GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT

VOLUME I of II

Contract No. BE22-108

File No. 2182



ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

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END OF SECTION

SECTION 00030 NOTICE INVITING BIDS

OBTAINING CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Contract Documents are entitled:

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement Contract No. BE22-108

The Contract Documents may be downloaded from the CBJ Public Purchase webpage at https://www.publicpurchase.com/juneau,ak. Instructions for the Public Purchase registration process can be found here https://juneau.org/engineering-public-works/bids-rfps.

PRE-BID CONFERENCE. Prospective Bidders are encouraged to attend a pre-Bid conference to discuss the proposed WORK, which will be conducted by the OWNER on August 19, 2022, at 10:00 a.m., via teleconference. The object of the conference is to acquaint Bidders with the bid documents and site conditions. Prospective bidders intending to participate shall email contracts@juneau.org by 4:30 p.m., August 18, 2022, to obtain the call-in instruction.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK. The Project includes the Renovation to the existing Glacier Fire Station to replace existing mechanical and electrical equipment that is past its useful life, and perform all WORK as described in these Contract Documents. Associated Work includes the installation by the Contractor of Owner Furnished generators for both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station.

The Glacier Fire Station was originally constructed in 1979. The building includes a Structural apparatus bay, Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting apparatus bay, EMS bay, dispatch center, classroom, kitchen, offices, 2nd story dorm rooms, and support spaces. The project includes a significant renovation of the mechanical and electrical systems serving the Glacier Fire Station including:

- 1. Replacement of the boiler heating plant
- 2. Replacement of building air handling units and fan units
- 3. Modifications and Additions to the existing ventilation system ductwork
- 4. Removal of the building pneumatic and electric controls and Replacement with DDC controls
- 5. Removal of underground and aboveground fuel storage tanks
- 6. Upgrades to the Electrical distribution system including the Replacement of the main distribution board, panelboards, and feeders
- 7. Electrical power systems to support the renovated Mechanical systems
- 8. Related Architectural, Civil, and Hazmat Work
- 9. Temporary electrical and mechanical systems to support a fully operational fire station throughout Construction
- 10. Installation of Owner Furnished generators at both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station.

ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE RANGE: Between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000.

COMPLETION OF WORK. The WORK must be completed by

Work Description

Completion Date

Downtown Fire Station – Substantial Completion	September 1, 2023
Downtown Fire Station – Final Completion	September 20, 2023
Glacier Fire Station – Substantial Completion	November 18, 2023
Glacier Fire Station – Final Completion	December 1, 2023

SECTION 00030 NOTICE INVITING BIDS

DEADLINE FOR BIDDER QUESTIONS: 4:30pm Alaska Time on August 26, 2022.

DEADLINE FOR BIDS: Electronic bids must be received by the Purchasing Division **prior to 2:00 p.m., Alaska Time on September 1, 2022** or such later time as may be announced by addendum at any time prior to the deadline. Bids will be opened immediately thereafter via conference call, unless otherwise specified. Bidders may attend this bid opening on the conference call line 907-713-2140, with participant code 258358.

SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS: Timely responses are accepted via <u>Electronic Submission</u> at Public Purchase, <u>www.publicpurchase.com</u>, the CBJ's eProcurement Provider. Bidders must register online prior to submitting a bid, it may take up to 24 hours for registration to be complete.

Late responses will not be accepted.

To Respond, Bidders must complete an online registration.

- Registration is a two-step process, registering with Public Purchase, and then registering with CBJ within Public Purchase.
- Get help registering using the <u>Public Purchase</u> Help Menu Tab.
- Register early to avoid missing the deadline, as Registration may take up to 24 hours to complete.

Registered Bidders may submit a Bid Schedule to Public Purchase by downloading the provided PDF solicitation documents, filling out the fields indicated, and uploading the document to Public Purchase.

SITE OF WORK. The site of the WORK is 1619 Glacier Avenue, Juneau, Alaska for Downtown Fire Station and the Glacier Fire Station at 1700 Crest Street, Juneau, Alaska. The CONTRACTOR's use of the Project site shall be the parking lots, interior and exterior of both the Glacier and Downtown Fire Stations, or as required by the Work.

BIDDING, CONTRACT, or TECHNICAL QUESTIONS. All communications relative to this WORK, prior to opening Bids, shall be directed to the following:

Caleb Comas, Contract Administrator
CBJ Engineering Department, 3rd Floor, Marine View Center
Email: caleb.comas@juneau.org
Telephone: (907) 586-0800 ext. 4196
Fax: (907) 586-4530

BID SECURITY. Each Bid shall be accompanied by a certified or cashier's check or Bid Bond, in the amount of 5% percent of the Bid, payable to the City and Borough of Juneau, Alaska, as a guarantee that the Bidder, if its Bid is accepted, will promptly execute the Agreement. A Bid shall not be considered unless one of the forms of Bidder's security is provided as prescribed in Section 00100, Article 12, at the time of bid.

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE. All contractors are required to have a current Alaska Contractor's License, prior to submitting a Bid, and a current Alaska Business License prior to award.

BID TO REMAIN OPEN. The Bidder shall guarantee the Bid for a period of 60 Days from the date of Bid opening. Any component of the Bid may be awarded anytime during the 60 Days.

SECTION 00030 NOTICE INVITING BIDS

OWNER'S RIGHTS RESERVED. The OWNER reserves the right to reject any or all Bids, to waive any informality in a Bid, and to make award to the lowest responsive, responsible Bidder as it may best serve the interests of the OWNER.

OWNER: City and Borough of Juneau

Caleb Comas, Contract Administrator

8/10/22

Date

END OF SECTION

1.0 DEFINED TERMS. Terms used in these Instructions to Bidders and the Notice Inviting Bids, which are defined in the General Conditions, have the meanings assigned to them in the General Conditions. The term "Bidder" means one who submits a Bid directly to the OWNER, as distinct from a sub-bidder, who submits a Bid to a Bidder.

2.0 INTERPRETATIONS AND ADDENDA.

- A. INTERPRETATIONS. All questions about the meaning or intent of the Contract Documents are to be directed to the Engineering Contracts Administrator. Interpretations or clarifications considered necessary by the Engineering Contracts Administrator in response to such questions will be issued by Addendum, mailed, faxed, or delivered to all parties recorded by the Engineering Contracts Administrator, or OWNER, as having received the Contract Documents. Questions received less than seven Days prior to the Deadline for Bids may not be answered. Only questions answered by formal written Addendum will be binding. Oral and other interpretations or clarifications will be without legal effect.
- B. ADDENDA. Addenda may be issued to modify the Contract Documents as deemed advisable by the OWNER. Addenda may be faxed or, if addendum format warrants, addenda may be posted to the CBJ Engineering Department website. In any event, notification of addendum issuance will be faxed to planholders. Hard copies are available upon request. The OWNER will make all reasonable attempts to ensure that all planholders receive notification of Addenda, however, it is strongly recommended by the OWNER that bidders independently confirm the contents, number, and dates of each Addendum prior to submitting a Bid.
- **3.0 FAIR COMPETITION**. More than one Bid from an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, or association under the same or different names will not be considered. If the OWNER believes that any Bidder is interested in more than one Bid for the WORK contemplated, all Bids in which such Bidder is interested will be rejected. If the OWNER believes that collusion exists among the Bidders, all Bids will be rejected.
- **4.0 RESPONSIBILITY OF BIDDERS.** Only responsive Bids from responsible Bidders will be considered. A Bid submitted by a Bidder determined to be not responsible may be rejected. The OWNER may find a bidder to be not responsible for any one of the following reasons, but is not limited in its responsibility analysis to the following factors:
 - A. Evidence of bid rigging or collusion;
 - B. Fraud or dishonesty in the performance of previous contracts;
 - C. Record of integrity;
 - D. More than one bid for the same work from an individual, firm, or corporation under the same or different name;
 - E. Unsatisfactory performance on previous or current contracts;
 - F. Failure to pay, or satisfactorily settle, all bills due for labor and material on previous contracts;

- G. Uncompleted work that, in the judgment of the OWNER, might hinder or prevent the bidder's prompt completion of additional work, if awarded;
- H. Failure to reimburse the OWNER for monies owed on any previous contracts;
- I. Default under previous contracts;
- J. Failure to comply with any qualification requirements of the OWNER; special standards for responsibility, if applicable, will be specified. These special standards establish minimum standards or experience required for a responsible Bidder on a specific contract;
- K. Engaging in any activity that constitutes a cause for debarment or suspension under the CBJ Procurement Code 53.50 or submitting a bid during a period of debarment;
- L. Lack of skill, ability, financial resources, or equipment required to perform the contract.
- M. Lack of legal capacity to contract.
- N. Bidders must be registered as required by law and in good standing for all amounts owed to the OWNER per Paragraph 21.0 of this Section.
- O. Failure to submit <u>all</u> completed documents as required and specified on the Bid Form, Section 00300.

Nothing contained in this section deprives the OWNER of its discretion in determining the lowest responsible bidder. Before a Bid is considered for award, a Bidder may be requested to submit information documenting its ability and competency to perform the WORK, according to general standards of responsibility and any special standards which may apply. It is Bidder's responsibility to submit sufficient, relevant, and adequate information. OWNER will make its determination of responsibility and has no obligation to request clarification or supplementary information.

- **5.0 NON-RESPONSIVE BIDS**. Only responsive Bids will be considered. Bids may be considered non-responsive and may be rejected. Some of the reasons a Bid may be rejected for being non-responsive are:
 - A. If a Bid is received by the CBJ Purchasing Division after the Deadline for Bids.
 - B. If the Bid is on a form other than that furnished by the OWNER, or legible copies thereof; or if the form is altered or any part thereof is detached; or if the Bid is improperly signed.
 - C. If there are unauthorized additions, conditional or alternate Bids, or irregularities of any kind which may tend to make the bid incomplete, indefinite, ambiguous as to its meaning, or in conflict with the OWNER's Bid document.
 - D. If the Bidder adds any unauthorized conditions, limitations, or provisions reserving the right to accept or reject any award, or to enter into a contract pursuant to an award. This does not exclude a Bid limiting the maximum gross amount of awards acceptable to any one Bidder at any one Bid opening, provided that any selection of awards will be made by the OWNER.

