

### Mendenhall River Flood Preparation Outreach 2024



Presented by: US Army Corps of Engineers





- USACE Advanced Measures
- Preparing for a flood event as homeowners
- Know your flood risk
  - Flood maps
  - Glacial Lake Outburst Flood (GLOF)
  - Identify flood-prone areas near your house
  - Before an evacuation
  - During an evacuation
  - After an evacuation
- Flood preparedness checklist for your house
- What to do before, during, and after a flood
  - Prepare outside the home
  - Prepare inside the home
- Flooding and Public Health
- Sandbagging and HESCO Barriers
- Flood Mitigation Strategies
- National Flood Insurance Program





# Public Law 84-99 Advance Measures



- ✓ Imminent threat of unusual flooding
- ✓ Governor's Request
- Non-Federal interests must commit available resources (labor, supplies, equipment, funds, National Guard Forces etc.)
- ✓ Benefit to Cost Ratio must be greater than 1.0
- Public Sponsor (CBJ) must execute a Cooperative Agreement

- No Assistance for Erosion Damage assistance solely to prevent erosion damage is not permitted
- Channel Clearance and Dredging may be authorized to restore channel capacity
- Permanent improvements are not authorized
- Public Sponsor must agree to remove Advance Measures Temporary Work when operation is over, at no cost to USACE
- Costs:

Investigative Costs:100% USACE FundedEngineering and Design:100% USACE FundedTemporary Construction:100% USACE FundedRemoval of Construction:100% Non-Federal



#### **Glacial Lake Outburst Flood (GOLF)**



Glacial lake outburst flood (GLOF) is a type of outburst flood caused by the failure of a dam containing a glacial lake.

- an **outburst flood**—a type of **megaflood**—is a high-magnitude, low-frequency catastrophic <u>flood</u> involving the sudden release of a large quantity of water

Jökulhlaup, meaning "glacier run" in Icelantic describes any catastrophic flood from a glacier dam breach.

Failure can happen due to <u>erosion</u>, a buildup of <u>water pressure</u>, an <u>avalanche</u> of rock or heavy snow, an <u>earthquake</u> or <u>cryoseism</u>, <u>volcanic eruptions</u> under the ice, or massive displacement of water in a glacial lake when a large portion of an adjacent glacier collapses into it.



#### **Flood Maps**

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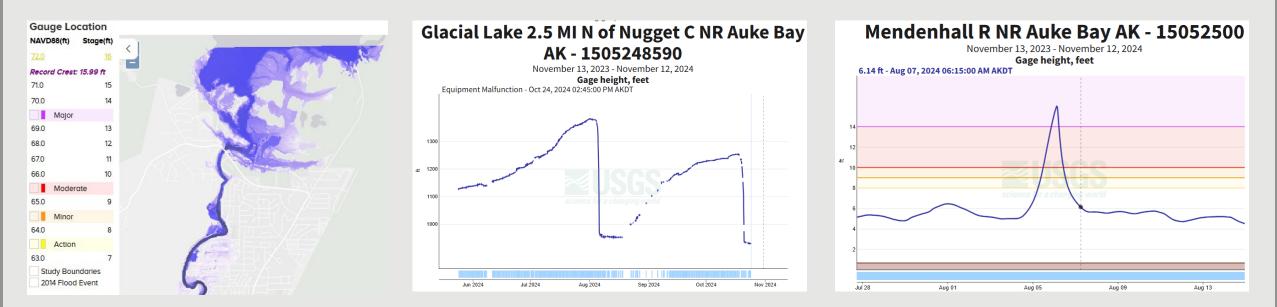


#### Flood Inundation Mapper (Google: "Mendenhall River Juneau NOAA") Scroll down to Gage Location, select Activate MNDA2 FIM Gauge

Suicide Basin Lake Gage (Google: "Glacier Lake near Auke Bay USGS")

Mendenhall River Gage (Google: "Mendenhall River Juneau USGS Streamflow")

#### FEMA – How to Read a Flood Map PDF





#### **CUI** Identify Flood-Prone Areas Near Your House



1.) Check FEMA flood maps / flood inundation maps

- 2.) Use online Flood Risk Tools
- 3.) Consult your local government
- 4.) Review your property's flood history
- 5.) Talk to neighbor's and community members



## **Evacuation**

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Before, During, and After



#### **Before an Evacuation**



- Learn the types of disasters that are likely in your community and the local emergency, evacuation and shelter plans for each specific disaster
- <u>Plan</u> your evacuation
- Check with local officials about what shelter spaces are available for this year
- Identify several places you could go in an emergency
- If needed, identify a place to stay that will accept <u>pets</u>. Most public shelters allow only service animals
- Be familiar with alternate routes and other means of transportation out of your area
- Always follow the instructions of local officials
- Come up with a family/household
- Prepare a "go-bag" you can carry when you evacuate
- If you have a car:
  - Keep a full tank of gas if an evacuation seems likely
  - Make sure you have a portable <u>emergency kit in the car</u>



#### **During an Evacuation**



- Download the FEMA app
- Listen to a battery-powered radio and follow local evacuation instructions.
- Take your emergency supply kit.
- Leave early enough to avoid being trapped by severe weather.
- Take your pets with you but understand that only service animals may be allowed in public shelters.
  - Plan how you will care for your pets in an emergency now.
- Tell emergency contacts where you are going.
- Secure your home by closing and locking doors and windows.
- Unplug electrical equipment
- Shut off water, gas and electricity before leaving.
- Follow recommended evacuation routes. Do not take shortcuts, they may be blocked.
- Be alert for road hazards such as washed-out roads or bridges and downed power lines.
  - Do not drive into flooded areas.



