

CBJ DOCKS & HARBORS BOARD
CIP / PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA
For Thursday, March 24, 2011

I. Call to Order (5:00 pm in ASSEMBLY CHAMBERS).

II. Roll Call (Michael Williams, Kevin Jardell, Eric Kueffner, Jim Preston, Bob Westmann, Tom Donek).

III. Approval of Agenda.

MOTION: TO APPROVE THE AGENDA AS PRESENTED OR AMENDED.

IV. Public Participation on Non-Agenda Items.
(Not to exceed five minutes per person or twenty minutes total time).

V. Approval of February 17, 2011 CIP/Planning Meetings Minutes.

VI. Items for Action.

1. Selection of Layout for Dehart's Marina Replacement Floats at Statter Harbor.
Presentation by Port Director

Committee Questions

Public Testimony

Committee Deliberation/Action

MOTION: TO RECOMMEND THE BOARD APPROVE THE DEHART'S MARINA REPLACEMENT FLOAT LAYOUT CONCEPT PRESENTED BY THE PORT DIRECTOR.

2. Cruise Dock Improvements – Selection of Final Design.
Presentation by Port Director

Committee Questions

Public Testimony

Committee Deliberation/Action

MOTION: TO RECOMMEND THE BOARD APPROVE THE FINAL DESIGN AND ASK THE ASSEMBLY TO APPROVE THE FINAL DESIGN FOR CRUISE SHIP DOCK IMPROVEMENTS.

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VI. Items for Action(continued)

3. Contract Amendment with PND Engineers, Inc., for the Final Design of the Cruise Ship Dock Improvement.

Committee Questions

Public Discussion

Committee Discussion/Action

MOTION: TO RECOMMEND THE BOARD APPROVE A CONTRACT AMENDMENT WITH PND ENGINEERS INC., TO PREPARE FINAL DESIGN AND BID DOCUMENTS FOR THE CRUISE SHIP DOCK IMPROVEMENTS AND TO RECOMMEND THE ASSEMBLY APPROVE THE CONTRACT AMENDMENT IN THE LUMP SUM AMOUNT OF \$2,247,500.00 FOR DESIGN SERVICES AND TIME AND MATERIALS NOT TO EXCEED \$100,000 FOR PERMITTING SERVICES.

4. Utilidor Design Fee Proposal – PND Engineers
Presentation by Port Engineer

Committee Questions

Public Discussion

Committee Discussion/Action

MOTION: TO RECOMMEND THE BOARD APPROVE A CONTRACT AMENDMENT WITH PND ENGINEERS, INC. TO DESIGN THE ELECTRICAL UTILIDOR TO THE NEW CRUISE SHIP BERTHS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$87,390.00

5. Account Close Out – Amalga Harbor Launch Ramp Upgrade.
Presentation by Port Engineer

Committee Questions

Public Discussion

Committee Discussion/Action

MOTION: TO RECOMMEND THE BOARD APPROVE A TRANSFER OF APPROXIMATELY \$28,000.00 FROM THE HARBORS FUND BALANCE TO CIP #H354-79 AND ASK THE ASSEMBLY TO APPROVE THE TRANSFER OF FUNDS

**AND A DE-APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE TO CLOSE OUT THE AMALGA
HARBOR LAUNCH RAMP UPGRADE PROJECT.
CBJ DOCKS & HARBORS BOARD
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VII. Items for Information/Discussion.

1. Direct Market Sales Facility Report
Presentation by Port Engineer

VIII. Member & Staff Reports.

IX. Committee Administrative Matters.

Next Meeting: April 21, 2011

X. Adjournment.

CBJ DOCKS & HARBORS BOARD
CIP/PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES
For Thursday, February 17, 2011

I. Call to Order.

Committee member Mr. Williams called the meeting to order at 5:00 p.m.

II. Roll.

The following members were present: Mr. Williams, Mr. Donek, Mr. Kueffner, Mr. Jardell, and Mr. Preston.

The Following member was absent: Mr. Wostmann.

Also in attendance was: Mr. Stone – Port Director, and Mr. Gillette – Port Engineer.

III. Approval of Agenda.

Mr. Preston asked that we move item #1 information/discussion before we go to items for action.

Mr. Gillette also added #2 under items for action the CBJ Engineering –Docks and Harbors Memorandum of Agreement.

MOTION by Mr. Preston: ASK UNANIMOUS CONSENT TO APPROVE THE AGENDA AS AMENDED. The motion passed without objection.

IV. Public Participation.

There was none at this time.

V. Approval of Previous Meeting Minutes.

MOTION by Mr. Kueffner: ASK UNANIMOUS CONSENT TO APPROVE THE PREVIOUS MINUTES OF January 20, 2011. The motion passed without objection.

VII. Items for Information/Discussion.

1. Fisherman's Memorial.

Mr. Gillette stated that the Assembly approved resolution 25.41 in October 2010 as authorizing construction of the new floating birth concept known as 16B. There was an amendment added that the Harbor Board work with the Commercial Fisherman's Memorial regarding relocation. The Harbor Board sent a letter to the fisherman's memorial stating that the department would assist in the planning of blessing of the fleet ceremony when the floating birth project was complete and if it were determined that a respectable and meaningful ceremony could not be accommodated utilizing the reconfiguration that we would work with them to move to an alternative sight.

Mr. Gillette spoke of the four alternative sights that were presented to the fisherman's memorial folks.

Mr. Weyhrauch stated that the memorial would be affected by 16B and it would be relocated to a location along the shore south of the Intermediate Vessel Float (See attached). He went on to explain the reasons for moving the memorial to the new location.

Further discussion among the committee members and Mr. Weyhrauch took place at this time.

Mr. Stone stated that the next step in the process would be to present this to the Assembly at the same time they present the designing of the dock improvements and also the financing plan and it would be logical to do this at that time.

VI. Items for Action.

I. Marine Service Building Programming.

Mr. Gillette stated that he asking that the committee members approve a contract with NorthWind Architects, LLC, who are currently under contract for the downtown harbor area and the area north of the bridge. He stated what this would do is set up a small contract of \$7,900.00 for them to do a building programming study.

He said that he has talked to Mr. Watt at the Engineering Department and they felt that is better to do this under term contract with architect that we have on board and just get the programming done. He explained the process and explained to the committee what they would do is come up with a concept for a building.

Public Comments:

Mr. Thoma stated that he would like to see the building in the second drawing be built (See attached) and leave as much green space open as possible.

Further discussion among the committee members and Mr. Thoma took place at this time.

MOTION by Mr. Donek: ASK UNANIMOUS CONSENT TO REQUEST THE BOARD APPROVE A CONTRACT AMMENDMENT FOR NORTHWIND ARCHITECTS TO PERFORM KPROGRAMMING FOR THE PROPOSED MARINE SERVICES CENTER IN THE AMOUNT OF \$7,900.0. The motion passed without objection.

2. Memorandum of Agreement between CBJ Engineering Department and Docks and Harbors.

Mr. Gillette stated that this is a result of a meeting that we had with staff. He presented a document that appears to be supported by all those involved and just wanted to bring it to the members for final review and approval.

Public Participation:

There was none at this time.

Further discussion among the committee members and Mr. Gillette took place at this time.

Ms. Danner stated that this is a much better document than the one that was earlier presented.

MOTION by Mr. Preston: ASK UNANIMOUS CONSENT TO RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMITTEE APPROVE THE MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN DOCKS AND HARBORS AND THE CBJ ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FOR COORDINATION OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS ALONG THE DOWNTOWN WATERFRONT AND ASK THAT THE PORT DIRECTOR SIGN OFF ON BEHALF OF DOCKS AND HARBORS. The motion passed without objection.

VII. Items for Information/Discussion.

2. Direct Market Fish Sales Study Updates.

Mr. Gillette stated that tonight they want to update the committee on the direct market fish sales study. This study was funded by a small grant from the Alaska Fisheries Development Foundation and our schedule is fairly tight on it. A draft needs to be in by the middle of March and final at the end of March. He stated they have brought in staff from the Fisheries Development Council and JEDC to attend the presentation that is going to be done by NorthWind Engineering this evening.

At this time the consultants went over their presentation with the committee members. They went over the finding of a survey that they are doing, as well some of the criteria for what it would take for a location of a facility. They went over the pros and cons of the different sights that they looked at.

The three areas that were looked at were the north of the bridge, the area just below the Harbormasters office, and Norway Point.

After the completion of the presentation further discussion among the committee members and the staff from NorthWind Engineering took place.

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Ms. Danner commented on the locations and stated she is more leaning towards the old floatplane dock which is located just north of the bridge. She stated that whatever we do the goal should be to connect supply with demand.

Mr. Preston asked the staff of NorthWind Engineering to come back with a preliminary report at the next CIP meeting and then the following week do a presentation to the Full Board.

VIII. Member & Staff Reports.

Mr. Gillette let the committee members know that in their packets is his monthly project status report and also included in there is the CIP account summary.

There was some discussion regarding the second phase of the ABLF. Construction should start in March.

Mr. Stone address the letter that he passed out that was from the Alaska Cruise Association.

IX. Committee Administrative Matters.

The next meeting is scheduled for March 24, 2011 at 5:00 pm in the City Chambers.

X. Adjournment.

**MOTION by Mr. Donek: THE MEETING ADJOURNED BY UNANIMOUS CONSENT.
The motion passed without objection.**

The meeting was adjourned at 6:31 p.m.



Port of Juneau

To: Docks and Harbors CIP/Planning Committee
CC:
From: John M. Stone, P.E. Port Director
Date: March 15, 2011
Re: Statter Harbor Moorage Rehabilitation – Future Float Layout

We are putting together bid documents for Phase I of the moorage rehabilitation project at Statter Harbor. As part of this work, we plan to replace the gangway landing float and a portion of the head float. Phase II of the project calls for installing new moorage slips off the new head float to replace the moorage lost when Dehart's Marina is removed. The Board needs to select slip sizes so the head float details can be finalized.

Attached to this memo are four concepts for future slip layouts. Concept 1 is the current preferred alternative and strikes a balance between accommodating the current fleet from DeHart's Marina and providing the best moorage capability over the 50 year design life. Options 2, 3, and 4 include 24' slips and do a better job of matching the current fleet from DeHart's Marina. However, 24' slips are probably not the best way to go over the design life since boats of this size are trailerable and tend to be used on a seasonal basis.

Concept 1 is our recommendation if the Board wants to accommodate the current fleet from DeHart's Marina.

Another alternative is to go with all larger slips, such as 38' and 42' slips. The Board could look at setting rates to pay for the operating and construction cost of the new slips. The Harbormaster has some creative ideas on how we could reduce our operating cost and provide a more private marina atmosphere while covering the capital costs. The downside of this alternative is that moorage would be more expensive. The upside is that we could pursue a revenue bond and get construction underway in short order.

Please call me at 586-0294 if you have questions.

Attachments



**STATTER HARBOR MOORAGE IMPROVEMENTS PHASE 2
MAINWALK FLOATS 1, 2 & FUEL FLOAT - PRELIMINARY BUDGET**

Prepared By: PND ENGINEERS, INC.

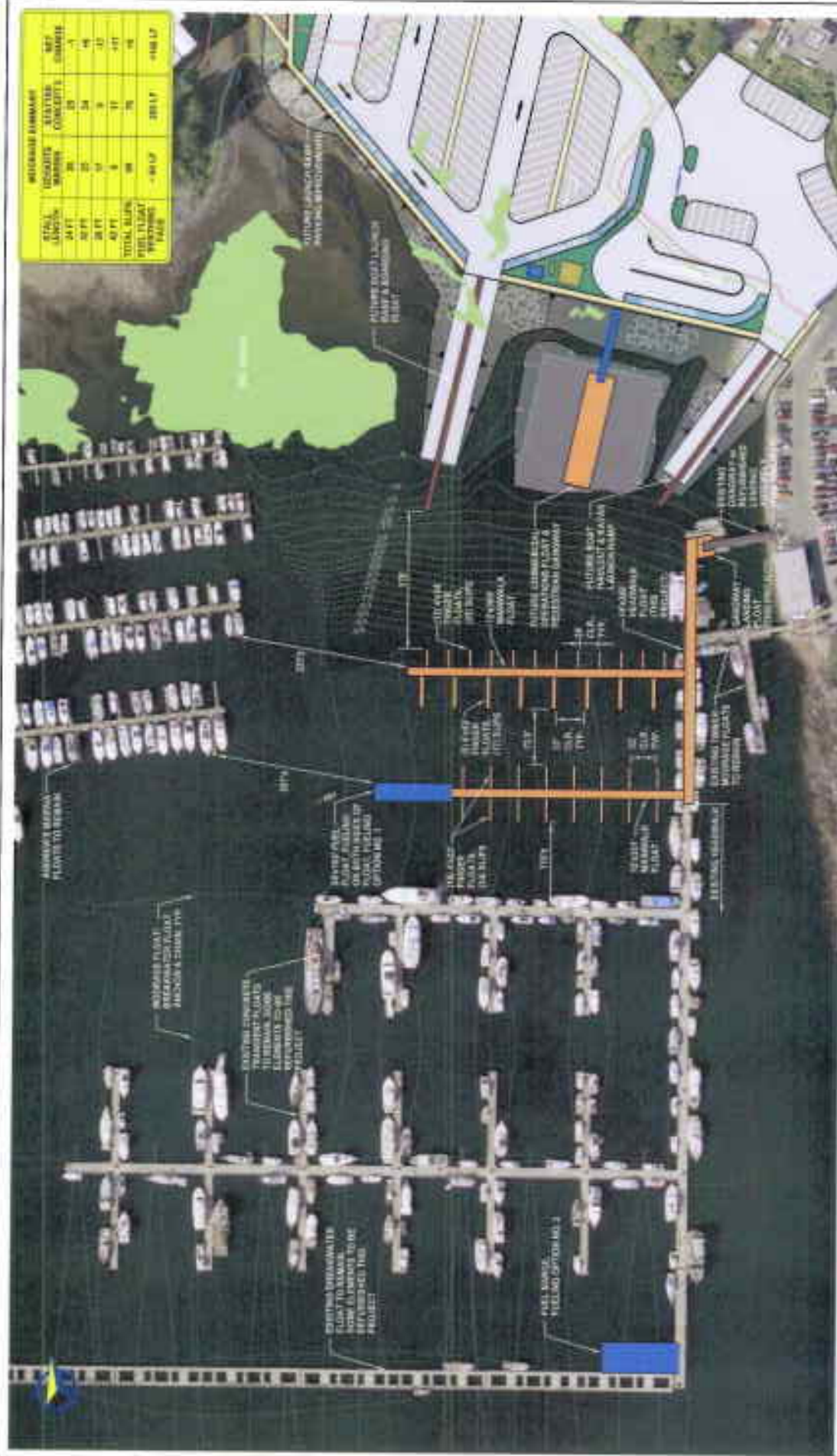
March 9th, 2011

MOORAGE FLOATS

Item	Item Description	Units	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
1	Mobilization	LS	AE Req'd	10%	\$347,164
2	Mainwalk Float 1, 12' x 300' w/ (8) 6"x42" Finger Floats & (9) 4"x32" Finger Floats	SF	7488	\$180	\$1,347,640
3	Mainwalk Float 2, 12' x 300' w/ (16) 4"x32" Finger Floats	SF	3600	\$180	\$1,018,800
4	Mainwalk Float Anchorage System	LS	AE Req'd	\$600,000	\$600,000
5	Electrical System including new lighting & power	LS	AE Req'd	\$375,000	\$375,000
6	Domestic Water System (Sanitary Use)	LS	AE Req'd	\$90,000	\$90,000
7	Life Ring & Fire Hoses/Nozzles	LS	AE Req'd	\$15,000	\$15,000
8	Construction Surveying	LS	AE Req'd	\$25,000	\$25,000
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION BID PRICE					\$3,818,804
SCOPE & CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCY (15%)					\$572,821
FINAL DESIGN, PERMITTING, CITY ADMINISTRATION, CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION, INSPECTION & OTHER INDIRECT COSTS (18%)					\$687,385
TOTAL RECOMMENDED PROJECT BUDGET					\$5,079,009

FUEL FLOAT & PIPING

Item	Item Description	Units	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
1	Mobilization	LS	AE Req'd	10%	\$118,000
2	Fuel Float, 24' x 100'	SF	2400	\$250	\$600,000
3	Fuel Float Service Shed	LS	AE Req'd	\$50,000	\$50,000
4	Fuel Float Anchorage System	LS	AE Req'd	\$100,000	\$100,000
5	Fuel Piping on floats and splash/lines to coaling	LS	AE Req'd	\$400,000	\$400,000
6	Electrical System including new lighting & power in shed	LS	AE Req'd	\$25,000	\$25,000
7	Construction Surveying	LS	AE Req'd	\$5,000	\$5,000
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION BID PRICE					\$1,298,000
SCOPE & CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCY (15%)					\$194,700
FINAL DESIGN, PERMITTING, CITY ADMINISTRATION, CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION, INSPECTION & OTHER INDIRECT COSTS (18%)					\$233,640
TOTAL RECOMMENDED PROJECT BUDGET					\$1,726,340



MOORAGE SUMMARY				
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	STATION	REMARKS
1. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
2. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
3. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
4. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
5. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
6. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
7. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
8. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
9. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
10. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
TOTAL SLIPS	1000	EA	1000	1000
11. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
12. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
13. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
14. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
15. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
16. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
17. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
18. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
19. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
20. NEW BOAT SLIPS	100	EA	100	100
TOTAL SLIPS	2000	EA	2000	2000

STATTER HARBOR MOORAGE IMPROVEMENTS

CONCEPT NO. 4

DATE: 10/10/2011

SCALE: 1" = 100'

PROJECT: STATTER HARBOR MOORAGE IMPROVEMENTS

DESIGNED BY: [Signature]

CHECKED BY: [Signature]

APPROVED BY: [Signature]

CITY OF ALABAMA

PORT AUTHORITY

STATTER HARBOR MOORAGE IMPROVEMENTS

CONCEPT NO. 4

DATE: 10/10/2011

SCALE: 1" = 100'

PROJECT: STATTER HARBOR MOORAGE IMPROVEMENTS

DESIGNED BY: [Signature]

CHECKED BY: [Signature]

APPROVED BY: [Signature]



Port of Juneau

To: Docks and Harbors CIP/Planning Committee
CC:
From: John M. Stone, P.E. Port Director
Date: March 17, 2011
Re: Cruise Ship Dock Improvements

We are ready to undertake final design work and compile the construction bid documents for the cruise ship dock project. In order to move forward, the Board needs to approve a final design concept and approve a contract with PND so they can complete the design and compile the bid documents. Both of these items will go to the Assembly for final approval after the Board action.

The recommended final design concept and cost estimate is attached. This concept was developed with significant input from port stakeholders and incorporates findings from the preliminary engineering work that we conducted over the past several months. The cost estimate includes the uplands staging area work previously approved by the Board that has been under development for the past few years. We are proposing to break the project into two construction contracts. On-site construction will take place during three winter construction seasons starting with the 2012/2013 off-season.

The first construction contract will incorporate the work shown as Phase I. This work is estimated to cost a total of \$11.6 million. We anticipate bidding Phase I this fall. Construction will take place during the 2012/2013 off-season with work being completed by the start of the 2013 cruise ship season.

The second construction contract will include the work shown as Phase II and III. Work is estimated to cost a total of \$50 million. We anticipate bidding this work next winter. Work will take place in two phases. Phase II includes installation of the new Cruise Ship Terminal Berth and will occur during the 2013/2014 offseason coming online at the start of the 2014 cruise ship season. Phase III includes installation of the new Steamship Berth and will occur during the 2014/2015 offseason coming online at the start of the 2015 cruise ship season.