- E. If the Bid does not contain a Unit Price for each pay item listed, except in the case of authorized alternate pay items.
- F. If the Bidder has not acknowledged receipt of each Addendum.
- G. If the Bidder fails to furnish an acceptable Bid guaranty with the Bid.
- H. If any of the Unit Prices Bid are excessively unbalanced (either above or below the amount of a reasonable Bid) to the potential detriment of the OWNER.
- I. If a Bid modification does not conform to Article 15.0 of this Section.
- J. Failure to submit <u>all</u> completed documents as required and specified on the Bid Form, Section 00300.

6.0 BIDDER'S EXAMINATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND SITE. It is the responsibility of each Bidder before submitting a Bid:

- A. To examine thoroughly the Contract Documents, and other related data identified in the Bidding documents (including "technical data" referred to below):
 - 1. To visit the site to become familiar with and to satisfy the Bidder as to the general and local conditions that may affect cost, progress, or performance, of the WORK,
 - 2. To consider federal, state and local laws and regulations that may affect cost, progress, or performance of the WORK,
 - 3. To study and carefully correlate the Bidder's observations with the Contract Documents, and other related data; and
 - 4. To notify the ENGINEER of all conflicts, errors, or discrepancies in or between the Contract Documents and such other related data.

7.0 REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR IDENTIFICATION OF:

- A. Those reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at the site which have been utilized by the Engineer of Record in the preparation of the Contract Documents. The Bidder may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such reports, however, the interpretation of such technical data, including any interpolation or extrapolation thereof, together with non-technical data, interpretations, and opinions contained therein or the completeness thereof is the responsibility of the Bidder.
- B. Those Drawings of physical conditions in or relating to existing surface and subsurface conditions (except underground utilities) which are at or contiguous to the site have been utilized by the Engineer of Record in the preparation of the Contract Documents. The Bidder may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such Drawings, however, the interpretation of such technical data, including any interpolation or extrapolation thereof, together with nontechnical data, interpretations, and opinions contained in such Drawings or the completeness thereof is the responsibility of the Bidder.

- C. Copies of such reports and Drawings will be made available by the OWNER to any Bidder on request if said reports and Drawings are not bound herein. Those reports and Drawings are not part of the Contract Documents, but the technical data contained therein upon which the Bidder is entitled to rely, as provided in Paragraph SGC-4.2 of the Supplementary General Conditions, are incorporated herein by reference.
- D. Information and data reflected in the Contract Documents with respect to underground utilities at or contiguous to the site is based upon information and data furnished to the OWNER and the Engineer of Record by the owners of such underground utilities or others, and the OWNER does not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof unless it is expressly provided otherwise in the Supplementary General Conditions, or in Section 01530 Protection and Restoration of Existing Facilities of the General Requirements.
- E. Provisions concerning responsibilities for the adequacy of data furnished to prospective Bidders on subsurface conditions, underground utilities and other physical conditions, and possible changes in the Contract Documents due to differing conditions appear in Paragraphs 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4 of the General Conditions.
- F. Before submitting a Bid, each Bidder will, at Bidder's own expense, make or obtain any additional examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, and studies and obtain any additional information and data which pertain to the physical conditions (surface, subsurface, and underground utilities) at or contiguous to the site or otherwise which may affect cost, progress, or performance of the WORK and which the Bidder deems necessary to determine its Bid for performing the WORK in accordance with the time, price, and other terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.
- G. On request in advance, the OWNER will provide each Bidder access to the site to conduct such explorations and tests as each Bidder deems necessary for submission of a Bid. Bidder shall fill all holes and shall clean up and restore the site to its former condition upon completion of such explorations.
- H. The lands upon which the WORK is to be performed, rights-of-way and easements for access thereto and other lands designated for use by the CONTRACTOR in performing the WORK are identified in the Contract Documents. All additional lands and access thereto required for temporary construction facilities or storage of materials and equipment are to be provided by the CONTRACTOR. Easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in existing structures are to be obtained and paid for by the OWNER unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.
- I. The submission of a Bid will constitute an incontrovertible representation by the Bidder that the Bidder has complied with every requirement of Article 6.0, "Bidder's Examination of Contract Documents and Site" herein, that without exception the Bid is premised upon performing the WORK required by the Contract Documents and such means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction as may be indicated in or required by the Contract Documents, and that the Contract Documents are sufficient in scope and detail to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance of the WORK.

8.0 BID FORM.

- A. The Bid shall be made on the Bid Schedule(s) bound herein, or by another acceptable submission method as specified in Section 00030, Notice Inviting Bids, and shall contain the following: Sections 00300, 00310 or other specified acceptable form of Bid Schedule, the required Bid Security, and any other documents required in Section 00300 Bid.
- B. All blanks on the Bid Form and Bid Schedule must be completed in ink or typed.
- C. Bids by corporations must be executed in the corporate name by the president, a vice-president (or other corporate officer). The corporate address and state of incorporation must appear below the signature.
- D. Bids by partnerships must be executed in the partnership name and be signed by a managing partner, and the official address of the partnership must appear below the signature.
- E. The Bidder's Bid must be signed. All names must be printed or typed below the signature.
- F. The Bid shall contain an acknowledgment of receipt of all Addenda, the numbers of which shall be filled in on the Bid form. <u>Failure to acknowledge Addenda may render Bid non-responsive and may cause its rejection.</u>
- G. The address to which communications regarding the Bid are to be directed must be shown.
- **9.0 QUANTITIES OF WORK**. The quantities of WORK, or material, stated in Unit Price items of the Bid are supplied only to give an indication of the general scope of the WORK; the OWNER does not expressly or by implication agree that the actual amount of WORK, or material, will correspond therewith, and reserves the right after award to increase or decrease the amount of any Unit Price item of the WORK by an amount up to and including 25 percent of any Bid item, without a change in the Unit Price, and shall include the right to delete any Bid item in its entirety, or to add additional Bid items up to and including an aggregate total amount not to exceed 25 percent of the Contract Price (see Section 00700 General Conditions, Article 10 Changes In the WORK).
- **10.0 SUBSTITUTE OR "OR-EQUAL" ITEMS.** Substitution requests are not accepted during the bidding process. The procedure for the submittal of substitute or "or-equal" products is specified in Section 013300 Contractor Submittals.
- **11.0 SUBMISSION OF BIDS**. The Bid shall be delivered by the time and to the place stipulated in Section 00030 Notice Inviting Bids. It is the Bidder's sole responsibility to see that its Bid is received in proper time. Hand-delivered, mailed, courier-delivered, <u>oral</u>, <u>telegraphic</u>, <u>emailed</u>, <u>or faxed Bids will not be considered</u>.
- 12.0 BID SECURITY, BONDS, AND INSURANCE. Each Bid shall be accompanied by a certified, or cashier's check, or approved Bid Bond in an amount of at least 5 percent of the total Bid price. The "total Bid price" is the amount of the Base Bid, plus the amount of alternate Bids, if any, which total to the maximum amount for which the CONTRACT could be awarded. Said check or Bond shall be made payable to the OWNER and shall be given as a guarantee that the Bidder, if offered the WORK, will enter into an Agreement with the OWNER, and will furnish the necessary insurance certificates, Payment Bond, and Performance Bond; each of said Bonds, if required, and

insurance amounts shall be as stated in the Supplementary General Conditions. In case of refusal or failure to enter into said Agreement, the check or Bid Bond, as the case may be, may be forfeited to the OWNER. If the Bidder elects to furnish a Bid Bond as its Bid security, the Bidder shall use the Bid Bond form bound herein, or one conforming substantially to it in form. Bid Bonds must be accompanied by a legible Power of Attorney.

Bid Bonds shall be submitted by being scanned and uploaded to Public Purchase along with the other required Bid documents. When a Bid security check is used, it must be received by the Purchasing Division prior to the Deadline for Bids. Bid security checks will be time and date stamped by the Purchasing Division, which will establish the official time of receipt.

In addition to uploading a scanned file of the Bid Bond, the original hardcopy Bid Bond shall be submitted and received by the CBJ Contracts Office by 2:00 p.m. Alaska Time no more than seven calendar days after Bid Opening.

In lieu of the original hardcopy Bid Bond submittal requirement, bidders who have a Surety 2000 Bid Bond ID may validate their Bid Bond with Surety 2000 within the Bid Bond Response Information Form in the Public Purchase bid page.

Bid security checks shall be submitted in a sealed envelope that clearly indicates: that a bid security check is enclosed, the name of the bidding firm, and the project name and number. The envelope must not reveal the check amount so that the final Bid price will not be known until the sealed bids are opened.

Bid security checks delivered **in person** or by **courier** service must be delivered to:

Bid security checks delivered by <u>U.S. Postal</u> <u>Service</u> must be mailed to:

PHYSICAL LOCATION:

City and Borough of Juneau, Purchasing Division 105 Municipal Way, Room 300 Juneau, AK 99801

MAILING ADDRESS:

City and Borough of Juneau, Purchasing Division 155 South Seward Street Juneau, AK 99801

Mailing/delivery times to Alaska may take longer than other areas of the U.S. Late bid security checks may cause a Bid to be deemed non-responsive

- 13.0 RETURN OF BID SECURITY. The OWNER will return all Bid security checks (certified or cashier's) accompanying such of the Bids as are not considered in making the award. All other Bid securities will be held until the Agreement has been executed. Following execution of the Agreement, all other Bid security checks will be returned to the respective Bidders whose Bids they accompanied and Bid security bonds will be appropriately discarded.
- 14.0 DISCREPANCIES IN BIDS. In the event there is more than one Pay Item in a Bid Schedule, the Bidder shall furnish a price for all Pay Items in the schedule, and failure to do so may render the Bid non-responsive and cause its rejection. In the event there are Unit Price Pay Items in a Bid Schedule and the "amount" indicated for a Unit Price Bid Item does not equal the product of the Unit Price and quantity, the Unit Price shall govern and the amount will be corrected accordingly, and the Bidder shall be bound by said correction. In the event there is more than one Pay Item in a Bid Schedule and the total indicated for the schedule does not agree with the sum of the prices Bid on the individual items, the prices Bid on the individual items shall govern and the total for the

schedule will be corrected accordingly, and the Bidder shall be bound by said correction.

