, 2022*)

4 PR 020. Local Hire Preference.

(a) When an applicant pool consists of both CBJ residents and non residents, the department director will give a preference in ranking to applicants eligible to claim residency in CBJ by;

(1) Utilizing a point scoring system to provide for relative ranking of applicants in the screening process, and

(2) Increasing the score of an applicant eligible to claim residency by 10% of the available score.

(b) If an applicant is eligible for more than one preference, no more than 10% may be added to the applicant's score.

4 PR 021. Veteran's Preference.

(a) When an applicant is a veteran who has been honorably discharged from military service, the department director will give a preference in ranking to the applicant by:

- (1) Utilizing a point scoring system to provide for relative ranking of applicants in the screening process, and
- (2) Increasing the score of an applicant eligible to claim a veteran's preference by 10% of the available score.

(b) If an applicant is eligible for more than one preference, no more than 10% may be added to the applicant's score. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2500, 2009)*

4 PR 025. Notice to Applicants.

The department director shall send notification to all applicants not selected within ten days of making an appointment. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

4 PR 030. Applicant Appeal Process

(a) An applicant may file an appeal to a decision made by the department director or Human Resource staff during the application, examination, or selection process for CBJ employment.

- (1) Appeals must be submitted in writing to the Human Resources and Risk Management Director within in 10 days of the action giving rise to the complaint.
- (2) Inquiries made by telephone or personal appearance will be treated as informal inquiries. An informal inquiry may be submitted in writing, or reduced to writing for submission at the request of the Department Director or Human Resource staff.
- (3) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall investigate the complaint, take appropriate action to resolve the complaint, and issue a final written decision within 21 days of receipt of the appeal. The decision of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director is final. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

**RULE 5
APPOINTMENTS****Section****005. General****010. Emergency Appointments****015. Temporary Appointments****018. Locum Tenens Appointments****020. Permanent/Probationary Appointments****021. Eaglecrest Appointments****025. Acting in a Higher Range Appointments****030. Subfill Appointments****035. Appointment by Transfer****045. Partially Exempt Appointments****050. Appointment by Demotion****055. Appointment by Promotion****060. Re-employment**

(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)

5 PR 005. General.

No appointment or offer of appointment or pay rate, other than an emergency appointment, may be made until the position has been allocated to a classification, the pay range assigned, the Human Resources and Risk Management Director has authorized the appointment and the procedures for filling the vacancy have been followed. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 010. Emergency Appointments.

(a) An emergency appointment is an appointment made by a department director under circumstances requiring immediate action to preserve property or protect the public. Emergency appointments may be made only under conditions that could not reasonably be anticipated. An emergency appointment may not exceed the duration of the emergency.

(b) In the event of an emergency or civil disaster declared by the President, the Governor or the Mayor, employees may be re-assigned to duties as necessary for the duration of the emergency.

(c) Individuals appointed for the sole purpose of responding to an emergency do not qualify for health or life insurance, leave, or holiday pay. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 015. Temporary Appointments.

(a) Short Term Temporary appointments are used to substitute for employees on leave, to meet temporary increases in work, unanticipated staff shortages, or to obtain short term services until a permanent appointment can be made. Short Term Temporary appointments may not exceed 20 calendar weeks, unless significant unforeseen circumstances arise. Any extension of a Short Term

Temporary appointment must be approved by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. Short Term Temporary employees are not eligible for health or life insurance, leave or holiday pay and may be separated from employment with no notice and without cause.

(b) Long Term Temporary appointments may be used to cover periods of military leave exceeding 20 calendar weeks in accordance with 11 PR 090, to provide for knowledge transfer where an incumbent of a permanent position would benefit from on-the-job training, to cover periods of vacancy where recruitment difficulties exist and the need for coverage exceeds 20 weeks, or to perform work that is project based when the need for the position will not extend beyond the completion of the project. Long Term Temporary appointments may not exceed 50 calendar weeks unless authorized in advance by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.

Long term temporary employees are eligible for health and life insurance, holiday pay and leave. Long term temporary employees may be separated from employment with no notice and without cause.

(c) Where eligible lists exist for a classification, short term and long term temporary appointments must be made from such lists. Offers will be made to individuals on the list in descending order of eligibility. The acceptance or refusal by an applicant of a temporary appointment will not affect the applicant's standing on the eligible list. Where no eligible list exists, the Human Resources and Risk Management Director may authorize the temporary appointment of a qualified applicant.

(d) Internship temporary appointments are used to create positions within a department for the purpose of high school, college or vocational school training programs. Internship temporary appointments may not exceed 50 calendar weeks. Such positions must be established in accordance with 9 PR 015.

Internship temporary employees are not eligible for health or life insurance, leave or holiday pay and may be separated from employment with no notice and without cause. (Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2500, 2009; 2582, 2011; 2740, 2016)

5 PR 018. Locum Tenens Appointments.

If the CBJ is unable to fill a critical position after protracted and extensive recruitment efforts, the Human Resources and Risk Management Director may authorize the locum tenens appointment of a qualified individual. These hires are temporary appointments and will last until the position can be filled or, in any case, not to exceed 50 weeks. Throughout the appointment, the department will continue to diligently recruit to fill the position with a permanent appointment. The City Manager may approve a rate of pay outside the salary range normally assigned to the position, and also may approve a per diem allowance not to exceed \$85.00 per day. Locum tenens employees do not qualify for health or life insurance, leave, retirement, or any other benefits normally applying to the permanent position. The Personnel Rules relating to recruitment, examination, selection, discipline, grievance and appeal do not apply to locum tenens employees, and they may be terminated at the convenience of the department director on three weeks' notice. (Res. No. 2238, 2003; 2370, 2006)

5 PR 020. Permanent/Probationary Appointments.

(a) Permanent/probationary appointments are those appointments having an expected duration of one year or more. Permanent/probationary appointments include full-time, part-time regular, part-time limited, seasonal full-time and seasonal part-time.

(1) Full-time appointments are those positions averaging not less than 37.5 hours per week and scheduled to work on a year round basis.

Full-time employees shall receive the rights and benefits outlined in these personnel rules unless such rules are superseded by a collective bargaining agreement.

(2) Part-time appointments are those positions averaging less than 37.5 hours per week but at least 15 hours per week and scheduled to work on a year round basis.

Part time employees shall receive the rights and benefits outlined in these personnel rules unless such rules are superseded by a collective bargaining agreement.

(3) Part-time limited appointments are those positions budgeted for less than 780 hours per fiscal year performing the regular and reoccurring work of the agency. It is expected that the same employee will continue in or return to the position.

Part-time limited employees shall receive the rights outlined in these personnel rules unless such rules are superseded by a collective bargaining agreement. Part-time limited employees are not eligible for health and life insurance or leave, but are eligible for the additional pay for work on a holiday as set forth in 10 PR145.

(4) Seasonal full-time appointments are those positions averaging not less than 37.5 hours per work week and not scheduled to work on a year round basis. Seasonal positions are budgeted for at least 780 hours per fiscal year. It is expected that the same employee will return to the position each season.

Seasonal full-time employees receive the rights and benefits outlined in these personnel rules unless such rules are superseded by a collective bargaining agreement.

(5) Seasonal part-time appointments are those positions averaging less than 37.5 hours per week but at least 15 hours per week and not scheduled to work on a year round basis. Seasonal positions are budgeted for at least 780 hours per fiscal year. It is expected that the same employee will return to the position each season.

Seasonal part-time employees receive the rights and benefits outlined in these personnel rules unless such rules are superseded by a collective bargaining agreement. (Res. No. 1866, 1997; 2282, 2004; 2370, 2006)

5 PR 021. Eaglecrest Appointments.

(a) Eaglecrest may make appointments consistent with 5 PR 020. Eaglecrest has the following additional appointment types:

(1) Eaglecrest seasonal appointments are those positions that are assigned responsibilities as division directors or assistant directors, but are not scheduled to work on a year round basis. It is expected that the same employee will return to the position each season.

Eaglecrest seasonal employees receive the rights and benefits outlined in these personnel rules unless otherwise noted.

(2) Eaglecrest limited appointments are those positions budgeted for a limited period of time that do not have director or assistant director level responsibilities. It is expected that the same employee will return to the position each season.

Eaglecrest limited employees receive the rights outlined in these personnel rules unless otherwise noted. Eaglecrest limited employees are not eligible for health or life insurance, leave, or holiday pay. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007*)

5 PR 022. Impact of the Affordable Care Act on Eligibility for Health Insurance Benefits.

Regardless of assigned position status type, an employee may qualify for health insurance coverage if the employee otherwise qualifies under the hours threshold of the Affordable Care Act. (*Res. No. 2740, 2016*)

5 PR 025. Acting in a Higher Range Appointment.

(a) An acting in a higher range appointment is used to fill a permanent position with a current permanent/probationary employee while the regular employee is on leave or a position is vacant when the expected duration of the absence or vacancy is not less than 2 weeks. Acting in a Higher Range appointments are not subject to the public announcement provisions of 2 PR 010.

(b) If the expected duration of the acting in a higher range appointment is 26 weeks or less the department director may appoint a current permanent or probationary employee who meets the minimum qualifications for the classification of the position.

(1) If the need for an acting in a higher range appointment exceeds the original expected duration due to conditions that could not have been reasonably anticipated the Human Resources and Risk Management Director may grant an extension.

(c) If the expected duration of the acting in a higher range appointment is greater than 26 weeks the vacancy shall be posted for internal applicants and the appointment must be made in accordance with the recruitment and selection requirements of these rules.

(d) A permanent or probationary employee who accepts an acting in a higher range appointment will retain status in the employee's former classification and position. An employee accepting an acting in a higher range appointment does not gain any status in the position or job classification. However, time served in an acting in a higher range appointment may be used to qualify an employee for other vacancies.

(e) If the regular incumbent of the position fails to return, the position must be filled in accordance with the recruitment, examination and selection requirements of these rules.

(f) This rule does not preclude the filling of the position by a temporary appointment.

(g) Acting in a higher range appointments shall be compensated in accordance with 10 PR 098 and 19 PR 100. *(Res. No. 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)*

5 PR 030. Subfill Appointments.

(a) When there are an insufficient number of local qualified applicants the department director may request to fill a position by appointment to a lower related classification. A subfill appointment may not exceed 1 year.

(b) Subfill appointments must be made in accordance with the recruitment and selection requirements of these rules.

(c) The duties, responsibilities and authority of the position must be restructured so that the work is consistent with the classification to which the employee is appointed.

(d) The employee will be paid at the range of the lower classification and evaluated on the basis of the restructured position.

(e) The employee will be promoted to the higher classification when the employee has met the minimum qualifications and the department director is assured that the employee can perform the duties of the position. The recruitment and selection requirements of these rules do not apply to these promotions. The employee must serve a new probationary period upon promotion. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 035. Appointment by Transfer.

(a) Transfer means the movement of an employee from one position to another position in the same classification or a closely related classification at the same pay range without a break in service.

(b) An employee may transfer to a different position in the same classification within the same department at the discretion of the department director. The employee's status will not change when no change in classification results from the transfer.

- (c) An employee may transfer to a different position in the same classification in a different department at the discretion of the receiving department director. The employee must consent to the transfer. The employee's status will not change when no change in classification results from the transfer.
- (d) The transfer of an employee to a different position in a closely related classification requires the prior approval of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. The employee must consent to the transfer.
- (e) A temporary employee may only transfer to another temporary position.
- (f) When an employee is transferred to a closely related classification the receiving department director and the Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall determine the employee's status. The department director shall inform the employee of the proposed status prior to the transfer becoming effective. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 045. Partially Exempt Appointments.

Partially exempt appointments may be full time or less and are not subject to the rules on recruitment, examination, selection, probationary periods, reduction in work force, discipline and the grievance and appeal procedures. Partially exempt employees are not within the classified service. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 050. Appointment by Demotion.

A department director may appoint a current employee to a vacant position in the same job classification series or a closely related job classification series at a lower pay range. The recruitment, examination and selection rules do not apply to these appointments. The employee must meet the minimum qualifications of the new position. *(Res. No. 2422(c), 2007)*

5 PR 055. Appointment by Promotion

- (a) Promotion means the movement of an employee from one position to another related position in a higher classification or salary range without a break in service. For the purposes of this rule, related positions means those positions that require similar, but progressively greater, knowledge, skills and abilities in order to perform the higher level duties.
- (b) Employees will be promoted only when the employee has met the minimum qualifications of the higher position.
- (c) Employees must serve a new probationary period upon promotion. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

5 PR 060. Eligibility for Non-Competitive Selection.

- (a) At the discretion of the department director an employee who separated in good standing may be appointed by non-competitive selection in the same classification without examination provided the non-competitive selection takes place within three years of the employee's separation. For these appointments the recruitment, examination and selection rules do not apply.
- (b) To be eligible for non-competitive selection the former employee must meet the current minimum qualifications of the classification.
- (c) The name of a former employee eligible for non-competitive selection may be placed on the eligible list for that classification as an unranked additional eligible candidate without examination. At the discretion of the department director the former employee may be appointed prior to ranked candidates on the eligible list.
- (d) All non-competitive selection appointments of former permanent employees to a permanent position will require a new probationary period.
- (e) A former temporary employee may only be appointed under this rule as a temporary.
(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016)

RULE 6
PROBATIONARY PERIODS**Sections****005. Purpose****010. Duration****011. Examination during Probationary Period****012. Rights and Obligations of the Supervisor during the Probationary Period****015. Change in Classification****020. Separation during Probationary Period****025. Prior Permanent Status****030. Permanent Appointment****6 PR 005. Purpose.**

The probationary period is a part of the examination process for employees in the classified service. The probationary period is used for orienting and training the employee, closely observing and evaluating the employee's performance, and separating an employee who fails to satisfactorily complete the probationary period, as decided by the department director based on any lawful judgment, whether or not objective. (*Res. No. 1823, 1996*)

6 PR 010. Duration.

(a) The probationary period for full time employees is:

(1) Twenty-six weeks of service for employees assigned to pay ranges 13 and below or the equivalent hourly pay rate as shown on the general pay schedule,

(2) One year of service for all other employees.

(b) For less than full time employees the equivalent of the 26 weeks probationary period is 975 hours in pay status provided it does not occur in less than 26 weeks and the equivalent of the 12 month probationary period is 1,950 hours in pay status provided it does not occur in less than 12 months.

(c) An employee on layoff status recalled to the same classification is subject to a probationary period only to the extent of completing an incomplete probationary period.

(d) With the approval of the City Manager, the probationary period may be extended one or more times provided that the original probationary period plus extensions may not exceed double the original probationary period. (*Res. No. 1823, 1996; 2370, 2006*)

6 PR 011. Examination during Probationary Period.

A probationary employee must satisfactorily complete a training plan during his or her probationary period. The training plan will include all key performance areas of the position as well as such attributes as dependability, interpersonal skills, customer service, and any other attributes or skills necessary for the employee to adequately perform the duties of the position.

Probationary employees must demonstrate proficiency in all areas of the training plan prior to successfully completing the probationary period. (Res. No. 2370, 2006)

6 PR 012. Rights and Obligations of the Supervisor during the Probationary Period

A supervisor must prepare a training plan for the probationary employee. Such training plan must be in place prior to the employee's first day of work. The supervisor shall meet with the employee on a regular basis to discuss the employee's progress, or lack of progress, in completing the training plan.

A supervisor shall have the right to determine, at any time during the probationary period, that the probationary employee does not have the knowledge, skills, abilities or attributes to be successful in the position. (Res. No. 2370, 2006)

6 PR 015. Change in Classification.

An employee who changes classifications prior to the completion of the probationary period shall start a new probationary period in the new position.