We opted to phase the project for several reasons. First and foremost, it reduces the possibility that we may not complete a phase by the start of the ensuing cruise ship season. Two, it spreads out the construction costs. Three, it gives contractors more time to do the work which should result in a better bid price. Four, it pulls out a smaller project (Phase I) that should garner a lot of interest from local bidders.

The CBJ Finance Director, Craig Duncan, is working on a plan to finance the improvements. The project will be entirely funded with fees assessed to cruise ships and their passengers. The finance plan will likely include a revenue bond since the cash flow requirement of the project exceeds cruise ship revenues generated over the same time period. However, I expect the term of the bond to be modest.

We currently have about \$20 million in-hand which will allow us to move forward with the final design and bid documents for all phases and construction of the Phase I project. We will need to have the revenue bond in place to bid the Phase II and III project.

The cost estimate for the final design concept is greater than the estimate we provided to the Assembly in September, 2010. Some of the major reasons for the increase follow:

1. We added the uplands staging area reconfiguration project into this work. This project was budgeted separately from the earlier cost estimates but is now included since we are combining it with a portion of the dock work.
2. We are including hook-ups for sanitary sewer and are installing enabling infrastructure for shorepower in the event it can be provided in the future. Reports detailing our analysis for providing these services are attached.
3. We increased the size of the floating berths and provided drive-down capability at the Steamship Berth. This was done at industry's suggestion so we can fully accommodate as many different types of ships as possible over the 50 year service life of the project.
4. Based on input from the cruise industry and the stevedores, we added dolphins, tie-up structures, and catwalks to increase safety and flexibility for mooring a variety of vessel sizes and types into the future.

5. We decided to go with concrete floating berths instead of steel. The upfront cost is more but we believe the life cycle cost is less. A report detailing our recommendation is attached.

I recommend the Board approve the final design concept as presented, the contract with PND for the final design and bid documents, and forward both of these items to the Assembly for action.

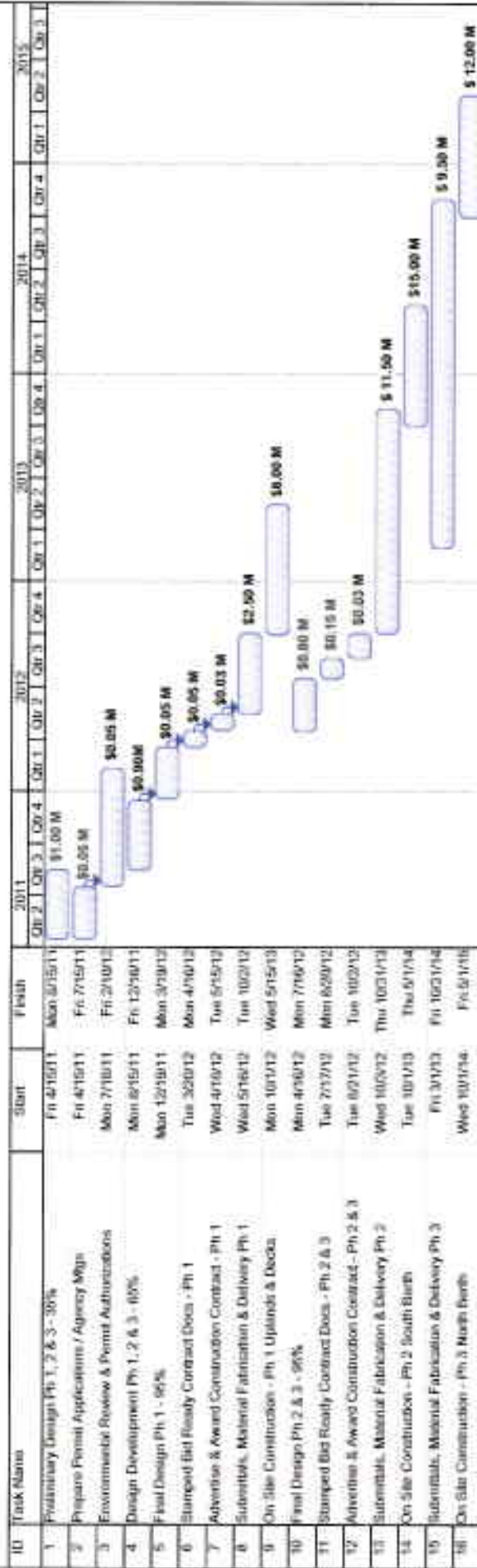
Please call me at 586-0294 if you have questions.

Attachments

CIJ DOWNTOWN CRUISE SHIP DOCK RECONFIGURATION
CONCEPT M&E-3
SCHEMATIC DESIGN BUDGET - MARINE FACILITIES
 14-Mar-11
 Prepared by: PSD Engineers, Inc.

Item	Item Description	Base Bid	Units	Quantity	Unit Cost	Item Cost	Phase 1 Uplands/Decks	Phase 2 South Berth	Phase 3 North Berth	Check	
1.01	Mobilization		L.S.	All Bids	10%	\$4,330,210	\$502,500	\$2,032,400	\$1,695,290		
1.02	Demolition		L.S.	All Bids	\$730,000	\$730,000	\$730,000		\$101,000		
1.03	South Berth Retaining Walls, Fenderbents and Concrete Paving		L.S.	All Bids	\$950,000	\$950,000					
1.04	South Berth Pile Supported Approach Decks		SF	2,000	\$250	\$625,000					
1.05	South Berth Pile Supported Approach Decks		SF	17,000	\$250	\$4,250,000	\$2,075,000	\$1,275,000	\$675,000		
1.06	North Berth Floating Concrete Pontoon S/Cs/Decks		SF	13,000	\$290	\$3,770,000			\$4,330,000		
1.07	South Berth Floating Concrete Pontoon S/Cs/Decks		SF	30,000	\$290	\$8,700,000			\$2,400,000		
1.08	Flashing Deck Pile Repairs		L.S.	4	\$1,200,000	\$4,800,000					
1.09	Flashing Deck Marine Fenders		L.S.	700	\$1,000	\$700,000					
1.10	Vehicles, Transfer Bldg & Pile Supported Museum		L.S.	7	\$1,300,000	\$9,100,000					
1.11	Transfer Bridge Support Piers		L.S.	2	\$200,000	\$400,000					
1.12	Transfer Bridge Landing Piers		L.S.	2	\$100,000	\$200,000					
1.13	Transfer Bridge End Support Structure		L.S.	2	\$250,000	\$500,000					
1.14	Bracing & Mooring Outlets		L.S.	4	\$1,000,000	\$4,000,000					
1.15	Upgrades - Training Mooring Outlets		L.S.	2	\$350,000	\$700,000					
1.16	Caissons		L.S.	600	\$500	\$300,000					
1.17	Carwalk, Access Gangways		L.S.	4	\$1,200,000	\$4,800,000					
1.18	Water Services (Sanitary Use)		L.S.	2	\$200,000	\$400,000					
1.19	Electrical & Lighting		L.S.	2	\$250,000	\$500,000					
1.20	Pier Security Gates & Curbs		L.S.	All Bids	\$300,000	\$300,000					
1.21	Safety Railings Along Wharf & Visual Enhancements		L.S.	All Bids	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000					
1.22	Pile Anodes		L.S.	600	\$2,000	\$1,200,000					
1.23	10' x 250' Steel Vessel Mooring Piers		SF	6,000	\$150	\$900,000					
1.24	Mooring Pile Piers		L.S.	11	\$11,000	\$121,000					
1.25	New Pedestrian Walkways & Deck at Mooring Pier		L.S.	1	\$250,000	\$250,000					
1.26	Mooring Pier Piers & Lighting		L.S.	1	\$250,000	\$250,000					
1.27	Screen Section, Challenge Piling & Utility Construction		L.S.	2	\$400,000	\$800,000					
1.28	Shore The Piers Under to Deck		L.S.	1	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000					
Estimated Construction Costs							\$1,000,000				
Contingency (10%)							\$6,307,500	\$27,986,950	\$18,736,750	\$17,841,300	
Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents							\$640,750	\$2,380,675	\$1,652,675	\$1,798,120	
Contract Administration & Construction Inspection							\$266,910	\$1,219,649	\$936,432	\$996,000	
2011 Project Budget							\$640,750	\$1,219,649	\$936,432	\$2,695,000	
							\$8,122,888	\$27,616,944	\$22,152,288	\$18,111,530	
Additional Allocations											
Table Filmmaker Deck Expenses											
Estimated Construction Costs											
Contingency (10%)							\$546,425				
Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents							\$546,425				
Contract Administration & Construction Inspection							\$54,643				
2011 Project Budget							\$54,643				
							\$796,353				
Uplands Staging Area											
Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)											
Contingency (10%)							\$2,096,400				
Land, Water and Vehicle Piers & Lane Applications							\$209,600				
Site Investigations - Survey & Geotechnical							\$13,000				
Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents							\$40,000				
Contract Administration & Construction Inspection							\$106,694				
2011 Project Budget							\$2,465,694				
							\$2,736,648				
Total							\$61,560,121				
Final Project Budget											
Phase 1							\$11,379,889	\$27,616,944	\$22,152,288	\$18,110,022	
Uplands/Decks											
Phase 2											
South Berth											
Phase 3											
North Berth											
Check											
2011-15											
2016-25											
2026-35											
2036-45											
2046-55											
2056-65											
2066-75											
2076-85											
2086-95											
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2516-525											
2526-535											
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2586-595											
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3206-1215											
3216-1225											
3226-1235											
3236-1245											
3246-1255											
3256-1265											
3266-1275											
3276-1285											
3286-1295											
3296-1305											
3306-1315											
3316-1325											
3326-1335											
3336-1345											
3346-1355											
3356-1365											
3366-1375											
3376-1385											
3386-1395											
3396-1405											
3406-1415											
3416-1425											
3426-1435											
3436-1445											
3446-1455											
3456-1465											
3466-1475											
3476-1485											
3486-1495											
3496-1505											
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3556-1565											
3566-1575											
3576-1585											
3586-1595											
3596-1605											
3606-1615											
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3686-1695											
3696-1705											
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3726-1735											
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3746-1755											
3756-1765											
3766-1775											
3776-1785											
3786-1795											
3796-1805											
3806-1815											
3816-1825											
3826-1835											
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3846-1855											
3856-1865											
3866-1875											
3876-1885											
3886-1895											
3896-1905											
3906-1915											
3916-1925											
3926-1935											
3936-1945											
3946-1955											
3956-1965											
3966-1975											
3976-1985											
3986-1995											
3996-2005											
4006-2015											
4016-2025											
4026-2035											
4036-2045											
4046-2055											
4056-2065											
4066-2075</											

**DOWNTOWN CRUISESHIP DOCKS CONCEPT 16B-3
3 SEASON - UPLANDS AND MARINE FACILITIES
PROJECT SCHEDULE & CASH FLOW PROJECTION**



Task

Split

Program

Milestone

Summary

Rollup Task

Rollup Split

Rollup Milestone

Rollup Progress

External Tasks

Project Summary

External Milestone

Deadline

Project: PNDD No. 103000.01

March 18, 2011

Technical Memorandum



Carson Dorn, Inc.

Date: March 1, 2011

712 West 12th Street
Juneau, AK 99801

Tel: 907-586-4447
Fax: 907-586-5917

To: Dick Somerville P.E.

From: Jim Dorn P.E.

Reference:

Subject: Cruise Ship Wastewater Discharges

Introduction

The purpose of this memorandum is to consider the capability of Juneau's wastewater collection and treatment system to accept wastewater discharges from the proposed new cruise ship docking facilities at the Alaska Steamship Dock and the Cruise Ship Terminal. Additionally a conceptual design of wastewater facilities to serve the cruise ship docks will be developed that would allow wastewater from the cruise ships to be accepted by Juneau.

The Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant located at the Rock Dump south of Juneau has some capacity to handle higher flows (hydraulic capacity) but there is concern about the impact increased organic loading from additional cruise ship wastewater discharges will have on the wastewater treatment plant operation.

Discharge of wastewater from cruise ships in Southeast Alaska has been a concern to Alaskans and regulatory agencies as the number of cruise ship visits increase each year. In the past decade, the size and number of cruise ships frequenting Alaska's coastal waters has increased dramatically. It is reported that in 2011 season there will be approximately 460 cruise ship visits to Juneau.

Historically there have been reports of high concentrations of fecal coliform bacteria in wastewater discharges from cruise ships and the concentration of biological oxygen demand (BOD) which is a measure of the organic material in wastewater and total suspended solids (TSS) in the effluent exceed what would have been expected from most municipal secondary treatment plants.

The cruise ship industry is aware of these problems and is actively employing new technologies, primarily on-board wastewater treatment plants, to address the issues of fecal coliform, BOD and TSS in their wastewater discharges.

Existing Wastewater Facilities/Operation at the South Franklin Street Dock

Facilities were constructed in 2004 at the Princess Cruise Lines South Franklin Street Dock to allow vessels using the dock to pump wastewater into the City and Borough of Juneau wastewater collection system for treatment and disposal.

Flexible hoses are lowered to the vessels and each vessel connects these hoses to its on-board pumps to discharge wastewater to Juneau's wastewater collection system. The shore based facilities include piping from the dock to Juneau's wastewater collection system near the Rock Dump tank farms, a magnetic flow meter to record the total volume discharged, a composite sampler to collect samples of the wastewater every 30 minutes for analysis and valves to control the flow rate and to prevent backflow of sewage to the vessels.

Vessels are charged for these services based on the volume of wastewater discharged and on the BOD and TSS concentration in the wastewater. Experience with the South Franklin Street Dock has shown that the BOD concentration is typically higher than the TSS concentration and usually determines the charge rate per 1000. The following table shows the 2010 charge rates per 1000 gallons for increasing concentrations of BOD and TSS. Normal influent concentrations to the Juneau wastewater treatment plant are 300 mg/l BOD and 350 mg/l TSS.

**City and Borough of Juneau
Cruise Ship 2010 Wastewater Charge Rates**

BOD Conc.mg/l <	TSS Conc. mg/l <	Rate/1000 gal
300	350	\$7.45
600	700	\$14.90
900	1,050	\$22.35
1,200	1,400	\$29.80
1,500	1,750	\$37.25
1,800	2,100	\$44.70
2,100	2,450	\$52.15
2,400	2,800	\$59.60
2,700	3,150	\$67.05
3,000	3,500	\$74.50
3,300	3,850	\$81.95
3,600	4,200	\$89.40
3,900	4,550	\$96.85
4,200	4,900	\$104.30
4,500	5,250	\$111.75

Wastewater discharge volumes are recorded at the end of each discharge event and a Discharge Receipt is prepared to document the volume of wastewater discharged for billing purposes and for reporting to the US Coast Guard. Wastewater samples collected during the discharge are taken to a local lab to be analyzed for BOD and TSS. At the end of each month a summary of the volume, BOD concentration, TSS concentration and the City and Borough of Juneau charges are prepared for each vessel.

Historic Wastewater Discharge Data from the South Franklin Street Dock

Princess Cruise Lines has been discharging wastewater to the City and Borough of Juneau wastewater collection system since 2004. Appendix A contains graphs showing the volume, BOD concentration and total pounds of BOD discharged during each event during for the two most recent years of operation (2009 and 2010). These graphs illustrate the variations in discharge volumes and concentrations between individual events and the number of discharge events that occur each year.

Projected Cruise Ship Discharge Volume

In 2009 there were a total of 7 discharge events from cruise ships at the South Franklin Street Dock with discharge volumes ranging from 8,788 to 52,261 gallons and in 2010 there were a total of 53 discharge events with discharge volumes ranging from 6,454 to 115,454 gallons.

A review of the records since 2004 indicate there were a few discharge events with total discharges of approximately 150,000 gallons.

If it is assumed that maximum discharge volume from a cruise ship will be on the order of 150,000 gallons and that they occur at the South Franklin Street Dock, Alaska Steamship Dock and the Cruise Ship Terminal simultaneously, the total peak flow would be about 450,000 gallons per day.

While it is not included in this evaluation, there has been some discussion about connecting the AJ Dock to the CBJ wastewater collection and treatment system too, so peak daily flows of 600,000 gallons per day from the cruise ships should be considered in the event that discharges are taking place at 4 docks.

Projected Cruise Ship Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Loading

In 2009 there were a total of 7 discharge events from cruise ships at the South Franklin Street Dock with BOD loadings ranging from 36 to 415 pounds and in 2010 there were a total of 53 discharge events with loadings ranging from 29 to 2,465 pounds.

A review of the records since 2004 indicate there were a few discharge events with total BOD loadings in excess of 4,000 pounds.

If it is assumed that maximum BOD loading from a cruise ship will be on the order of 4,000 pounds and that they occur at the South Franklin Street Dock, Alaska Steamship Dock and the Cruise Ship Terminal simultaneously, the total BOD loading from the cruise ships would be about 12,000 pounds per day.

If additional BOD loading occurs from the AJ Dock, the total BOD loading to the wastewater collection and treatment system from cruise ships of 16,000 pounds per day from the cruise ships should be considered in the evaluation of capacity of the Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant to handle increase flows from the cruise ships.

Juneau Wastewater Collection and Treatment System Evaluation

The hydraulic capacities of the gravity sewer pipes in the collection system were reviewed to determine if they have sufficient capacity to handle wastewater from the cruise ships. The capacity of the sewers was determined using the Manning formula for calculating flow in gravity sewers. Invert elevations and the distances between manholes were collected from as-built drawings and were used to determine the pipe slope. The sewer lines near Marine Park have a capacity of 886 gallons per minute when flowing full. Figure 1 shows the sewer lines and their capacity.

The Outer Drive Pump Station is the pump station that pumps sewage from the downtown Juneau and Douglas area to the Juneau Douglas wastewater treatment plant. The pump station has three pumps, a constant speed pump with a capacity of 2,100 gpm and two variable speed pumps one with a capacity of 2,700 gpm and the other with a capacity of 2,100 gpm. The total capacity of the Outer Drive Pump Station is therefore approximately 6,900 gallons per minute.

The South Franklin Street Dock and the AJ Dock pump directly to the gravity sewer line leading the Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment plant and so would not use the collection system piping around Marine Park or the Outer Drive Pump Station. As a result the projected loading on the collection system in this area would be about 300,000 gallons per day. If this flow occurs over a 12 hour period, the flow rate would be about 417 gallons per minute. Both the gravity collection system near Marine Park and the Outer Drive Pumps Station appear to have sufficient capacity to handle increased wastewater flows from vessels docked at the Alaska Steamship Dock and the Cruise Ship Terminal.

Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant

The original design criteria for flows and BOD loadings at the Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant are as follows:

Avg. Flow	2.76 MGD
Peak Flow	7.23 MGD



MAXIMUM FLOW IN
MARINE WAY
GRAVITY SEWERS

Carson Dunn Inc.