#### After an Evacuation



- Prepare for disruptions to daily activities when returning to disaster-affected areas
- Returning home before storm debris is cleared is dangerous.
- Let friends and family know before you leave and when you arrive.
- Charge devices and consider getting back-up batteries in case power-outages continue.
- Fill up your gas tank
- Bring supplies such as water and non-perishable food for the car ride.
- Avoid downed power or utility lines

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**Prepare Outside The Home** 

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- Maintain proper runoff and drainage
  - Clear debris from gutters and downspouts
  - Clean/monitor drainage ditches or storm drain.
  - Improve lot grading

#### Secure

- Elevate and anchor tanks, utilities, appliances, equipment
  - Cinder blocks, wooden frames, cam straps, etc
- Temporary flood barriers
  - Sandbags, earthen berms, commercial gates/shields/flood skirts, DIY versions!
- Mobile and Manufactured Homes
  - Permeable skirting
  - Add/improve anchoring (deadman, auger, drive, concrete slab)
  - Secure nearby objects
  - Install bollards (protect property/equipment)
  - Maintain drainage (away from home, clean drainage)





#### **Prepare Inside The Home**



- Protect Your Valuables
  - o Pictures/Copies of all major household appliances, furniture, valuables, documents
    - Important for filing with insurance
  - o Elevate Furniture, Appliances, Utiltiies
    - As high as possible -> second floor, cinder blocks, wood frames
- Install
  - Backwater valves (sewer)
  - Flood-resistant building materials (drywall -> plastic/PVC)
  - Anchor (appliances, utilities, fuel tanks, etc)
  - Basement
    - Water alarm
    - Maintain/test sump pump
    - Battery backup sump pump
    - Seal foundation/basement walls



#### **Flooding and Public Health**



- $\circ~\mbox{Flooding}$  can contaminate drinking water
  - Monitor for Boil Water Advisory
- Spoiled food
  - Throw out food that got wet and/or warm. When in doubt, throw it out!
- Stay away from floodwaters
  - May contain sewage, sharp items, and chemicals + drowning hazard
- o If home flooded
  - If possible, dry your home and everything in it as quickly as you can, 24-48 hours
  - Assume mold growth if you cannot return your home to dry within 24-48 hours
  - Keep wet areas well-ventilated. Throw away wet material that cannot be dried
  - Prevent carbon monoxide poisoning
    - Do not use internal combustion devices (ie generators) in enclosed spaces or near air intakes



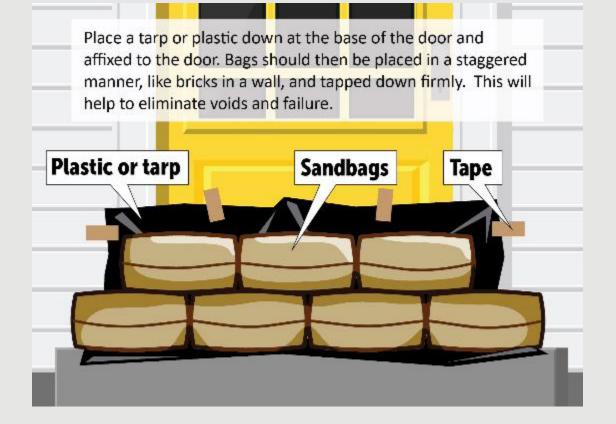


• Video on proper sandbagging technique:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-hQPAIFMVtM

• USACE Flood Fighting Techniques Booklet







#### **Flood Mitigation Strategies**



**Short-term mitigation**: Sandbagging, HESCO Barriers, other flood mitigation methods (implemented within 6 months)

Mid-term mitigation: updated hydraulic modeling (6 months to 2 years)

- Impact of HESCO Barriers on river flow
- Inundation Maps

**Long-term mitigation**: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers - General Investigation Study to develop long-term solutions (7 to 10 years)





## National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)

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# NFIP Myths

× You can't buy flood insurance if your property has flooded before

- × You can't buy flood insurance if you live in a high-risk flood zone
- × Even if my property does flood, it won't cost much to recover
  - The <u>Cost of Flood tool</u> is a good resource
- × You can only buy flood insurance if you live in a "floodplain"
- ×Homeowner's insurance typically covers flooding
- ×Flood insurance is only available to homeowners



× I don't need flood insurance because I can get disaster assistance from FEMA





### **Generally Covered**

Building & foundation Electrical & plumbing

Central air, furnaces, & water heaters

Detached garage

Debris removal

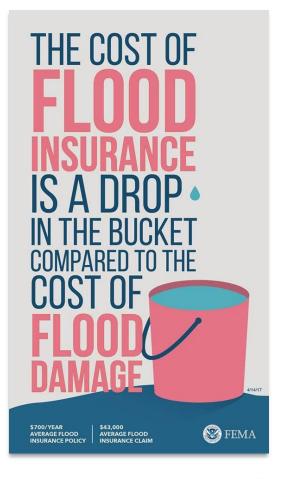
Clothing, furniture, and electronic equipment



Avoidable moisture, mold, & mildew damage Currency, precious metals, and valuable papers Property and belongings outside of the building Landscaping Temporary/additional living expenses Decks

# Summary of Coverage

### Four Basic Facts of a Standard Flood Policy from the NFIP



- Single-peril policy.
- Residential and Non-residential policies.
  - Residential coverage limits: \$250,000 for structure, \$100,000 for contents.
  - Non-residential coverage limits: \$500,000 for structure, \$500,000 for contents.
- Renters can get contents only coverage.
  - Content coverage is not automatically included in the policy, except for a Preferred Risk Policy which are available only in moderate to low risk areas.
- Available in any zone.