6 PR 020. Separation during Probationary Period.

A probationary employee who does not satisfactorily complete a probationary period may be separated at the direction of the department director without cause. The department director shall notify the employee in writing of the separation. A probationary employee does not have the right to appeal a separation. (Res. No. 1823, 1996; 2370, 2006)

6 PR 025. Prior Permanent Status.

(a) An employee with permanent status who becomes probationary because of a promotion, involuntary demotion for cause or voluntary demotion to a classification not formerly held and fails to complete the new probationary period will be separated.

(b) Following separation, the employee is placed on layoff status for the last classification where the employee held permanent status. (Res. No. 1823, 1996; 2370, 2006)

6 PR 030. Permanent Appointment.

- (a) In order for a probationary employee to become permanent, the employee must receive an end-of-probation performance evaluation with an overall rating of “acceptable” or better.
- (b) A probationary appointment becomes permanent on the first day of the pay period following the completion of the employee’s probationary period unless the department director takes action to separate, reassign, or extend the probationary period of the employee in accordance with 6 PR 010(d). *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016)*

RULE 7
HOURS OF WORK AND HOLIDAYS

Section

- 005. Scheduling Hours of Work**
- 010. Minimum Work Week**
- 015. Normal Work Week**
- 020. Normal Work Day**
- 021. Employee Furlough**
- 025. City and Borough Holidays**
- 026. Eaglecrest Holidays**
- 030. Alternate Leave**

(Res. No. 2476, 2009)

7 PR 005. Scheduling Hours of Work.

Each department director shall establish the scheduled hours of work for employees within the director's department. Hours of work for full-time employees may not be less than the minimum established in 7 PR 010. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

7 PR 010. Minimum Work Week.

Thirty-seven and one-half hours of actual attendance on duty is the normal minimum work week for full-time employees with allowances for holidays and leaves of absence.

7 PR 015. Normal Work Week.

Five consecutive work days during the period starting with 12:00 a.m. on Monday and ending at 11:59 p.m. the following Sunday is the normal work week for full-time employees. The department director may establish a different work week. *(Res. No. 2582, 2011)*

7 PR 020. Normal Work Day.

The normal work day for full time employees is seven and one-half hours of actual attendance on duty. A lunch break of not less than 30 minutes or more than one hour will normally be scheduled to occur approximately midway through the shift.

7 PR 021. Employee Furlough.

Notwithstanding the provisions of 7 PR 010 and 7 PR 020, the City Manager may, at his or her discretion, reduce the minimum work week or normal work day for full time employees in response to budget constraints. *(Res. No. 2476, 2009)*

7 PR 025. City and Borough Holidays.

(a) The following days are observed as holidays:

- (1) the first of January, known as New Year's Day
- (2) the third Monday in January, known as Martin Luther King Jr.'s Birthday
- (3) the third Monday in February, known as President's Day
- (4) the last Monday in March, known as Seward's Day
- (5) the last Monday in May, known as Memorial Day
- (6) the 19th of June, known as Juneteenth
- (7) the fourth of July, known as Independence Day
- (8) the first Monday in September, known as Labor Day
- (9) the 18th of October, known as Alaska Day
- (10) the 11th of November, known as Veteran's Day
- (11) the fourth Thursday in November, known as Thanksgiving
- (12) the day after Thanksgiving.
- (13) the 25th day of December, known as Christmas
- (14) every day designated as a holiday by proclamation or resolution by the Assembly of the City and Borough of Juneau.

(b) If a holiday falls on Sunday, the following Monday is a holiday.

(c) If a holiday falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday is a holiday.

(d) If a permanent/probationary or long term temporary employee volunteers to work on a holiday, an alternate day within the week preceding or following the holiday and agreed to by the employee and the department director is that employee's holiday.

(e) If a holiday falls on a permanent/probationary or long term temporary employee's day off, an alternate day within the week preceding or following the holiday as designated by the department director is the employee's holiday. If circumstances in the department exist such that an alternate day is not available, the employee may either bank the holiday pay or have it paid out.

(f) Employees occupying part-time limited or part-time seasonal positions who work on a day listed in 7 PR 025(a)(1)-(13) will receive pay at a rate of time and one-half their normal rate of pay for all hours worked that day; the provisions of 7 PR 025(b) through (e), however, do not apply with respect to those positions. (Res. No. 2282, 2004; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2649, 2013; 4018, 2025; 4028, 2025)

7 PR 026. Eaglecrest Holidays.

(a) Eligible employees of Eaglecrest shall observe the holidays outlined in 7 PR 025(a).

(b) Eaglecrest limited positions are not eligible for holiday pay or for premium pay associated with working on a holiday.

- (c) If a holiday falls on Sunday, the following Monday is a holiday.
- (d) If a holiday falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday is a holiday.
- (e) If a permanent / probationary or long term temporary employee volunteers to work on a holiday, an alternate day within the week preceding or following the holiday and agreed to by the employee and the department director is that employee's holiday.
- (f) If a holiday falls on a permanent / probationary or long term temporary employee's day off, an alternate day within the week preceding or following the holiday as designated by the department director is the employee's holiday. If circumstances in the department exist such that an alternate day is not available, the employee may either bank the holiday pay or have it paid out. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2740, 2016; 4018, 2025; 4028, 2025*)

7 PR 030. Alternate Leave.

- (a) Employees who by the nature of their duties are regularly scheduled and required to work on holidays will accrue additional personal leave in lieu of holidays. The monthly rate will be equal to the number of holidays set out within this Rule divided by thirteen.
- (b) Departments with work units which by the nature of their duties, require recurring but not necessarily regularly scheduled holiday work may, with the approval of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, establish regulations governing employees working on holidays. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025*)

7 PR 035 Shift Trades

A department director may establish a voluntary shift trade policy for employees who work shifts and are not subject to a collective bargaining agreement. The policy must be approved by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. (*Res. No. 4028, 2025*)

RULE 8
PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS

Section
005. Basis
010. Frequency and Standards
015. Discussion
020. Rebuttal
025. Performance Improvement Plans
(*Res. No. 2106; 2001; 2459; 2009*)

8 PR 005. Basis.

Performance evaluations will be based on quantity of work, quality of work, employee conduct and other characteristics that measure the value of the employee's service.

8 PR 010. Frequency and Standards.

- (a) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall prescribe the form and frequency of performance evaluations.
- (b) A performance evaluation for full time and part time employees must be completed at the end of the probationary period and at least once every 12 months thereafter.
- (c) A performance evaluation for seasonal employees must be completed at the end of the probationary period and at the end of each work season thereafter.
- (d) A performance evaluation for a Part-time limited employee must be completed at the end of the probationary period and thereafter at the discretion of the supervisor.
- (e) A performance evaluation for Eaglecrest seasonal employees and Eaglecrest limited employees must be completed at the end of each work season, regardless of employment status, and at the end of the probationary period.
- (f) Nothing in sections (a) through (e) precludes a supervisor from conducting performance evaluations on a more frequent basis.
- (g) Supervisors shall establish standards of performance as a basis for evaluation that relate to the duties of the employee's position.
- (h) The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall provide training and written guidelines to promote uniformity of standards by different raters.
- (i) A performance evaluation shall be completed for each permanent employee who accepts another CBJ position or separates from CBJ service. (*Res. No. 1835, 1996; 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2459, 2009; 2582, 2011*)

8 PR 015. Discussion.

The employee's immediate supervisor shall discuss the evaluation with the employee to assist the employee in understanding the degree to which the employee has met the requirements of the position and what actions the employee may take to improve performance.

8 PR 020. Rebuttal.

- (a) Performance evaluations are an exercise of management rights and the contents of an evaluation may not be the subject of a grievance or other relief under these rules.
- (b) An employee who disagrees with a performance evaluation may submit a written rebuttal to his or her supervisor within ten days of the date the evaluation is delivered to the employee. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director may, at his or her discretion, extend the time frames for the rebuttal.
- (c) The employee shall be allowed no more than 2 hours of work time to prepare the written rebuttal.
- (d) The rebuttal will be attached to the employee's evaluation and included in the employee's personnel file. *(Res. No. 2106, 2001; 2370, 2006)*

8 PR 025. Performance Improvement Plans.

- (a) When, at the discretion of the supervisor, a permanent employee's performance is less than fully acceptable, the supervisor shall implement a performance improvement plan. Such plan must be reduced to writing. Areas of deficient performance will be articulated along with what standards must be met in order to achieve an acceptable level of performance. The performance improvement plan shall cover a specific period of time, but may not exceed 26 weeks.
- (b) During the performance improvement period, the supervisor and the employee shall meet on a regular basis to discuss the employee's progress, or lack thereof, in the deficient areas of performance.
- (c) At the end of the performance improvement period, the supervisor shall prepare a formal evaluation. If the employee's performance has not improved in any of the areas covered in the plan, the employee may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with 13 PR 015 - 035. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

**RULE 9
TRAINING****Section****005. General****010. Priorities****015. Intern and Apprenticeship Programs****020. Training Reimbursement****025. Training Reimbursement Schedule****030. Licenses and Certifications****9 PR 005. General.**

The Human Resources and Risk Management Director will assist department directors in the establishment of new employee orientation and in-service training programs. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016*)

9 PR 010. Priorities.

(a) Training resources will be allocated according to the following priorities:

- (1) training necessary for employees to continue in their current positions because of changes to work processes, procedures or tools,
- (2) training in safe working practices and responding to emergencies,
- (3) training to improve performance in an employee's current position,
- (4) training to prepare employees for other positions. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

9 PR 015. Intern and Apprenticeship Programs.

(a) Department directors, with the approval of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, may establish intern or apprenticeship programs. Such programs must have definable educational goals consistent with the type of work performed. Interns or apprentices will be appointed under the conditions of 5 PR 015 (d).

(b) In order to be eligible for an intern or apprenticeship program, a student must be able to demonstrate proof of enrollment at an accredited secondary institution, at an accredited college or university at the undergraduate or graduate level, or at an accredited post secondary vocational school.

(c) The student must be enrolled at least half time during his or her period of employment, or be receiving credit towards program completion if the program requires a full time work related placement. If the internship or apprenticeship is during a regularly scheduled school break, the student must be able to demonstrate enrollment for the previous school year, and enrollment for the upcoming school year.

(d) The intern or apprentice position must be related to the student's field of study. (Res. No. 2370, 2006)

9 PR 020. Training Reimbursement.

(a) Department Required Training. This section applies to training which is at the department's direction and is intended to provide the employee with additional skills and knowledge to maintain or improve performance in the employee's current position

(1) The department shall pay for registration, tuition, textbooks and other course fees and materials incurred when an employee attends department required training. The textbooks and materials remain the property of the department unless otherwise authorized by the department director.

(2) If the employee fails to attend the training without good cause, adverse employment action may ensue including discipline and/ or a requirement to repay travel and training costs.

(b) Employee Requested Training. This section applies when an employee requests funding to attend a course seminar, workshop, correspondence course or other type of training that is not required by the department. Departments may grant requests for employee training when funds are available and after priority training needs for the department have been met.

(1) Costs paid for by the employer may include registration, tuition or other course fees. The employee will pay for textbooks and other materials that remain the property of the employee.

(2) Written Application for Training. In order for the department to pay for the training, the employee must make written application and enter into a repayment agreement.

To request training, an employee must submit written information supporting the request to the employee's supervisor. The employee must include all information requested by the supervisor, but at minimum must include:

(A) A description of the training with an explanation of how the training will benefit the employee in the employee's current position;

(B) An estimate of the total cost for the training and the amount proposed for payment by the department;

(C) The written concurrence of the department director; and

(D) The written authorization of the City Manager.

(3) Employee Agreement to Reimburse Employer. Once preliminary permission is given in writing, the employee and the department director must execute a written agreement on payment for the training prior to the beginning of the training and before the department will make any payment towards the training. Such agreement shall require that the employee repay the department in full for training costs and amounts advanced if:

- (A) The employee does not successfully complete the course with a grade of “C-” or better; or
- (B) The employee separates from employment as a result of the employee’s own actions or for cause within one year from the completion of the training.
- (C) The CBJ shall have the right to obtain training reimbursement from the employee by deduction from the employee’s final paycheck any monies owing or by other legal means in accordance with 18 PR 037. *(Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006)*.

9 PR 025. Training Reimbursement Schedule.

- (a) When the department and the employee mutually agree that the course of training is desirable and the cost of the training exceeds \$500.00, the department and the employee may enter into a reimbursement agreement. Such agreement must be in writing and signed by both the employee and the department prior the beginning of the training.
 - (1) 100 percent if the employee separates from the position as a result of the employee’s own actions, or for cause, before 52 weeks from completion of the training or certification;
 - (2) 50 percent if the employee separates from the position as a result of the employee’s own actions, or for cause, after 52 weeks, but before 104 weeks from completion of the training or certification;
 - (3) 25 percent if the employee separates from the position as a result of the employee’s own actions, or for cause, after 104 weeks, but before 156 weeks from completion of the training or certification.
- (b) In cases of extenuating circumstances, the City Manager may waive the training reimbursement agreement at his or her discretion.
- (c) The CBJ shall have the right to obtain training reimbursement from the employee by deduction from the employee’s final paycheck any monies due according to the schedule above or by other legal means in accordance with 18 PR 037. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

9 PR 030. Licenses and Certifications.

An employee is responsible for maintaining all licenses and certifications necessary to maintain the minimum qualifications for the position and job classification to which allocated. The department director may, at his or her discretion, reimburse an employee for the cost of maintaining such certification and licensure. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

**RULE 10
PAY**

Section

005. Scope
010. General
015. Basis of Pay
025. Beginning Pay
030. Advanced Step Placement
035. Former Employee
040. Promoted Employee
045. Pay Range Increase
050. Involuntary Demotion
051. ADA reassignment
055. Voluntary Demotion
060. Transferred Employee
065. Change of Occupation
070. Appointment Effective Date
075. Merit Anniversary date
080. Merit Increase
085. Merit Increase Not Earned
090. Step Reduction
095. Increased Responsibilities Differential
097. Temporary Supervision Pay
098. Acting in a Higher Range Pay
100. Shift Differentials
105. Standby Pay
110. Call out
115. Sixth and Seventh Day
120. Overtime Defined
125. Overtime Rate
130. Overtime Payment
135. Maximum Compensatory Time
140. Compensatory Time Payment
145. Holiday Pay
150. Total Remuneration

(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)

10 PR 005. Scope.

This Rule covers all employees in the classified and partially exempt service except the City Manager and the City Attorney. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025)*

10 PR 010. General.

The Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall allocate classifications to pay ranges based on the classification plan. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

10 PR 015. Basis of Pay.

- (a) An employee is paid according to the pay range assigned to the position occupied by the employee.
- (b) An employee paid on a salary basis who works less than full time shall be paid on a prorated basis.
- (c) An employee paid on a salary basis who consistently works in excess of 45 hours per week shall be paid on an alternate schedule. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006; 2582; 2011*)

10 PR 025. Beginning Pay.

Except as provided in 10 PR 030 (advanced step placement), 10 PR 035 (former employee), 10 PR 040 (promoted employee), 10 PR 050 (involuntary demotion), 10 PR 051 (ADA Reassignment) or 10 PR 055 (voluntary demotion), the beginning pay of a newly appointed employee is step 1 of the pay range of that classification. An employee shall never be paid at a rate of pay below the minimum wage identified in Alaska Statute. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2649, 2013; 4028, 2025*)

10 PR 030. Advanced Step Placement.

- (a) The City Manager may authorize advanced step placement when the applicant selected for the position is exceptionally qualified or when recruitment is exceedingly difficult. For the purposes of this rule, exceptionally qualified shall be defined as education or work experience that exceeds the minimum qualifications for the position and job class.
- (b) The City Manager may authorize advance step placements for a specific job classification when recruitment is exceedingly difficult. In such instances, the step placement of employees occupying the same job classification may be reviewed and adjusted upward based on the service of the employee, the step at which the employee was originally appointed, and the advanced step that is authorized for the new appointee. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

10 PR 035. Former Employee.

- (a) A department director may make an advanced step placement for a former employee eligible for non-competitive re-employment under 5 PR 060 provided the appointment is to the same job classification and the advanced step does not exceed a step formerly held by the employee.
- (b) A department director, with the approval of the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, may make an advanced step placement for a former employee eligible for non-

competitive re-employment under 5 PR 060 to a closely related job classification at the same or a lesser pay range than that formerly held by the employee. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

10 PR 040. Promoted Employee.

(a) A promoted employee shall be provided a two step increase in the range of the classification from which promoted, or placed at Step 1 in the new range, whichever is greater. If the monetary equivalent of a two step increase places an employee between steps in the new range, the employee shall be placed at the higher step. The City Manager may authorize additional step placement if there are exceptional circumstances.