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
500 5TH AVENUE
NEW YORK 10018



CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU
SEWER SYSTEM
CRUISE SHIP WASTEWATER
EVALUATION



DATE	10/10/10	11/11/11	12/12/12	13/13/13	14/14/14	15/15/15	16/16/16	17/17/17	18/18/18	19/19/19	20/20/20	21/21/21	22/22/22	23/23/23	24/24/24	25/25/25	26/26/26	27/27/27	28/28/28	29/29/29	30/30/30	31/31/31	32/32/32	33/33/33	34/34/34	35/35/35	36/36/36	37/37/37	38/38/38	39/39/39	40/40/40	41/41/41	42/42/42	43/43/43	44/44/44	45/45/45	46/46/46	47/47/47	48/48/48	49/49/49	50/50/50	51/51/51	52/52/52	53/53/53	54/54/54	55/55/55	56/56/56	57/57/57	58/58/58	59/59/59	60/60/60	61/61/61	62/62/62	63/63/63	64/64/64	65/65/65	66/66/66	67/67/67	68/68/68	69/69/69	70/70/70	71/71/71	72/72/72	73/73/73	74/74/74	75/75/75	76/76/76	77/77/77	78/78/78	79/79/79	80/80/80	81/81/81	82/82/82	83/83/83	84/84/84	85/85/85	86/86/86	87/87/87	88/88/88	89/89/89	90/90/90	91/91/91	92/92/92	93/93/93	94/94/94	95/95/95	96/96/96	97/97/97	98/98/98	99/99/99	100/100/100
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Total (Avg. Day) BOD lbs/day	3,290 lbs/day
Total (Max. Day) BOD lbs/day	5,980 lbs/day

Measured flow and organic loading records for the 2009 and 2010 summer season at Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant are contained in Appendix B.

Flows

Juneau has made a concerted effort to separate its storm drain systems from its sewer system in the downtown core area over the last few years. This effort has dramatically reduced the flow loading on the Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant and has resulted in the hydraulic loading on the plant being consistently below the average design flow. Following is a summary of the flow records at the treatment plant for the 2009 and 2010 cruise ship season.

Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant Flow Summary 2009-2010 Cruise Ship Season

Month	Average Daily Flow (MGD)	Peak Daily Flow (MGD)	Peak Flow Rainfall Event (Inches)
May 2009	0.8555	1.273	0.76
Jun 2009	0.8076	1.357	0.56
Jul 2009	0.9195	1.841	0.80
Aug 2009	1.3363	3.542	1.40
Sep 2009	1.3035	2.428	0.80
May 2010	0.7917	1.127	0.00
Jun 2010	1.1419	2.615	1.52
Jul 2010	1.0475	1.861	0.95
Aug 2010	0.9986	1.331	0.34
Sep 2010	0.9728	1.654	0.69

It was previously projected that the wastewater flow rate from 4 cruise ships would be about 600,000 gallons per day. If this occurs over a 12 hour period it is equivalent to a flow rate of rate of 1.2 MGD. From a flow standpoint it appears that under most circumstances that occur during the summer months, the Juneau Douglas treatment plant will be able to handle the additional flow from the cruise ships in combination with the historic flows when compared to the average design flow of 2.76 MGD and peak design flow of 7.23 MGD.

BOD Loadings

The Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment plant is required by its discharge permit to measure influent and effluent BOD levels once per month. The BOD test takes approximately 5 days to conduct and so does not immediately provide feedback with regards to loading or performance of

the plant. Following is a summary of the BOD loading measurements for the 2009 and 2010 cruise ship season:

**Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment Plant BOD Loading Summary
2009-2010 Cruise Ship Season**

Month	Average Daily BOD Loading (pounds)	Peak Daily BOD Loading (pounds)
May 2009	1516	1516
Jun 2009	1187	1187
Jul 2009	1679	1679
Aug 2009	1883	1883
Sep 2009	1990	2
May 2010	1471	1815
Jun 2010	1397	2086
Jul 2010	1632	1632
Aug 2010	2589	2589
Sep 2010	2676	2676

It was previously projected that the peak wastewater BOD loadings from 4 cruise ships could be as high as 16,000 pounds per day. This is nearly 5 times the average daily design capacity of the Juneau Douglas Wastewater Treatment. There are days where the single discharge from cruise ships at South Franklin Street Dock exceeded the average daily design capacity of the plant. From an organic loading standpoint it appears that the Juneau Douglas treatment plant would not be able to handle the additional flow from more than one cruise ship at a time.

Adding additional "full strength" wastewater with high BOD concentrations from the cruise ships to the Juneau Douglas plant will result in the plant being organically overloaded and will most likely result in unsatisfactory effluent quality and violations of the plant's wastewater discharge permit.

After discussing this concern with the cruise line agencies that would be using the Alaska Steamship Dock and the Cruise Ship Terminal it was determined that vessels using those facilities only need to have the ability to discharge treated effluent from their on-board wastewater treatment plants and not untreated wastewater as occurs at the South Franklin Street Dock. Apparently there are times that they need to recertify their on-board wastewater treatment plants and so are unable to discharge from them while in port.

Effluent from their wastewater treatment plants is expected to have BOD concentrations below 30 mg/l as opposed to untreated wastewater from the cruise ships which has had measured BOD concentrations as high as 8,800 mg/l.

If CBJ can be assured that the wastewater discharged from the cruise ships is treated effluent, it can be assumed that the pounds of BOD that would be discharged each event would be about 37 pounds instead of the 4,000 pounds per event previously estimated. If treated wastewater is discharged from the vessels using the new facilities, the Juneau Douglas Treatment Plant has sufficient capacity to treat the existing "full strength" discharges from the South Franklin Street Dock as well as the treated effluent discharges from the Alaska Steamship, Cruise Ship Terminal and AJ docks.

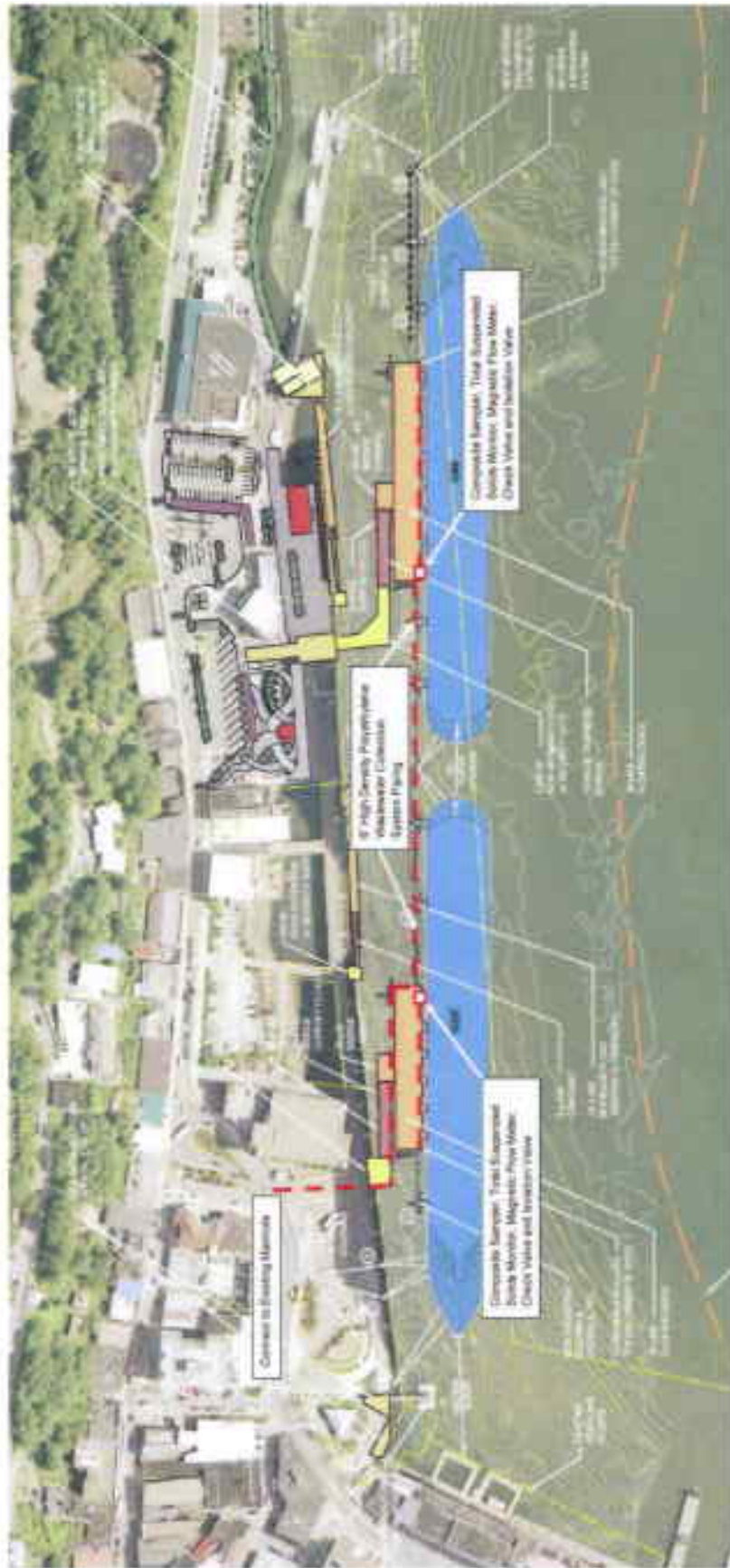
Conceptual Design Recommended Facilities

In order to receive wastewater from the cruise ships at the Alaska Steamship Dock and Cruise Ship Terminal and to monitor and control the discharges, the following facilities need to be provided at each location,

- Piping from the cruise ship floats to the CBJ wastewater collection system
- Magnetic flow meter to measure flow of liquids with high levels of solids
- Composite sampler with the capability to take periodic/representative samples of the discharge in order to determine effluent quality for billing purposes
- Continuous total suspended solids analyzer to measure the concentration of total suspended solids in the discharge. This is an indicator of the quality of the effluent and will be used to immediately determine if there is potential for organically overloading the treatment plant.
- Eccentric plug valve to isolate the connection for each float and to throttle flows in the event flow rates begin to exceed that capacity of the wastewater collection system.
- Check valves to prevent backflow to the cruise ships

The following Site Plan for the Proposed Cruise Ship Wastewater Collection System shows a conceptual layout and location of these facilities.

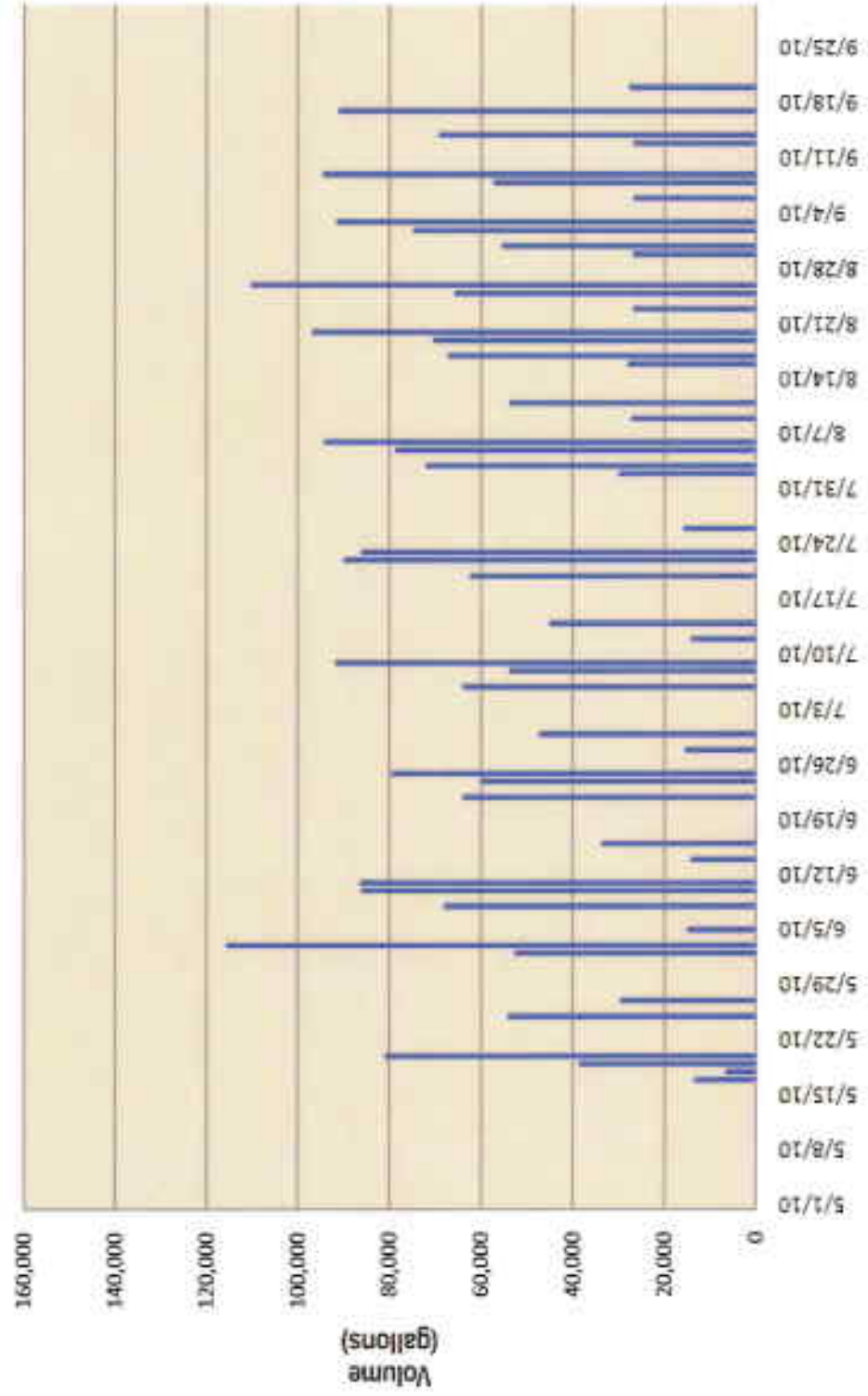
Estimated construction costs of these wastewater collection facilities for the two docks is \$600,000.



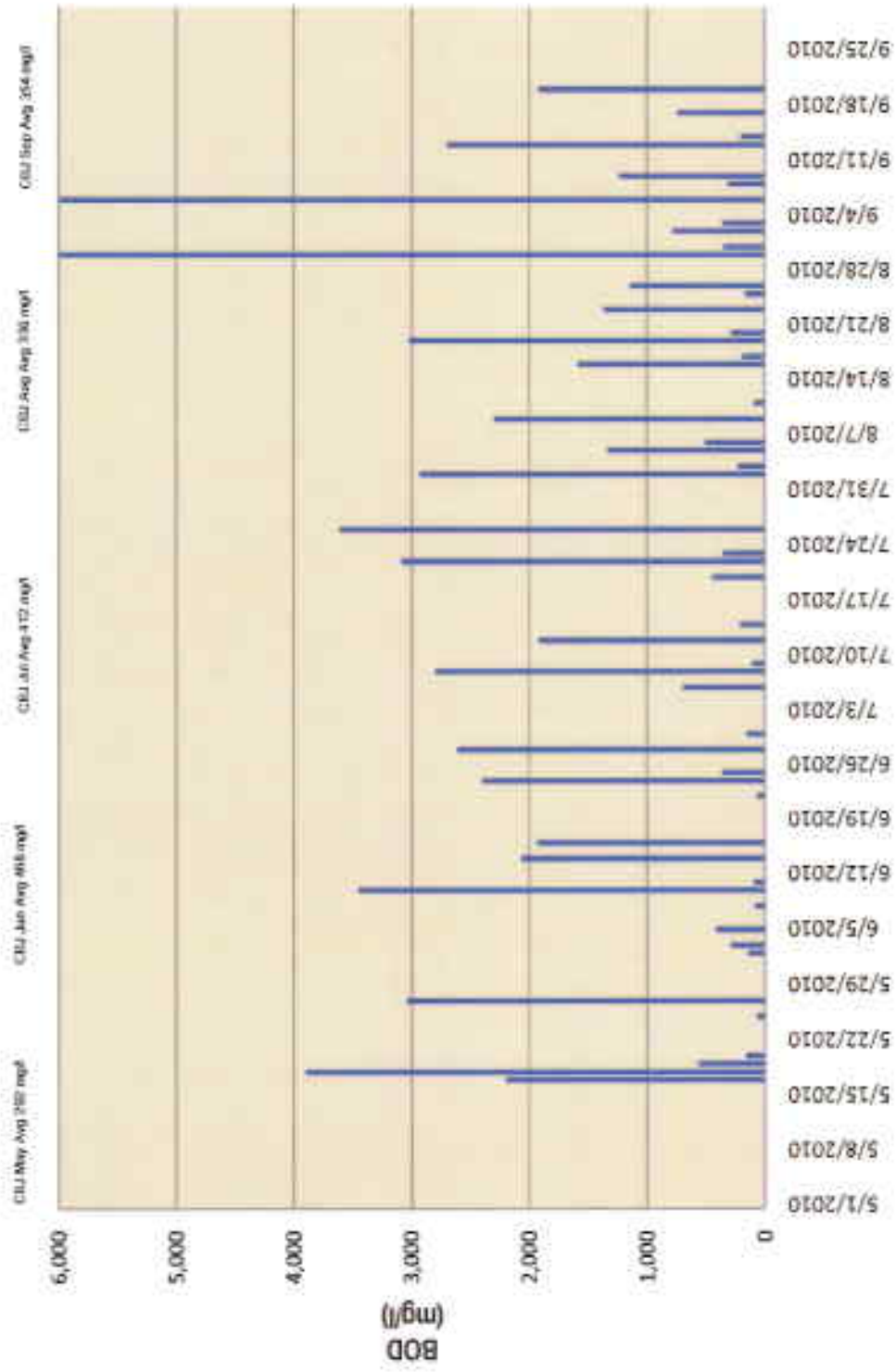
SITE PLAN
PROPOSED CRUISE SHIP WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM

APPENDIX A

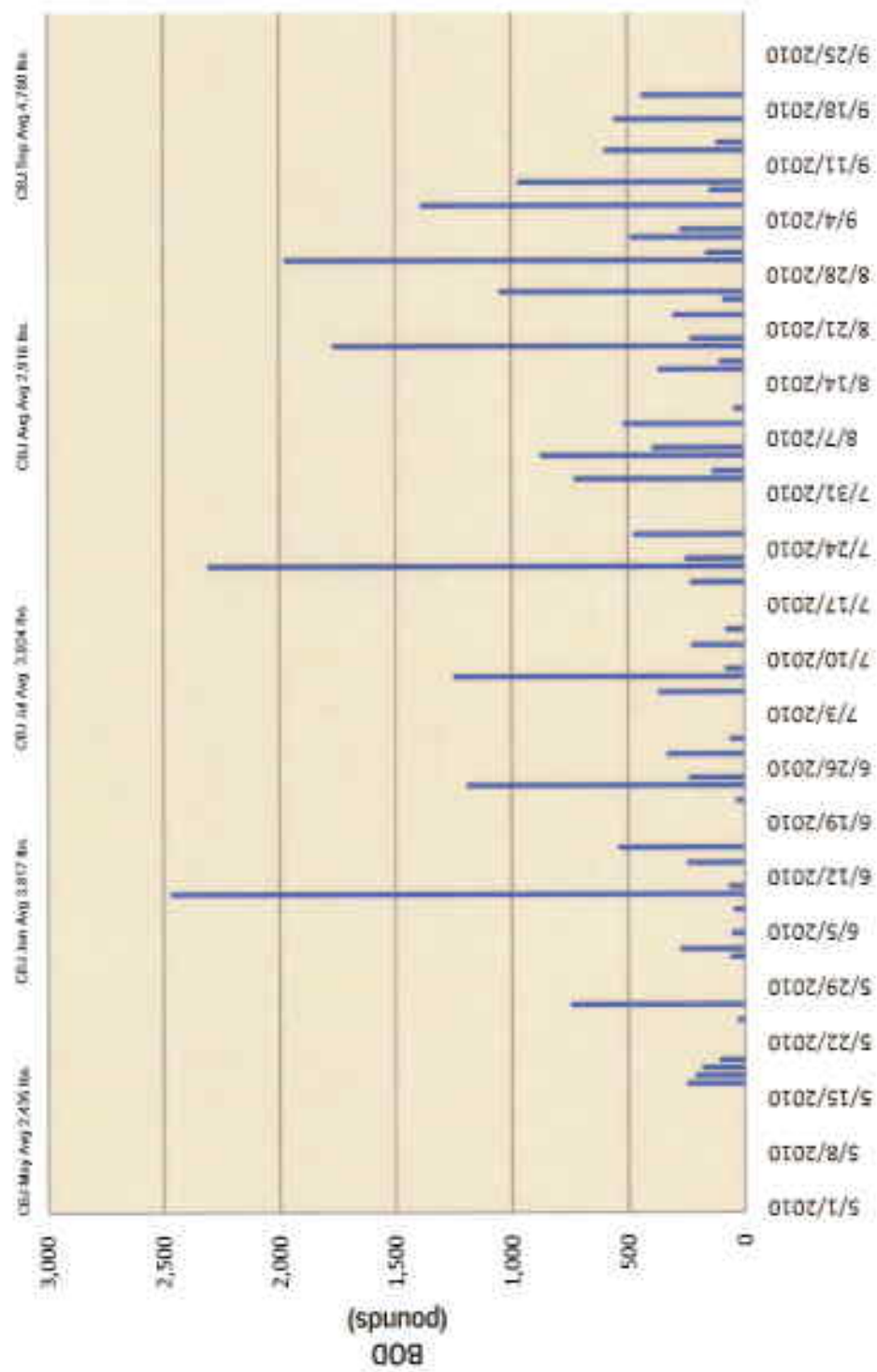
2010 South Franklin Street Dock
Wastewater Discharges
Volume (gallons)