15.0 BID MODIFICATIONS AND UNAUTHORIZED ALTERNATIVE BIDS.

A. Any bidder may deliver a modification to a bid in person, by mail or fax (907-586-4561), provided that such modification is received by the Purchasing Division no later than the deadline for bids. Modifications will be time and date stamped by the Purchasing Division, which will establish the official time of receipt of the modification. The modification must not reveal the bid price but should be in the form of an addition or subtraction or other modification so that the final prices will not be known until the sealed bid is opened.

The Bid modifications shall be provided on the Bid Modification Form located at the end of this Section. Submittal of any other form by the vendor may deem the modification unacceptable by the OWNER. A mail or fax modification should not reveal the Bid price but should provide the addition or subtraction or other modification so that the final prices will not be known by the City and Borough until the sealed Bid is opened. Submitted Modification forms shall include the modification to the unit price or lump sum amount of each pay item modified.

FAX DISCLAIMER: It is the responsibility of the bidder to submit modifications in a timely manner. Bidders' use of a fax machine to modify their bid shall be at bidders' sole risk. The Purchasing Division will attempt to keep the fax machine in good working order but will not be responsible for bid modifications that are late due to mechanical failure, a busy fax machine, or any other cause arising from bidder's use of a fax machine, even if bidder submits a transmission report or provides other confirmation indicating that the bidder transmitted a bid modification prior to the deadline. The City will not be responsible for its failure to receive the modification whether such failure is caused by equipment or human error, or otherwise. Bidders are therefore strongly encouraged to confirm receipt of their bid modification with the Purchasing Division (907-586-5215) prior to deadline.

- B. <u>Conditioned bids, limitations, or provisos attached to the Bid or bid modification will render it unauthorized and cause its rejection as being non-responsive</u>. The completed Bid forms shall be without interlineations, alterations, or erasures in the printed text. All changes shall be initialed by the person signing the Bid. Alternative Bids will not be considered unless called for.
- **16.0 WITHDRAWAL OF BID**. Prior to the Deadline for Bids, the Bid may be withdrawn by the Bidder by means of a written request, signed by the Bidder or its properly authorized representative. Such written request must be delivered to the place stipulated in the Notice Inviting Bids for receipt of Bids.

17.0 AWARD OF CONTRACT.

A. Award of a contract, if it is awarded, will be on the basis of materials and equipment described in the Drawings or specified in the Technical Specifications and will be made to the lowest responsive, responsible Bidder whose Bid complies with all the requirements prescribed. Unless otherwise specified, any such award will be made within the period

stated in the Notice Inviting Bids that the Bids are to remain open. Unless otherwise indicated, a single award will be made for all the Bid items in an individual Bid Schedule.

- B. If the OWNER has elected to advertise this Project with a Base Bid and Alternates, the OWNER may elect to award the contract for the Base Bid, or the Base Bid in combination with one or more Alternates selected by the OWNER. In either case, award shall be made to the responsive, responsible bidder offering the lowest total Bid for the WORK to be awarded.
- C. Award of a contract is subject to the adoption of an appropriation of funds by the City Assembly.

18.0 EXECUTION OF AGREEMENT.

- A. All Bids of value greater than \$1,000,000 must be approved by the CBJ Assembly. After the CBJ Assembly has approved the award and after the Bid protest period, the OWNER will issue a Notice of Intent to Award to the approved Bidder. The Bidder to whom award is made shall execute a written Agreement with the OWNER on the Agreement form, Section 00500, collect insurance, and shall furnish all certificates and Bonds required by the Contract Documents within 10 Days (calendar) from the date of the Notice of Intent to Award letter.
- B. Failure or refusal to enter into the Agreement as herein provided or to conform to any of the stipulated requirements in connection therewith shall be just cause for annulment of the award and forfeiture of the Bid security. If the lowest responsive, responsible Bidder refuses or fails to execute the Agreement, the OWNER may award the contract to the second lowest responsive, responsible Bidder. If the second lowest responsive, responsible Bidder refuses or fails to execute the Agreement, the OWNER may award the contract to the third lowest responsive, responsible Bidder. On the failure or refusal of such second or third lowest Bidder to execute the Agreement, each such Bidder's Bid securities shall be likewise forfeited to the OWNER.
- **19.0 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.** Provisions for liquidated damages if any, are set forth in Section 00500 Agreement.

20.0 FILING A PROTEST.

- A. A Bidder may protest the proposed award of a competitive sealed Bid by the City and Borough of Juneau. The protest shall be executed in accordance with CBJ Ordinance 53.50.062 PROTESTS and CBJ Ordinance 53.50.080 ADMINISTRATION OF PROTEST. The entire text of the CBJ Purchasing Ordinance can be accessed at the CBJ website, http://www.juneau.org/law/code/code.php, or call the CBJ Purchasing Division at (907) 586-5215 for a copy of the ordinance.
- B. Late protests shall not be considered by the CBJ Purchasing Officer.
- 21.0 CONTRACTOR'S GOOD STANDING WITH CBJ FINANCE DEPARTMENT:
 Contractors must be in good standing with the CBJ prior to award, and prior to any contract

renewals, and in any event no later than <u>seven business days</u> following notification by the CBJ of intent to award. **Good standing** means: all amounts owed to the CBJ are current and the Contractor is not delinquent with respect to any taxes, fees, assessment, or other monies due and owed the CBJ, or a Confession of Judgment has been executed and the Contractor is in compliance with the terms of any stipulation associated with the Confession of Judgment, including being current as to any installment payments due; and Contractor is current in all CBJ reporting obligations (such as sales tax registration and reporting and business personal property declarations). Failure to meet these requirements may be cause for rejection of your bid. To determine if your business is in good standing, or for further information, contact the CBJ Finance Department's Sales Tax Division at (907) 586-5215 for sales tax issues, Assessor's Office at (907)586-5215 for business personal property issues, or Collections Division at (907) 586-5215 for all other accounts.

22.0 PERMITS AND LICENSES. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for all WORK associated with meeting any local, state, and/or federal permit and licensing requirements.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU PURCHASING DIVISION FAX NO. 907-586-4561

BID MODIFICATION FORM

Modifi	cation Number:			
Note:	All modifications shall be made to the original bid amount(s). If more than one Modification form is submitted by any one bidder, changes from all Modification forms submitted will be combined and applied to the original bid. Changes to the modified Bid amounts will be calculated by the OWNER. Bidder may use multiple modification pages if required.			
	PAY ITEM NO.		PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION	MODIFICATIONS TO LUMP SUM (indicate +/-)
		Total Bid		
	Bid Total	Increase o	r Decrease: \$	
			Name of Bidding Firm	
			Responsible Party Signature	
			Printed Name (must be an authorized sign	natory for Bidding Firm)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00300 - BID

BID TO: THE CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU

1. The undersigned Bidder proposes and agrees, if this Bid is accepted, to enter into an Agreement with the OWNER on the form included in the Contract Documents (as defined in Article 7 of Section 00500 - Agreement) to perform the WORK as specified or indicated in said Contract Documents entitled

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement Contract No. BE22-108

- 2. Bidder accepts all of the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents, including without limitation those in the "Notice Inviting Bids" and "Instructions to Bidders," dealing with the disposition of the Bid Security.
- 3. This Bid will remain open for the period stated in the "Notice Inviting Bids" unless otherwise required by law. Bidder will enter into an Agreement within the time and in the manner required in the "Notice Inviting Bids" and the "Instructions to Bidders," and will furnish insurance certificates, Payment Bond, Performance Bond, and any other documents as may be required by the Contract Documents.
- 4. Bidder has familiarized itself with the nature and extent of the Contract Documents, WORK, site, locality where the WORK is to be performed, the legal requirements (federal, state and local laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations), and the conditions affecting cost, progress or performance of the WORK and has made such independent investigations as Bidder deems necessary.
- 5. This Bid is genuine and not made in the interest of or on behalf of any undisclosed person, firm or corporation and is not submitted in conformity with any agreement or rules of any group, association, organization or corporation; Bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other Bidder to submit a false or sham Bid; Bidder has not solicited or induced any person, firm or corporation to refrain from bidding; and Bidder has not sought by collusion to obtain for itself any advantage over any other Bidder or over OWNER.
- 6. To all the foregoing, and including all Bid Schedule and information required of Bidder contained in this Bid Form, said Bidder further agrees to complete the WORK required under the Contract Documents within the Contract Time stipulated in said Contract Documents, and to accept in full payment therefore the Contract Price based on the total bid price(s) named in the aforementioned Bid Schedule.
- 7. Bidder has examined copies of all the Contract Documents including the following Addenda (receipt of all of which is hereby acknowledged by the Undersigned):

Addenda No.	Date Issued	_	Addenda No.	Date Issued
		_		

Give number and date of each Addenda above. Failure to acknowledge receipt of all Addenda may cause the Bid to be non-responsive and may cause its rejection.

SECTION 00300 - BID

8. The Bidder has read this Bid and agrees to the conditions as stated herein by signing its signature in the space provided below.

Dated:	Bidder: _	(Company Name)
Alaska CONTRACTOR's Business License No:	Ву: _	(Signature)
Alaska CONTRACTOR's	Printed Name: _	
License No:	Title: _	
Telephone No:	Address: _	(Street or P.O. Box)
Fax No:		
E-mail:		(City, State, Zip)

- 9. TO BE CONSIDERED, ALL BIDDERS MUST COMPLETE AND INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING AT THE TIME OF THE DEADLINE FOR BIDS. MISSING DOCUMENTS WILL DEEM THIS BID NON-RESPONSIVE:
 - ➤ Bid, Section 00300 (includes Addenda receipt statement)
 - ➤ Completed Bid Schedule, Section 00310, or other acceptable form of Bid Schedule as specified in Section 00030, Notice Inviting Bids
 - ➤ Bid Security (Bid Bond, Section 00320, or by a certified or cashier's check as stipulated in the Notice Inviting Bids, Section 00030)
 - > Contractor Financial Responsibility, Section 00370
- 10. The apparent low Bidder is required to complete and submit the following documents by 4:30 p.m. on the *fifth business day* following the date of the Posting Notice.
 - ➤ Subcontractor Report, Section 00360

The apparent low Bidder who fails to submit the completed Subcontractor Report within the time specified in Section 00360 – Subcontractor Report, may be found to be not a responsible Bidder and may be required to forfeit the Bid security. The OWNER may then consider the next lowest Bidder for award of the contract.