(b) The merit anniversary of a promoted employee is the first day of the regular pay period following the completion of the probationary period. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016; 2863, 2019*)

10 PR 045. Pay Range Increase.

(a) An employee occupying a position that is reallocated to a higher pay range is placed in a step of the higher range in the same manner as a promoted employee.

(b) The merit anniversary and status of an employee advanced in pay range because the position is reallocated will not change. (*Res. No. 4028, 2025*)

10 PR 050. Involuntary Demotion.

(a) An employee demoted for cause enters the new range at a step no higher than the one occupied in the former range.

(b) The merit anniversary of an employee involuntarily demoted to a job classification formerly held will not change.

(c) An employee involuntarily demoted because the position the employee occupies is allocated to a lower pay range enters the new range as follows:

(1) If the current pay rate is the same as a step in the lower range, the employee enters the lower range at that step.

(2) If the current pay rate falls between steps in the lower range the rate remains frozen until the next merit anniversary, at which time the employee is placed at the higher step.

(3) If the current pay rate exceeds the maximum of the lower range:

(A) The employee's pay rate is frozen for a maximum of 24 months. If adjustments to the pay schedule cause the assigned range to encompass the frozen rate, the employee is placed at that step in the range closest to, but not less than the frozen rate.

(B) If the frozen rate continues to exceed the assigned range after the passage of 24 months, the employee is placed in the maximum step of the range and the pay rate reduced, at which time the employee shall be paid a lump sum equal to the difference between the value of the employee's accumulated leave calculated at the former rate of pay and the value calculated at the new rate of pay. *(Res. No. 1961, 1998; 2370, 2006)*

10 PR 051. ADA Reassignment.

(a) An employee who is reassigned as a reasonable accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act shall enter the new range at a step no higher than the one the employee occupied in the former range.

(b) The employee shall serve a new probationary period and establish a new merit anniversary.

(c) An employee who undergoes a reduction in pay due to an ADA Reassignment shall be paid a lump sum equal to the difference between the value of the employee's accumulated leave calculated at the former rate of pay and the value calculated at the new rate of pay. *(Res. No. 2422(c), 2007)*

10 PR 055. Voluntary Demotion.

(a) An employee who is voluntarily demoted to a classification formerly held shall enter the lower range at the step the employee would have earned had the employee remained in the former classification. The merit anniversary of the employee shall not change, and the employee shall not serve a new probationary period, if the employee formerly held permanent status in the job class.

(b) An employee who requests a voluntary demotion to a classification not formerly held enters the lower range at a step determined by the department director provided, however, that the step placement does not exceed the rate one step below the higher range placement. The employee shall serve a new probationary period and establish a new merit anniversary.

(c) An employee who undergoes a voluntary demotion shall be paid a lump sum equal to the difference between the value of the employee's accumulated leave calculated at the former rate of pay and the value calculated at the new rate of pay. *(Res. No. 1961, 1998)*

10 PR 060. Transferred Employee.

(a) The merit anniversary and step placement of an employee transferred with no change in job classification will not change due to the transfer.

(b) The step placement of an employee transferred to a closely related job classification will not change. The merit anniversary will not change unless the employee serves an amended probationary period. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

10 PR 065. Change of Occupation.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in these Rules, the beginning pay for an employee appointed to a position in an unrelated classification is step 1 of the pay range.
- (b) The merit anniversary of an employee who changes occupations will be the first day of the regular pay period following completion of the probationary period. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2649, 2013*)

10 PR 070. Appointment Effective Date.

The normal effective date of all appointments is the employee's first day of work. However, when the first day of the pay period is Saturday, Sunday or a holiday and the employee's first day of work is the first scheduled work day of the pay period the effective date of the appointment is the first day of the pay period.

10 PR 075. Merit Anniversary Date.

- (a) The merit anniversary date of a probationary employee appointed is the first day of the regular pay period following completion of the probationary period.
- (b) The merit anniversary date of a full time partially exempt employee is the first day of the regular pay period following 26 pay periods of service.
- (c) The merit anniversary date of a full time employee shall be advanced one pay period for each 10 days of leave without pay. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2051, 2000; 2370, 2006*)

10 PR 080. Merit Increase.

- (a) Steps 2 through 13 in the pay schedule recognize merit. Permanent and partially exempt employees are eligible for merit increases.
- (b) A merit increase of 1 step in the pay range is given to a permanent or partially exempt employee who receives an overall performance rating of "acceptable" or better. Such increase is due when the employee establishes a merit anniversary date in accordance with 10 PR 075 and on the employee's merit anniversary date thereafter according to the following schedule:
 - (1) Steps 2 through 6: 1 year of service. One year of service is defined as 1,950 hours in pay status or twelve months of continuous service, whichever is greater.
 - (2) Steps 6 through 13: 2 years of service. Two years of service is defined as 3,900 hours in pay status or 24 months of continuous service, whichever is greater.
 - (3) Employees who are appointed at Steps 6 through 13 must serve an additional one year of service defined as 1,950 hours in pay status or twelve months of continuous service, whichever is

greater, after establishing a merit anniversary date prior to receiving a merit increase unless the provisions of 10 PR 080(c) are invoked.

(c) The City Manager may grant an additional merit increase or advance the merit anniversary date by twelve months to an employee who receives an overall performance rating of “outstanding”, and where other exceptional circumstances exist.

(d) A Department Director may grant a merit increase to a long term temporary project employee on the same basis as a partially exempt employee provided the employee’s performance is overall “acceptable” or better. (Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2328, 2005; 2320, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2582, 2011; 2622, 2012; 2649, 2013; 4028, 2025)

10 PR 085. Merit Increase Not Earned.

(a) If an employee receives an overall performance rating of “acceptable –“ (acceptable minus) the employee shall not be eligible for a merit increase.

(b) The employee’s merit anniversary date does not change when a step increase has not been earned due to less than acceptable performance.

(c) If the employee’s overall performance rating reaches “acceptable” a step increase will be given effective the first day of the pay period following the “acceptable” evaluation.

(d) Should a merit increase be withheld, the supervisor must implement a performance improvement plan consistent with the provisions of 8 PR 025. (Res. No. 2370, 2006)

10 PR 090. Step Reduction.

(a) If an employee receives an overall performance rating of “unacceptable” the department director may reduce the employee’s step placement by one step in accordance with 13 PR 025.

(b) The employee’s merit anniversary date does not change when a step has been reduced or restored. The reduction is effective the first day of the pay period following written notice to the employee. Not less than 2 pay periods must pass before a step reduction may be restored.

(c) If the employee’s overall performance rating reaches “acceptable” the former step will be restored effective the first day of the pay period following the “acceptable” evaluation.

(d) If an employee receives a step reduction, the supervisor must implement a performance improvement plan consistent with the provisions of 8 PR 025. (Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)

10 PR 095. Increased Responsibilities Differential.

(a) An hourly employee temporarily assigned some of the duties of a higher level position because the incumbent is on leave or the position is vacant is paid an increased responsibilities differential.

- (b) When two or more employees are assigned to work without an on-site supervisor the department director may designate one of the employees as a temporary lead worker. The temporary lead worker is paid an increased responsibilities differential for each hour of the assignment.
- (c) To be eligible for an increased responsibilities differential an employee must assume the responsibilities for not less than 7.5 hours; however, the differential is retroactive to the first hour of the assignment.
- (d) Temporary assignment of duties under this section may not exceed 26 weeks.
- (e) Increased responsibilities pay is available only to an employee paid an hourly rate.

10 PR 097. Temporary Supervision Pay.

When two or more employees in different pay ranges are assigned to a work function while the supervisor is not available for more than 1 work day and up to 2 pay periods, the department director may designate in writing one of the employees as temporary supervisor. It will be the temporary supervisor's responsibility to direct the work in order to continue to fulfill the function. This section does not apply to employees paid on a salary basis or employees whose position description includes responsibility for assuming the duties of the supervisory position in the absence of the supervisor. *(Res. No. 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006)*

10 PR 098. Acting in a Higher Range Pay.

(a) Regular Compensation for Acting in a Higher Range

- (1) When an employee is assigned to perform the duties of a higher classification under 5 PR 025, the employee shall be paid according to the pay range allocation of the higher level position. Step placement in the higher pay range shall be the same as if the employee were promoted to the higher classification.
- (2) An employee who is acting in a higher range is not eligible for the higher job class rate of pay when on leave. Leave time shall not reduce the overall duration of the acting in a higher range appointment.

(b) Overtime Compensation for Acting in a Higher Range Appointment. An hourly employee appointed to a higher level job class in a salaried position remains eligible for overtime pay.

(c) Overtime Compensation for a Salaried employee working in an Hourly position. A salaried employee who works out of class in an hourly position and who works the majority of his or her work day performing the duties that are normally compensated at an hourly rate of pay, shall be eligible for overtime compensation for hours exceeding the thresholds defined in 10 PR 120(a)-(c) (Overtime Defined). *(Res. No. 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2582, 2011)*

10 PR 100. Shift Differentials.

Only those employees who are paid on an hourly basis, who regularly work 37.5 hours per week or more, and whose work schedule includes in excess of 2 continuous hours between the hours of 4:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. are eligible for shift differentials.

- (a) Hours worked between 4:00 p.m. and midnight will be paid at shift differential “A”. The hourly premium pay rate associated with shift differential provided in 18 PR 015.
- (b) Hours worked between midnight and 8:00 a.m. will be paid at shift differential “B”. The hourly premium pay rate associated with shift differential provided in 18 PR 015.
- (c) An hourly employee working at the Fire Department who is assigned to a 56 hour shift under the FLSA 7(k) exemption is not eligible for shift differential pay. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006; 2831, 2018)*

10 PR 105. Standby Pay.

- (a) An employee assigned to standby duty is paid standby pay for each hour of standby duty. For purposes of calculating standby pay, time shall be rounded to the nearest quarter-hour.
- (b) If called back the employee is paid at the overtime rate and standby pay ceases.
- (c) An employee monitoring a cell phone is not on standby duty unless specifically instructed to respond to calls or texts.
- (d) Standby duty is not credited to an employee for purposes of determining overtime eligibility.
- (e) Standby pay is available only to an employee paid an hourly rate and who regularly works 37.5 hours or more per week.
- (f) An hourly employee working at the Fire Department who is assigned to a 56 hour shift under the FLSA 7(k) exemption is not eligible for Standby Pay. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2831, 2018, 4028, 2025)*

10 PR 110. Call Out.

- (a) The supervisor shall notify an employee at least 24 hours prior to the beginning of any extra duty, excluding the extension of an employee’s regular shift. If less than 24 hours notice is given the extra duty is a call out
- (b) The minimum call out is for 1 hour of work.
- (c) An employee is paid at the overtime rate for all hours worked as the result of a call out.

(d) Call out pay is available only to an employee paid an hourly rate and who regularly works 37.5 hours or more per week. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006)*

10 PR 115. Sixth and Seventh Day.

(a) A full time employee paid an hourly rate who works a sixth or seventh day is paid for a minimum of 2 hours.

(b) In those instances that the minimum work is not available the difference between the employee's actual duty and the minimum is recorded and paid as show-up compensation.

(c) Show-up compensation is not credited to an employee for purposes of determining overtime eligibility. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

10 PR 120. Overtime Defined.

(a) Except as otherwise provided, all work in excess of 40 hours in a week, excluding those hours already paid at the overtime rate, is paid at the overtime rate.

(b) The employer may establish an alternative overtime threshold for fire protection and law enforcement employees under the 7(k) exemption of the Fair Labor Standards Act. Employees subject to the alternative overtime threshold will be notified.

(c) The overtime rate of pay is time and one-half (1 ½) an employee's regular hourly rate of pay.

(d) All work on a holiday as defined in these Rules is paid at the overtime rate of pay, unless the holiday has been compensated for by an alternate day off or by increased personal leave credit.

(e) An employee who works 7.5 hours or more without a lunch break of at least 0.5 hour in duration will be paid at the overtime rate for 0.5 hour.

(f) Overtime pay is available only to an employee paid an hourly rate.

(g) If an operational exigency causes an employee to work for a period of time such that the employee is unable to achieve sufficient rest before the start of a scheduled shift, a department director is authorized to grant the employee up to eight hours of administrative leave so that the employee receives sufficient rest before reporting to work. A new workday or new work week shall not cause an employee who has not had a sufficient rest period to lose overtime eligibility. "Sufficient rest" is generally defined as 8 hours away from work. *(Res. No. 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2476, 2009; 2797, 2017)*

10 PR 125. Overtime Rate.

The overtime rate for an hourly paid employee is 1.5 times the normal hourly rate.

10 PR 130. Overtime Payment.

- (a) Overtime is paid as wages or as compensatory time.
- (b) An employee may request that overtime be credited as compensatory time.
- (c) The department director must determine that the crediting or use of compensatory time will not result in any increased costs or scheduling hardships prior to authorizing the crediting or use of compensatory time.

10 PR 135. Maximum Compensatory Time.

- (a) An employee's compensatory time balance may not exceed 100 hours on the first day of any pay period. All excess hours are to be paid as wages.
- (b) No compensatory time other than that earned during pay periods starting between November 21 through December 31 may remain credited to the account of an employee after the first day of the first pay period starting in January.
- (c) Compensatory time may not be taken in the same pay period that it is earned. The Department Director can authorize such use under extenuating circumstances. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2582, 2011*)

10 PR 140. Compensatory Time Payment.

An employee is paid at the employee's regular rate of pay for all time that is deducted from the employee's compensatory time account.