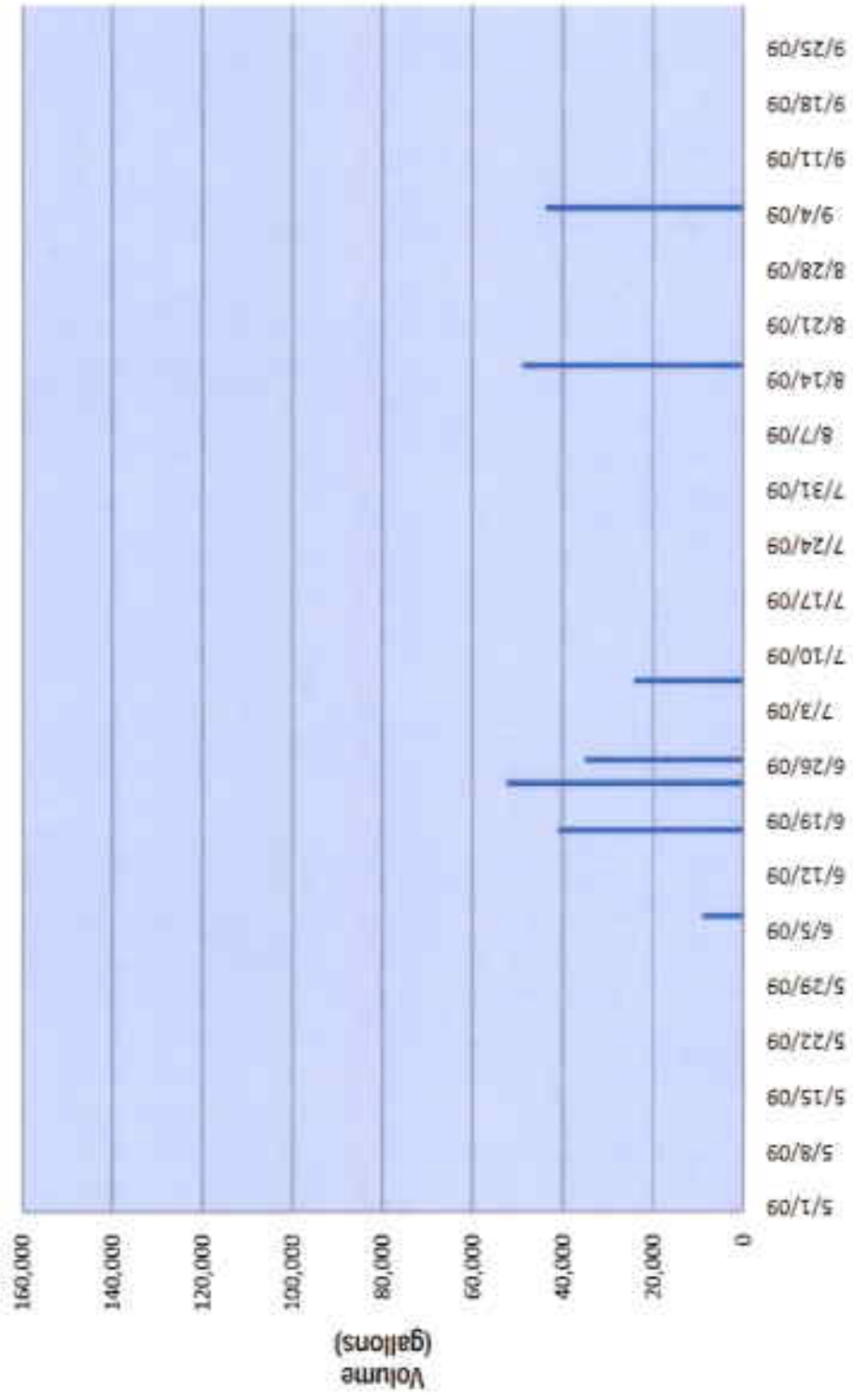
2010 South Franklin Street Dock Wastewater Discharges BOD (mg/l)



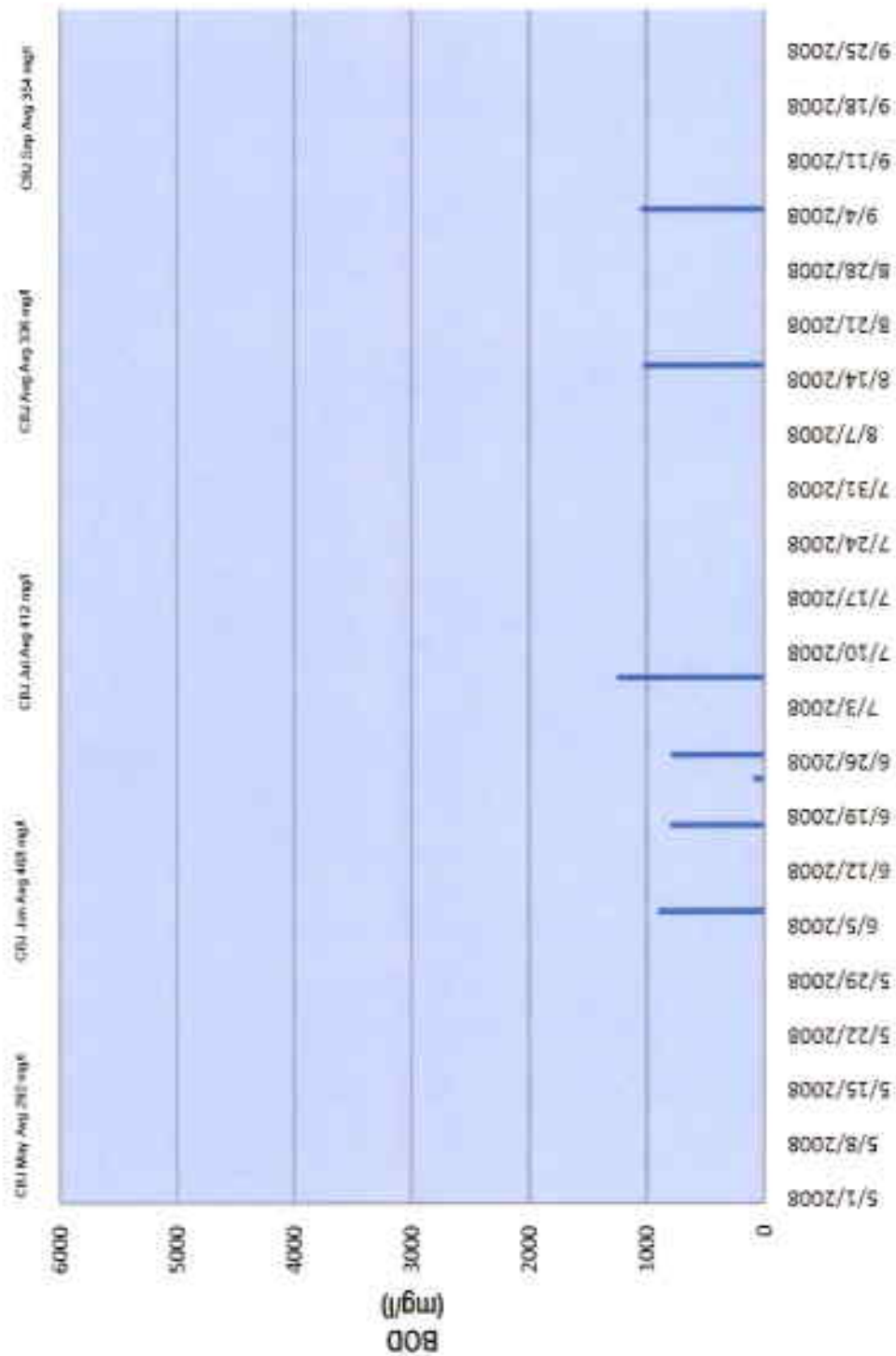
2010 South Franklin Street Dock Wastewater Discharges BOD (pounds)



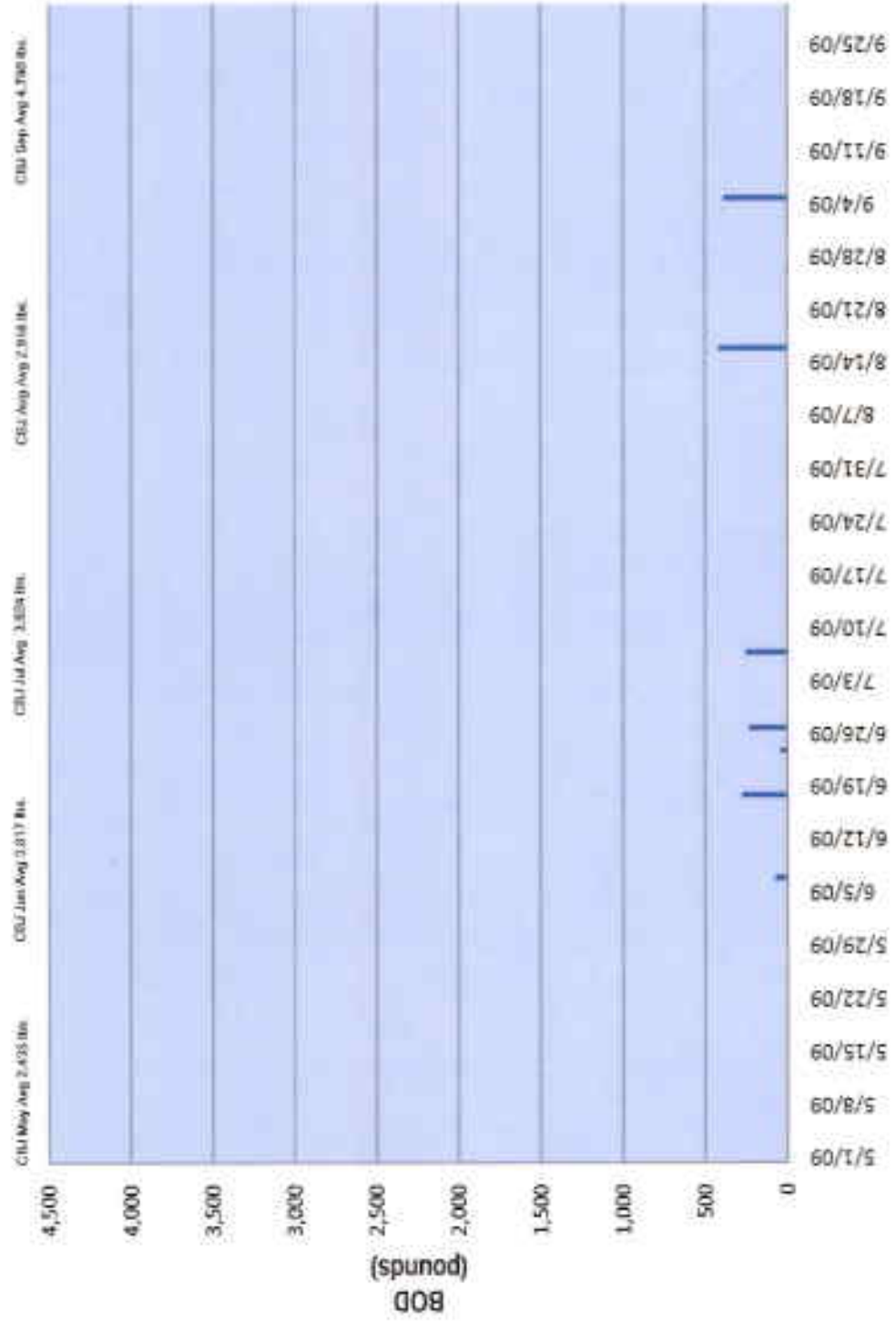
2009 South Franklin Street Dock
Wastewater Discharges
Volume (gallons)



2009 South Franklin Street Dock Wastewater Discharges BOD (mg/l)



2009 South Franklin Street Dock Wastewater Discharges BOD (pounds)



APPENDIX B

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

May 2009

EPA REPORT

DAY	DATE	WEATHER			INFLUENT					EFFLUENT						
		TEMP °F	RAIN INCHES	WIND DIRECTION	PH	SS mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SS mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L	SD mg/L
SUN	3	45	0.32	14.9		126	1231									
MON	4	44	0.06	15.8		250	2272									
TUE	5	47	0.00	16.7		252	2543	187	1518							
WED	6	46	0.36	14.8		220	2088									
THU	7	44	0.21	17.3		151	1233									
FRI	8	45	0.04	17.6		148										
SAT	9	45	0.02	17.7		145										
SUN	10	46	0.00	17.4		168	1400									
MON	11	49	0.00	17.0		336	2292									
TUE	12	47	0.00	16.4		200	1181									
WED	13	47	0.00	15.6		241	1563									
THU	14	46	0.00	14.6		208	1265									
FRI	15	43	0.11	13.6		136	1038									
SAT	16	50	0.05	12.6		1607										
SUN	17	50	0.00	12.5		1655	1432									
MON	18	49	0.00	13.4		1702	1089									
TUE	19	51	0.00	14.4		1574	1110									
WED	20	50	0.00	15.6		1872	1964									
THU	21	50	0.00	16.7		1776	1850									
FRI	22	50	0.00	14.3		1747										
SAT	23	50	0.00	17.7		1747										
SUN	24	54	0.00	18.5		1796	1368									
MON	25	54	0.00	18.0		1837	1539									
TUE	26	50	0.70	19.0		1352	192									
WED	27	46	0.20	18.5		1807	201									
THU	28	50	0.00	17.6		1813	1519									
FRI	29	44	0.76	16.3		1273										
SAT	30	47	0.27	14.8		1750										
TOTAL			3.10			23,945										
MAXIMUM		54	0.76	19.0		336	2272	187	1518	25.0	6.4	4.9	70.0	567	23	186
MINIMUM		43	0.00	12.5		126	919	187	1518	12.2	5.3	2.7	11.4	57	23	186
AVERAGE		48	0.111	16.1		218	1671	187	1518	14.6	6.1	3.6	32.8	246	23	186

% REMOVAL	
BOD	88
SS	85

Copper	
NH3	N/A
NH3	N/A

Weekly	
TSS	mg/L
WEEK1	52
WEEK2	38
WEEK3	28
WEEK4	13
MAX	52

Weekly	
BOD	mg/L
WEEK1	23
WEEK2	23
WEEK3	23
WEEK4	23
MAX	23

Weekly	
Conform	mg/L
WEEK1	1010
WEEK2	57
WEEK3	68
WEEK4	37
MAX	1010

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

June 2009

EPA REPORT

			WEATHER			INFLUENT					EFFLUENT				
DAY	DATE	TEMP °F	RAIN INCHES	WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED MPH	SS LB/DAY	BOD LB/DAY	SS MG/L	BOD MG/L	pH	SS MG/L	BOD MG/L	SS LB/DAY	BOD LB/DAY	ANIONIC LB/DAY
SUN	31	51	0.00	15.0	0.7700	100	1225				12.4	81			
MON	1	56	0.00	15.4	0.7250	235	1421				12.4	75			
TUE	2	58	0.00	15.8	0.7490	682	4260		190	1167	48.8	305	41		
WED	3	50	0.00	16.2	0.7690	232	1400				12.0	82	19.0		
THU	4	52	0.00	16.5	0.7810	226	1472				17.0	111			
FRI	5	63	0.00	13.7	0.7360						18.0	83			
SAT	6	62	0.00	16.7	0.7070										
SUN	7	62	0.00	16.7	0.8100	219	1479				11.6	79			
MON	8	57	0.00	16.7	0.7940	242	1603			17.4	6.5	3.7			
TUE	9	57	0.00	16.5	0.7890	262	1724			16.0	6.2	3.0			
WED	10	60	0.00	16.2	0.7680	224	1472			16.1	6.0	4.3		27.0	
THU	11	60	0.00	15.7	0.7820	225	1406			17.9	6.3	3.3			
FRI	12	51	0.11	15.0	0.8880					16.9	6.2	3.4			
SAT	13	53	0.02	14.1	0.6540										
SUN	14	54	0.01	13.4	0.8930	206	1202								
MON	15	53	0.15	13.7	0.9350	288	2246			17.4	8.0	3.6			
TUE	16	53	0.25	14.1	0.7500	232	1451			17.0	8.1	3.5			
WED	17	52	0.16	14.8	0.8100	291	1966			16.9	5.9	3.4		71.4	
THU	18	53	0.03	15.7	0.7600	226	1432			16.8	6.1	3.0			
FRI	19	52	0.03	16.7	0.7290					19.3	6.2	2.5			
SAT	20	54	0.02	17.7	0.7460										
SUN	21	52	0.06	14.4	0.8400	210	1471								
MON	22	51	0.56	18.5	1.3670	252	2852			16.2	7.0	2.7			
TUE	23	51	0.41	19.1	1.0420	176	1529			15.2	6.3	3.0			
WED	24	60	0.00	19.3	0.9330	170	1323			15.3	6.2	3.0		11.0	
THU	25	51	0.01	18.9	0.8330	256	1778			16.2	7.1	3.6			
FRI	26	51	0.03	17.9	0.8250					16.0	6.2	3.3			
SAT	27	52	0.09	16.6	0.8220										
TOTAL			1.94		22.6130										
MAXIMUM		63	0.56		19.3	1.3570	682	4260	190	1167	48.8	305	7	41	N/A
MINIMUM		51	0.00		13.4	0.6540	170	1302	190	1167	4.7	75	7	41	N/A
AVERAGE		55	0.099		16.1	0.8076	252	1744	190	1167	16.7	135	7	41	N/A