- 11. The successful Bidder will be required to submit, *within ten Days (calendar)* after the date of the "Notice of Intent to Award" letter, the following executed documents:
 - > Agreement Forms, Section 00500
 - > Performance Bond, Section 00610
 - Payment Bond, Section 00620
 - ➤ Certificates of Insurance, (CONTRACTOR) Section 00700 and Section 00800

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00310 - BID SCHEDULE

Bid Schedule for construction of BE22- : Generator Replacement, in accordance		Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station ract Documents.
equipment that is past its useful life, an	d perform all on by the Con	Station to replace existing mechanical and electrical WORK as described in these Contract Documents. tractor of Owner Furnished generators for both the
TOTAL BID	\$	(Price in Figures)
Date:	Bidder:	(Company Name)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00320 - BID BOND

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRI	ESENTS, that
as Principal, and	
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto THE C	ITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU hereinafter called
"OWNER," in the sum of	
	than five percent of the total amount of the Bid) for the e, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, ly by these presents.
WHEREAS, said Principal has submitted a the Bid Schedule of the OWNER's Contract Docu	Bid to said OWNER to perform the WORK required under ments entitled.
	ntion M/E Upgrades & n Generator Replacement
Contract	t No. BE22-108
in the manner required in the "Notice Inviting Bio Agreement on the form of Agreement bound with s of insurance, and furnishes the required Performar null and void, otherwise it shall remain in full force	warded a contract by said OWNER and, within the time and ds" and the "Instructions to Bidders" enters into a written aid Contract Documents, furnishes the required certificates ace Bond and Payment Bond, then this obligation shall be and effect. In the event suit is brought upon this bond by shall pay all costs incurred by said OWNER in such suit, y the court.
SIGNED AND SEALED, this day o	of, 20
(SEAL)(Principal)	(SEAL)(Surety)
Bv:	Bv:

END OF SECTION

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT Contract No. BE22-108

(Signature)

(Signature)

SECTION 00360 - SUBCONTRACTOR REPORT

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS (AS 36.30.115)

The apparent low Bidder must submit a list of Subcontractors that the Bidder proposes to use in the performance of this contract on the fifth business day following the Posting Notice of Bids. If the fifth day falls on a weekend or holiday, the report is due by close of business on the next business Day following the weekend or holiday. The Subcontractor Report list must include each Subcontractor's name, address, location, evidence of valid Alaska Business License, and valid Alaska Contractor's Registration under AS 08.18. If no Subcontractors are to be utilized in the performance of the WORK, write in ink or type "NONE" on line (1) below.

SUBCONTRACTOR	¹ AK Contractor <u>License No.</u>	¹ Contact Name	Type of	Contract	✓ if
ADDRESS	² AK Business <u>License No.</u>	² Phone No.	Work	<u>Amount</u>	DBE
1	2			\$	_ 🗌
2.	1			\$	
	2			· -	_
3.	2			\$	_
4.	1			\$	
	2			Ψ	_
I certify that the above listed were valid at the time Bids v			ΓOR Registration	on(s), if applicab	le,
CONTRACTOR, Authorize	ed Signature				
CONTRACTOR, Printed N	ame				
COMPANY					

SECTION 00360 - SUBCONTRACTOR REPORT

- A. A Bidder may replace a listed Subcontractor if the Subcontractor:
 - 1. fails to comply with AS 08.18;
 - 2. files for bankruptcy or becomes insolvent;
 - 3. fails to execute a contract with the Bidder involving performance of the WORK for which the Subcontractor was listed and the Bidder acted in good faith;
 - 4. fails to obtain bonding;
 - 5. fails to obtain insurance acceptable to the OWNER;
 - 6. fails to perform the contract with the Bidder involving work for which the Subcontractor was listed;
 - 7. must be substituted in order for the CONTRACTOR to satisfy required state and federal affirmative action requirements;
 - 8. refuses to agree or abide with the Bidder's labor agreement; or
 - 9. is determined by the OWNER not to be responsible.
 - 10. is not in "Good Standing" with the OWNER as required in Article 21.0 in Section 00100 Instructions to Bidders.
- B. If a Bidder fails to list a Subcontractor or lists more than one Subcontractor for the same portion of WORK, the Bidder shall be considered to have agreed to perform that portion of WORK without the use of a Subcontractor and to have represented the Bidder to be qualified to perform that WORK.
- C. A Bidder who attempts to circumvent the requirements of this section by listing as a Subcontractor another contractor who, in turn, sublets the majority of the WORK required under the contract violates this section.
- D. If a contract is awarded to a Bidder who violates this section, the OWNER may:
 - 1. cancel the contract; or
 - 2. after notice and a hearing, assess a penalty on the Bidder in an amount that does not exceed 10 percent of the value of the subcontract at issue.
- E. On the Subcontractor Report, the apparent low Bidder must list all Subcontractors anticipated to perform WORK on the project.
- F. An apparent low Bidder who fails to submit a completed Subcontractor Report within the time specified in this section may be found to be not a responsible Bidder and may be required to forfeit the Bid security. The OWNER will then consider the next lowest Bidder for award of the contract.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00370 - CONTRACTOR'S FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

To be considered, all bidders must complete and include this form *at the time of the deadline for bids*. Attach additional sheets as necessary to respond to questions.

PROJECT: Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement As the General Contractor on this project, I intend to subcontract % of the total value of this contract. A. EXPERIENCE 1. Have you ever failed to complete a contract due to insufficient resources? [] No [] Yes If YES, explain: 2. Describe arrangements you have made to finance this work: 3. Have you had previous construction contracts or subcontracts with the City and Borough of Juneau? [] Yes [] No 4. Describe your most recent or current contract, its completion date, and scope of work: 5. List below, and/or as an attachment to this questionnaire, other construction projects you have completed, dates of completion, scope of work, and total contract amount for each project completed in the past twelve months.

SECTION 00370 - CONTRACTOR'S FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

6. Per Alaska Statute 3 progress), have you ever fai after receiving payment from	led to pay a subco	ntractor <u>or</u> m	aterial supplier	within eight worki	
[] Yes [] No	If yes, please	attach a deta	led explanation	for each occurrence	e.
B. EQUIPMENT1. Describe below, and/or project.	as an attachment,	the equipmen	t you have avai	lable and intend to u	use for this
ITEM	QUANTITY	MAKE	MODEL	SIZE/CAPACITY	PRESENT MARKET VALUE
2. Do you propose to purc. [] No [] Yes If YES					
3. Do you propose to rent [] No [] Yes If YES			t listed on table	B-1?	

SECTION 00370 - CONTRACTOR'S FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

4. Is your bid based on firm offe [] Yes [] No If NO, pleas	es for all materials necessary for this project?	
		_
I hereby certify that the above s	atements are true and complete.	
Signature	Company Name	
Printed Name	 Date	

THIS AGREEMENT is between THE CITY A	ND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU (hereinafter called OWNER)
and	(hereinafter called CONTRACTOR)
OWNER and CONTRACTOR, in consideration	of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. WORK.

CONTRACTOR shall complete the WORK as specified or as indicated under the Bid Schedule of the OWNER's Bid Documents entitled <u>Contract No. BE22-108 Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau</u> Fire Station Generator.

The WORK is generally described as follows: Renovation to the existing Glacier Fire Station to replace existing mechanical and electrical equipment that is past its useful life, and perform all WORK as described in these Contract Documents. Associated Work includes the installation by the Contractor of Owner Furnished generators for both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station.

The Glacier Fire Station was originally constructed in 1979. The building includes a Structural apparatus bay, Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting apparatus bay, EMS bay, dispatch center, classroom, kitchen, offices, 2nd story dorm rooms, and support spaces. The project includes a significant renovation of the mechanical and electrical systems serving the Glacier Fire Station including:

- 1. Replacement of the boiler heating plant
- 2. Replacement of building air handling units and fan units
- 3. Modifications and Additions to the existing ventilation system ductwork
- 4. Removal of the building pneumatic and electric controls and Replacement with DDC controls
- 5. Removal of underground and aboveground fuel storage tanks
- 6. Upgrades to the Electrical distribution system including the Replacement of the main distribution board, panelboards, and feeders
- 7. Electrical power systems to support the renovated Mechanical systems
- 8. Related Architectural, Civil, and Hazmat Work
- 9. Temporary electrical and mechanical systems to support a fully operational fire station throughout Construction
- 10. Installation of Owner Furnished generators at both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station.

The WORK to be paid under this contract shall include the following: Total Bid as shown in Section 00310 - Bid Schedule.

ARTICLE 2. CONTRACT COMPLETION TIME.

Work Description Completion Date

Downtown Fire Station – Substantial Completion	September 1, 2023
Downtown Fire Station – Final Completion	September 20, 2023
Glacier Fire Station – Substantial Completion	November 18, 2023
Glacier Fire Station – Final Completion	December 1, 2023

ARTICLE 3. DATE OF AGREEMENT

The date of this Agreement will be the date of the last signature on page four of this section.

ARTICLE 4. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

OWNER and the CONTRACTOR recognize that time is of the essence of this Agreement and that the OWNER will suffer financial loss if the WORK is not completed within the time specified in Article 2 herein, plus any extensions thereof allowed in accordance with Article 12 of the General Conditions. They also recognize the delays, expense, and difficulties involved in proving in a legal proceeding the actual damages suffered by the OWNER if the WORK is not completed on time. Accordingly, instead of requiring any such proof, the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR agree that as liquidated damages for delay (but not as a penalty) the CONTRACTOR shall pay the OWNER for each Day that expires after the completion time specified in Article 2 herein. The amount of liquidated damages specified below is agreed to be a reasonable estimate based on all facts known as of the date of this Agreement.