10 PR 145. Holiday Pay.

- (a) Permanent and probationary employees, who are not compensated for holidays by accruing additional personal leave, are paid for each holiday provided the employee was in pay status the work day immediately preceding the holiday and the work day immediately following the holiday. Employees occupying part-time limited and seasonal part-time positions are not eligible for holiday pay except as provided in 7 PR 025(f). For the purposes of this provision, pay status shall include an employee who is in furlough status.
 - (1) Employees with a regular work schedule of 37.5 hours per week receive 7.5 hours pay for each holiday.
 - (2) Employees with a regular work schedule of 40 hours or more per week will receive 8 hours pay for each holiday.
 - (3) Employees with a regular work schedule of less than 37.5 hours per week shall receive holiday pay that is based on the average number of hours worked per week over the 10 weeks immediately preceding the pay period the holiday falls in. For the purposes of computing the amount of time per week, all hours credited to regular pay, personal leave, or holiday pay shall count. Time

worked in overtime status, or call back or show up pay shall not be included. (*Res. No. 2282, 2004; 2370, 2006; 2622, 2012; 2831, 2018*)

10 PR 150. Total Remuneration.

No salary, wage or benefit may be paid to an employee except as provided in these rules, by ordinance or resolution of the Assembly, or as required by state or federal law

RULE 11
LEAVE**Section**

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(Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2476, 2009; 2618, 2012; 3029(am), 2023)

11 PR 005. Scope.

This Rule covers absences from regularly scheduled work for employees with probationary, permanent, partially exempt, long term temporary or acting in a higher range status. Part time limited and short term temporary employees shall not be subject to personal leave accrual or use.
(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012)

11 PR 010. Accrual Rates.

(a) Employees who are assigned to a 37.5 hour work week and who are paid an hourly rate accrue personal leave at the rate of:

(1) 6.1 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with less than one year of service;

(2) 7 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with one but less than two years of service;

(3) 7.8 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with two but less than five years of service;

(4) 8.7 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with five but less than ten years of service;

(5) 10.4 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with ten years or more of service.

(b) Employees who are assigned to a 40 hour work week and who are paid an hourly rate accrue personal leave at the rate of:

(1) 6.5 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with less than one year of service;

(2) 7.4 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with one but less than two years of service;

(3) 8.3 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with two but less than five years of service;

(4) 9.3 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with five but less than ten years of service;

(5) 11.1 hours for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with ten years or more of service.

(c) Full time employees who are paid a salary accrue personal leave at the rate of:

(1) .81 of a day for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with less than one year of service;

(2) .93 of a day for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with one but less than two years of service;

(3) 1.04 of a day for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with two but less than five years of service;

(4) 1.16 of a day for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with five but less than ten years of service

(5) 1.39 of a day for each full biweekly pay period of work for employees with ten years or more of service.

(d) Leave accrual for part-time employees and other employees not assigned to a 37.5 hour work week is prorated according to a schedule established by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.

(e) Years of service for the purpose of computing personal leave includes all full-time probationary, permanent, acting in a higher range, long term temporary, and partially exempt service with the CBJ that is subject to these rules. Less than full-time probationary, permanent, acting in a higher range, and partially exempt service is prorated according to a schedule established by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.

(f) Reserved.

(g) If a former employee who left in good standing returns to CBJ service within 10 years of separation, the employee shall be placed at the level of leave accrual formerly held. A former employee of the Juneau School District or Bartlett Regional Hospital who left in good standing and begins employment at CBJ within ten (10) years of separation shall have verifiable service time with the Juneau School District or Bartlett Regional Hospital be considered as if CBJ service time for the purposes of establishing their leave accrual rate at the CBJ upon commencement of employment.

(h) The City Manager may, at his or her discretion, authorize an advanced leave accrual rate.

(i) Reserved. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2618, 2012; 4018, 2025*)

11 PR 012. Personal Leave Cash-in.

(a) An employee may cash in personal leave if the following requirements are met:

1) the employee's leave balance after the cash-in is not less than 21 days; and

2) the leave cash-in request is for a minimum of 5 days.

(b) 21 days is equal to:

- 1) 157.5 hours for an employee assigned to a 37.5 hour work week
- 2) 168 hours for an employee assigned to a 40 hour work week
- 3) 236 hours for an employee assigned to a 24/48 hour duty cycle

(c) Administration.

- (1) Application for personal leave cash-in shall be made in writing to the Payroll Office.
- (2) Leave cash-in will be included in the employee's next regular payroll check.
- (3) A request for leave cash-in must be received no later than the last Friday of the pay period if the leave cash in is to be included in the paycheck for that pay period.
- (4) The equivalencies established in subsection (b) shall be proportionately reduced for an employee assigned to work less than a full time schedule.
- (5) The personal leave cash-in does not count toward minimum leave use requirements.

(d) An employee may cash in personal leave as necessary and without regard to the limitations in subsection (a) in order to purchase health insurance through the employer while on leave without pay.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of 11 PR012 (a), an employee may cash in an unlimited amount of accrued personal leave. (*Res. No. 2016, 2000; 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2476, 2009; 4018, 2025; 4028, 2025*)

11 PR 016. Reserved. (*2370, 2006; 2500, 2009; 2618; 2012*)

11 PR 017. Reserved. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2500, 2009; 2618; 2012*)

11 PR 020. Accrual During Unauthorized Leave.

Leave is not accrued for any pay period during which an employee is absent without approved leave or due to disciplinary leave. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016*)

11 PR 025. Leave Anniversary.

- (a) An employee's leave anniversary is the first day of the pay period immediately following the pay period in which the employee is appointed.
- (b) A change to an employee's rate of accrual is effective on the employee's leave anniversary.

11 PR 030. Minimum Leave Use.

- (a) An employee must use not less than one-third of personal leave accrued by December 31st. Leave cashed in or donated shall not count as use for purposes of this rule.
- (b) An employee is exempt from the minimum use requirement to the extent the employee's personal leave balance would be reduced to less than 30 days.
- (c) Minimum leave not used will be deducted from the employee's leave balance on January 1st. An employee may not receive any credit or compensation for deducted leave. (*Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012; 2831, 2018*)

11 PR 035. Maximum Leave Carry-over.

- (a) Accrued personal leave may not exceed 150 days on January 1, except with the written authorization of the City Manager. Leave in excess of 150 days on January 1 will be paid out to the employee.
- (b) At the request of the department director, the City Manager may permit the carry-over of leave in excess of 150 days when the City Manager determines that the employee made every reasonable effort to schedule leave and the department director denied the leave requests because of extraordinary circumstances.
 - (1) The department director must submit to the City Manager a plan providing for the timely use of the excess leave.
 - (2) Granting carry-over of leave may not cause any hardship to the CBJ beyond the benefit to be gained by granting such leave carry-over. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2618, 2012; 2831, 2018*)

11 PR 040. Use of Personal Leave.

- (a) Personal leave may be granted at any time the work load permits with the prior approval of the employee's supervisor.
- (b) Personal leave for medical reasons must be granted if the supervisor is satisfied that:
 - (1) The employee is sick or disabled to the extent that the employee cannot perform regular duties;
 - (2) The employee's presence on the job would jeopardize the health or safety of fellow employees; or
 - (3) To care for the employee's child, spouse, domestic partner, or parent who is ill or injured if such illness or injury requires the employee's presence.

- (c) Personal leave may also be used for Family Medical Leave purposes consistent with the provisions of 11 PR 067.
- (d) A department director may require an employee to provide a statement from a health care provider or other acceptable proof that the conditions of this section have been satisfied before authorizing use of personal leave.
- (e) An employee is required to promptly advise the supervisor or department director of his or her absence and the reason for his or her absence when requesting the use of unscheduled leave.
- (f) An employee may be authorized to take no more than two weeks of personal leave for the period immediately preceding his or her resignation. The Department Director, with approval from the Human Resources and Risk Management Director, may grant an additional two weeks of personal leave for extenuating circumstances. The employee must return to work status prior to separating from service. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993; 2370, 2006)*

11 PR 045. Direction to Take Leave

A supervisor or department director may direct an employee to use accrued leave when necessary to assure the employee uses the minimum required leave or when the employee's accumulated leave may exceed the maximum carry-over.

11 PR 050. Bereavement Leave.

An employee may use personal or banked medical leave when the employee notifies his or her supervisor or department director that a member of the employee's immediate family has died. Bereavement leave entitlement is limited to 2 weeks. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993, 2223; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012)*

11 PR 055. Banked Medical Leave.

- (a) An employee who has banked medical leave may take such leave only when one of the following conditions exists:
 - (1) The employee is sick or disabled to the extent that the employee cannot attend to the employee's regular duties.
 - (2) The illness or disability of a member of the employee's immediate family requires the attendance of the employee.
 - (3) The employee has an FMLA qualifying condition and must take time off work for that condition.
 - (4) The employee's absence is due to an on-the-job injury with the Employer which qualifies as a workers' compensation claim to the extent that the employee's absence is not covered by workers' compensation.

(5) The employee has no accrued personal leave and the absence is due to the death of the employee's immediate family member, in which case the use of medical leave is limited to 2 weeks. A department director may require a physician's statement or other acceptable proof that an employee's condition meets the requirements of this section before authorizing the use of banked medical leave.

(b) Banked medical leave cannot be cashed in when an employee separates from CBJ service. Employees who are reemployed with the CBJ to a position that accrues leave within three calendar years of separation, and who had banked medical leave upon separation, shall have their medical leave bank restored. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012; 3000, 2022)*

11 PR 060. Use of Leave to Supplement Workers' Compensation.

(a) An employee may supplement workers' compensation payments with the use of personal or banked medical leave provided the employee's net compensation does not exceed what the employee would have received had the employee worked a regular schedule.

(b) Employees receiving workers' compensation are on leave without pay for that time covered by the payments. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012)*

11 PR 065. Leave Without Pay.

(a) An employee may be granted leave without pay provided the leave does not cause hardships to the CBJ. Except as provided in 11 PR 067, 11 PR 115, and 13 PR 020, an employee may not take leave without pay if the employee has accrued compensatory or personal leave available for use.

(b) An employee who is paid a salary may not be charged leave without pay for less than a full day increment.

(c) An employee who is paid a salary and who has no accrued personal leave will be advanced personal leave in increments of less than one day to prevent being charged leave without pay for less than one day.

(d) The maximum personal leave indebtedness for an employee who is paid a salary is two days.

(e) Leave without pay in excess of 20 days in a calendar year must be approved by the City Manager unless authorized as family/medical leave under the provisions of 11 PR 067.

(f) An employee who has no accrued personal or banked medical leave will be granted leave without pay for family/medical leave purposes consistent with 11 PR 067.

(g) An employee may be granted up to ten days of leave without pay, regardless of hardship caused to the CBJ, if the absence is due to the death of a member of the employee's immediate family. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2015, 2000; 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2582, 2011; 2618, 2012)*

11 PR 067. Family/Medical Leave.

Administrative Policy 08-03R, Family Medical Leave Policy, or the successor policy(ies) is hereby incorporated by reference at Appendix A. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012*)

11 PR 070. Cancellation of Leave.

The CBJ retains the right to cancel pre-approved leave when circumstances require such cancellation. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

11 PR 075. Effect of Leave Without Pay.

During each pay period an employee uses leave without pay, the employee accrues leave and other benefits on the same prorated basis as a part-time employee. Employer provided contributions to the employee's health insurance coverage may also be impacted as provided in 17 PR 015. (*Res. No. 2740, 2016*)

11 PR 080. Adjustment of Anniversary Dates.

The leave anniversary and the merit anniversary of a full time employee are set forward 1 pay period for each 10 days of leave without pay. (*Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006*)

11 PR 081. Employee Furloughs.

The City Manager may, at his or her discretion, authorize a period of employee furlough on a voluntary or mandatory basis to reduce the operating costs of the organization. An employee may be placed on furlough even if the employee has a personal leave balance. The provisions of 11 PR 075 and 11 PR 080 shall not apply to furlough periods. (*Res. No. 2476, 2009; 2622, 2012*)

11 PR 085. Court Leave.

- (a) An employee called to serve as a juror or subpoenaed as a witness to testify concerning matters within the scope of employment or incidents observed while on duty may receive court leave.
- (b) An employee required on his or her regularly scheduled workday to serve as a juror or witness shall be paid his or her regular wage for the time spent in court or the length of the shift, whichever is less. The employee shall remit to CBJ all juror or witness fees for such service.
- (c) Court leave must be supported by written documents such as a subpoena or court clerk's statement of attendance. (*Res. No. 2069, 2001*)

11 PR 090. Military Leave Without Pay.

An employee is entitled to leave without pay to serve on active duty in the United States uniformed services and is entitled to the reemployment benefits granted under the Uniformed Services Employment Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA). *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

11 PR 095. Military Leave with Pay.

(a) An employee who is a member of a reserve component of the United States uniformed services is entitled to a leave of absence without loss of pay for that time during which the employee is ordered to training duty, as distinguished from active duty, or for field exercises, for instruction with troops or when under direct military control for search and rescue missions.

(b) An employee who is called to active duty by the governor is entitled to 5 paid work days of military leave per year (January 1 through December 31).

11 PR 100. Emergency Service Leave.

An employee who is a member of an auxiliary or rescue component of the United States armed forces or a federal, state, or local emergency services organization may be granted emergency service leave with pay for the performance of fire suppression, search, rescue or similar emergency missions under direct military, federal, state or CBJ control.

11 PR 105. Maximum Paid Military and Emergency Service Leave.

The combined total of paid military leave and paid emergency service leave for an employee may not exceed 16.5 days in a calendar year.

11 PR 110. Donation of Leave.

(a) The City Manager may allow an employee to donate a maximum of 30 days or 50 percent of accrued personal leave, whichever is less, provided that the donation does not reduce the employee's total leave balance to less than 12 days. The City Manager may allow an employee to donate all of their compensatory time leave balance.

(b) The transfer of leave may only be made:

(1) To an employee who is on leave without pay and whose absence from work is due to:

(A) Authorized Family Medical Leave or Family Medical Leave qualifying event,

(B) The death of a member of the employee's immediate family, or

(C) The employee is on approved military or emergency service leave per 11 PR 100.

(D) Other circumstances approved by the City Manager.

- (2) To a member of the immediate family of a deceased employee.
- (c) Unused donated leave will be returned to the donor.
- (d) Leave donated to another employee may not be credited toward the donor's minimum leave use requirement.
- (e) Leave donated by an employee who is paid an hourly rate is given a cash value by multiplying the number of hours donated by the regular hourly rate of the donor. Leave donated by an employee who is paid a salary must be in full day increments which will be given a value as provided for in these rules.
 - (1) The cash value is given to the family of the deceased employee, or
 - (2) The cash value is divided by the regular hourly rate or the daily pay rate of the recipient and the recipient's medical leave bank is credited with that number of hours or days resulting from the calculation.
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of (a) above, an employee who holds more than one leave accruing position may donate leave to themselves for periods of approved leave when leave accrued in one leave accruing assignment is needed to prevent the employee from going into a period of leave without pay in another leave accruing assignment. In such cases, leave donated from one position to the other will be credited on the same basis as if the employee was donating leave to another employee as provided in (e) above. *(Res. No. 2004, 1999; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012; 2740, 2016; 4028, 2025)*

11 PR 115. Seasonal Leave.

- (a) A seasonal employee will receive the cash value of his or her personal leave at the end of the season and be placed in leave without pay status until the work season resumes except that,
- (b) A seasonal employee may retain a personal leave balance not to exceed 160 hours if the employee so requests prior to the end of the work season. *(Res. No. 2618, 2012)*

11 PR 120. Medical Leave on Separation.

All banked medical leave is canceled on separation from service. An employee may not receive any credit or compensation for canceled leave. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012)*

11 PR 125. Personal Leave on Separation.

- (a) An employee separating from employment will receive, within 30 days of separation, terminal leave in the form of a lump sum payment for the personal leave balance at time of separation.