REMOVAL		
BOD	87	
SS	92	

Copper	N/A	ug/L
NH3	N/A	mg/L
NH4	N/A	mg/L

Weekly			Weekly		
TSS BOD	SS	BOD	TSS BOD	SS	BOD
Avg	mg/L	lb/d	Avg	mg/L	lb/d
WEEK1	21	131	7	41	19
WEEK2	15	97			27
WEEK3	19	126			71
WEEK4	22	183			11
MAX	22	183	7	41	71

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

July 2009

Juneau, Alaska

EPA REPORT

Date	Weather				Influent				Effluent			
	Temp °F	Wind mph	Wind Dir	Wind SFC	SS mg/L	BOD ₅ mg/L	pH	Temp °C	pH	SS mg/L	BOD ₅ mg/L	Ammonia Nitrogen mg/L
SUN	28	51	0.21	18.5	178	1523				34.4	308	
MON	29	40	0.42	15.6	218	1604		15.9	8.3	21.0	154	
TUE	30	40	0.28	15.3	0.8040			16.7	8.1	2.2	131	
WED	1	52	0.03	15.2	0.7360	258	1627	16.6	8.2	2.0	101	18.0
THU	2	57	0.00	15.2	0.7360	295	1811	17.1	8.3	3.1	123	
FRI	3	62	0.00	15.4	0.7320			18.8	8.2	2.0		
SAT	4	66	0.00	12.9	0.7340							
SUN	5	67	0.00	15.7	0.8140	240	1638			14.4	98	
MON	6	70	0.00	16.1	0.8060	215	1495	18.5	8.3	3.4	102	
TUE	7	68	0.00	16.3	0.8250	643	4424	18.5	8.3	2.1	12.0	96
WED	8	65	0.00	16.2	0.8870	186	1381	18.1	8.4	2.1	20.4	163
THU	9	64	0.00	16.4	0.6780	237	1725	18.4	8.5	2.0	17.0	129
FRI	10	52	0.00	16.1	0.6750			18.9	8.7	3.2		
SAT	11	61	0.00	15.5	0.7170							
SUN	12	63	0.00	14.8	0.7590	240	1504			10.4	103	
MON	13	68	0.00	14.8	0.7230	268	1616	18.6	8.3	2.0	23.3	140
TUE	14	83	0.00	14.8	0.7470	177	1073	19.3	8.3	3.2	22.4	136
WED	15	67	0.13	14.8	0.7520	168	1054	19.3	8.3	2.0	18.8	98
THU	16	58	0.00	15.0	0.7470	275	1713	18.3	8.3	2.7	10.9	105
FRI	17	56	0.38	15.5	0.8850			18.2	8.3	2.4		
SAT	18	57	0.18	16.3	0.8180							
SUN	19	67	0.36	17.4	1.2710	140	1484			21.4	227	
MON	20	56	0.41	14.5	1.3880	219	2524	17.4	8.3	3.2	20.5	237
TUE	21	54	0.32	16.5	1.1890	486	4645	18.7	8.3	3.0	18.0	179
WED	22	62	0.60	19.2	1.0410	179	2748	16.7	8.5	3.1	18.5	284
THU	23	65	0.47	18.4	1.2000	136	1519	16.6	8.5	2.8	16.8	188
FRI	24	63	0.01	18.1	0.9890			16.9	8.4	2.9		
SAT	25	56	0.00	18.1	0.8900							
SUN	26	69	0.00	17.4	0.8390	176	1232			12.2	88	
MON	27	61	0.02	16.6	0.8870	243	1798	17.8	8.2	3.8	15.2	112
TUE	28	66	0.01	15.7	0.8020	32	214	17.8	8.2	3.8	14.4	96
WED	29	68	0.00	14.8	0.8800	240	1781	18.1	8.0	2.8	12.8	95
THU	30	68	0.00	14.2	0.7660	215	1415	18.1	8.3	2.7	13.6	89
FRI	31	67	0.00	14.0	0.6020			18.1	8.4	2.8		
SAT	1	62	0.00	14.4	0.6780							
TOTAL			3.72		31.2860							
MAXIMUM		70	0.00	18.4	1.8410	143	4645	18.6	8.7	4.4	34.4	308
MINIMUM		49	0.00	12.9	0.6230	32	214	16.7	8.0	2.1	12.0	83
AVERAGE		59	0.132	16.1	0.9195	255	1814	18.2	8.3	3.0	17.9	142

No test. Sample on 6/30/09 because of a bad water line

REMOVAL	
BOD ₅	97
SS	92

Copper	
WEEK1	N/A
WEEK2	N/A
WEEK3	N/A

Weekly	
WEEK1	22
WEEK2	113
WEEK3	117
WEEK4	10
WEEK5	14

REMOVAL	
BOD ₅	97
SS	92

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

August 2009

EPA REPORT

DAY	DATE	WEATHER				INFLUENT					EFFLUENT						
		RAIN INCHES	TEMP °F	HIGH °F	WIND MPH	TOTAL SOLAR RADIATION KWH/HR	SS MG/L	SS LB/DAY	BOD MG/L	BOD LB/DAY	PH	DO MG/L	SS MG/L	SS LB/DAY	PO4 MG/L	PO4 LB/DAY	AMMONIA MG/L
SUN	2	0.00	58	61	10.1	0.0050	242	1309					8.6	51			0.0
MON	3	0.00	62	65	13.4	0.7830	271	1724					9.6	61			0.0
TUE	4	0.00	67	70	15.7	0.8120	176	1005		1883			8.0	50	4.40	20	0.0
WED	5	0.00	62	65	18.2	0.7990	282	1870					11.6	77	26.0		0.0
THU	6	0.00	61	65	18.6	0.8240	272	1868					9.0	52			0.0
FRI	7	0.00	58	60	16.7	0.0360							3.4				0.0
SAT	8	0.00	57	60	16.5	0.0550											0.0
SUN	9	0.22	58	61	18.1	0.8090	238	1709					11.2	80			0.0
MON	10	0.09	56	60	16.1	0.0310	279	2166					12.5	87			0.0
TUE	11	0.05	56	60	16.0	0.7680	240	1677					14.6	97			0.0
WED	12	0.00	58	60	15.6	0.7850	300	1984					15.2	100	45.0		0.0
THU	13	0.00	54	58	15.2	0.6870	326	1879					16.0	103			0.0
FRI	14	0.28	53	56	14.6	0.8140							4.2				0.0
SAT	15	0.24	54	57	15.0	1.1630											0.0
SUN	16	1.40	55	58	15.9	3.5420	88	2800					18.2	538			0.0
MON	17	1.48	55	58	17.1	3.0370	81	2045					10.4	283			0.0
TUE	18	0.01	56	60	15.2	1.4110	260	3000					10.0	118			0.0
WED	19	0.01	56	60	16.0	1.1920	287	2054					11.2	111	17.0		0.0
THU	20	0.07	55	58	19.0	1.4030	222	2588					12.0	140			0.0
FRI	21	0.31	54	57	19.2	1.2400							3.0				0.0
SAT	22	0.56	51	54	18.9	1.0270											0.0
SUN	23	0.40	51	54	18.6	1.7880	248	3721					12.4	188			0.0
MON	24	0.13	51	54	17.9	1.4300	179	2135					4.0	143			0.0
TUE	25	0.55	51	54	16.8	3.3870	162	3180					3.5	140			0.0
WED	26	0.53	51	54	15.4	1.7580	126	1843					11.2	164	44		0.0
THU	27	0.27	51	54	14.2	1.4410	196	2366					8.4	101			0.0
FRI	28	0.14	58	61	13.2	1.4740							3.3				0.0
SAT	29	0.87	55	58	13.1	1.7020											0.0
TOTAL		7.53				37.4170											
P522H24		18.2				3.5420	228	3721		1883			18.2	538	4	20	N/A
P522H24		13.1				0.6870	81	2045		1883			10.4	283	4	30	N/A
AVERAGE		0.27	56	60	16.1	1.3363	223	2179		1883			12.0	141	4	30	N/A

% Solids Material	
B.O.D.	98
S.S.	95

Current	
NH3	N/A
NH3	N/A
NH3	N/A

Weekly	
WEEK1	10
WEEK2	14
WEEK3	12
WEEK4	12

Weekly	
WEEK1	10
WEEK2	14
WEEK3	12
WEEK4	12

Weekly	
WEEK1	10
WEEK2	14
WEEK3	12
WEEK4	12

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

September 2009

EPA REPORT

DAY	DATE	WEATHER				INFLUENT				EFFLUENT					
		TEMP °F	RAIN INCHES	WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED MPH	SS mg/L	BOD mg/L	DO mg/L	PH	SS mg/L	BOD mg/L	DO mg/L	PH	Ammonia as N mg/L	Antibiotic as mg/L
SUN	30	54	0.00		13.7	1,0730	142	1275					7.8	70	
MON	31	54	0.00		14.5	0.9160	215	1646					7.8	58	
TUE	1	53	0.00		13.8	0.9040	224	1688		264	1900		5	30	0.3
WED	2	52	0.00		15.4	0.9290	348	2596					6.8	74	31.0
THU	3	52	0.09		16.1	0.9830	200	1653					4.2	84	
FRI	4	52	0.09		16.5	0.9290							3.3		
SAT	5	60	0.00		16.9	0.9930									
SUN	6	56	0.02		17.2	0.9440	220	1732					10.0	130	
MON	7	53	0.00		17.3	0.8410	368	1866					10.0	112	
TUE	8	53	0.03		17.2	0.8390	243	1688					13.6	94	
WED	9	52	0.30		18.0	1.2400	228	2337					10.0	160	10.0
THU	10	53	0.53		16.1	1.4010	202	2365					13.6	159	
FRI	11	52	0.22		15.2	0.8810							3.7		
SAT	12	47	0.07		14.5	1.9470									
SUN	13	49	0.11		14.5	1.1030	165	1365					5.2	48	
MON	14	48	0.00		15.4	0.8900	238	1747					5.8	41	
TUE	15	49	0.02		16.6	1.0190	223	1695					7.0	54	
WED	16	53	0.25		16.2	1.6710	228	3177					15.8	220	3
THU	17	51	0.27		17.8	1.3190	176	1656					13.2	145	
FRI	18	51	0.32		18.1	1.2440							4.7		
SAT	19	49	0.15		19.2	1.2510									
SUN	20	49	0.54		19.2	1.8530	123	2055					23.2	309	
MON	21	48	0.37		18.9	1.9910	102	1694					17.6	292	
TUE	22	47	0.57		17.9	1.8500	155	2391					18.2	235	
WED	23	49	0.80		16.8	2.4290	180	3240					22.0	445	80
THU	24	48	0.31		16.2	1.7270	134	1600					9.8	138	
FRI	25	49	0.54		13.8	1.8060									
SAT	26	49	0.47		12.7	1.6560									
SUN	27	45	0.04		12.4	1.0010	139	1230					9.8	85	
MON	28	43	0.00		12.9	0.8570	180	1287					4.0	60	
TUE	29	41	0.01		13.8	1.1530	207	1991					4.4	42	
WED	30	43	1.03		14.7	1.9650	126	2085					11.8	190	8
THU	1	48	0.79		16.3	1.2400	151	1992					10.4	108	
FRI	2	42	0.00		16.3	0.9470							4.2		
SAT	3	41	0.00		17.1	0.9040									
TOTAL			7.84			44.6260									
MAXIMUM		60	1.03		19.3	2.4290	348	3240		264	1900	7.3	23.2	445	8
MINIMUM		41	0.00		12.4	0.8290	102	1271		264	1900	2.8	4.4	41	0.31
AVERAGE		51	0.236		16.2	1.3025	201	2028		264	1900	4.0	12.8	151	0.31

% REMOVAL	
B.O.D.	98
S.S.	94

Copper	
mg/L	0.31
mg/L	2.34

Weekly	
Week 1	9
Week 2	15
Week 3	9
Week 4	18
Week 5	9

Weekly	
Week 1	31
Week 2	18
Week 3	3
Week 4	88
Week 5	6

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

JULY 2010

EPA REPORT

		WEATHER				INFLUENT					EFFLUENT				
		TEMP OF AIR	RAIN FALL INCHES	HIGH TIDE FEET	TOTAL EFFLUENT MGD	SS MG/L	S.S. LBS	B.O.D. MG/L	B.O.D. LBS	TEMP °C	pH	B.O.D. MG/L	SS MG/L	S.S. LBS	PERCENT COMPLY
SUN	4	50	0.22	13.9	1.0970					20.4	8.3				
MON	5	51	0.12	14.0	1.2030					18.4	8.8				
TUE	6	50	0.12	14.4	0.9910					17.1	8.7				20
WED	7	60	0.00	15.1	0.9530										
THU	8	65	0.06	16.1	0.9230	248	1900	212	1632	17.4	8.8	5.4	8.0	46	23
FRI	9	61	0.08	13.2	1.2190					10.0	7.1	8.5			
SAT	10	57	0.20	17.1	1.2360										
SUN	11	53	0.52	18.0	1.4480										
MON	12	53	0.04	18.7	1.0660										
TUE	13	53	0.14	19.0	1.2570					16.9	8.7	5.9			
WED	14	51	0.28	18.6	1.4060					17.4	8.8	6.4			
THU	15	50	0.19	17.8	1.0580					18.8	8.7	5.4			81
FRI	16	52	0.08	17.3	0.9670					17.6	8.7	6.5			
SAT	17	56	0.01	16.5	0.7390										
SUN	18	56	0.00	16.2	0.7730					17.3	8.4	6.2			
MON	19	57	0.00	15.8	0.8980					18.2	8.4	6.4			
TUE	20	57	0.00	15.3	0.9960					18.4	8.8	6.4			11
WED	21	54	0.17	15.4	0.5570					18.0	8.5	6.4			
THU	22	54	0.18	15.8	1.3040					17.9	8.8	5.5			
FRI	23	52	0.05	13.8	1.8610										
SAT	24	51	0.04	10.2	0.9810										
SUN	25	53	0.01	16.6	0.9810					17.9	8.7	6.0			
MON	26	56	0.00	18.8	0.8660					18.3	8.7	6.7			
TUE	27	58	0.00	18.7	0.8870					18.4	8.5	6.3			16
WED	28	61	0.00	16.5	0.8440					18.5	8.5	6.1			
THU	29	56	0.00	16.0	0.6170										
FRI	30	58	0.02	15.4	0.8360					18.9	8.8	6.4			
SAT	31	56	0.32	15.2	0.9540										
TOTAL			3.45		27.2340										
MAXIMUM		53	0.95	19.0	1.8610	248	1809	212	1632	20.4	7.1	8.5	8.0	46	81
MINIMUM		50	0.00	13.2	0.7390	240	1000	212	1632	16.8	8.3	5.1	6.0	40	0
AVERAGE		55	0.134	16.3	1.0475	248	1000	212	1632	18.0	8.7	6.1	6.0	40	23

% REMOVAL		
B.O.D.	88	
SS	88	

Copper		N/A	mg/L
NH3	N/A	N/A	mg/L
NH3	N/A	N/A	lbs

Weekly TSS (lbs)		BOD		Weekly Culture	
WEEK1	0	40	3	23	20
WEEK2					51
WEEK3					8
WEEK4					16

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

August 2010

EPA REPORT

Days	Date	Weather				Influent				Effluent					
		Temp °F	Precip inches	High Tide Feet	Low Tide Feet	SS mg/L	BOD mg/L	DO mg/L	Temp °C	SS mg/L	DO mg/L	SS mg/L	BOD mg/L	DO mg/L	Ammonia as N mg/L
SUN	1	58	0.00	14.0	0.8170				18.5	6.5	8.2				0.0
MON	2	61	0.00	14.5	0.8050				17.2	6.2	2.0				0.0
TUE	3	64	0.00	14.2	0.8030				18.8	6.8	9.3				0.0
WED	4	63	0.00	14.2	0.7800				19.7	6.8	5.0	7.0	102	42.0	0.0
THU	5	64	0.05	14.7	1.2220	292	2976	254	19.4	6.0	4.8				0.0
FRI	6	58	0.56	15.8	1.0710										0.0
SAT	7	54	0.11	17.1	0.8140										0.0
SUN	8	54	0.23	15.0	1.3520										0.0
MON	9	55	0.06	19.2	1.0330				18.9	6.7	6.3				0.0
TUE	10	55	0.19	19.0	1.2380				17.7	6.7	5.5				0.0
WED	11	56	0.04	19.3	1.1640				19.1	6.5	9.6				0.0
THU	12	59	0.00	19.0	0.9480				17.2	6.5	5.4				0.0
FRI	13	59	0.00	18.8	0.8840				17.6	6.7	5.3				0.0
SAT	14	62	0.00	18.2	0.8530										0.0
SUN	15	62	0.00	17.1	0.8560										0.0
MON	16	63	0.00	15.9	0.7870				19.2	6.5	5.2				0.0
TUE	17	60	0.60	14.8	1.2400				10.7	6.0	5.2				0.0
WED	18	53	0.47	14.2	1.2420				10.3	6.7	5.6				0.0
THU	19	52	0.19	14.4	1.1120				17.6	6.6	8.0				0.0
FRI	20	53	0.14	14.9	0.9580				17.8	6.8	5.8				0.0
SAT	21	55	0.04	13.8	0.8040										0.0
SUN	22	53	0.13	15.6	1.1090										0.0
MON	23	52	0.34	16.1	1.3310				17.6	6.9	5.8				0.0
TUE	24	53	0.30	16.5	1.1710				17.2	6.7	5.1				0.0
WED	25	54	0.00	16.6	1.0180				18.8	6.5	8.1				0.0
THU	26	54	0.01	16.5	1.0670				17.9	6.7	5.3				0.0
FRI	27	54	0.01	16.5	0.7520				18.1	7.0	4.6				0.0
SAT	28	51	0.01	16.3	0.7150										0.0
TOTAL			3.66		27.9010										
MAXIMUM		64	0.60	19.3	1.3310	292	2976	254	19.8	7.0	8.3	7.0	102	102	N/A
MINIMUM		51	0.00	13.8	0.7150	292	2976	254	16.9	6.2	2.0	7.0	102	102	N/A
AVERAGE		57	0.127	16.1	0.9888	292	2976	254	18.3	6.7	5.2	7.0	102	102	N/A

% REMOVAL		
BOD	98	98
SS	98	98

Copper		
ppm	N/A	ppm
ppm	N/A	ppm
ppm	N/A	ppm

Weekly		
SS	mg/L	mg/L
DO	mg/L	mg/L
Temp	°C	°C
Ammonia	as N mg/L	as N mg/L
WEEK1	7	71
WEEK2		10
WEEK3		102
WEEK4		32

JUNEAU-DOUGLAS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Juneau, Alaska

September 2010

EPA REPORT

DAY	DATE	WEATHER				INFLUENT					EFFLUENT						
		TEMP °F	RAIN INCHES	WIND MPH	WIND DIR	SS mg/L	SS mg/L	B.O.D. mg/L	B.O.D. mg/L	PH	P.H.	P.H.	P.H.	P.H.	P.H.	P.H.	P.H.
SUN	29	51	0.01	14.8	0.7100												
MON	30	54	0.01	13.5	0.7890												
TUE	31	54	0.01	12.4	0.9040												
WED	1	54	0.38	14.2	1.3000												
THU	2	51	0.69	13.9	1.6140	284	3918	194	2678								
FRI	3	53	0.09	14.3	0.9200												
SAT	4	53	0.01	15.5	0.8710												
SUN	5	50	0.74	16.8	1.4780												
MON	6	54	0.00	16.0	1.1640												
TUE	7	55	0.00	17.6	1.1800												
WED	8	54	0.04	18.9	1.0000												
THU	9	52	0.65	19.7	1.4560												
FRI	10	53	0.11	19.8	0.9400												
SAT	11	53	0.00	19.4	0.8980												
SUN	12	56	0.00	16.4	0.8000												
MON	13	53	0.00	17.0	0.8240												
TUE	14	53	0.00	15.4	0.7830												
WED	15	55	0.00	14.0	0.7250												
THU	16	53	0.00	13.3	0.7340												
FRI	17	51	0.00	13.5	0.6670												
SAT	18	56	0.00	14.1	0.6810												
SUN	19	57	0.00	14.9	0.7100												
MON	20	51	0.00	15.0	0.7270												
TUE	21	44	0.00	15.8	0.8708												
WED	22	46	0.00	16.4	0.7550												
THU	23	47	0.15	18.9	0.6800												
FRI	24	48	0.67	17.2	1.4320												
SAT	25	50	0.78	17.2	1.8410												
TOTAL			4.54		27.2290												
MAXIMUM		57	0.78	19.8	1.8540	284	3918	194	2678	19.2	7.0	6.4	10.0	13.8	8	113	310
MINIMUM		44	0.00	12.4	0.6810	284	3918	194	2678	16.0	6.3	4.8	10.0	13.8	8	113	7
AVERAGE		52	0.140	15.9	0.9728	284	3918	194	2678	17.3	6.7	5.8	10.0	13.8	8	113	46

% REMOVAL		
B.O.D.	MI	
SS	PH	

Corrosion		
NO	NO	NO
NO	NO	NO
NO	NO	NO

Weekly		
YES	NO	NO
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3

Weekly		
YES	NO	NO
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3

Weekly		
YES	NO	NO
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3
WEEK1	WEEK2	WEEK3

Juneau Cruise Ship Docks Electrical Systems

Conceptual Design

February 2011

Shore Power:

Existing Shore Power Facility, South Franklin Dock (Princess Cruises): The existing shore power facility at the South Franklin Dock was placed in operation in 2001 for Princess Cruises. The facility is configured with a substation on the mountainside above the dock, adjacent to the two 69 KV transmission lines routed from the Thane Substation to distribution substations in downtown Juneau. A transformer at this substation provides either 11.2 KV or 6.6 KV power to the shore power stations dependent on the vessel requirements. The power is transmitted through underground cables to a switch at the dock where the cables become large, flexible mining type cables laid in cable trays up and onto the festooning system where the cables are suspended to the ship. The system is capable of supporting a 16.25 MVA¹ load.