Work Description	Completion Date	Liquidated Damages
Downtown Fire Station		
Substantial Completion	September 1, 2023	\$500
Glacier Fire Station		
Substantial Completion	November 18, 2023	\$1,000

ARTICLE 5. CONTRACT PRICE.

OWNER shall pay CONTRACTOR for completion of the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents in the amount set forth in the Bid Schedule. The CONTRACTOR agrees to accept as full and complete payment for all WORK to be done in this contract for: Contract No. BE22-108 Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement, those Lump Sum amounts as set forth in the Bid Schedule in the Contract Documents for this Project.

The total amount of this contract shall be	(\$)
except as adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Bid Documents.	,	

ARTICLE 6. PAYMENT PROCEDURES.

CONTRACTOR shall submit Applications for Payment in accordance with Article 14 of the General Conditions. Applications for Payment will be processed by the ENGINEER as provided in the General Conditions.

Progress payments will be paid in full in accordance with Article 14 of the General Conditions until ninety (90) percent of the Contract Price has been paid. The remaining ten (10) percent of the Contract Price may be retained, in accordance with applicable Alaska State Statutes, until final inspection, completion, and acceptance of the Project by the OWNER.

ARTICLE 7. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

The Contract Documents which comprise the entire Agreement between OWNER and CONTRACTOR concerning the WORK consist of this Agreement (pages 00500-1 to 00500-7, inclusive) and the following sections of the Contract Documents:

- ➤ Table of Contents (pages 00005-1 to 00005-5, inclusive)
- Notice Inviting Bids (pages 00030-1 to 00030-3, inclusive).
- Instructions to Bidders (pages 00100-1 to 00100-10, inclusive).
- ➤ Bid (pages 00300-1 to 00300-2, inclusive).
- ➤ Bid Schedule (pages 00310-1, inclusive).
- ➤ Bid Bond (page 00320-1, inclusive) or Bid Security.
- Subcontractor Report (pages 00360-1 to 00360-2, inclusive).
- Contractor Financial Responsibility (pages 00370-1 to 00370-3, inclusive).
- Performance Bond (pages 00610-1 to 00610-2, inclusive).
- Payment Bond (pages 00620-1 to 00620-2, inclusive).
- > Insurance Certificate(s).
- ➤ General Conditions (pages 00700-1 to 00700-48, inclusive).
- Supplementary General Conditions (pages 00800-1 to 00800-5, inclusive).
- Alaska Labor Standards, Reporting, and Prevailing Wage Determination (page 00830-1).
- > Technical Specifications as listed in the Table of Contents.
- > Drawings consisting of 70 sheets, as listed in the Table of Contents.
- Addenda numbers to , inclusive.
- > Change Orders which may be delivered or issued after the Date of the Agreement and which are not attached hereto.

There are no Contract Documents other than those listed in this Article 7. The Contract Documents may only be amended by Change Order as provided in Paragraph 3.3 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 8. MISCELLANEOUS.

Terms used in this Agreement which are defined in Article 1 of the General Conditions will have the meanings indicated in the General Conditions.

No assignment by a party hereto of any rights under or interests in the Contract Documents will be binding on another party hereto without the written consent of the party sought to be bound; and specifically but without limitation monies that may become due and monies that are due may not be assigned without such consent (except to the extent that the effect of this restriction may be limited by law), and unless specifically stated to the contrary in any written consent to an assignment, no assignment will release or discharge the assignor from any duty or responsibility under the Contract Documents.

OWNER and CONTRACTOR each binds itself, its partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives to the other party hereto, its partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives in respect of all covenants, agreements and obligations contained in the Contract Documents. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Alaska. Jurisdiction shall be in the State of Alaska, First Judicial District.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, OWNER and CONTRACTOR have caused this Agreement to be executed on the date listed below by OWNER.

OWNER:	CONTRACTOR:
City and Borough of Juneau	
	(Company Name)
(Signature)	(Signature)
By: <u>Duncan Rorie Watt, City & Borough Manager</u> (Printed Name)	By:(Printed Name, Authority or Title)
Date:	CONTRACTOR Signature Date:
OWNER's address for giving notices:	CONTRACTOR's address for giving notices:
Juneau, Alaska 99801	
907-586-0800 907-586-4530 (Fax)	(Telephone) (Fax)
	(E-mail address)
	Contractor License No.

CERTIFICATE (if Corporation)

STATE OF)		
COUNTY OF) SS:)		
I HEREBY	CERTIFY that a meeting of the	ne Board of Directors of	the
		a corporation e	existing under the laws of
the State of was duly passed an	, held on	, 20	, the following resolution
BOROUG Secretary of of this Cor	H OF JUNEAU and this corpor f the Corporation, and with the	ration and that the execut Corporate Seal affixed,	, asPresident reement with the CITY AND ion thereof, attested by the shall be the official act and deed
IN WITNE	SS WHEREOF, I have hereunt	to set my hand and affixe	ed the official seal of the
corporation this	day of	, 20	
		Secretary	
(SEAL)			

CERTIFICATE (if Partnership)

STATE	E OF)) SS:		
COUN	TTY OF)		
	I HEREBY CERTIFY that a meeting of	of the Partners of the	
		a partnership ex	isting under the laws of the State
of passed	, held on	, 20	_, the following resolution was duly
20	"RESOLVED, thathereby authorized to execute the Agree this partnership and that the execution the official act and deed of this Partner I further certify that said resolution is resolution." IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have here	thereof, attested by the care thereof, attested by the ship."	Y AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU and heshall be effect.
(SEAL	.)		

CERTIFICATE (if Joint Venture)

STATE	OF) SS:					
COUNT	ΓY OF)					
]	I HEREBY CERTIFY that a meeting of the Prin					
	a	joint venture existing under the laws of the				
State of adopted:	, held on, 20,	the following resolution was duly passed and				
	"RESOLVED, that, as of a solution of the second of the					
I further certify that said resolution is now in full force and effect.						
	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set n, 20	ny hand this, day of				
		Secretary				
(SEAL)						

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00610 - PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOV	WALL PERSONS BY	THESE PRESENTS:	hat we			
			(N	ame of Contractor)		
	aa					
		(Corporation, Partnership, Individual)				
hereinafter call	led "Principal" and					
	1		(Surety)			
of	, State of		nereinafter calle	ed the "Surety," are held and		
firmly bound to	o the CITY AND BOR	OUGH of JUNEAU,	ALASKA her	einafter called "OWNER,"		
	(Owner)	(City and State)				
for the penal su	um of					
		dollars (\$) in lawful money of the		
United States,	for the payment of which			d ourselves, our heirs, executors,		
	and successors, jointly a					
THE C	CONDITION OF THIS	OBLIGATION is such	that whereas, th	ne CONTRACTOR has entered		
into a certain co	ontract with the OWNEI	R, the effective date of	which is (CBJ Co	ontracts Office to fill in effective		
date)			,	and made a part hereof for the		
construction of	f.					

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Principal shall truly and faithfully perform its duties, all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term thereof, and any extensions thereof, which may be granted by the OWNER, with or without notice to the Surety, and if it shall satisfy all claims and demands incurred under such contract, and shall fully indemnify and save harmless the OWNER from all costs and damages which it may suffer by reason of failure to do so, and shall reimburse and repay the OWNER all outlay and expense which the OWNER may incur in making good any default, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the WORK to be performed thereunder or the specifications accompanying the same shall in any wise affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the WORK or to the Specifications.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the Principal shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

SECTION 00610 - PERFORMANCE BOND

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is issued in two (2) identical counterparts, each one of which shall be deemed an original.

CONTRACTOR:	
By:	<u> </u>
By:(Signature)	
(Printed Name)	<u> </u>
(Company Name)	<u> </u>
(Mailing Address)	<u></u>
(City, State, Zip Code)	<u></u>
SURETY:	
By:	Date Issued:
By:(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)	
(Printed Name)	<u></u>
(Company Name)	<u></u>
(Mailing Address)	<u> </u>
(City, State, Zip Code)	<u></u>
(A 6° - CUDETVIC CE A L)	

(Affix SURETY'S SEAL)

NOTE: If CONTRACTOR is Partnership, all Partners must execute bond.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00620 - PAYMENT BOND

KNOW	ALL PERSONS BY 1	THESE PRESENTS:	That we	
				(Name of Contractor)
	a			
		(Corporation, Par	tnership, Indi	vidual)
hereinafter called	d "Principal" and			
	1		(Surety)	
of	, State of		_hereinafter	called the "Surety," are held and
firmly bound to	the CITY AND BOR	OUGH of JUNEAU,	ALASKA	hereinafter called "OWNER,"
	(Owner)			
for the penal sun	n of			
		dollars (\$) in lawful money of the
United States, fo	r the payment of which			e bind ourselves, our heirs, executors,
	nd successors, jointly a	•		
	73 3	3,	J 1	
THE CO	ONDITION OF THIS	OBLIGATION is such	n that where	eas, the CONTRACTOR has entered
into a certain con	ntract with the OWNER	R, the effective date of	which is (C	BJ Contracts Office to fill in effective
date)	,	copy of which is h	ereto attach	ned and made a part hereof for the
construction of:				

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Principal shall promptly make payment to all persons, firms, Subcontractors, and corporations furnishing materials for, or performing labor in the prosecution of the WORK provided for in such contract, and any authorized extension or modification thereof, including all amounts due for materials, lubricants, oil, gasoline, coal and coke, repairs on machinery, equipment and tools, consumed or used in connection with the construction of such WORK, and all insurance premiums on said work, and for all labor performed in such WORK, whether by Subcontractor or otherwise, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the work to be performed thereunder or the specifications accompanying the same shall in any wise affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the WORK or to the Specifications.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the Principal shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

SECTION 00620 - PAYMENT BOND

Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is issued in two (2) identical counterparts, each one of which shall be deemed an original.