(b) An employee reemployed during terminal leave must refund an amount equal to the compensation covering the period between the date of reemployment and expiration of the terminal leave. The leave represented by the refund will be credited to the personal leave account of the employee. (Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2618, 2012)

11 PR 130. Parent-Teacher Conference Leave.

A parent or guardian of a student enrolled in a school or a licensed day care facility within the city and borough may apply for a maximum of 1.5 hours leave to attend a conference with that child's teacher. Such leave will be without loss of pay, and may be granted no more than twice in a single school year to the same employee for conferences regarding the same child. A supervisor may grant parent-teacher conference leave only in advance upon presentation by the employee of written verification of the date and time of the conference and a written finding by the supervisor that the leave can be accommodated without imposing added cost or inefficiencies in the work place. Supervisors shall make every reasonable effort to accommodate parent-teacher conference leave. (Res. No. 1835, 1996)

11 PR 135. Paid Parental Leave.

(a) The CBJ shall provide up to six (6) weeks of paid parental leave to employees following the birth of an employee's child or the placement of a child with an employee in connection with adoption, foster care, or legal guardianship. The purpose of paid parental leave is to enable the employee to care for and bond with a newborn or a newly adopted or newly placed child.

(b) Eligibility for paid parental leave shall be the same as the eligibility criteria articulated in CBJ Family/Medical Leave Administrative Policy 19-01, or the successor policy(ies). Paid parental leave will run concurrently with FMLA/AFLA leave use.

(c) Six (6) weeks of paid parental leave is provided in addition to accrued personal leave. Personal leave will continue to accrue during the period of paid parental leave, and an employee may not use personal leave concurrently with paid parental leave.

(d) Employees must work in a benefitted position to be eligible for paid parental leave. The paid parental leave benefit will be reduced on a pro-rated basis for an employee in a part time benefitted position.

(e) Eligible employees will receive a maximum of six (6) weeks of paid parental leave per birth, adoption, or placement of a child/children. The fact that a multiple birth, adoption, or placement occurs (e.g., the birth of twins or adoption of siblings) does not increase the six-week total amount of paid parental leave granted for that event.

Additionally, in no case will an employee receive more than six (6) weeks of paid parental leave in a rolling, 12-month period, regardless of whether more than one birth, adoption, or foster care placement event occurs within that 12-month timeframe. If both parents and/or legal guardians are CBJ employees who meet the eligibility criteria, one employee shall be identified as the designated employee to take parental leave by the employees and only that designated employee shall be eligible for paid parental leave

under this rule. If the impacted employees are unable to agree on the designated employee, then the paid parental leave shall be split evenly between the two eligible employees.

(f) Each week of paid parental leave is compensated at the employee's regular, straight-time weekly pay or equivalent weekly salary and will be paid on the biweekly pay schedule.

(g) Employees must take paid parental leave in one continuous period of leave for the employee's entire work schedule. Intermittent paid parental leave is not permitted. Approved paid parental leave may be taken at any time during the six-month period immediately following the qualifying event and may not be used or extended beyond this six-month timeframe. Paid parental leave has no cash value and unused paid parental leave will be forfeited at the end of the six-month timeframe. Upon termination of employment with the CBJ, the employee will not be paid for any unused paid parental leave for which the employee was eligible.

An employee shall request paid parental leave on a CBJ-provided form. (*Res. No. 3029(am), 2023*)

RULE 12
RESIGNATION, NONDISCIPLINARY SEPARATION AND VOLUNTARY DEMOTION

Section

005. Resignation

010. Withdrawal or Amendment of Resignation

012. Non-disciplinary Separation

015. Voluntary Demotion

020. Eligibility to be Considered for Future Employment

(Res. No. 2422(c), 2007)

12 PR 005. Resignation.

(a) To resign in good standing an employee must have acceptable or better performance, comply with all exit requirements, and provide proper written notice.

(b) An employee's performance shall be considered acceptable or better if

(1) A permanent or partially exempt employee's last performance evaluation of record indicates an overall performance rating of "acceptable" or better, or

(2) A probationary employee's progress on his or her training plan was satisfactory.

(c) An employee shall be considered to have complied with exit requirements provided the employee returns all of the CBJ's property prior to separation.

(d) Proper written notice must be provided to the department director in advance of separation from service according to the following provisions:

(1) Written notice must be given at least 2 weeks prior to the effective date for employees assigned to pay ranges 13 and below or the equivalent hourly pay amount as shown on the general pay schedule.

(2) Written notice must be given at least 4 weeks prior to the effective date for all other employees.

(3) A resignation must contain:

(i) The date it is written;

(ii) An unequivocal statement that the employee is separating from employment;

(iii) An effective date which is the employee's last day of work; and

(iv) The employee's signature.

(e) The department director may waive the advance notice requirement at his or her discretion.

(f) An employee who does not resign in good standing shall not be eligible for non-competitive selection under the provisions of 5 PR 060. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2649, 2013; 2740, 2016*)

12 PR 010. Withdrawal or Amendment of Resignation.

- (a) An employee, with the approval of the department director, may withdraw a resignation at any time prior to the selection of a replacement employee.
- (b) An employee, with the approval of the department director, may change the effective date of a resignation.

12 PR 012. Non-disciplinary Separation.

- (a) A department director may order non-disciplinary separation of an employee if the employee:
 - (1) Does not request, is denied, is ineligible for, or exhausts all available leave and fails to appear for work;
 - (2) Fails to respond to a notice requiring an indication of an intention to return to work;
 - (3) Becomes unqualified for or is unable to perform one or more essential functions of the position; or
 - (4) Has completed temporary or emergency service. (*Res. No. 1900, 1997; 2370, 2006*)

12 PR 015. Voluntary Demotion.

- (a) A permanent or probationary employee may request a voluntary demotion.
- (b) The request must be presented to the department director in writing. The decision to authorize a voluntary demotion is at the discretion of the department director.
- (c) A demoted probationary employee will complete the remainder of the original probationary period in the lower classification unless the probationary service exceeds the normal probationary period for the lower classification. If the probationary service exceeds the normal probationary period for the lower classification the employee must serve an additional month of probation. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006*)

12 PR 020. Eligibility to be Considered for Future Employment.

- (a) An employee who separates from service is eligible to be considered for future employment with the City and Borough unless otherwise specified.
- (b) An employee who voluntarily or involuntarily separates from service with less than fully Acceptable job performance shall not be considered for future employment in the same job class or

in a closely related occupational area, unless the individual can demonstrate that he or she has satisfactorily performed similar work at a fully Acceptable level for another employer for a minimum of two years.

- (c) An employee who voluntarily or involuntarily separates from service with less than fully Acceptable work habits or other job related attributes shall not be eligible to be considered for future employment with the City and Borough unless the individual can demonstrate that he or she has worked for another employer(s) for a minimum of two years. The subsequent employer(s) must verify that the undesirable work habit or job related attribute has been corrected.
- (d) An employee who is separated from service under the provisions of 13 PR 035 for misconduct will not be eligible to be considered for future employment with the City and Borough.
- (e) An employee who resigns in lieu of dismissal or during the course of an investigation into an allegation of employee misconduct that, if proven true, would lead to dismissal, will not be eligible to be considered for future employment with the City and Borough.
- (f) The employee will be notified upon separation of his or her rehire status.
- (g) An individual certified as non-eligible to be considered for future employment under the provisions of (d) through (f) above may, after a period of five years, make a written appeal to the City Manager to have his or her status reversed. The City Manager will respond in writing to the individual requesting reconsideration. The decision of the City Manager shall be final. *(Res. No. 2422(c), 2007; 2740, 2016)*

RULE 13
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS**Section**

- 005. Scope**
- 007. Purpose**
- 009. Predisciplinary Investigations**
- 010. Predisciplinary Conference**
- 015. Reprimand**
- 020. Suspension**
- 025. Step Reduction**
- 030. Demotion**
- 035. Dismissal**

(Res. No. 2106, 2001; 2370, 2006)

13 PR 005. Scope.

This Rule applies only to the classified service.

13 PR 007. Purpose.

The purpose of disciplinary action is to remedy unacceptable performance or conduct. Supervisors should impose discipline in steps of gradually increasing severity unless the performance or conduct warrants the immediate application of severe action. In general, the progression of disciplinary actions should be as follows: oral reprimand, written reprimand, suspension, dismissal. Other sanctions may be imposed as warranted to address particular deficiencies. *(Res. No. 2106, 2001)*

13 PR 009. Predisciplinary Investigations

- (a) A supervisor, or other representative of the CBJ, must conduct a fact finding investigation when there is an allegation of misconduct involving a permanent employee and that employee may be subject to disciplinary action if such allegation is sustained.
- (b) Such investigation shall be conducted in a thorough, fair and unbiased fashion. During the course of the investigation, the fact finder shall make reasonable attempts to gather all relevant facts and evidence and shall interview witnesses as appropriate.
- (c) The permanent employee who is the subject of the investigation shall be interviewed. During the interview, the employee may have representation if he or she desires. If the employee is represented by a union, such representation shall be limited to an authorized representative of the union. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

13 PR 010. Predisciplinary Conference.

- (a) A permanent employee subject to a suspension, step reduction, demotion or dismissal must be afforded the opportunity for a conference before the disciplinary action is effective.
- (b) The purpose of the conference is to allow the employee and management personnel to review the facts relating to the proposed disciplinary action. *(Res. No. 1835, 1996)*

13 PR 015. Reprimand.

- (a) A supervisor may for cause, after a pre-disciplinary investigation, issue a written reprimand to an employee. The reprimand must be discussed with the employee.
- (b) A copy of the reprimand with any reply from the employee will be filed with the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.
- (c) A letter of reprimand is not subject to the grievance procedure. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

13 PR 020. Suspension.

- (a) A department director may for cause, after pre-disciplinary investigation, and pre-disciplinary conference if requested, suspend an employee without pay.
- (b) The reason for the suspension will be given to the employee in writing and a copy filed with the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.
- (c) The period of suspension will be treated as disciplinary leave without pay for other purposes of these Rules including the effect on leave accrual, anniversary dates, and health insurance premiums. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016)*

13 PR 025. Step Reduction.

- (a) A department director may for cause, after pre-disciplinary investigation, and pre-disciplinary conference if requested, reduce by one step the placement of a permanent employee who is placed at other than step A.
 - (1) The reason for the reduction will be given to the employee in writing and a copy filed with the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.
 - (2) The period the employee serves at the lower step may not exceed 26 weeks without review.
 - (3) The employee must be provided a performance improvement plan in accordance with 8 PR 025.

(b) An employee is subject to further step reduction or other disciplinary action if the employee fails to correct less than acceptable performance or repeats unacceptable behavior during the period of step reduction.

(c) A department director shall restore salary steps in accordance with 10 PR 085 when the employee receives an overall performance evaluation of “acceptable” or better when the unacceptable behavior has been corrected. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007)*

13 PR 030. Demotion.

(a) A department director may for cause, after pre-disciplinary investigation, and pre-disciplinary conference if requested, demote an employee.

(b) The reason for the demotion will be given to the employee in writing and a copy filed with the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

13 PR 035. Dismissal.

(a) A department director may for cause, after pre-disciplinary investigation, and pre-disciplinary conference if requested, dismiss a permanent employee.

(b) The reasons for the dismissal and the effective date will be given to the employee in writing. A copy will be filed with the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. *(Res. No. 1835, 1996; 2370, 2006)*

RULE 14
REDUCTION IN WORK FORCE**Section**

- 005. Scope**
- 015. Layoff**
- 020. Criteria**
- 025. Methodology**
- 030. Notification**
- 035. Layoff Rights**
- 040. Employee Obligations**

(Res. No. 1900, 1997)

14 PR 005. Scope.

This rule covers separation of employees in the classified service due to a reduction in the number of positions in a particular classification.

14 PR 015. Layoff.

(a) The City Manager may lay off a permanent or probationary employee by reason of abolition of position, shortage of work or funds or other reasons outside the employee's control. A layoff does not reflect discredit on the service of the employee. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016)*

14 PR 020. Criteria.

- (a) Layoff will be by classification across all departments with exceptions for bona fide occupational specialties which are consistent with job practices and the position description and as outlined in 14 PR 020(b).
- (b) When a loss of grant funding results in a shortage of funds for a grant-funded position, the employee in the impacted position shall be subject to layoff.
(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016; 4028, 2025)

14 PR 025. Order of Layoff.

- (a) No permanent or probationary employee may be laid off while there are emergency or temporary employees serving in the same classification.
- (b) Probationary employees will be laid off prior to permanent employees. An employee who is probationary as the result of a promotion, transfer, or change in occupation and who held permanent status in the previous classification retains rights as a permanent employee in the previous classification when there has been no break in service.
- (c) Once the pool is reduced to only permanent employees, the position status of the eliminated position will affect the order of layoff. The reduction of a non-benefited position will not impact

current benefited employees until all non-benefited employees in the pool have been laid off. The reduction of a benefited position will not impact full time employees until all benefited and non-benefited part time employees have been laid off.

- (d) Layoff points will be computed based on the employee's length of service and performance. Employees with the least points within each classification will be laid off first. In the event of tied scores the employee with the least service will be laid off first. In the event of tied scores and identical service, layoff will be determined by lot.
- (e) Total employee points are the product of the length of service and the average of the three most recent performance evaluations. When a performance evaluation does not exist employee points will be determined by crediting one point for each full month of service.
- (f) Length of service will be determined by total uninterrupted service as a permanent or probationary employee counted in weeks. Leave without pay will not be counted. Full time equivalencies will be determined for service that is less than full time. Partial weeks will be rounded to the nearest whole week. Length of service will be calculated as of the first day of the week in which the City Manager issues the layoff notice.
- (g) Each of the three most recent performance evaluations is assigned a point value.
 - (1) An overall rating of "outstanding" will receive 1.3 points.
 - (2) An overall rating of "acceptable plus" will receive 1.2 points.
 - (3) An overall rating of "acceptable" will receive 1.0 points.
 - (4) An overall rating of "acceptable minus" will receive 0.3 points.
 - (5) An overall rating of "unacceptable" will receive 0.0 points. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016*)

14 PR 030. Notification.

- (a) An employee who is laid off will receive a minimum of 30 days written notice from the City Manager. This notice will include the following:
 - (1) The date on which coverage under the health insurance plan will cease and an explanation of options for continuing coverage. The employee will be allowed up to one hour of scheduled duty time to discuss health insurance options;
 - (2) The employee will be allowed up to one hour of scheduled duty time to discuss public employees retirement system options;
 - (3) The employee will be allowed one hour of scheduled duty time to register for work with the Alaska Employment Service Office;

- (4) The employee will be allowed to attend job interviews with any CBJ department during scheduled duty time; and
- (5) The employee will be allowed up to four hours of scheduled duty time to attend job interviews which cannot be scheduled at other times.

(b) A seasonal employee may be notified in writing of an impending layoff while on seasonal leave without pay. Such notice shall be given to the seasonal employee as soon as practicable, but at least 30 days prior to the seasonal employee's scheduled return date or 30 days prior to the date of the layoff whichever is later. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

14 PR 035. Layoff Rights.

- (a) Layoff status and rights will be for a maximum of 24 months. If the employee is not reappointed during this period, the employee will be separated in good standing. During the period of layoff the following rights exist:
 - (1) Within three business days of layoff the employee will receive payment for all personal leave. Return from layoff within the 24 month period restores the employee's entire medical leave balance.
 - (2) Any vacant position for the employee's job classification which occurs during the layoff period will be offered first to those employees on layoff status, with exceptions for occupational specialties. The position will be offered first to the employee with the highest number of points in the job classification.
 - (3) To be reappointed an employee on layoff status must meet the licensing and certification required of other incumbents in the classification.
 - (4) An employee on layoff status may apply for any position as a current employee. Applicants on layoff status will receive particular consideration. The Human Resources and Risk Management Director may require written justification to fill a vacant position with someone other than an employee on layoff status in a related job classification.
 - (5) An employee on layoff status may, without forfeiting layoff rights, accept any temporary position or any permanent position in which the compensation is less than the employee's salary before layoff.
 - (6) When an employee on layoff status is appointed to a permanent position in the employee's former job classification, the employee will resume employment with the same status, range and step held at the time of layoff.
 - (7) When an employee on layoff status is offered appointment to a closely related classification the department director and the Human Resources and Risk Management Director shall determine the employee's status. The department director shall inform the employee of the proposed status prior to the appointment becoming effective.