The energy consumption for each ship visit has been recorded since the beginning of operations on 10 July 2001. The energy consumed varies from year-to-year dependent primarily on the amount of energy available from AEL&P. AEL&P provides this energy to Princess Cruises on a "non-firm" rate². The energy consumed is graphically illustrated over the past ten year period – see Attachment A. The average consumption over the past nine years³ was 4,107 MWh⁴, while last year (2010) 4,266 MWh was consumed.

Last year, AEL&P began recording the load demand at the South Franklin Dock. Six different vessels visited Juneau and demanded peak loads varying from 7.24 MW (Sea Princess) to 10.6 MW (Diamond Princess). Most of the loads were between 8 and 10 MW – see Attachment B.

The vessels' connection to shore power requires cooperative coordination between the AEL&P staff and the vessel crew. This involves synchronizing the generators on the ships to the utility frequency and voltage before closing the switch allowing connection, and then removing operation of the vessel's generators. Vessel departure involves a reverse procedure. The connection of the vessel is monitored with protective relays and interlocks which open the vessel's connection with any problematic conditions.

¹ MVA = Mega Volt-Amperes, a measure of apparent power.

² AEL&P utilizes this rate structure allowing them to provide excess energy to specific customers when it is available. These customers utilize this energy in lieu of producing electricity with their own generators. With this rate structure, AEL&P is not required to maintain additional standby generators supporting "firm" capacity as stipulated by the regulatory commission.

³ The first year (2001) was not a full year, thus the consumption for that year was not included in the average.

⁴ MWh = Mega Watt hours, a measure of real energy.



Figure 1 - South Franklin Dock Shore Power

Future Shore Power Facilities, Downtown Docks: AEL&P officials state that they currently lack capacity to support additional "non-firm" shore power facilities. When the second phase of the Dorothy Lake facility is constructed, their capacity will be improved with likely allowance for additional shore power facilities.

When implemented, the shore power facilities should be constructed at both docks. As illustrated in the site drawings, the ships will be moored stern-to-stern. From recent meetings with the cruise ship agencies, it was learned that the vessels are configured with their shore tie connections near their sterns, on one side or the other, but not on both sides.

The new shore tie facilities will involve the construction of a new substation on the mountainside, south of Gastineau Avenue. Again, this substation will be close to the 69KV transmission lines, located on land owned by an AEL&P sister company. It is probable that it will utilize two transformers, allowing selection of either 6.6KV or 11.2KV power to the each dock. The feeders from the substation will be parallel to the shoreline where they will separate direction to the individual docks.

The feeders from the dock will traverse down the transfer bridges to the floating docks. The cables will pass within the docks to the ends to the most strategic location for connecting to the vessels. The cables will terminate on a festooning type of structure allowing the cables with connectors to be suspended and swung out to the vessel.

The feeders on shore will utilize single conductors with 15KV rated insulation. These conductors typically utilize large strands with little flexibility. Before crossing from the stationary dock to the floating docks, the conductors will probably have to change to a finely-stranded type with much greater flexibility. And these cables will probably be a mine type cable encompassing the conductors for all three phases. The transition from one conductor type to the other will occur at a control switch or a pedestal type junction. This detail will be better studied during design.



Figure 2 - Shore Tie Connectors

When energy becomes available, the first phase of the facility to be constructed may be adequate to just power one shore tie. In this case, the system will be configured with a single transformer at the substation and a single feeder⁵ to a switch at the shore. The switch will be configured to select the dock to be powered as well as provide synchronizing control.



Figure 3 - Shore tie Cable Festoon

When it is determined that an adequate supply of energy is available to serve to shore ties simultaneously, the second transformer will be installed in the substation with a second feeder similar to the first installed to the switch at the shore. The switch bank will be reconfigured such that each switch individually controls synchronization to the associated dock. The cables from the switches to the festoons and connectors on the floating docks will remain the same.

With the understanding that excess energy is unavailable for the shore power facilities at this time, it is prudent to only install the required raceways, manholes, and vaults. The raceways constructed in duct banks will be installed from the hillside above South Franklin Street down to the shore line, first crossing beneath the street and then transitioning beneath the new

⁵ Four sets of conduits with three conductors.

parking area to the new portion of dock where the old ferry transfer bridge was once located. One or two manholes will be located on the shore side of South Franklin Street to provide access to install new cables. The duct bank will terminate in a vault at the shore with ten ducts stubbed through the retaining wall at the shore. There will be ten, 6 inch diameter raceways in the duct bank for the entire route.

Installing the infrastructure at this time will minimize future disturbances to the new uplands area. Along with the installation of an infrastructure on shore, some raceways, or support structures for raceways will be installed on the transfer bridges and within the floating docks.

Attachment C illustrates the layout of the shore power system. It defines the portion to be installed initially, and the portion, or portions, to be installed in the future.

Facility Power:

A power distribution system will be installed for both floating docks to support lighting, capstans, pumps, small vessel shore tie equipment, and miscellaneous equipment. The system will be powered at 480 volts, wye connected three phase.

The system will involve the installation of a feeder from shore to each floating dock. The feeders will terminate in distribution panels constructed for a marine environment with stainless steel enclosures and hardware. Step-down transformers will provide reduced voltage power (208Y/120 volt, three phase) to a second panel for small loads and maintenance receptacles.

The feeder to the dock will be a mining type cable (Type W). The circuits on the floating dock will be single conductors installed in Hot-Dipped Galvanized Steel Conduit. Connections to vibrating or shifting equipment will be flexible cable, either Type W or a type of SO.

All boxes will be cast metal suitable for a marine environment. Cabinets will be stainless steel with drip shields, gaskets, and stainless steel hardware. All support structures and materials will be stainless steel or Hot-Dipped Galvanized Steel.

The system will be metered a single point on shore with separate circuit protection for the feeder to each floating dock.

Grounding:

A grounding system will be installed to support both the medium voltage shore power facilities and the low voltage distribution system. It will incorporate bare copper conductors installed in the duct banks, ground rod type electrodes in the manholes and vaults, and insulated conductors beneath the stationary docks.

Grounding conductors will be incorporated into the feeders from the shore meter/load center to the distribution panels on the floating docks. Ground bars will be incorporated into the distribution panels with bonding to the floating docks and equipment. Additionally, sea water ground rod electrodes will be installed and bonded to the same distribution panel ground buses.

The grounding system on the floating docks will be constructed to allow integration to the medium voltage ground grid component of the shore power facility in the future.

Lighting:

Luminaires will be installed to illuminate the transfer bridges, gangways, catwalks, dolphins, and the floating docks. The luminaires will all utilize LED type lamps with night-time and motion sensing control. The lighting will only operate during night-time hours. The motion sensors will control the illumination levels from a partial output to full output when human activity is recognized within their sensing area. All luminaires will be manufactured with glare control features.

The luminaires on the transfer bridge will be small fixtures mounted beneath canopies where provided, to protect pedestrians. The illumination of the vehicle lane will be small fixtures mounted to the rails.

The luminaires on the floating dock will be area lights mounted to posts 15 to 20 feet in height, mounted along the shore side of the dock.

The luminaires on the catwalks and dolphins will be small fixtures mounted to the rails, not obstructing movement or line handling.

Navigational lighting will be installed as required.



Surveillance Cameras:

Surveillance cameras will be installed to observe problematic activities on the floating docks, catwalks and dolphins, and on the transfer bridges. The cameras will utilize Ethernet technology with wireless communications to a central DVR⁶ and monitor.

The cameras will be small and relatively inconspicuous with fixed lenses. Some cameras will also have infrared capability for night time observations. The cameras will be mounted to poles supporting area luminaires.

The DVR may be installed in the Downtown Library with connection to the CBJ network. The DVR may be programmed to collect images at designated intervals from specific cameras, or in video streams during specific times as initiated by camera motion sensing. The DVR will include storage capacity for a minimum of 30 days of images and video. It will have the capability of automatically erasing images and video stored for more than 30 days.

⁶ DVR = Digital Video Recorder

Applicable Codes:

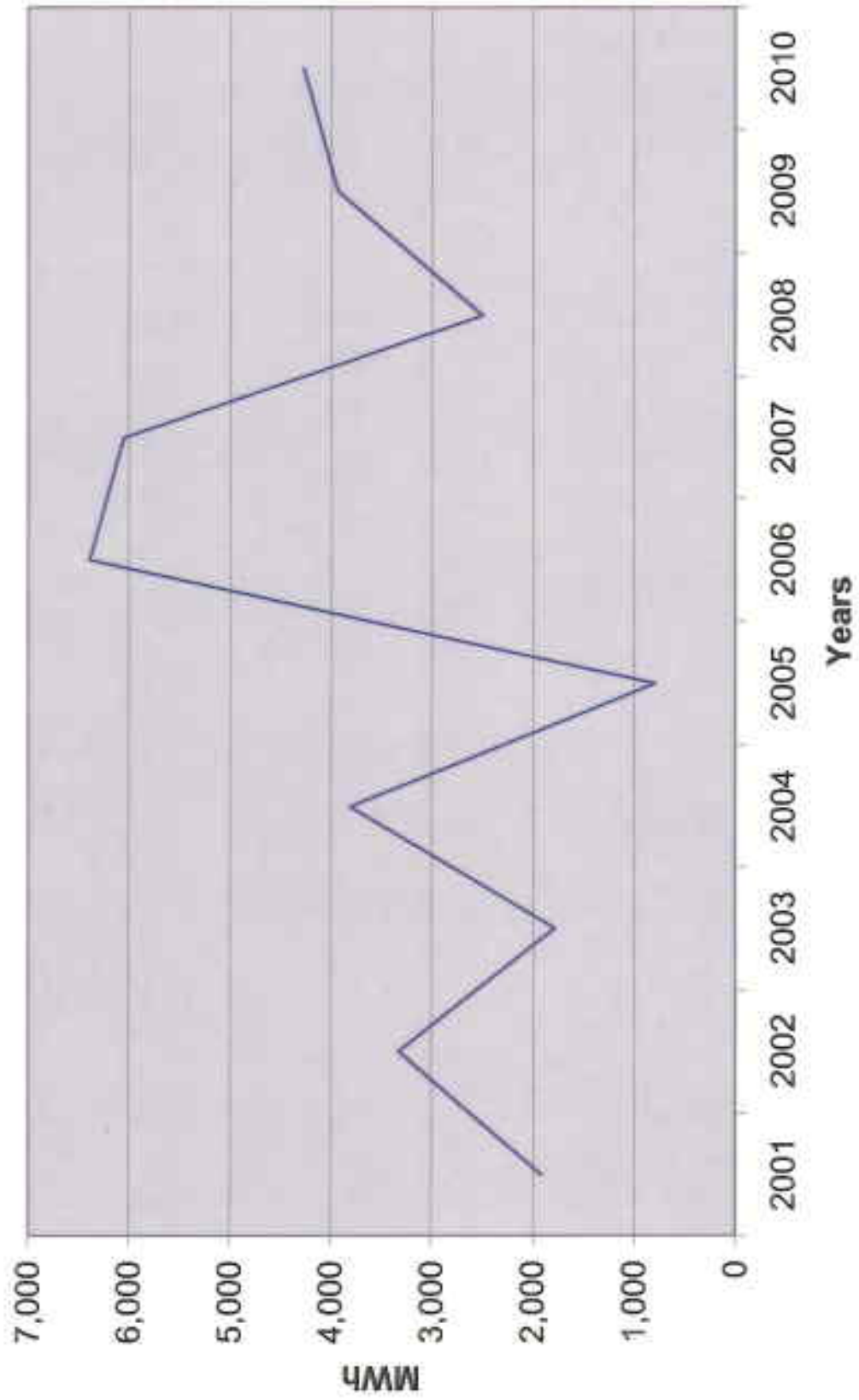
Shore Power Facilities – National Electrical Safety Code and National Electrical Code

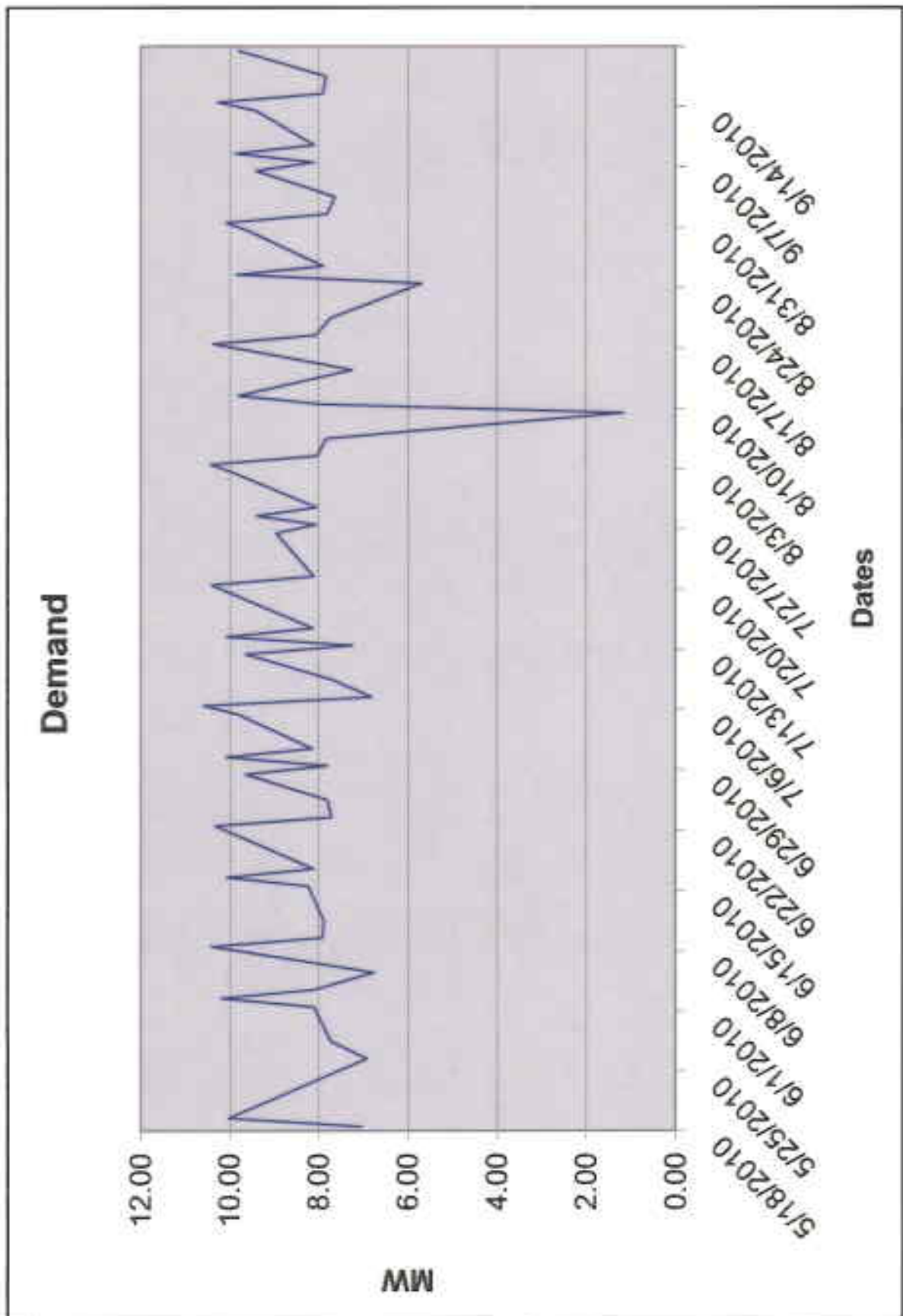
Low Voltage Distribution Facilities – National Electrical Code

Lighting – Illuminating Engineers Society of North America



Energy Consumption









ENGINEERS, INC.

December 14, 2010

PND 102050.01

John Stone, P.E.
Port Director
CBJ Docks & Harbors Department
155 South Seward Street
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Subject: Downtown Cruise Ship Docks
Pontoon Barge Alternative Analysis

Dear Mr. Stone:

The following alternative analysis is intended to assist CBJ with making an informed decision on whether to utilize concrete pontoon barges or steel pontoon barges for the proposed Downtown Cruise Ship Docks project. The goal is to provide adequate information with which to evaluate important design and operational elements as well as assess key financial considerations including initial costs and long term maintenance costs.

To accomplish this, PND has researched and utilized our past experience with the design, fabrication and construction of floating dock facilities that employ each type of pontoon barge under consideration. Examples of PND designed cruise ship facilities that have floating concrete pontoon barges include the Whittier Tour Ship Facility and the Nanaimo, BC, Cruise Ship Facility. Other floating concrete dock projects that PND designed, or has extensive knowledge of, include the Serva Veoc Facility and the City of Valdez Container Terminal, both in Valdez, Alaska. Examples of PND designed cruise ship facilities that have floating steel pontoon barges include the Jacobsen Drive Dock in Juneau, and Ketchikan's Berth III and Berth IV Facilities. In addition, as part of this analysis, PND has researched and incorporated information obtained from conversations with the Ketchikan Shipyard for dry dock maintenance work anticipated for the steel pontoon barge alternative. Both alternatives were evaluated for a 50-year life.

Steel Pontoon Barge

Steel pontoon barges have many positive attributes that make them attractive as a viable alternative with the main disadvantage being the regular maintenance required to keep them in good condition.