CONTRACTOR:	
By:	<u></u>
By:(Signature)	
(Printed Name)	
(Company Name)	
(Mailing Address)	
(City, State, Zip Code)	
SURETY:	
By:	Date Issued:
By:(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)	
(Printed Name)	
(Company Name)	
(Mailing Address)	
(City, State, Zip Code)	
(Affix SURETY'S SEAL)	

END OF SECTION

NOTE: If CONTRACTOR is Partnership, <u>all</u> Partners must execute bond.

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ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

Wherever used in these General Conditions or in the Contract Documents the following terms have the meanings indicated which are applicable to both the singular and plural thereof. Where an entire word is capitalized in the definitions and is found not capitalized in the Contract Documents it has the ordinary dictionary definition.

Addenda - Written or graphic instruments issued prior to the opening of Bids which make additions, deletions, or revisions to the Contract Documents.

Agreement - The written contract between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR covering the WORK to be performed; other documents are attached to the Agreement and made a part thereof as provided therein.

Application for Payment - The form furnished by the ENGINEER which is to be used by the CONTRACTOR to request progress or final payment and which is to be accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents.

Asbestos - Any material that contains more than one percent asbestos and is friable or is releasing asbestos fibers into the air above current action levels established by the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Bid - The offer or proposal of the Bidder submitted on the prescribed form setting forth the price or prices for the WORK.

Bonds - Bid, Performance, and Payment Bonds and other instruments which protect against loss due to inability or refusal of the CONTRACTOR to perform its contract.

CBJ Project Manager - The authorized representative of the City and Borough of Juneau Engineering Department, as OWNER, who is responsible for administration of the contract.

Change Order - A document recommended by the ENGINEER, which is signed by the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER and authorizes an addition, deletion, or revision in the WORK, or an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Time, issued on or after the Effective Date of the Agreement.

Contract Documents - The Table of Contents, Notice Inviting Bids, Instructions to Bidders, Bid Forms (including the Bid, Bid Schedule(s), Information Required of Bidder, Bid Bond, and all required certificates and affidavits), Agreement, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, General Conditions, Supplementary General Conditions, Technical Specifications, Drawings, Permits, and all Addenda, and Change Orders executed pursuant to the provisions of the Contract Documents.

Contract Price - The total monies payable by the OWNER to the CONTRACTOR under the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.

Contract Time - The number of successive calendar Days stated in the Contract Documents for the completion of the WORK.

CONTRACTOR - The individual, partnership, corporation, joint-venture or other legal entity with whom the OWNER has executed the Agreement.

Day - A calendar day of 24 hours measured from midnight to the next midnight.

Defective WORK - WORK that is unsatisfactory, faulty, or deficient; or that does not conform to the Contract Documents; or that does not meet the requirements of any inspection, reference standard, test, or approval referred to in the Contract Documents; or WORK that has been damaged prior to the ENGINEER's recommendation of final payment.

Drawings - The Drawings, plans, maps, profiles, diagrams, and other graphic representations which indicate the character, location, nature, extent, and scope of the WORK and which have been prepared by the ENGINEER and are referred to in the Contract Documents. Shop Drawings are not within the meaning of this paragraph.

Effective Date of the Agreement - The date indicated in the Agreement on which it becomes effective, but if no such date is indicated it means the date on which the Agreement is signed and delivered by the last of the two parties to sign and deliver.

Engineer of Record - The individual, partnership, corporation, joint-venture or other legal entity named as such in the Contract Documents.

ENGINEER - The ENGINEER is the firm or person(s) selected by the City and Borough of Juneau (CBJ) to perform the duties of project inspection and management. CBJ will inform the CONTRACTOR of the identity of the ENGINEER at or before the Notice to Proceed.

Field Order - A written order issued by the ENGINEER which may or may not involve a change in the WORK.

General Requirements - Division 1 of the Technical Specifications.

Hazardous Waste - The term Hazardous Waste shall have the meaning provided in Section 1004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 USC Section 9603) as amended from time to time.

Holidays - The CBJ legal holidays occur on:

- 1. New Year's Day January 1
- 2. Martin Luther King's Birthday Third Monday in January
- 3. President's Day Third Monday in February
- 4. Seward's Day Last Monday in March
- 5. Memorial Day Last Monday in May
- 6. Independence Day July 4
- 7. Labor Day First Monday in September
- 8. Alaska Day October 18
- 9. Veteran's Day November 11
- 10. Thanksgiving Day Fourth Thursday and the following Friday in November
- 11. Christmas Day December 25

If any holiday listed above falls on a Saturday, Saturday and the preceding Friday are both legal holidays. If the holiday should fall on a Sunday, Sunday and the following Monday are both legal holidays.

Inspector - The authorized representative of the ENGINEER assigned to make detailed inspections for conformance to the Contract Documents. Any reference to the Resident Project Representative in this document shall mean the Inspector.

Laws and Regulations; Laws or Regulations - Any and all applicable laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, codes, and/or orders of any and all governmental bodies, agencies, authorities and courts having jurisdiction.

Mechanic's Lien - A form of security, an interest in real property, which is held to secure the payment of an obligation. When referred to in these Contract Documents, "Mechanic's Lien" or "lien" means "Stop Notice".

Milestone - A principal event specified in the Contract Documents relating to an intermediate completion date of a portion of the WORK, or a period of time within which the portion of the WORK should be performed prior to Substantial Completion of all the WORK.

Notice of Award - The written notice by the OWNER to the apparent successful bidder stating that the apparent successful bidder has complied with all conditions for award of the contract.

Notice of Completion - A form signed by the ENGINEER and the CONTRACTOR recommending to the OWNER that the WORK is Substantially Complete and fixing the date of Substantial Completion. After acceptance of the WORK by the OWNER's governing body, the form is signed by the OWNER and filed with the County Recorder. This filing starts the 30-day lien filing period on the WORK.

Notice to Proceed - The written notice issued by the OWNER to the CONTRACTOR authorizing the CONTRACTOR to proceed with the WORK and establishing the date of commencement of the Contract Time.

Notice of Intent to Award - The written notice by the OWNER to the apparent successful bidder stating that upon compliance by the apparent successful bidder with the requirements listed therein, within the time specified, the OWNER will enter into an Agreement.

OWNER - The City and Borough of Juneau (CBJ), acting through its legally designated officials, officers, or employees.

Partial Utilization - Use by the OWNER or a substantially completed part of the WORK for the purpose for which it is intended prior to Substantial Completion of all the WORK.

PCB's - Polychlorinated biphenyls.

PERMITTEE – See definition for CONTRACTOR.

Petroleum - Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute), such as oil, petroleum, fuel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, gasoline, kerosene, and oil mixed with other non-Hazardous Wastes and crude oils.

Project - The total construction of which the WORK to be provided under the Contract Documents may be the whole, or a part as indicated elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

Radioactive Material - Source, special nuclear, or byproduct material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 USC Section 2011 et seq.) as amended from time to time.

Shop Drawings - All Drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules and other data which are specifically prepared by or for the CONTRACTOR and submitted by the CONTRACTOR, to the ENGINEER, to illustrate some portion of WORK.

Specifications - Same definition as "Technical Specifications" hereinafter.

Stop Notice - A legal remedy for Subcontractors and suppliers who contribute to public works, but who are not paid for their WORK, which secures payment from construction funds possessed by the OWNER. For public property, the Stop Notice remedy is designed to substitute for mechanic's lien rights.

Sub-Consultant - The individual, partnership, corporation, joint-venture or other legal entity having a direct contract with ENGINEER, or with any of its Consultants to furnish services with respect to the Project.

Subcontractor - An individual, partnership, corporation, joint-venture or other legal entity having a direct contract with the CONTRACTOR, or with any of its Subcontractors, for the performance of a part of the WORK at the site.

Substantial Completion - Refers to when the WORK has progressed to the point where, in the opinion of the ENGINEER as evidenced by Notice of Completion as applicable, it is sufficiently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, so that the WORK can be utilized for the purposes for which it is intended; or if no such notice is issued, when final payment is due in accordance with Paragraph 14.8. The terms "substantially complete" and "substantially completed" as applied to any WORK refer to substantial completion thereof.

Supplementary General Conditions (SGC) - The part of the Contract Documents which make additions, deletions, or revisions to these General Conditions.

Supplier - A manufacturer, fabricator, supplier, distributor, materialman, or vendor.

Technical Specifications - Divisions 1 through 16 of the Contract Documents consisting of the General Requirements and written technical descriptions of products and execution of the WORK.

Underground Utilities - All pipelines, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, manholes, vaults, tanks, tunnels, or other such facilities or attachments, and any encasements containing such facilities which have been installed underground to furnish any of the following services or materials: water, sewage and drainage removal, electricity, gases, steam, liquid petroleum products, telephone or other communications, cable television, traffic, or other control systems.

WORK, Work - The entire completed construction or the various separately identifiable parts thereof required to be furnished under the Contract Documents. WORK is the result of performing, or furnishing labor and furnishing and incorporating materials and equipment into the construction, and performing or furnishing services and furnishing documents, all as required by the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 2 PRELIMINARY MATTERS

- 2.1 DELIVERY OF BONDS/INSURANCE CERTIFICATES. When the CONTRACTOR delivers the signed Agreements to the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR shall also deliver to the OWNER such Bonds and Insurance Policies and Certificates as the CONTRACTOR may be required to furnish in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 2.2 COPIES OF DOCUMENTS. The OWNER shall furnish to the CONTRACTOR the required number of copies of the Contract Documents specified in the Supplementary General Conditions.
- 2.3 COMMENCEMENT OF CONTRACT TIME; NOTICE TO PROCEED. The Contract Time will start to run on the commencement date stated in the Notice to Proceed.