(b) When an employee on layoff status accepts an appointment to an unrelated job classification, a probationary period must be served.

(c) When an employee on layoff status is appointed to a permanent position, the period of layoff will be recorded as leave without pay. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2649, 2013; 4028, 2025*)

14 PR 040. Employee Obligations.

(a) When an employee on layoff status refuses or fails to respond to a written offer of appointment to the employee's former classification within 10 days, layoff status is ended and the employee will be separated in good standing.

(b) When an employee on layoff status fails to respond within 10 days to a written inquiry relating to availability for appointment, layoff status is ended and the employee will be separated in good standing.

RULE 15
GRIEVANCE AND APPEAL PROCEDURE**Section**

- 005. Scope and Purpose**
- 010. Representation**
- 015. Duty Time**
- 020. General Grievance Procedure**
- 025. Dismissal, Demotion, or Suspension over 10 Days**
- 030. Appeals to Personnel Board**

(Res. No. 2370, 2006)

15 PR 005. Scope and Purpose.

- (a) This Rule applies only to the classified service.
- (b) The purpose of this rule is to resolve disputes and grievances informally and at the lowest level possible.
- (c) No act of reprisal may be taken against an employee for the good faith use of this Rule.

15 PR 010. Representation.

The employee may select a representative to assist in the presentation of a grievance or appeal. The employee shall provide written notice of the representative's name and telephone number to the supervisor, the department director, or the City Manager, as appropriate. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

15 PR 015. Duty Time.

The employee will be given a reasonable amount of regularly scheduled duty time to meet with management or the Personnel Board to present and resolve the employee's grievance or appeal. The employee will not be compensated for time spent on the grievance or appeal outside of regularly scheduled duty time.

15 PR 020. General Grievance Procedure.

- (a) An employee with a grievance regarding working conditions or employment may pursue it as set forth in subsection (b) subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (c):
 - (b) Procedures.
 - (1) The employee shall present the grievance to the immediate supervisor within seven days of becoming aware of the action being grieved.
 - (2) The supervisor and the employee shall attempt to informally resolve the grievance within seven days of the presentation of the grievance. Resolutions may not conflict with

the personnel rules or applicable laws, regulations, or policies and shall not be precedential. If the resolution of the grievance is not acceptable to the employee, then

(3) The employee shall, within 21 days of becoming aware of the action being grieved, reduce the grievance, including the relief sought, to writing and present it to the department director. The employee and the department director shall meet to discuss the grievance if either party believes such a meeting will be beneficial.

(4) The department director shall respond to the grievance in writing within 14 days of the grievance meeting or within 14 days of notification that the grievance meeting will not be held. If the decision of the department director is not acceptable to the employee, then

(5) The employee shall present the grievance to the City Manager within seven days, including a written statement explaining why the decision is not acceptable.

(6) The City Manager shall respond to the grievance within 14 days. The decision must be in writing and include the City Manager's findings, conclusions and disposition of the grievance. The City Manager's decision shall be final.

(7) If the employee fails to meet the time limits set out in this grievance procedure, the grievance will not be considered further.

(8) If the CBJ fails to meet the time limits set out in this grievance procedure, the employee may advance the grievance to the next step in the procedure subject to the limitations in the section concerning appeals to the Board.

(9) The parties may agree to extend the time limits at any step of this procedure. Any agreement to extend the time limits must be in writing signed by both parties.

(c) Limitations.

(1) No employee may use this section to grieve a dismissal, demotion, or suspension of more than 10 working days.

(2) Only permanent employees may use this section to grieve a suspension 10 working days or less.

(3) Temporary employees may not use this section.

(4) The grievance procedure may not be used to determine the appropriate classification of a position. (Res. No. 2055, 2000; 2370, 2006; 2422(c), 2007; 2582, 2011)

15 PR 025. Dismissal, Demotion, or Suspension over 10 Working Days.

(a) An employee with permanent status who is dismissed, demoted, or suspended for more than 10 working days in alleged violation of these Rules, may pursue a grievance concerning any of these actions as follows:

(1) The employee shall, within 7 days of written notification of the action, file a written grievance with the City Manager setting forth the reasons for the grievance and stating the relief sought. If the employee fails to file a written grievance within this 7 day period, the grievance will not be considered further.

(2) The City Manager shall respond to the grievance within 28 days. The decision must be in writing and include the City Manager's findings, conclusions and disposition of the grievance.

(3) The City Manager may appoint a hearing officer to investigate the grievance and recommend to the City Manager findings, conclusions and disposition of the grievance.

(d4) If the decision of the City Manager is not acceptable to the employee, or if the City Manager does not respond in writing within 28 days, the employee may appeal to the Board subject to the limitations in the section concerning appeals to the Board.

(5) The parties may agree to extend the time limits at any step of this procedure. Any agreement to extend the time limits must be in writing signed by both parties. (*Res. No. 2055, 2000; 2370, 2006; 2582, 2011*)

15 PR 030. Appeals to Personnel Board.

An employee with permanent status may appeal a decision of the City Manager to the Personnel Board if the employee's appeal concerns a dismissal, demotion, or suspension over 10 working days.

(a) The employee shall file the written notice of appeal with the City Clerk within seven days of the decision of the City Manager, or within seven days of the expiration of the time limit for the City Manager's response, as applicable. The grievance must state the relief sought and the identity and telephone number of the employee's representative, if any. An employee who fails to file a notice of appeal within the applicable seven day period shall have waived the right to appeal the decision of the City Manager.

(b) The City Clerk shall notify the Personnel Board and the Human Resources and Risk Management Director of the filing of the notice of appeal within two days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and those holidays listed in these Rules.

(c) The employee filing the appeal shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence why the relief sought should be granted.

(d) The Personnel Board shall conduct its meetings and hearings according to the Alaska open meetings law, AS 44.62.310. The City Clerk shall notify in writing all parties and their representatives of all meetings and hearings of the Personnel Board on an appeal. The City Clerk shall provide public notice of all meetings and hearings of the Personnel Board as required by law.

(e) The Personnel Board will meet within seven days of receiving notice of the appeal from the City Clerk to determine the adequacy of the grievance record. If the Personnel Board determines that the record is inadequate, it will remand the appeal to the City Manager for further development of the record. The Personnel Board will identify the deficiencies and establish a date when the supplement to the record is due. The supplement to the record must be provided to the Personnel Board, the employee, and the employee's representative. The Personnel Board will schedule an appeal hearing to be held within 14 days after the date the supplement to the record is due.

(f) If the Personnel Board determines that the grievance record is adequate, the Personnel Board shall schedule a hearing to be held within 14 days. At the hearing the Personnel Board will review the record and consider the presentations of both parties. The parties may not introduce new evidence at the hearing. An electronic record of the hearing must be made. Persons with relevant knowledge of the issues presented by the employee's appeal may give testimony at the hearing. The Personnel Board may require the employee and the City Manager, or their representatives to exchange witness lists within a stated period of time prior to the hearing. The employee, the employee's representative, the City Manager, and the Manager's representative, may examine and cross-examine any witness with respect to facts which are material and relevant to the issues involved. The Personnel Board shall be responsible for the conduct of the hearing and may determine the order of the presentation of evidence, subpoena CBJ officers and employees and other persons to testify and to produce documents and other evidence, examine or cross-examine the employee and other witnesses, and determine the desirability of or necessity for prehearing or posthearing briefs or memoranda. All testimony taken at the hearing shall be under oath.

(g) The hearing need not be conducted according to the technical rules of evidence. The Personnel Board may admit any relevant evidence if it is the sort of evidence upon which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs. Hearsay evidence may be used to supplement or explain direct evidence but will not be deemed sufficient by itself to support a finding. Evidence determined by the Personnel Board to be unnecessarily cumulative or neither likely to prove nor disprove a fact in issue may be excluded upon the objection of the employee, the City Manager, their representatives, or the Personnel Board.

(h) The Personnel Board will submit its written decision, including findings and conclusions, to the employee, the City Manager and their representatives within 14 days of the hearing. The Personnel Board's decision shall be final and binding.

(i) The time limits established in this section may be extended by the Personnel Board if it is determined that they result in undue inconvenience or hardship for either party or the Personnel Board. (Res. No. 2055, 2000; 2370, 2006; 2582, 2011).

RULE 16
STANDARDS OF CONDUCT**Section**

- 005. Political Activity**
- 010. Employment Advantage**
- 015. Political Contributions**
- 020. Political Endorsements**
- 025. Nominations and Candidacy**
- 030. Other Employment**
- 035. Employment Discrimination**
- 040. Harassment**
- 045. Fair Opportunity**
- 050. Nepotism**
- 055. Drug Free Workplace**
- 060. Reporting Drug and Alcohol Related Violations**
- 070. Effects of Violations of Federal or State Laws**
- 080. Dress Code**
- 090. Smoking in CBJ Facilities or Vehicles**
- 100. Use of CBJ Assets**
- 105. Use of Cell Phones in Vehicles**
- 106. Safety**
- 110 Violations of Standards of Conduct**

(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2459, 2009)

16 PR 005. Political Activity.

(a) An employee may not while on duty or in a CBJ facility, unless participating in a public forum, advocate voting for or against a candidate for federal, state or municipal office, or a federal, state or municipal ballot issue by displaying, posting, and/or distributing buttons, leaflets, posters, or other materials. CBJ bulletin boards, union bulletin boards, CBJ internet, and CBJ e-mail are included in this rule.

(b) Nothing in this rule shall prevent an employee, while on duty, from preparing and distributing information approved by the City Manager regarding ballot issues. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 010. Employment Advantage.

An employee or applicant for employment may not offer, give, solicit or accept any money, service or valuable consideration in circumstances in which it could reasonably be expected to influence an employment decision.

16 PR 015. Political Contributions.

(a) No employee or other person may require contributions or services from an employee for any candidate, political party, political action committee or ballot issue.

(b) No employee or other person may solicit any contributions or services on behalf of any candidate, political party, political action committee or ballot issue from any employee during working time.

16 PR 020. Political Endorsements.

A person may not seek or attempt to use political endorsement to influence an appointment or employment advantage.

16 PR 025. Nomination and Candidacy.

(a) An employee who files a declaration of candidacy for election to the Assembly must immediately resign employment. The employee's position becomes vacant on the first working day following the date the declaration is filed.

(b) An employee who seeks nomination or becomes a candidate for elective government office other than the Assembly shall resign or take leave when the department director determines that this activity interferes with the employee's work.

16 PR 030. Other Employment.

An employee may not engage in or accept other employment or service for compensation unless the employee has notified the department director and the City Attorney in writing of the nature and extent of that outside activity. The department director and/or the city attorney will respond back to the employee if there may be a conflict of interest, or incompatibility with CBJ employment. (*Res. No. 2223, 2003; 2370, 2006*)

16 PR 035. Employment Discrimination.

(a) No person may be discriminated against in any appointment, employment or promotion for a reason not related to merit.

(b) No action affecting the status of employment or consideration of an applicant may be taken other than those based on the individual's knowledge, skill, ability and willingness to discharge the duties and accept the responsibilities of the position.

16 PR 040. Harassment.

Unwanted conduct or communication by a supervisor, co-worker or other person which is not based on job related factors and adversely affects the employment relationship or working environment is prohibited. The Harassment Prohibited policy and Violence in the Workplace policy are hereby incorporated by reference. (*Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025*)

16 PR 045. Fair Opportunity.

(a) No person may make any false statement, certification, rating or report in regard to any examination, selection or appointment.

(b) No person may obstruct another's right to examination, selection or appointment.

16 PR 050. Nepotism.

(a) A person may not be employed when that person is related by blood, marriage, or domestic partnership to an employee within and including the second degree of kinship if a direct supervisory or direct working relationship would exist. A direct working relationship is one in which one employee approves, directs or reviews the work of another employee. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 055. Drug Free Workplace.

(a) An employee may not unlawfully manufacture, distribute, possess, use or be under the influence of controlled substances at the workplace or while on duty.

(b) An employee may not use or be under the influence of beverage alcohol at the workplace or while on duty.

(c) An employee under the influence of a prescription or non-prescription medication may not undertake a work activity if the medication could impair the employee's ability to safely perform the activity.

16 PR 060. Reporting Drug and Alcohol Related Violations.

(a) An employee who is charged with, and/ or convicted of, violating a drug or alcohol related law must inform the department director within one working day of the charge and/or conviction. Conviction includes pleas of guilty and nolo contendere. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 070. Effects of Violations of Federal or State Law.

(a) An employee who receives a citation requiring a court appearance, or who is arrested or convicted, for a misdemeanor or felony, must report the citation, arrest, or conviction to the employee's department director within one working day. An employee who fails to report such citation, arrest or conviction may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

(b) An employee who violates a federal or state law or regulation may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal if there is a clear nexus between the offense and the employee's duties, if a violation impairs the employee's ability to perform the duties of their position, or if the action adversely affects the CBJ. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 080. Dress Code.

(a) All employees of the CBJ must wear clothing that is clean, neat, is in good repair and presents a business-like appearance appropriate to the duties performed. At a minimum, the following types of clothing are prohibited:

- (1) Clothing which is distracting to others, overly revealing, or fashioned or fitted in a sexually provocative manner.
- (2) Sports or beach clothes such as cutoffs, tank tops, halter tops, tube tops, backless dresses, jogging outfits.
- (3) Shorts other than dressy shorts designed to be worn with business clothes unless the employee is assigned primary work duties which require physical exertion outdoors during hot weather.
- (4) Tee shirts or other attire that portray profanity or illegal activities.

(b) A department director may impose other clothing standards consistent with the work environment. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 090. Smoking in CBJ Facilities and Vehicles.

Smoking is prohibited in all CBJ facilities, equipment and vehicles pursuant to AS 18.35. Employees may smoke during designated relief or lunch breaks in designated smoking areas outside of CBJ facilities provided that such smoking does not occur anywhere near where highly flammable materials are stored or used. For purposes of this rule, the term smoking includes the vaping or using of e-cigarettes. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2740, 2016)*

16 PR 100. Use of CBJ Assets.

(a) CBJ assets include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Facilities, equipment, vehicles or tools.
- (2) Computers, servers, computer networks, software, e-mail accounts, or internet regardless of the method, time or place of access.
- (3) Phones, cell phones, facsimile machines, radios or voice mail.
- (4) Xerox machines, or other office equipment.
- (5) Any other asset that is the property of the CBJ.

(b) An employee may not use any CBJ asset for personal gain. All use of CBJ assets must be in accordance with the CBJ Conflict of Interest Code.