There are a number of qualified steel fabricators in the Northwest with the experience and competence required for such a project. Different bollard, cleat, access hatch, and railing configurations for the pontoon barge are all easily installed initially and subsequently repaired or modified by welding. Also, PND has worked successfully on several projects in the past with Columbia-Sentinel Engineers, a naval architect and marine engineering firm with a vast amount of experience in the design of steel barges capable of resisting the magnitude of lateral loads associated with the berthing of cruise ships.

In general, a steel pontoon barge provides a lower risk of severe damage than a concrete pontoon barge. Should an extreme event occur, such as a vessel impact, the ductile nature of steel material enables it to

absorb energy by local crushing. If damage is below waterline, the use of multiple internal chambers will prevent the pontoon barge from sinking. Depending on the extent of damage, temporary repairs could be made on-site, with the pontoon barge remaining in place, and the facility could be returned to service in a relatively short period of time. Permanent repairs could then be made during a future dry dock maintenance interval. Cruise Ships would need to be anchored out during this period, and lightering boats utilized until the facility is returned to service. The current design concepts include a mooring float behind the South Berth that could accommodate the lightering boats.

Similarly, after fabrication is complete, the risk associated with transporting a steel pontoon barge from Seattle to Juneau is less due to the inherent ability of a steel structure to absorb and withstand potential storm wave activity that may be encountered during transport. The Whittier Tour Ship Facility has one steel pontoon barge and one concrete pontoon barge because one of the originally designed concrete pontoon barges did not survive the winter season transport across the Gulf of Alaska. The pontoon barge sustained heavy damage, broke up and eventually sank. In addition, the transport costs would be less for a steel pontoon barge because the overall mass would be less than a concrete pontoon barge. A steel pontoon barge would likely draft about 3 ft and consequently be easier to tow and take less time to transport.

The key to longevity of a steel pontoon barge is the quality and maintenance of the coating system. Steel structures provide years of service as long as the protective coatings remain in good condition. This however, presents the main drawback of a steel pontoon barge alternative. It is anticipated that a steel pontoon barge would need to go into dry dock at a regular interval of every five years and periodic topside and interior inspections by qualified structural and corrosion engineers would be necessary. During dry dock, the bottom of the pontoon barge would be cleaned of marine growth, inspected, blasted, solvent washed and new bottom paint applied. Other top side coatings would be inspected and repaired as necessary, including deck coatings. All anodes would be replaced with new materials. It is also anticipated that every ten years coatings internal to the pontoon barge may need to be repaired.

As part of the dry dock operation, the pontoon barges would need to be removed and towed to a shipyard. This would involve temporarily supporting the access bridge to the pontoon barge, disassembly of all utilities, and disconnecting the pile hoops that connect the pontoon barge to the mooring pile frames. Following dry dock activities, the process would be reversed.

There will be general wear-and-tear, but overall, if the maintenance schedule discussed above is followed, the steel pontoon barges will provide a minimum service life of 50 years. At the end of that time, if the CBJ elects to replace them, they will likely have a significant salvage value.

Based upon bids received for a similar, recent project in Nanaimo, BC, the initial fabrication cost for a steel pontoon barge would be approximately \$4,000,000. A 50 year life cycle cost analysis indicates that the average annual maintenance costs for a steel pontoon barge would be approximately \$100,000/year. The total Present Value of anticipated maintenance costs over the 50 year service life is approximately \$2,000,000. See attached Life Cycle Cost Assessment for detail.

Concrete Pontoon Barge

While initial costs for fabrication are higher, concrete pontoon barges excel in the area of reduced maintenance costs. When designed properly, with minimizing maintenance as a primary goal, a concrete pontoon barge can be expected to have a minimum service life of 50 years, similar to the steel pontoon barge, but with significantly less costs associated with maintenance.

Collectively, the Northwest and Canada have a small number of qualified, experienced and competent concrete fabricators that have both the professional staff and graving yard facilities necessary for constructing pontoon barges of the size proposed for this project.

As already mentioned, special attention needs to be given during the design phase to incorporate materials and details into the fabrication process that will ensure minimal maintenance over the service life of the pontoon barge. While these add to the initial capital costs, the savings in life cycle maintenance costs validates this approach.

A major consideration in the evaluation of a concrete pontoon barge alternative is whether or not to allow fabrication of the pontoon barge in one piece or two pieces, with a splice connection. Only one fabricator has the facilities to construct a 50'x350' pontoon barge in one piece, without splices. Again, the initial cost of this option would likely be higher, but the long term maintenance costs would be reduced. If it is determined that a spliced connection would be allowed, PND recommends the pontoon barge be dry docked and all connection hardware be replaced at the 25 year point. This operation is estimated to cost approximately \$750,000 to \$1 million.

A concrete pontoon barge would generally have a higher risk of being severely damaged as the result of an extreme event such as an impact from a vessel or other significantly large, floating objects. Although concrete is both durable and strong, it is also brittle by nature. The ability to absorb significant amounts of energy does not exist with concrete. If damage is minor, and depending on the location of the damage, field repairs can be made; however, if damage is significant enough, the pontoon barge may need to be replaced and could be potentially lost for the season. Like the steel pontoon barge alternative, the concrete pontoon barge would incorporate the use of multiple internal chambers to prevent it from sinking if damage occurs below waterline. Again, cruise ships would need to be anchored out during this period, and lightering boats utilized until the facility is returned to service.

As indicated earlier, the risk associated with transporting a concrete pontoon barge from Seattle to Juneau is higher, as would be the cost of towing. A concrete pontoon barge would be substantially heavier than a steel pontoon barge, and would likely draft about 8-10 ft. The time required to tow a concrete pontoon barge would likely be an additional 2 to 3 days. The potential for damage due to weather could be reduced by means of scheduling the transport operation during a favorable time of the year. In addition, the likelihood of severe weather is less within the Inside Passage.

While routine maintenance for a concrete pontoon barge is significantly less than a steel pontoon barge, concrete pontoon barges would not be maintenance-free. It is anticipated that the concrete pontoon barges will have a nominal annual maintenance cost, as well as require periodic topside and interior inspections by qualified structural and corrosion engineers. Dive inspections every 5 years, performed in conjunction with a qualified structural engineer, are anticipated to be necessary to ensure damage does not exist below waterline. Based on similar floating concrete structures, hair line cracks may develop in the concrete as it ages. These cracks may require epoxy-injection treatment to maintain the condition of the pontoon barge.

Unlike steel pontoon barges, it is not anticipated that concrete pontoon barges would need to be dry docked for routine maintenance (assuming one piece pontoon). This results in another significant reduction in life cycle costs, as all costs associated with removing, towing, and replacing the pontoons are eliminated, not to mention the reduced risk of some unforeseen damage occurring during such operations.

It is anticipated that the salvage value of concrete pontoon barges at the end of their 50 year service life will be minimal.

Based upon bids received for a similar, recent project in Nanaimo, BC, the initial fabrication cost for a concrete pontoon barge would be approximately \$5,000,000. A 50 year life cycle cost analysis indicates that the average annual maintenance costs for a concrete pontoon barge would be approximately \$15,000/year. The total Net Present Value of anticipated maintenance costs over the 50 year service life is approximately \$300,000. See attached Life Cycle Cost Assessment for detail.

Conclusion

Summary of Evaluation Criteria

- A. Initial Fabrication Cost
 - 1. Qualified, available fabricators in Northwest w/ necessary facilities
 - 2. Concrete – One piece or two pieces spliced together
- B. Damage Risk
 - 1. Overall – General reparability of Steel vs. Concrete
 - 2. Severe Event Damage – Time w/o use of Facility
- C. Transport
 - 1. Damage Risk – Time of Year (Weather)
 - 2. Time – Number of Days
- D. Maintenance
 - 1. General Wear-and-Tear from typical operations
 - 2. Concrete
 - a. One piece Pontoon
 - b. Two piece Pontoon w/ splice connection
 - 3. Removal from Service
 - a. Temporary support of Access Bridge
 - b. Disconnect/Connect all utilities and Pile Connections (Electrical, sewer, water, etc.)
 - c. Transport to and from Dry Dock Facility
- E. Salvage Value

As discussed and illustrated in the attached life cycle cost analysis, the estimated initial cost for fabrication of concrete pontoon barges is approximately 20% higher than the fabrication costs estimated for steel pontoon barges. However, the average annual maintenance costs are anticipated to be substantially less. While the other criteria listed above are important to consider and thus included in this analysis, these two evaluation criteria are the most significant from a cost standpoint. Based upon initial input from CBJ regarding the importance of having a facility that requires the least amount of maintenance, PND recommends CBJ utilize concrete pontoon barges for the proposed Downtown Cruise Ship Docks project, if initial capital funds are available and concrete fabrication facilities are available.

With regard to the availability of concrete fabricators, PND contacted Mr. Millard Barney with Concrete Technology Corporation (CTC) in Tacoma, WA, and Mr. Freddy McMaster with Vancouver Pile Driving in Vancouver, BC. Both fabricators indicated that they would be available to fabricate the concrete pontoon barges for this project beginning in January, 2012, with completion by fall of 2012. Both fabricators also indicated that their schedules and facilities would enable them to produce two pontoon barges in a single construction season, if CBJ elects to attempt that option.

December 14, 2010

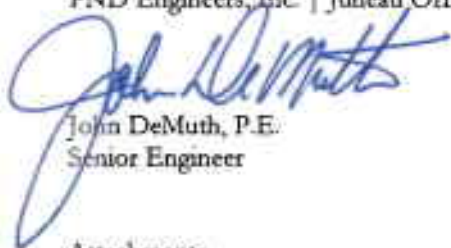
Downtown Cruise Ship Docks – Pontoon Barge Alternative Analysis

Page 5 of 5

PND appreciates the opportunity we have had to assist you with this work, and we hope this information serves your needs. Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

PND Engineers, Inc. | Juneau Office



John DeMuth, P.E.
Senior Engineer

Attachments

LIFE-CYCLE MAINTENANCE COST ASSESSMENT OF PONTOON BARGE ALTERNATIVES JUNEAU CRUISE SHIP TERMINAL



CONCRETE PONTOON BARGE COST ASSESSMENT (Single - 30' x 30' Pontoon/Barge)

Concrete Pontoon Barge Estimated Initial Cost = \$1,666,000

CONCRETE PONTOON BARGE LIFE CYCLE COSTS - MAINTENANCE

- 1. SETUP & LAB - RESURFACE PONTONING
- 2. INTEREST = 4% (see note below)
- 3. ANNUAL REPAIRS = \$0.00
- 4. FUTURE DISCOUNTING = \$0.00
- 5. FUTURE DATE DISCOUNTING = \$0.00

$$PV = (P + I) / (1 + i)^n$$

i = INTEREST RATE
n = YEAR

PV = Present Value of a future payment in terms of future payments discounted to reflect the time value of money

	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	TOTAL
COSTS											
REPAIRS	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
INTEREST	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
DISC	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
PRESENT VALUE	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
AVG EQUIVALENT ANNUAL MAINTENANCE COST											
											\$0.00

STEEL PONTOON BARGE COST ASSESSMENT (Single - 30' x 30' Pontoon/Barge)

Steel Pontoon Barge Estimated Initial Cost = \$1,000,000

STEEL PONTOON BARGE LIFE CYCLE COSTS - MAINTENANCE

- 1. SETUP & LAB
- 2. INTEREST = 4% (see note below)
- 3. ANNUAL REPAIRS = \$1,000
- 4. FUTURE DISCOUNTING = \$20,000

	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	TOTAL
COSTS											
REPAIRS	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$200,000
INTEREST	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
DISC	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
PRESENT VALUE	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$200,000
AVG EQUIVALENT ANNUAL MAINTENANCE COST											
											\$20,000

1. Setup & Lab - Resurface Pontoning
2. Interest rate shown was used only to convert future expenses into present value; it does not represent an anticipated interest rate and does not attempt to account for inflation.
3. Concrete pontons assumed to be single piece, w/o splice; additional maintenance cost would be incurred if pontons in two pieces. Reconverted two piece pontons to dry docked at 25 years to replace connection hardware.



March 18, 2011

PND 102050.03

Mr. John Stone, P.E.
Port Director
CBJ Docks and Harbors Department
155 South Seward Street
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Re: Cruise Ship Dock Reconfiguration – Concept 16B3
Design Phase Proposal

Dear Mr. Stone:

PND Engineers, Inc. (PND) is pleased to provide this fee proposal for engineering services on the proposed Cruise Ship Dock Reconfiguration project. The scope of services under this proposal includes environmental permitting assistance, final designs, bid ready contract documents and bid phase support services. Construction phase engineering services are not included in this proposal however can be negotiated at a future date following successful completion of the design and bid phases.

Scope of Improvements

The scope of construction improvements anticipated under this proposal is illustrated by the enclosed drawing entitled "Concept No. 16B-3 Proposed Dock Project" dated March 8, 2001. The specific improvements are further listed in the attached Schematic Design Budget dated March 14, 2011. We do not anticipate significant changes to this proposed plan since the layout has already been vetted through the public process over the course of several years.

Project Schedule

The proposed improvements will be implemented under two separate construction contracts with a three year completion schedule as outlined in the enclosed project schedule. The first set of contract documents will be prepared for the Phase 1 work scope. It will include removal of the CST transfer bridge and construction of specific pile supported decks and retaining wall structures adjacent to the South Berth. That work will be combined with shoreside electrical utilidors crossing Franklin Street and other upland improvements proposed under the Cruise Ship Terminal Staging Area Project, No. DH10-749. Phase 1 is designated for completion by May 2013.

The second set of contract documents will be prepared for the combined work contemplated under Phase 2 and Phase 3. It will include the two new floating berths, vehicle transfer bridges, mooring and breasting dolphins, remaining pile supported decks, small vessel moorage facilities, gangways, catwalks and various dockside water, sewer and electrical utilities. Phases 2 and 3 will be combined under one construction contract with separate completion schedules for each of the two new berths. The South Berth will be completed by May 2014 and the North Berth will be completed by May 2015. One general contractor will be awarded this work.

PND's engineering services shall be performed in accordance with the proposed schedule to allow construction to be completed for each phase of work within the timeframes indicated.

Fee Proposal

PND's proposal assumes the scope of improvements and completion schedule for each phase are now firm. We will provide engineering services under two primary tasks.

1. Design and Bid Phase services shall be provided on a fixed fee basis in accordance with the enclosed breakdown. The fee is broken down into four distinct design deliverables – 35%, 65%, 95% and 100% bid ready documents for two projects. Total fixed fee is proposed at \$2,747,500.
2. Environmental permitting services shall be provided on a Time and Expenses reimbursable basis with an estimated fee not to exceed \$100,000. All consultants will invoice labor at their standard billing rates at time of service. Mark ups on all third party consultants and reimbursable expenses shall be at a mutually agreeable rate negotiated with the CBJ.

The PND Team includes seven local engineering and architectural firms all dedicated to the successful completion of these exciting waterfront improvements. We appreciate the opportunity to provide services to the CBJ on this important project. Thank you for reviewing our fee proposal and let me know if we have scoped your needs appropriately for this project. We are available to commence immediately with this work and look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,
PND Engineers, Inc. | Juneau Office



Dick Somerville, P.E.
Vice President

Enclosures

CBJ DOWNTOWN CRUISE SHIP DOCK RECONFIGURATION

CONCEPT 16B-3

DESIGN & BID PHASE SERVICES FEE PROPOSAL

18-Mar-11

Prepared by: PND Engineers, Inc.

Item	Design Scope Description	35% Prelim. Design	60% Design Dev.	95% Final Design	100% Bid Ready Docs	Total Line Items Fee
1	Contract Mgmt, Subcontract, Work Sessions, Tech Specs, Bid & Contract Docs	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$10,000	\$85,000
2	Demolition	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	\$50,000
3	South Berth Retaining Walls, Earthwork and Concrete Paving	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$5,000	\$100,000
4	North Berth Pile Supported Approach Docks	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$2,500	\$62,500
5	South Berth Pile Supported Approach Docks	\$100,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$10,000	\$290,000
6	North Berth Floating Concrete Pontoon 50'x300'	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$7,500	\$217,500
7	South Berth Floating Concrete Pontoon 50'x400'	\$80,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$10,000	\$230,000
8	Floating Dock Pile Retention	\$20,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$2,500	\$52,500
9	Floating Dock Marine Fenders	\$75,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$10,000	\$225,000
10	Vehicle Transfer Bridges & Pile Supported Alignments	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$5,000	\$40,000
11	Transfer Bridge Support Piers	\$20,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	\$55,000
12	Transfer Bridge Landing Piers	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$37,500
13	Transfer Bridge End Support Structures	\$20,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$60,000
14	Breasting & Mooring Dolphins	\$175,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$10,000	\$485,000
15	Upgrade Existing Mooring Dolphins	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$32,500
16	Corwalks	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$37,500
17	Corwalk Access Gangways	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$37,500
18	Water Services (Seasonal Use)	\$20,000	\$12,500	\$12,500	\$5,000	\$40,000
19	Electrical & Lighting	\$25,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	\$60,000
20	Port Security Gates & Cameras	\$10,000	\$7,500	\$7,500	\$2,500	\$27,500
21	Safety Railings Along Wharf & Visual Enhancements	\$30,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$5,000	\$85,000
22	Pile Anodes	\$15,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$37,500
23	16' x 250' Small Vessel Moorage Pier	\$20,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	\$55,000
24	Moorage Float Piles	\$5,000	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$1,500	\$14,500
25	New Pedestrian Gangway & Deck at Moorage Pier	\$10,000	\$7,500	\$7,500	\$1,500	\$26,500
26	Moorage Float Power & Lighting	\$7,500	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$2,000	\$19,500
27	Sewer Service Discharge Piping & Culley Construction	\$20,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$2,500	\$52,500
28	Tidal Fisheries Dock Expansion (Add. Aft)	\$30,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$4,500	\$64,500
Proposed Fixed Fee Design Costs (Excludes Permitting)		\$962,500	\$824,000	\$824,000	\$137,000	\$2,747,500



City of Portland
 Department of Planning
 1220 NE Oregon Street
 Portland, OR 97232
 Phone: 503.944.1311
 Fax: 503.944.1312
 Email: info@portland.gov
 Website: www.portland.gov

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CBJ DOWNTOWN CRUISE SHIP DOCK RECONFIGURATION

CONCEPT 168-3

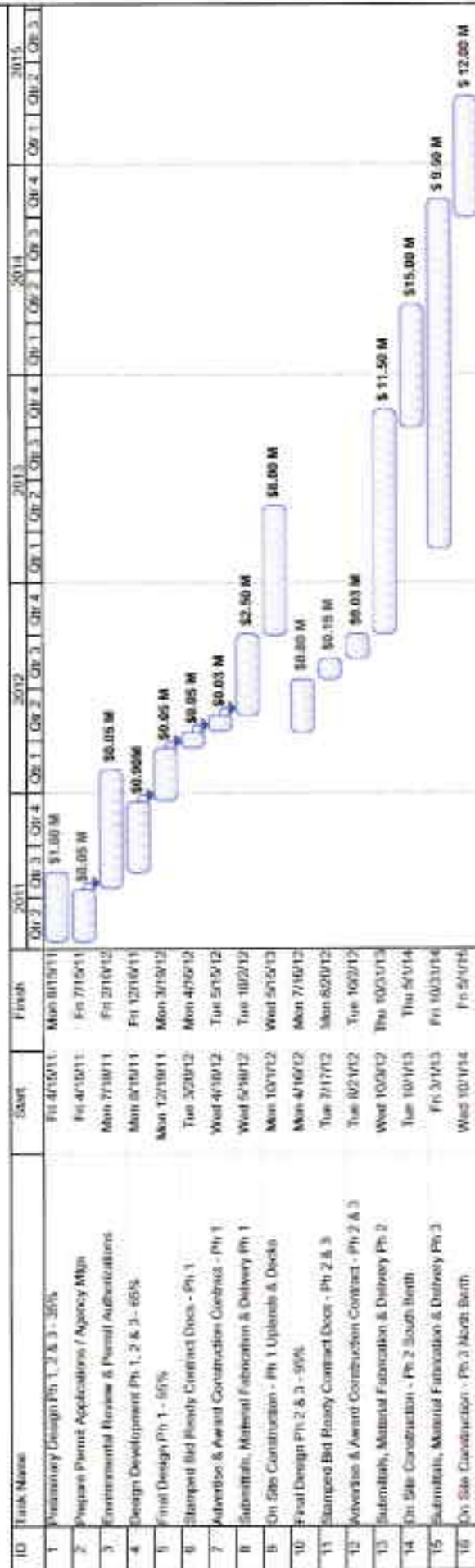
SCHEMATIC DESIGN BUDGET - MARINE FACILITIES

11-Mar-11

Prepared by: PND Engineers, Inc.