2.4 STARTING THE WORK

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall begin to perform the WORK within 10 days after the commencement date stated in the Notice to Proceed, but no WORK shall be done at the site prior to said commencement date.
- B. Before undertaking each part of the WORK, the CONTRACTOR shall carefully study and compare the Contract Documents and check and verify pertinent figures shown thereon and all applicable field measurements. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly report in writing to the ENGINEER any conflict, error, or discrepancy which the CONTRACTOR may discover and shall obtain a written interpretation or clarification from the ENGINEER before proceeding with any WORK affected thereby.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall submit to the ENGINEER for review those documents called for under Section 01300 CONTRACTOR Submittals in the General Requirements.
- 2.5 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE. The CONTRACTOR is required to attend a Pre-Construction Conference. This conference will be attended by the ENGINEER and others as appropriate in order to discuss the WORK in accordance with the applicable procedures specified in the General Requirements, Section 01010 Summary of WORK in the General Requirements.
- 2.6 FINALIZING CONTRACTOR SUBMITTALS. At least 7 days before submittal of the first Application for Payment a conference attended by the CONTRACTOR, the ENGINEER and others as appropriate will be held to finalize the initial CONTRACTOR submittals in accordance with the General Requirements. As a minimum the CONTRACTOR's representatives should include the project manager and schedule expert. The CONTRACTOR should plan on this meeting taking no less than 8 hours. If the submittals are not finalized at the end of the meeting, additional meetings will be held so that the submittals can be finalized prior to the submittal of the first application for payment. No application for payment will be processed until CONTRACTOR submittals are finalized.

ARTICLE 3 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS: INTENT, AMENDING, REUSE

3.1 INTENT

- A. The Contract Documents comprise the entire Agreement between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR concerning the WORK. The Contract Documents shall be construed as a whole in accordance with Alaska Law.
- В. It is the intent of the Contract Documents to describe the WORK, functionally complete, to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents. Any work, materials, or equipment that may reasonably be inferred from the Contract Documents as being required to produce the intended result shall be supplied whether or not specifically called for. When words or phrases which have a well-known technical or construction industry or trade meaning are used to describe work, materials, or equipment such words or phrases shall be interpreted in accordance with that meaning, unless a definition has been provided in Article 1 of the General Conditions. Reference to standard specifications, manuals, or codes of any technical society, organization, or association, or to the Laws or Regulations of any governmental authority, whether such reference be specific or by implication, shall mean the latest standard specification, manual, code, or Laws or Regulations in effect at the time of opening of Bids, except as may be otherwise specifically stated. However, no provision of any referenced standard specification, manual, or code (whether or not specifically incorporated by reference in the Contract Documents) shall be effective to change the duties and responsibilities of the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR, or the ENGINEER or any of their consultants, agents, or employees from those set forth in the Contract Documents.
- C. If, during the performance of the WORK, CONTRACTOR discovers any conflict, error, ambiguity or discrepancy within the Contract Documents or between the Contract Documents and any provision of any such Law or Regulation applicable to the performance of the WORK or of any such standard, specification, manual or code or of any instruction of any Supplier referred to in paragraph 6.5, the CONTRACTOR shall report it to the ENGINEER in writing at once, and the CONTRACTOR shall not proceed with the WORK affected thereby (except in an emergency as authorized by the ENGINEER) until a clarification field order, or Change Order to the Contract Documents has been issued.

3.2 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. In resolving conflicts resulting from, errors, or discrepancies in any of the Contract Documents, the order of precedence shall be as follows:
 - 1. Permits from other agencies as may be required by law, excepting the definition of "PERMITEE" in these permits.
 - 2. Field Orders
 - 3. Change Orders
 - 4. ENGINEER's written interpretations and clarifications.
 - 5. Agreement
 - 6. Addenda
 - 7. CONTRACTOR's Bid (Bid Form)
 - 8. Supplementary General Conditions
 - 9. Notice Inviting Bids

- 10. Instructions to Bidders
- 11. General Conditions
- 12. Technical Specifications
- 13. Drawings
- B. With reference to the Drawings the order of precedence is as follows:
 - 1. Figures govern over scaled dimensions
 - 2. Detail Drawings govern over general Drawings
 - 3. Addenda/ Change Order drawings govern over Contract Drawings
 - 4. Contract Drawings govern over standard drawings
- 3.3 AMENDING AND SUPPLEMENTING CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Contract Documents may be amended to provide for additions, deletions, and revisions in the WORK or to modify the terms and conditions thereof by a Change Order (pursuant to Article 10 CHANGES IN THE WORK).
- 3.4 REUSE OF DOCUMENTS. Neither the CONTRACTOR, nor any Subcontractor or Supplier, nor any other person or organization performing any of the WORK under a contract with the OWNER shall have or acquire any title to or ownership rights in any of the Drawings, Technical Specifications, or other documents used on the WORK, and they shall not reuse any of them on the extensions of the Project or any other project without written consent of the OWNER.

ARTICLE 4 AVAILABILITY OF LANDS; PHYSICAL CONDITIONS; REFERENCE POINTS

AVAILABILITY OF LANDS. The OWNER shall furnish, as indicated in the Contract Documents, the lands upon which the WORK is to be performed, rights-of-way and easements for access thereto, and such other lands which are designated for the use of the CONTRACTOR. Easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in existing facilities will be obtained and paid for by the OWNER, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. Nothing contained in the Contract Documents shall be interpreted as giving the CONTRACTOR exclusive occupancy of the lands or rights-of-way provided. The CONTRACTOR shall provide for all additional lands and access thereto that may be required for temporary construction facilities or storage of materials and equipment; provided, that the CONTRACTOR shall not enter upon nor use any property not under the control of the OWNER until a written temporary construction easement, lease or other appropriate agreement has been executed by the CONTRACTOR and the property owner, and a copy of said agreement furnished to the ENGINEER prior to said use; and, neither the OWNER nor the ENGINEER shall be liable for any claims or damages resulting from the CONTRACTOR's unauthorized trespass or use of any such properties.

4.2 PHYSICAL CONDITIONS - SUBSURFACE AND EXISTING STRUCTURES

A. Explorations and Reports. Reference is made to <u>SGC 4.2 Physical Conditions</u> of the Supplementary General Conditions for identification of those reports of explorations and tests of sub-surface conditions at the site that have been utilized by the ENGINEER in the preparation of the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such reports, however, reports are not to be considered complete or comprehensive and nontechnical data, interpretations, and opinions contained in such reports are not to be relied on by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR is

responsible for any further explorations or tests that may be necessary and any interpretation, interpolation, or extrapolation that it makes of any information shown in such reports.

B. Existing Structures. Reference is made to SGC 4.2 Physical Conditions of the Supplementary General Conditions for identification of those drawings of physical conditions in or relating to existing surface and subsurface structures (except Underground Utilities referred to in Paragraph 4.4 herein) which are at or contiguous to the site that have been utilized by the ENGINEER in the preparation of the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such drawings, however, nontechnical data, interpretations, and opinions contained in such drawings are not to be relied on by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR is also responsible for any interpretation, interpolation, or extrapolation that it makes of any information shown in such drawings.

4.3 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly upon discovery (but in no event later than 14 days thereafter) and before the following conditions are disturbed, notify the ENGINEER, in writing of any:
 - 1. Material that the CONTRACTOR believes may be material that is hazardous waste, as defined in Article 1 of these General Conditions, or asbestos, PCB's, petroleum or any other substance or material posing a threat to human or to the environment.
 - 2. Subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site differing from those indicated.
 - 3. Unknown physical conditions at the site of any unusual nature, different materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in WORK of the character provided for in the contract.
- B. The OWNER shall promptly investigate the conditions, and if it finds that the conditions do materially so differ, or do involve hazardous waste, and cause a decrease or increase in the CONTRACTOR's cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the WORK shall issue a Change Order under the procedures described in the contract.
- C. In the event that a dispute arises between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR whether the conditions materially differ, or involved hazardous waste or other materials listed above, or cause a decrease or increase in the CONTRACTOR's cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the WORK, the CONTRACTOR shall not be excused from any scheduled completion date provided for by the contract, but shall proceed with all WORK to be performed under the contract. The CONTRACTOR shall retain any and all rights provided either by contract or by Law which pertain to the resolution of disputes and protests between the contracting parties.

4.4 PHYSICAL CONDITIONS - UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

A. Indicated. The information and data indicated in the Contract Documents with respect to existing Underground Utilities at or contiguous to the site are based on information and data furnished to the OWNER or the ENGINEER by the owners of such Underground Utilities or by others. Unless it is expressly provided in the Supplementary General Conditions and/or Section 01530 - Protection and Restoration of Existing Facilities of the General Requirements, the OWNER and the ENGINEER shall not be responsible for the accuracy or

completeness of any such information or data, and the CONTRACTOR shall have full responsibility for reviewing and checking all such information and data, for locating all Underground Utilities indicated in the Contract Documents, for coordination of the WORK with the owners of such Underground Utilities during construction, for the safety and protection thereof and repairing any damage thereto resulting from the WORK, the cost of which will be considered as having been included in the Contract Price.

B. Not Indicated. If an Underground Utility is uncovered or revealed at or contiguous to the site which was not indicated in the Contract Documents and which the CONTRACTOR could not reasonably have been expected to be aware of, the CONTRACTOR shall identify the owner of such Underground Utility and give written notice thereof to that owner and shall notify the ENGINEER in accordance with the requirements of the Supplementary General Conditions and Section 01530 - Protection and Restoration of Existing Facilities of the General Requirements.

4.5 REFERENCE POINTS

- A. The ENGINEER will provide one bench mark, near or on the site of the WORK, and will provide two points near or on the site to establish a base line for use by the CONTRACTOR for alignment control. Unless otherwise specified in the General Requirements, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish all other lines, grades, and bench marks required for proper execution of the WORK.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall preserve all bench marks, stakes, and other survey marks, and in case of their removal or destruction by its own employees or by its Subcontractor's employees, the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the accurate replacement of such reference points by personnel qualified under the Alaska Statute governing the licensing of Architects, Engineers, and Land Surveyors.