- (c) An employee may not use a CBJ asset to:
 - (1) Defame, discriminate, or harass a co-worker or member of the public;
 - (2) Access or distribute obscene or pornographic materials;
 - (3) Violate a federal, state, or local law in any jurisdiction; or
 - (4) Represent the CBJ in any forum unless such representation is within the official and sanctioned capacity of the employee's duties.
- (d) De-minimus use of CBJ assets for personal reasons are acceptable provided such use is not in conflict with the rest of this rule or any other CBJ policy, and the use of the asset does not interfere with the employee performing his or her regular duties.
- (e) Any question regarding whether or not the use of a CBJ asset is appropriate should be referred to the employee's supervisor.
- (f) A department director may impose other reasonable restrictions on the use of CBJ assets.
- (g) The CBJ retains the right to access any CBJ computer or CBJ e-mail account used by an employee at any time. Employees are required to provide passwords for any computer or software programs that the employee uses at work. An employee has no expectation of privacy related to any communication that is created, sent or received via electronic medium from a CBJ computer or a CBJ e-mail account. Documents created, sent or received in conjunction with an employee's duties may be subject to disclosure under the Public Records Act. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 105. Use of Cell Phones in Vehicles.

Except in an emergency situation, an employee may not use a cell phone while driving a CBJ vehicle, or while operating a personal vehicle while on CBJ business. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

16 PR 106. Safety.

Safety and equipment standards shall be in conformance with applicable state and federal law and/or regulation, and Employer requirements. Failure to follow safety directives or to use safety equipment may result in discipline up to and including dismissal. *(Res. No. 2459, 2009; 2740, 2016)*

16 PR 110. Violations of Standards of Conduct.

An employee who violates CBJ standards of conduct may be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

RULE 17
GENERAL PROVISIONS**Section**

- 005. Personnel Actions**
- 010. Personnel Records**
- 015. Continuation of Health Insurance**
- 020. Licensed Employees**
- 025. Wearing of Uniforms**

17 PR 005. Personnel Actions.

The following actions affecting an employee in the classified or partially exempt service must be in writing and a record of the action maintained: appointment, separation, change of position, change of pay, change of status, performance evaluation and disciplinary actions.

17 PR 010. Personnel Records.

(a) Personnel records are confidential and are not open to public inspection except as provided in this section.

(b) All requests for release of personnel records shall be submitted to the Human Resources and Risk Management Director. The director or the director's designee shall review the requests and approve the release of information as authorized in this section. Personnel records authorized for release shall be available for inspection subject to reasonable restrictions on the time and manner of inspection.

(c) The following information is available for public inspection:

- (1) The names and classification titles of all employees,
- (2) The position held by an employee,
- (3) Prior CBJ positions held by an employee,
- (4) Whether an employee is in the classified or partially exempt service,
- (5) The dates of appointment and separation of an employee,
- (6) The wages paid to an employee, and
- (7) Applications for positions in the partially exempt service except for address, social security number, date of birth, personal telephone numbers, and Equal Employment Opportunity information.

(d) Personnel records not open to public inspection are released only under the following conditions.

(1) An employee or former employee may examine his or her own personnel records, with the exception of selection information deemed confidential under these Rules, and may give written authorization to others to examine these records; and

(2) CBJ employees with a direct supervisory relationship with the employee may examine the employee's personnel records. Access to personnel records may be granted only for purposes related to the CBJ's Human Resource system.

(e) In the absence of written authorization from the employee or former employee:

(1) Personnel records are released only to federal, state or CBJ officials authorized by law to review the records; or

(2) Personnel records may be released upon receipt of an order of a court of competent jurisdiction. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006)*

17 PR 015. Continuation of Health Insurance.

(a) An employee covered by health insurance who is on leave without pay because of an on-the-job incident covered by workers' compensation will continue to be covered by health insurance pursuant to the terms of subsection (d).

(b) The family of a deceased employee covered by health insurance will continue to be covered by health insurance for 52 weeks following the date of death when the death is because of an accident on the job and health insurance is not provided to the family by the Public Employees Retirement System.

(c) An employee covered by health insurance who is on authorized leave without pay may continue coverage by paying the premium and an administrative fee not to exceed two percent of the premium.

(1) The employee shall pay a prorated portion of the employer's contribution to the health insurance premium beginning on the second day of authorized leave without pay status.

(2) An employee on authorized leave without pay for longer than 30 days shall have the option to discontinue his or her health insurance for the duration of leave without pay.

(3) An employee who is on furlough shall pay a prorated portion of the employer's contribution to the health insurance premium beginning on the fifteenth consecutive day of furlough status.

(d) An employee covered by health insurance who is on Family/Medical Leave will be covered by health insurance for the entire 18 weeks of absence permissible in a 12-month period even if the employee is on leave without pay.

(e) An employee who is called to active uniformed service shall have the employer's portion of the employee's health insurance premium covered for the first 30 days of military leave.

(f) An employee who is in leave without pay status due to a disciplinary action shall be required to pay a prorated portion of the employer's health insurance premium costs beginning with the first hour of leave without pay. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993; 1875, 1997; 2210, 2003; 2370, 2006; 2476, 2009)*

17 PR 020. Licensed Employees.

An employee in a position for which a license or certification is required shall notify the department director immediately if that license or certification is suspended, revoked, expired or withheld. *(Res. No. 1900, 1997)*

17 PR 025. Wearing of Uniforms.

Uniform items identifying an individual as a CBJ employee may only be worn while performing assigned job duties, when traveling directly from place of residence to work and when traveling directly from work to place of residence.

RULE 18
COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENTS**Section**

- 005. Pay Schedules**
- 007. Attorney Pay Premium**
- 010. Daily Pay Rate for Salaried Employees**
- 015. Shift Differentials**
- 020. Standby Rate**
- 025. Increased Responsibilities Differential**
- 026. Temporary Supervision Pay**
- 027. Health Benefits and Employee Wellness**
- 030. Uniforms**
- 035. Tool Allowance**
- 037. Repayment to Employer**
- 040. Travel Reimbursement**
- 045. Mileage and Vehicle Allowance**
- 050. Awards**
- 055. Reimbursement of Interview Travel Expenses**
- 060. Relocation Expense**
- 065. Police Certification Pay**
- 070. Sign-on Bonus**
- 075. Deferred Compensation Employee Benefit**

(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 3000, 2022; 3020, 2023; 3028, 2023)

18 PR 005. Pay Schedules.

The pay schedules attached as Appendix I shall be effective on the date shown thereon.

Employees in positions classified as permanent fulltime, excluding seasonal, and whose regular work schedule is 37.5 hours per week or more, and who are employed on July 1, 2025 shall receive a lump sum of two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$2750) on the payday of the first full pay period following July 1, 2025. Employees in positions classified as permanent seasonal or part time, who are employed on July 1, 2025 shall receive a lump sum payment in the amount of two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$2750) pro-rated based upon hours worked in FY2025. The minimum amount of the pro-rated lump sum payment shall be one thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$1375). The pro-rated lump sum payment shall be paid on the payday of the first full pay period following July 1, 2025.

Employees in positions classified as permanent fulltime, excluding seasonal, and whose regular work schedule is 37.5 hours per week or more, and who are employed on July 1, 2026 shall receive a lump sum of two thousand dollars (\$2000) on the payday of the first full pay period following July 1, 2026. Employees in positions classified as permanent seasonal or part time, who are employed on July 1, 2026 shall receive a lump sum payment in the amount of two thousand dollars (\$2000) pro-rated based upon hours worked in FY2026. The minimum amount of the pro-rated lump sum payment shall be

one thousand dollars (\$1000). The pro-rated lump sum payment shall be paid on the payday of the first full pay period following July 1, 2026.

(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2112, 2001; 2223, 2003; 2336, 2005; 2459, 2009; 2622, 2012; 2649, 2013, 2860, 2019; 2991, 2022; 2994, 2022; 3052, 2024; 4018, 2025)

18 PR 007. Attorney Pay Premium.

The amounts set out in the City and Borough of Juneau MEBA/unrepresented pay schedule provided by 18 PR 005 of this Rule are increased as follows for partially exempt positions within the Department of Law that require admission to the practice of law in the state of Alaska as a condition of employment:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	11%	9%	8%	7%	6%	4%

(Res. No. 3000, 2022)

18 PR 010. Daily Pay Rate for Salaried Employees.

The rate per day for salaried employees is one tenth of a standard biweekly pay period payment. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2370, 2006)*

18 PR 015. Shift Differentials.

Shift differential, as defined in 10 PR 100, shall be compensated at the following rates: shift differential “A” is \$3.00 per hour; shift differential “B” is \$3.50 per hour. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2994, 2022, 4018, 2025)*

18 PR 020. Standby Rate.

The standby rate, as defined in 10 PR 105, is \$5.00 per hour. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2622, 2012; 4018, 2025)*

18 PR 025. Increased Responsibilities Differential.

The increased responsibilities differential, as defined in 10 PR 095, is \$1.00 per hour. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006)*

18 PR 026. Temporary Supervision Pay.

Temporary supervision pay, as defined in 10 PR 097, is \$1.20 per hour. *(Res. No. 2342, 2005; 2370, 2006)*

18 PR 027. Health Benefits and Employee Wellness.

The CBJ maintains a health benefit and employee wellness program for its employees on a defined contribution basis.

(a) The CBJ provides a tiered health insurance employee benefit to eligible employees. Eligible employees pay, by payroll deduction, any difference between the CBJ's contribution and the amount required to provide the coverage elected by the employee under the tiered benefits program.

(1) Effective July 1, 2025, the employer's contribution rate shall be \$1722.00 per month per full-time, eligible employee.

Effective July 1, 2026, the employer's contribution rate shall be up to \$1,808.00 per month, per full time, eligible employee.

Effective July 1, 2027, the employer's contribution rate shall be up to \$1,898.00 per month, per full time, eligible employee.

(2) Effective with the first full payroll in July 2013, employees who participate in the Healthy Rewards program will receive a \$50.00 per pay period reduction in their health insurance premium contribution rate. Participation will be tracked on a yearly basis and the premium reduction will be effective the next plan year. For example, participation in plan year 2012 would result in a premium reduction for plan year 2013.

(3) The criteria established for the Healthy Rewards program is subject to modification by the Human Resources and Risk Management Office, in consultation with the Health Benefits Committee.

(4) The eligibility of the employees and their dependents for coverage and the precise benefits to be provided shall be as set forth in the three-tiered insurance benefit plan written and maintained by the City and Borough for that purpose.

(b) Part-time and seasonal part-time, eligible employees working 780 hours per year or more shall be provided the option of participating in the group insurance plan by paying a prorated portion of the benefit cost. A part-time employee shall have the option of using accrued personal leave to cover the pro-rated portion of benefits, subject to the minimum leave balance provisions of 11 PR 012, by completing a form provided by the employer. Eaglecrest limited positions are not eligible to participate in the health insurance plan.

(c) When an employee leaves employment due to termination, resignation or lay off, health insurance coverage ends at midnight on the last day of the pay period that the employee was in pay status.

(d) When an employee is on Leave Without Pay while on Family/Medical Leave, the provisions of the Family/Medical Leave policy which maintain health benefit coverage remain in effect and the employee contribution remains unchanged.

(e) The CBJ maintains a Health Benefits Committee, which is made up of designated union members and unrepresented employee members. The Committee will meet at least quarterly to review progress of cost containment efforts, review the administrative company's performance and offer suggestions regarding other options concerning employee health insurance. The Committee will develop checks and balances on plan adjustments with the goal of maintaining the relative cost and value of the tiers. This committee may also develop, implement and evaluate Wellness Program activities and services and review the effectiveness of the Employee Assistance Program. The Health Committee will review the health benefit costs at its quarterly meetings and make recommendations to the parties that address increased costs.

(f) The CBJ shall pay not less than \$12.80 per full time employee per month to fund a Wellness Program in order to promote education about healthy lifestyles.

(g) Employees who are placed in furlough status on a reduced workweek or workday basis shall not be required to pay a prorated portion of the Employer's health insurance contribution rate provided the employee continues to work a minimum of 60 hours per pay period. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2069, 2001; 2223, 2003; 2336, 2005; 2370, 2006, 2459, 2009; 2476, 2009; 2622, 2012; 2649, 2013; 2860, 2019; 2994, 2022; 3000, 2022; 4018, 2025)*

18 PR 030. Uniforms.

CBJ shall provide, clean, maintain, and re-place any uniform it requires an employee to wear. Uniform items provided by CBJ or for which the employee is paid may only be worn in the performance of assigned job duties and when traveling directly from place of residence to work and traveling directly from work to place of residence.

Uniforms or tools that are provided by the employer, and are lost or damaged by the employee due to negligence, shall be replaced by the employee at no expense to the employer. *(Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2459, 2009)*

18 PR 035. Tool Allowance.

(a) Current employees, subject to a written CBJ requirement to provide their own hand tools shall receive a tool allowance as provided in this rule. The specified annual amounts shall be paid to each employee during the month of July, except that employees who are in leave without pay or seasonal leave status for two weeks or longer beginning on July 1st of any given fiscal year, shall receive their tool allowance with the first full paycheck after their return to paid status. The tool allowance will be prorated according to the employees anticipated work schedule, e.g, a seasonal employee who is budgeted to work for 7 months will receive 7/12 of the total relevant allowance.

(b) New employees subject to a written CBJ requirement to provide their own hand tools shall receive the relevant, pro-rated amount based upon what month they were hired within the fiscal

year (example: an employee hired in October shall receive 9/12 of the total relevant allowance). This amount shall be included in the paycheck issued after the first full pay period of employment.

(c) The annual tool allowance is as follows:

(1) Automotive mechanics: \$2000.00

(2) Building maintenance mechanics: \$1100.00

(3) Emergency Program Manager, if required to use a personal snow machine for the CBJ avalanche program: \$1500.00. (*Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2459, 2009; 2649, 2013; 3000, 2022; 4018, 2025; 4028, 2025*)

18 PR 037. Repayment to Employer.

(a) Employees paid an advance uniform or tool allowance and who leave employment less than 1 year thereafter shall repay CBJ according to the schedule set forth in this section. Any amount not repaid may be deducted from the employee's final paycheck or otherwise lawfully collected. The repayment schedule is as follows:

(1) 100% if service is less than 13 weeks;

(2) 75% if service is 13 weeks or greater but less than 26 weeks;

(3) 50% if service is 26 weeks or greater but less than 39 weeks;

(4) 25% if service is 39 weeks or greater but less than 52 weeks. (*Res. No. 2069, 2001*)

(b) Monies owed to the CBJ by an employee who separates from service shall be deducted from the employee's final leave cash in and pay check, except that the employee's final check may not be less than the actual number of hours worked x the minimum wage guaranteed by state or federal law. An employee may owe the CBJ money for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to: training, travel or relocation reimbursement; sign-on bonus reimbursement; health insurance reimbursement; intentional or grossly negligent damage to CBJ property, personal use of CBJ credit cards; or failure to return CBJ property. Should the amount of the employee's final pay and leave cash in be insufficient to cover the total monies owed the CBJ, the CBJ may take other actions to recover the funds. (*Res. No. 2069, 2001; 2370, 2006; 3020, 2023*)

18 PR 040. Travel Reimbursement.

(a) All official travel must be authorized in advance by the employee's department director and the City Manager.

(b) Meal Allowance: A meal allowance may be paid while the employee is in travel status. The CBJ meal allowance shall be as set forth in Administrative Policy 25-02R, as this policy may be amended from time to time.

Employees will not receive a meal allowance for any portion of the travel day where a meal is provided in conjunction with the event attended. This does not apply to meals served on an airplane.

(c) Other travel expenses may be reimbursed provided the employee has a valid receipt for actual costs.

(d) The City Manager may establish other reasonable rules and procedures associated with travel. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2093, 2001; 2370, 2006; 2383, 2006; 4028, 2025)*

18 PR 045. Mileage and Vehicle Allowance.

(a) An employee who uses his or her own vehicle for CBJ business will be reimbursed per the standard IRS mileage reimbursement rate plus 25% rounded up to the next whole cent. The employee must be able to show proof of insurance if requested.