Item	Item Description	Base Bid	Units	Quantity	Unit Cost	Item Cost	Phase 1 Uplands/Docks	Phase 2 South Berth	Phase 3 North Berth	Check
1.01	Midstream		LS	All Bldg	10%	\$1,475,200	\$582,500	\$2,082,400	\$1,604,290	
1.02	Dredging		LS	All Bldg	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$750,000	
1.03	South Berth Bunting, 9x4s, Embankment and Concrete Paving		LS	All Bldg	\$950,000	\$950,000	\$950,000	\$950,000	\$950,000	
1.04	South Berth Pile Supported Approach Docks		SP	2,500	\$250	\$625,000	\$625,000	\$625,000	\$625,000	
1.05	South Berth Pile Supported Approach Docks		SP	17,000	\$250	\$4,250,000	\$4,250,000	\$4,250,000	\$4,250,000	
1.06	North Berth Piling Concrete Promenade 30'x300'		SP	13,000	\$250	\$3,250,000	\$3,250,000	\$3,250,000	\$3,250,000	
1.07	South Berth Piling Concrete Promenade 30'x300'		SP	20,000	\$250	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	
1.08	Floating Dock Pile Foundation		LS	4	\$1,200,000	\$4,800,000	\$4,800,000	\$4,800,000	\$4,800,000	
1.09	Floating Dock Marine Piers		LS	700	\$1,000	\$700,000	\$700,000	\$700,000	\$700,000	
1.10	Vehicle Transfer Bridge & Pile Supportment Abutments		LS	2	\$1,350,000	\$2,700,000	\$2,700,000	\$2,700,000	\$2,700,000	
1.11	Transfer Bridge Support Piers		LS	2	\$200,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	
1.12	Transfer Bridge Landing Piers		LS	2	\$100,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.13	Transfer Bridge End Support Structures		LS	2	\$150,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	
1.14	Buoys & Mooring Dolphins		LS	9	\$1,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$9,000,000	
1.15	Upgrade Existing Mooring Dolphins		LS	2	\$250,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	
1.16	Canals		LS	900	\$550	\$495,000	\$495,000	\$495,000	\$495,000	
1.17	Canals Accessways		LS	4	\$120,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	
1.18	Water Service Structures (L & S)		LS	2	\$300,000	\$600,000	\$600,000	\$600,000	\$600,000	
1.19	Electrical & Lighting		LS	2	\$250,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	
1.20	Pier Accessways & Canals		LS	2	\$200,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	
1.21	Safety Railings Along Wharf & Visual Enhancements		LS	All Bldg	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.22	Pile Anchor		LS	400	\$2,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	
1.23	40' x 200' Solid Vinyl Mooring Piers		LS	4,000	\$120	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	
1.24	Mooring Piers		LS	11	\$122,000	\$1,342,000	\$1,342,000	\$1,342,000	\$1,342,000	
1.25	Shore Pedestrian Concrete & Deck at Mooring Piers		LS	1	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	
1.26	Mooring Pier Power & Lighting		LS	1	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	
1.27	Shore Service Discharge Piping & Utility Connections		LS	2	\$100,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.28	Shore Tie Piers Udder at Dock		LS	1	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.29	Estimate Construction Costs					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.30	Contingency (10%)					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.31	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.32	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.33	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.34	2011 Project Budget					\$10,111,320	\$10,111,320	\$10,111,320	\$10,111,320	
1.35	Additional Alternatives									
1.36	Udder Extension Deck Expansion					\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	
1.37	Redundant Construction Costs					\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	
1.38	Contingency (10%)					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.39	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.40	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.41	2011 Project Budget					\$7,050,000	\$7,050,000	\$7,050,000	\$7,050,000	
1.42	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.43	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.44	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.45	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.46	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.47	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.48	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.49	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.50	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.51	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.52	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.53	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.54	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.55	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.56	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.57	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.58	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.59	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.60	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.61	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.62	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.63	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.64	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.65	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.66	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.67	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.68	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.69	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.70	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.71	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.72	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.73	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.74	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.75	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.76	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.77	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.78	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.79	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.80	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.81	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.82	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.83	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.84	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.85	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.86	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.87	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.88	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.89	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.90	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.91	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.92	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
1.93	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
1.94	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
1.95	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
1.96	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.97	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
1.98	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
1.99	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
2.00	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
2.01	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
2.02	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
2.03	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
2.04	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
2.05	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
2.06	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
2.07	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
2.08	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
2.09	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
2.10	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
2.11	2011 Project Budget					\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	\$7,350,000	
2.12	Estimated Construction Costs (see separate cost breakdown)					\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
2.13	Contingency (10%)					\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
2.14	Local, State and Federal Permits & License Applications					\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
2.15	Site Investigation - Survey & Geotechnical					\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	
2.16	Final Design - P, S & E, Contract Documents					\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
2.17	Contract Administration & Construction Inspection					\$2,000,				

**DOWNTOWN CRUISESHIP DOCKS CONCEPT 16B-3
3 SEASON - UPLANDS AND MARINE FACILITIES
PROJECT SCHEDULE & CASH FLOW PROJECTION**



Task

Spit

Progress

Milestone

Summary

Rollup Task

Rollup Spit

Rollup Milestone

Rollup Progress

External Task

Project Summary

External Milestone

Deadline

Project: PSD No. 10200008

March 19, 2011



February 25, 2011

PND 102081.02

Mr. Gary Gillette, ALA
Port Engineer
CBJ Docks and Harbors Department
155 South Seward Street
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Re: Cruise Ship Terminal Staging Area
RFP No. DH10-749
Fee Proposal – Electrical Utilidor

Dear Mr. Gillette:

PND Engineers, Inc. (PND) is pleased to provide this fee proposal for additional design phase engineering services on the Cruise Ship Terminal Staging Area project. The scope of services under this proposal includes surveying, permitting, preliminary design, final design, bid ready contract documents and bid phase services associated with a proposed electrical raceway/utilidor crossing South Franklin Street to a location near the new dock improvements. The utilidor will consist of approximately ten (10) each six inch ducts encased in concrete to service future shore tie power to the new cruise ship docks.

The scope of construction improvements anticipated under this proposal is illustrated on the enclosed drawing entitled *Site Plan – Vessel Shore Power Facility*. The limits of final design work under this proposal extend from a future vault location on the east side of South Franklin Street to a new vault located adjacent to the Tram Building in the vicinity of a proposed retaining wall under the Cruise Ship Dock project.

Enclosed please find a detailed breakdown of PND's fixed price proposal to complete the work described along with backup from Haight & Associates, our electrical engineering subconsultant.

The PND Team appreciates the opportunity to provide engineering services on this important project. Thank you for reviewing our fee proposal and let me know if we have perceived your needs appropriately for this project.

Sincerely,
PND Engineers, Inc. | Juneau Office

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Dick Somerville', is written over the typed name.

Dick Somerville, P.E.
Vice President

Enclosures

CBJ Cruise Ship Dock Staging Areas
DH 10-749
Fixed Fee Proposal for Final Design Services - Amendment No. 1 Electrical Raceway/Utilidor Design
South Franklin St Crossing to CSD Retaining Wall
February 25, 2011

	Senior Engineer (V)	Senior Engineer (I)	Specialized Surveyor	Staff Engineer (V)	Staff Engineer (I)	CDR Designer (V)	Technician	Line Item Costs	Total Subtotal Costs
	\$100.00	\$120.00	\$100.00	\$95.00	\$80.00	\$60.00	\$80.00		
TASK 1: Pre-Design - Project Management, Surveying, Work Session, Schematic Design Updates & Permitting									
1.1 Project Management - submittals, clerical and admin	8						16	\$2,720	
1.2 Field topographic survey and base map preparation - Franklin St ROW and adjacent to future AELP substation, locate property boundaries (encumbrances & conveyances to be proposed separately at later date if required)	4		20	24		8		\$5,740	
1.3 CBJ, AELP, DOT/PA & HAI coordination meetings	8			4				\$1,600	
1.4 Prepare schematic design budget	2			4				\$800	
1.5 Permits: ADO/TPF Electrical Utility Permit	2			8		4		\$1,440	\$12,380
TASK 2: Preliminary Design - 65% Design Review Submittal (Plans, Outline Specifications & Cost Estimate)									
2.1 Civil site plan - utilidor layout	2			16		4		\$2,300	
2.2 Utilidor profile design	2			16		4		\$2,300	
2.3 Typical trench, vaults and utilidor sections and details	2			16		4		\$2,200	
2.4 Technical specifications & contract document outline format	2			8			4	\$1,440	
2.5 Material quantities & 65% cost estimate	1			4				\$540	\$8,560
TASK 3: Final Design - 95% Review Submittal (Plans, Specifications, Bid Documents & Cost Estimate)									
3.1 Civil site plan - utilidor layout	2			12		4		\$1,820	
3.2 Utilidor profile design	2			12		4		\$1,820	
3.3 Typical trench, vaults and utilidor sections and details	2			12		4		\$1,820	
3.4 Technical specifications & contract document outline format	2			4			2	\$880	
3.5 Material quantities & 95% cost estimate	1			2				\$450	\$6,890
TASK 4: Bid Ready Stamped Contract Documents									
4.1 PND Internal QC/QA Audit	2			4		2		\$1,020	
4.2 Address final review comments	2			4		4		\$1,080	
4.3 Prepare final bid ready stamped deliverables	2			4		4		\$1,240	\$3,350
TASK 5: Bid Phase Assistance									
5.1 Participate w/ prebid conference	1			1				\$200	
5.2 Respond to bidder questions	2			2				\$510	
5.3 Assist w/ addenda preparation	1			4		2		\$720	\$1,485
Estimated Third Party Expenses									
Haight & Assoc								\$55,015	
Electrical Engineering								\$67,395	
Total Estimated Fee									

FEE ESTIMATE

PROJECT NAME: Cruise Ship Terminal Uplands - Raceway Design

HAIGHT & ASSOCIATES, INC.
JUNEAU, ALASKA

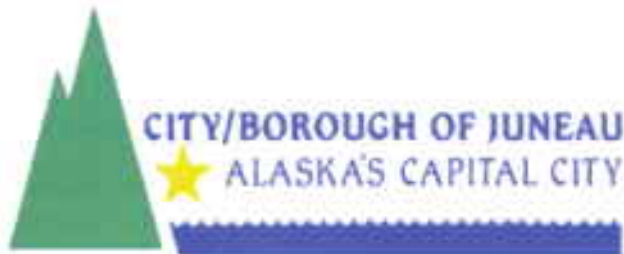
CLIENT: PND Engineers, Inc.

DATE: January 27, 2011

PROJECT NO. 137-80

FEE SCHEDULE (\$/HR)		105	155	115	95	65	65	85	85	0.9
X	TASK DESCRIPTION	Ben [HRS]	Barry [HRS]	Ryan [HRS]	CAD/Dsr [HRS]	CAD [HRS]	Clerical [HRS]	Admin [HRS]	TIME [\$]	EXPENSE [\$]
BIDDING (T&E):										
	400 Project administration		2					1	395	
	405 Prebid meeting (in basic agreement)								0	
	410 Document interpretation		6						930	
	430 Addendum development		4		2				810	
	490 Bid review		2						210	
	495 Confirming documents		4		6			1	1,255	
	SUBTOTAL (time)	0	18	0	8	0		1	\$3,700	
	SUBTOTAL (CBJ Sales Tax - 5%)								\$0	
	SUBTOTAL (Reimbursable Expenses)								\$0	
	TOTAL - BIDDING								\$3,700	
	PROJECT TOTAL (time):	4	270	0	114	0	14	9	\$55,015	
	PROJECT TOTAL (CBJ Sales Tax - 5%):								\$0	
	PROJECT TOTAL (Reimbursable Expenses)								\$0	
	GRAND TOTAL								\$55,015	






City & Borough of Juneau • Docks & Harbors
155 S. Seward Street • Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 586-0292 Phone • (907) 586-0295 Fax

Port of Juneau

MEMORANDUM

To: Harbor Board CIP and Planning Committee
From: Gary Gillette, Port Engineer 
Date: March 10, 2011
Re: Account Close Out - Amalga Harbor Launch Ramp Upgrade

The Amalga Harbor Launch Ramp Upgrade project began back in 2003 and was completed in phases over the past years. The most recent work of the project was the installation of a kayak launch ramp which was completed in 2009. The Alaska Department of Fish & Game (ADF&G) provided funding for this project. They inspected the recent work in 2010 and directed that a sign be erected acknowledging the funding contributions by ADF&G and US Fish and Wildlife Service. The sign has been installed thus the project is officially complete and the CIP account (H354-79) may now be closed.

ADF&G funds were provided for design, permitting, construction, and construction inspection. The funds were not allowed to be used for CBJ staff time to manage and administer the project. The state of the account at this time shows approximately \$65,800 of ADF&G funding remaining. This amount is no longer eligible for reimbursement and must be de-appropriated by the Assembly in order to close out the account.

The total overall CBJ administrative/management costs from 2003 to date are more than the CBJ portion of the account balance resulting in a funding shortfall of approximately \$28,000. A funding transfer ordinance is required in order to close the CIP account. We recommend this amount be taken from the Harbors fund balance which currently has approximately \$3.7M remaining.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU DOCKS AND HARBORS
CIP ACCOUNTS SUMMARY
As Of March 15, 2010

CIP #	Project	Revenues	Expenditures & Encumbrances	Balance	Notes
H354-79	Amalga Harbor Launch Ramp Upgrade				
	ADF&G Grants	\$2,535,000.00	\$2,469,205.00	\$65,795.00	Project Complete
	Harbor Funds	\$300,000.00	\$327,999.00	(\$27,999.00)	Funds to be returned to ADF&G
					Fund transfer needed to close account
H354-84	Douglas Harbor Phase III				Breakwater
	ADOT Breakwater MOU	\$800,000.00			
	2003 GO Bond	\$3,500,000.00			
	2003 GO Bond Interest (yet to be appropriated)	\$67,145.00			
		\$4,367,145.00	\$4,306,986.00	\$60,159.00	
H354-74	Auke Bay Loading Facility-Phase I				Mitigation Phase
	ADCCED Grant	\$50,778.00			
	Denali Commission	\$1,000,000.00			
	FY01 Marine Passenger Fees	\$100,000.00			
	FY02 Marine Passenger Fees	\$411,500.00			
	FY02 Harbor Funds	\$175,000.00			
	FY02 Dock Funds	\$175,000.00			
	FY04 Marine Passenger Fees	\$50,000.00			
	FY05 Marine Passenger Fees	\$300,000.00			
	FY05 Dock Funds	\$150,000.00			
	FY06 Marine Passenger Fees	\$500,000.00			
	FY06 F326	\$4,411,351.00			
	FY09 Harbor Funds	\$292,514.00			
	FY11 Harbor Funds	\$130,000.00			
	2003 GO Bond	\$3,250,000.00			
	2003 GO Bond Interest	\$328,598.00			
		\$11,324,741.00	\$11,209,065.00	\$115,676.00	
H354-85	Juneau Harbors Deferred Maintenance				Old Douglas Harbor Re-Build
	ADOT - Bonds for Harbors	\$7,047,810.00			
	ADF&G Coop #04-003	\$180,000.00			
	ADF&G Coop #05-071	\$900,105.00			
	NFF In-Klind Douglas Pump-out	\$73,000.00			

CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU DOCKS AND HARBORS

CIP ACCOUNTS SUMMARY

As Of March 15, 2010

FY02 Harbor Funds	\$13,508.00	
FY06 Marine Passenger Fees	\$500,000.00	
FY06 Harbor Funds	\$15,606.00	
FY08 F326	\$4,411,351.00	
FY99 Temp Sales Tax	\$6,631.00	
2003 GO Bonds	\$2,500,000.00	
FY2003 GO Bond Interest	\$40,000.00	
	\$15,688,011.00	\$11,823,591.00
		\$3,864,420.00

H354-93 Statter Harbor Improvements

New Launch Ramp
Statter Float Repairs

FY08 ADF&G Grant	\$900,000.00	
DCCED Grant	\$800,000.00	
FY06 Marine Passenger Fees	\$250,000.00	
FY07 Marine Passenger Fees	\$250,000.00	
FY09 1% Prop 2 Sales Tax	\$2,500,000.00	
Sales Tax	\$400,000.00	
FY11 Temp 1% Sales Tax	\$3,804,600.00	
	\$8,904,600.00	\$1,867,070.00
		\$7,037,530.00

H354-95 Cruise Ship Berth Enhancements

New Cruise Berths
Port/Cusotms/Visitor Center
CT Staging Reconfiguration

DCCED 09 Grant	\$1,500,000.00	
DCCED 10 Grant	\$2,500,000.00	
DCCED 11 Grant	\$9,000,000.00	
FY02 Port Development Fees	\$20,124.00	
Fy03 AW Sales Tax	\$3,018.00	
FY03 Docks	\$9,755.00	
FY03 Port Development Fees	\$203,043.00	
FY05 Docks	\$24,194.00	
FY06 Docks	\$30,000.00	
FY07 Docks	\$32,280.00	
FY08 Marine Passenger Fees	\$1,000,000.00	
FY09 Marine Passenger Fees	\$379,520.00	
FY09 Marine Passenger Fees	\$924,200.00	
FY09 Port Development Fees	\$1,750,000.00	
FY10 Marine Passenger Fees	\$1,443,800.00	
FY10 Port Development Fees	\$1,750,000.00	
FY11 Marine Passenger Fees	\$1,023,900.00	

CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU DOCKS AND HARBORS

CIP ACCOUNTS SUMMARY

As Of March 15, 2010

FY11 Port Development Fees	\$1,500,000.00			
	\$23,093,834.00	\$11,254,121.00	\$11,839,713.00	
H354-96 Cruise Ship Tug Moorage Rehabilitation				Aurora Harbor Re-Build
FY08 Marine Passenger Fees	\$500,000.00			
	\$500,000.00	\$0.00	\$500,000.00	
H354-97 Landing Craft & Security Cameras				Harbor Security Cameras
Federal Security Grant	\$219,000.00	\$140,066.00	\$78,934.00	
H354-99 Auke Bay Loading Facility - Phase II				ABLF - Phase II
TIGER Grant	\$3,640,000.00	\$2,602,360.00	\$1,037,640.00	