(b) An employee may be reimbursed for actual out-of-pocket costs for travel outside of Juneau when the employee is authorized in advance to use his or her personal automobile, airplane or other vehicle. Authorization to use a private vehicle may be provided by the department director and City Manager when use of such vehicle is less than the cost of the most economical route by common carrier. Receipts must be submitted if claiming out of pocket costs. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2339, 2005; 2370, 2006)*

18 PR 050. Awards.

The City Manager may authorize cash awards or gifts not to exceed \$10,000.00 in value for employee suggestions, in recognition of outstanding employee performance or service, or in conjunction with an established recruitment or retention program where there are significant demonstrated recruitment challenges. *(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 2839, 2018)*

18 PR 055. Reimbursement of Interview Travel Expenses.

Upon written advance authorization by the City Manager, a job applicant may be reimbursed for transportation and per diem expenses reasonably necessary to attend an employment interview. *(Res. No. 1900, 1997; 2370, 2006)*

18 PR 060. Relocation Expense.

(a) The City Manager may authorize reimbursement of moving and relocation expenses for a new employee provided:

(1) The City Manager and the employee sign a written agreement specifying the maximum amount of reimbursement and requiring pro-rated repayment according to the schedule set forth in this section if the employee voluntarily ends service in less than 4 years. Any amount not repaid may

be deducted from the employee's final paycheck or otherwise lawfully collected. The repayment schedule is as follows:

- (i) 100% if service is less than 12 months;
- (ii) 75% if service is 12 months or greater but less than 24 months;
- (iii) 50% if service is 24 months or greater but less than 36 months;
- (iv) 25% if service is 36 months or greater but less than 48 months.

(2) The maximum amount established in the reimbursement agreement may not exceed 20 percent of the employee's base pay.

(b) The following expenses are eligible for reimbursement to the extent that they are evidenced by written receipts:

- (1) Reasonable commercial moving expenses;
- (2) The cost of renting and operating trailers or trucks to transport a reasonable quantity of household goods and effects;
- (3) Mileage at the rate currently in the IRS guidelines for relocation expenses, or actual receipted fuel expenses;
- (4) Transportation costs by common carrier for the employee, spouse or domestic partner, and each of the employee's dependents who reside within the same household;
- (5) Tolls for bridges, highways and ferries;
- (6) Upon submission of actual receipted expenses, a reasonable per diem will be provided for lodging and meals while en route to Juneau. Upon arrival in Juneau, the employee may continue to claim per diem for lodging while seeking permanent housing. Per diem for lodging will end when permanent housing is secured or at the end of 15 days from the date of arrival at Juneau whichever comes first;
- (7) Other expenses directly related to relocation and specifically authorized by the City Manager.

(c) Expenses incurred prior to a finalized relocation agreement will not be reimbursed. (*Res. No. 1670, 1993; 2339, 2005; 2370, 2006; 2622, 2012; 2740, 2016*)

18 PR 065. Police Certification Pay.

(a) Juneau Police Department employees who submit evidence of receiving an Alaska Police Standards Council intermediate or advanced police certificate shall receive a pay

enhancement upon application to the employer and effective on the first day of the pay period immediately following approval by the employer.

- (1) Intermediate police certification: Juneau police department employees who are approved for an intermediate police certification pay enhance shall receive a two percent (2%) pay enhancement above the rate of pay in the pay schedule in 18 PR 005.
- (2) Advanced police certification: Juneau police department employees who are approved for an advanced police certification pay enhance shall receive a three percent (3%) pay enhancement above the rate of pay in the pay schedule in 18 PR 005. An employee who is eligible for the Advanced police certification pay enhancement shall not be eligible for the Intermediate police certification pay enhancement. *(Res. No. 3000, 2022)*

18 PR 070. Sign-on Bonus.

(a) The City Manager may authorize a sign-on bonus for a new employee starting in a difficult to fill position under the following conditions:

- (1) The City Manager and the employee sign a written agreement specifying the sign-on bonus amount and payment schedule and requiring pro-rated repayment according to the schedule set forth in this section if the employee voluntarily ends service in less than 2, 3, or 4 years. Any amount not repaid may be deducted from the employee's final paycheck or otherwise lawfully collected.
- (2) If the sign-on period is 4 years, the repayment schedule is:
 - (i) 100% if service is less than 12 months;
 - (ii) 75% if service is 12 months or greater but less than 24 months;
 - (iii) 50% if service is 24 months or greater but less than 36 months;
 - (iv) 25% if service is 36 months or greater but less than 48 months.
- (3) If the sign-on period is 3 years, the repayment schedule is:
 - (i) 100% if service is less than 12 months;
 - (ii) 66% if service is 12 months or greater but less than 24 months;
 - (iii) 33% if service is 24 months or greater but less than 36 months;
- (4) If the sign-on period is 2 years, the repayment schedule is:
 - (i) 100% if service is less than 6 months;
 - (ii) 75% if service is 6 months or greater but less than 12 months;
 - (iii) 50% if service is 12 months or greater but less than 18 months;
 - (iv) 25% if service is 18 months or greater but less than 24 months.

- (5) The maximum amount established in the sign-on bonus agreement may not exceed \$40,000. The sign-on bonus amount may be paid in multiple payments on a schedule determined by the City Manager.
- (6) The City Manager shall determine whether a position is difficult to fill, the dollar amount of the sign-on bonus, the payment schedule, and the repayment period. The City Manager shall consider factors such as the current labor market, history of recruitment difficulties, rate of pay for the position, and the number of applicants in making this determination.
- (7) A new employee shall only be eligible for a sign-on bonus if they have not worked for the City and Borough of Juneau for a period of at least one year prior to the start of employment.
- (8) Seasonal, Eaglecrest Limited, and Eaglecrest Seasonal positions may be considered for sign-on bonuses under this section in addition to new employees. (Res. No. 3020, 2023; 4028, 2025)

18 PR 075. Deferred Compensation Employee Benefit.

The CBJ offers a Deferred Compensation plan under IRC Section 457(b), under which payment of compensation may be deferred, to all eligible employees. Additionally, the CBJ offers a deferred compensation employer matching contribution for employees enrolled in the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Tier 4 Defined Contribution Retirement plan. The intent of the benefit is to match \$1.00 in an employer funded 401(a) plan account for every \$2.00 of employee contribution into a 457(b) plan account in a manner that grows with the employee's total length of service with the CBJ. This benefit is subject to yearly Assembly appropriation.

- (a) The CBJ provides an escalating employer match into a separate 401(a) retirement account to an employee contribution into the CBJ deferred compensation plan based on years of service, as follows:

Years of Service	Voluntary 457(b) Employee Contribution Eligible for Employer Match	Employer 50% Matching Contribution to 401(a)
0 – 1.99 years	up to 2% of wages	up to 1% match
2 – 4.99 years	up to 4% of wages	up to 2% match
5 – 9.99 years	up to 6% of wages	up to 3% match
10 years and longer	up to 8% of wages	up to 4% match

- (b) Vesting for the employer match is as follows based on years of service after the start of the match plan:

1. 20% after 1 year
2. 40% after 2 years

3. 60% after 3 years
4. 80% after 4 years
5. 100% after 5 years
6. Those who reach the age of fifty-nine and a half (59 and $\frac{1}{2}$) will automatically be vested at 100% regardless of years of service.
7. If a rehired CBJ employee previously cashed out their 401(a) matching account, their vesting time will be restarted with reemployment.

(c) Everyone has a unique tax situation and employees should consult their tax professional for advice about the tax implications of this benefit.

(d) The employee contribution to the deferred compensation plan and the employer match are subject to annual contribution limits as outlined by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). At the end of each calendar year, the CBJ may audit matching employer payments to ensure that the employee achieves the appropriate matching contribution for the calendar year.

(e) CBJ employees who are in the State of Alaska PERS Defined Benefit Retirement plans (Tiers 1, 2, and 3) are eligible to participate in the CBJ deferred compensation plan without the employer matching contributions outlined in this section. (*Res. No. 3067, 3028, 2023*)

RULE 19

RESERVED (*Res. No. 2422, 2007; 2500, 2009; 2582, 2011; 2618, 2012; 2831, 2018; 2977, 2022; 4028, 2025*)

RULE 20
DEFINITIONS**Section****005. Definitions***(Res. No. 2370, 2006; 4028, 2025)***20 PR 005. Definitions.**

Unless stated otherwise in these rules:

- (1) **“Appointment”** means the offer to and acceptance by a person of a position.
- (2) **“Cause”** means that sufficient justification exists, in accordance with the merit principle of employment, for taking the proposed adverse employment action.
- (3) **“CBJ”** means the City and Borough of Juneau, Alaska.
- (4) **“CBJ resident”** means a person physically present in the CBJ with the intent to remain in the CBJ indefinitely and to make a home in the CBJ. A person demonstrates the required intent by:
 - (a) maintaining a principal place of abode in the CBJ for at least 30 days, and
 - (b) providing other proof of intent as may be required by the Human Resources and Risk Management Director that the person is not claiming residency outside the CBJ or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency out-side the CBJ. A person who establishes residency in the CBJ remains a resident during an absence from the CBJ unless during the absence the person establishes or claims residency in another state, territory, country or municipality or is absent under circumstances that are inconsistent with the intent required within this definition to remain a resident of the CBJ.
- (5) **“Child”** means biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993)*
- (6) **“Classification plan”** means the system of grouping positions into appropriate classes consisting of an index to the classification specifications, the classification specifications and the rules for administering the classification plan.
- (7) **“Classified service”** means those positions in the CBJ service which are not specifically included in the partially exempt service as provided in CBJ 44.05. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997)*
- (8) **“Day”** means a calendar day.
- (9) **“Demotion”** means the appointment of an employee from a position in one job classification to a position in another job classification at a lower range. *(Res. No. 1956, 1998)*

(10) “**Department director**” means the head of a department established by CBJ 03.10. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997)*

(11) “**Direct supervisor**” means a person in a supervisory relationship to an employee including all supervisors in the direct line of authority from the immediate supervisor to the City Manager.

(12) “**Domestic partners**” means persons co-habituating in an intimate relationship with the intent to reside together indefinitely where each person is the other’s sole domestic partner and both parties are responsible for the common welfare of the other. *(Res. No. 2582, 2011)*

(13) “**Duty time**” means those hours an employee is assigned to work.

(14) “**Eligible candidate**” means an applicant whose name appears on a current eligible list

(15) “**Eligible list**” means a ranked list of applicants who have completed the examinations for certain CBJ positions.

(16) “**Employee status**” means the employment standing of an employee. Employee statuses include permanent, probationary, substitute, temporary, emergency, layoff and partially exempt.

(17) “**Examination**” means any activity or process used by the appointing authority to select an employee including but not limited to: review of applications; written, oral and physical tests; medical and psychological examinations, interviews, consulting with references and past employers and the evaluation of the employee’s performance during the probationary period.

(18) “**Furlough**” means an unpaid period of leave or a temporary decrease to the minimum number of hours worked in a work week or work day for full time employees that is authorized by the City Manager in response to budget constraints. *(Res. No. 2476, 2009)*

(19) “**Good standing**” refers to the separation status of an employee. An employee separates from service in good standing when an employee resigns with acceptable or better performance, complies with all exit requirements, and provides proper written notice in accordance with 12 PR 005.

(20) “**Health care provider**” means a dentist licensed under AS 08.36, a physician licensed under AS 08.64 or a psychologist licensed under AS 08.86. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993)*

(21) “**Human Resources and Risk Management Director**” means the City Manager and that person appointed by the City Manager as the Human Resources and Risk Management Director.

(22) “**Intermittent Disaster Response Appointee (IDRA)**” means a temporary, intermittent employee of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services who responds to, or trains for, emergencies involving infectious diseases or weapons of mass destruction. They are protected by USERRA both for training and actual emergencies.

(23) “**Immediate family**” means an employee’s spouse, domestic partner, parent, child, brother or sister, in a full, half, step, or foster relationship.

(24) “**Job classification**” means a group of positions which are similar in general duties, responsibilities and minimum qualifications and is identified by the same title.

(25) “**Layoff**” means the separation of an employee because a position is abolished, because of insufficient money, lack of work or other reasons not reflecting discredit on the employee.

(26) “**Layoff status**” means the status of a permanent or probationary employee who has been separated from employment for reasons not reflecting discredit on the employee and who has certain rights and obligations under these rules.

(27) “**Manager**” means the Manager or acting Manager of the CBJ as provided by CBJ 03.05, provided that in cases involving employees supervised by the Attorney, “Attorney” shall be substituted for “City Manager” in the following rules: 6 PR 010(d), 11 PR 065(e), 14 PR 015(a), 14 PR 025(c), 14 PR 030(a), 15 PR 010, 15 PR 020, 15 PR 025, 15 PR 030, 17 PR 020, 20 PR 005(11), 20 PR 005(17), 20 PR 005(29). *(Res. No. 1875, 1997; 2500, 2009)*

(28) “**Merit principle of employment**” means:

(a) recruiting, selecting and promoting employees on the basis of their knowledge, skill, ability and willingness to perform the work, including open consideration of qualified applicants for initial appointment;

(b) retention of employees with permanent or probationary status on the basis of job performance and behavior, including reasonable efforts of temporary duration for correction of inadequate performance or unacceptable behavior, and separation for cause;

(c) equal treatment of employees and applicants with regard only to knowledge, skill, ability and willingness to perform the job;

(d) rates of pay based on the work assigned and performed; and

(e) selection and retention of employees secure from political influences.

(29) “**Parent**” means a biological or adoptive parent, a parent in law, or a stepparent. *(Res. No. 1619, 1993)*

(30) “**Partially exempt service**” means those positions in the CBJ service listed or provided for in CBJ 44.05.070. Unless designated otherwise by the City Manager in writing, all positions assigned to pay ranges 23 through 27 are in the partially exempt service. Employees in partially exempt positions are not subject to or covered by the personnel rules on recruitment, examination, selection, probationary periods, reduction in force and grievance and appeal procedures. *(Res. No. 1875, 1997)*

(31) “**Pay rate**” means the specific salary or hourly rate of pay for a position.

(32) “**Pay status**” includes any time for which an employee is compensated including regular hours worked, overtime hours worked, paid leave, and paid holidays.

(33) “**Personnel Board**” means the board created by Section 3.14 of the Charter and CBJ Title 44, the personnel management code.

(34) “**Position description**” means a written statement describing the essential duties and responsibilities of a position.

(35) “**Promotion**” means the movement of an employee from a position in one job classification to a position in a related job classification at a higher range.

(36) “**Publicly announced**” means the posting of a vacancy, including but not limited to, advertising, internet posting, or job boards.

(37) “**Qualified applicant**” means an applicant for a vacant position who meets the minimum qualifications for the position and has submitted a timely and complete application.

(38) “**Second degree of kinship**” means a father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, granddaughter, grandson, uncle, aunt, niece, or nephew, in a full, half, step, or foster relationship by blood, marriage, or domestic partnership.

(39) “**Subfill appointment**” means the filling of a position by appointment to a closely related classification at a lower range.

(40) “**Uniformed Services**” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, Coast Guard, and the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service and any other category of persons designated by the President in time of war or emergency. This includes the Reserve components of these services and the Army National Guard and Air National Guard. Under another Federal law enacted in 2002, Congress extended reemployment rights under USERRA to intermittent employees of the National Disaster Medical System (NDMS).