4.6 USE OF THE CBJ/STATE LEMON CREEK GRAVEL PIT

- A. On City and Borough of Juneau (CBJ) construction projects, the CBJ may make unclassified material available to CONTRACTORs, from the CBJ/State Lemon Creek gravel pit, at a rate less than charged other customers. CONTRACTORs are not required to use material from the CBJ/State pit and the CBJ makes no guarantee as to the quantity or quality of the available material. For this Project, contact Alec Venechuk, CBJ Material Source Manager, at (907) 586-0874 for the current material rates.
- B. CONTRACTORs proposing to use gravel from the CBJ/State pit are required to be in good standing for all amounts owed to the CBJ, for previous gravel operations, prior to submitting a mining plan for approval. CONTRACTORs using the pit must comply with Allowable Use Permit USE 2008-00061. Failure to meet these requirements, if so subject, shall be sufficient reason to deny use of the CBJ/State pit as a gravel source. To determine if your company is subject to these requirements, contact the CBJ Engineering Department, Gravel Pit Management, at (907) 586-0874.
- C. CONTRACTORs deciding to use material from the CBJ/State pit shall provide an Individual Mining Plan prepared by a professional engineer registered in the State of Alaska. The Individual Mining Plan must be reviewed and approved by the CBJ, prior to commencing

operations within the pit. CONTRACTORs shall also secure a Performance Bond to ensure compliance with contract provisions, including any Individual Mining Plan stipulations. The bond shall remain in full force and effect until a release is obtained from the CBJ.

- D. If CONTRACTOR operations for a project do not exceed 500 tons of material, the CONTRACTOR will not be required to provide an Individual Mining Plan prepared by an engineer. However, the CONTRACTOR must submit an Individual Mining Plan that is in compliance with Allowable Use Permit USE 2008-00061 for gravel extraction within the CBJ/State pit. The CONTRACTOR must contact the CBJ Engineering Department for conditions for the extraction.
- E. CONTRACTORs using the CBJ material may do primary dry separation (screening) of materials within the pit. Crushing and washing of material will not be allowed. CONTRACTORs shall account for placement of materials removed from the pit. The CBJ may require CONTRACTORs to cross-check weight tickets, submit to an audit, or participate in other measures required by the CBJ to ensure accountability. Unprocessed overburden removed from the pit will not be weighed. All other material mined will be weighed at the CBJ scale. CONTRACTORs will be responsible for loading and/or screening their own material. If asphalt pavement is removed as part of the WORK, CONTRACTORs shall dispose of the material at a to-be-specified location within the pit area, as directed by the CBJ Project Manager.
- F. The gravel pit overhead charge shall be paid to the CBJ by the CONTRACTOR within 60 days after removal of all materials from the pit and prior to requesting and/or receiving final payment. Upon completion of each excavation CONTRACTORs shall notify the CBJ, in writing, in sufficient time to perform a field-compliance examination prior to vacating the pit. Any significant deviation from the stipulations of the Individual Mining Plan identified during the field inspection shall be corrected by the CONTRACTOR prior to release of the bond. A signed release from CBJ will be required prior to releasing the CONTRACTOR's bond.
- G. If asphalt pavement is removed as part of this WORK, the CONTRACTOR shall dispose of the material at the location designated as the Asphalt Storage Facility, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- H. The CBJ/State pit is a seasonal operation. The hours of operation are from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, from April 1 through October 15 of the year. CONTRACTORS may obtain gravel on weekends, or during the off-season, by applying for a separate agreement with the City and Borough of Juneau Engineering Department. The CONTRACTOR will be responsible for any additional costs incurred during weekend or off-season operations at the gravel pit.
- I. All Contractors/Equipment Operators using the CBJ/State Pit shall be in compliance with Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration regulations for quarry and gravel operations.

ARTICLE 5 BONDS AND INSURANCE

5.1 PERFORMANCE, PAYMENT, AND OTHER BONDS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish, when required, Performance and Payment Bonds on forms provided by the CBJ for the penal sums of 100% of the amount of the Bid award. The surety on each bond may be any corporation or partnership authorized to do business in the State of Alaska as an insurer under AS 21.09. These bonds shall remain in effect for 12 months after the date of final payment and until all obligations and liens under this contract have been satisfied. The CONTRACTOR shall also furnish such other Bonds as are required by the Supplementary General Conditions. All Bonds shall be in the form prescribed by the Contract Documents except as provided otherwise by Laws or Regulations, and shall be executed by such sureties as are named in the current list of "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as published in Circular 570 (amended) by the Audit Staff, Bureau of Government Financial Operations, U.S. Treasury Department. All Bonds signed by an agent must be accompanied by a certified copy of such agent's authority to act.
- B. If the surety on any Bond furnished by the CONTRACTOR is declared bankrupt or becomes insolvent or its right to do business is terminated in any state where any part of the WORK is located, the CONTRACTOR shall within 7 days thereafter substitute another Bond and Surety, which must be acceptable to the OWNER.
- C. All Bonds required by the Contract Documents to be purchased and maintained by CONTRACTOR shall be obtained from surety companies that are duly licensed or authorized in the State of Alaska to issue Bonds for the limits so required. Such surety companies shall also meet such additional requirements and qualifications as may be provided in the Supplementary General Conditions. The City Engineer may, on behalf of the OWNER, notify the surety of any potential default or liability.

5.2 INSURANCE

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall purchase and maintain the insurance required under this paragraph. Such insurance shall include the specific coverages set out herein and be written for not less than the limits of liability and coverages provided in the Supplementary General Conditions, or required by law, whichever are greater. All insurance shall be maintained continuously during the life of the Agreement up to the date of Final Completion and at all times thereafter when the CONTRACTOR may be correcting, removing, or replacing Defective WORK in accordance with Paragraph 13.6, but the CONTRACTOR's liabilities under this Agreement shall not be deemed limited in any way to the insurance coverage required.
- B. All insurance required by the Contract Documents to be purchased and maintained by the CONTRACTOR shall be obtained from insurance companies that are duly licensed or authorized in the State of Alaska to issue insurance policies for the limits and coverages so required. Such insurance companies shall have a current Best's Rating of at least an "A" (Excellent) general policy holder's rating and a Class VII financial size category and shall also meet such additional requirements and qualifications as may be provided in the Supplementary General Conditions.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the OWNER with certificates showing the type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and dates of expiration of policies. All of the policies of insurance so required to be purchased and maintained (or the certificates or other

evidence thereof) shall contain a provision or endorsement that the coverage afforded will not be cancelled, reduced in coverage, or renewal refused until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the OWNER by certified mail. All such insurance required herein (except for Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability) shall name the OWNER, its Consultants and subconsultants and their officers, directors, agents, and employees as "additional insureds" under the policies. The CONTRACTOR shall purchase and maintain the following insurance:

- 1. Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability. This insurance shall protect the CONTRACTOR against all claims under applicable state workers' compensation laws. The CONTRACTOR shall also be protected against claims for injury, disease, or death of employees which, for any reason, may not fall within the provisions of a Workers' Compensation law. This policy shall include an "all states" endorsement. The CONTRACTOR shall require each Subcontractor similarly to provide Workers' Compensation Insurance for all of the latter's employees to be engaged in such WORK unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the CONTRACTOR's Workers' Compensation Insurance. In case any class of employees is not protected, under the Workers' Compensation Statute, the CONTRACTOR shall provide and shall cause each Subcontractor to provide adequate employer's liability insurance for the protection of such of its employees as are not otherwise protected.
- 2. Commercial General Liability. This insurance shall be written in comprehensive form and shall protect the CONTRACTOR against all claims arising from injuries to persons other than its employees or damage to property of the OWNER or others arising out of any act or omission of the CONTRACTOR or its agents, employees, or Subcontractors. The policy shall contain no exclusions for any operations within the scope of this contract.
- 3. Comprehensive Automobile Liability. This insurance shall be written in comprehensive form and shall protect the CONTRACTOR against all claims for injuries to members of the public and damage to property of others arising from the use of motor vehicles, and shall cover operation on or off the site of all motor vehicles licensed for highway use, whether they are owned, non-owned, or hired. Coverage for hired motor vehicles should include endorsement covering liability assumed under this Agreement.
- 4. Subcontractor's Commercial General Liability Insurance and Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance. The CONTRACTOR shall either require each of its Subcontractors to procure and to maintain Subcontractor's Commercial General Liability and Property Damage Insurance and Vehicle Liability Insurance of the type and in the amounts specified in the Supplementary General Conditions or insure the activities of its Subcontractors in the CONTRACTOR's own policy, in like amount.
- 5. Builder's Risk. This insurance shall be of the "all risks" type, shall be written in completed value form, and shall protect the CONTRACTOR, the OWNER, and the ENGINEER, against risks of damage to buildings, structures, and materials and equipment. The amount of such insurance shall be not less than the insurable value of the WORK at completion. Builder's risk insurance shall provide for losses to be payable to the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER, as their interests may appear. The policy shall contain a provision that in the event of payment for any loss under the coverage provided, the insurance company shall have no rights of recovery against the

CONTRACTOR, the OWNER, and the ENGINEER. The Builder's Risk policy shall insure against all risks of direct physical loss or damage to property from any external cause including flood and earthquake. Allowable exclusions, if any, shall be as specified in the Supplementary General Conditions.

ARTICLE 6 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

6.1 SUPERVISION AND SUPERINTENDENCE

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall supervise, inspect, and direct the WORK competently and efficiently, devoting such attention thereto and applying such skills and expertise as may be necessary to perform the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR shall be solely responsible for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction and safety precautions and programs incidental thereto. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible to see that the completed WORK complies accurately with the Contract Documents.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall designate in writing and keep on the WORK site at all times during its progress a technically qualified, English-speaking superintendent, who is an employee of the CONTRACTOR and who shall not be replaced without written notice to the OWNER and the ENGINEER. The superintendent will be the CONTRACTOR's representative at the site and shall have authority to act on behalf of the CONTRACTOR. All communications given to the superintendent shall be as binding as if given to the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall issue all its communications to the OWNER through the ENGINEER and the ENGINEER only.
- C. The CONTRACTOR's superintendent shall be present at the site of the WORK at all times while WORK is in progress. Failure to observe this requirement shall be considered suspension of the WORK by the CONTRACTOR until such time as such superintendent is again present at the site.

6.2 LABOR, MATERIALS, AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall provide competent, suitably qualified personnel to survey and lay out the WORK and perform construction as required by the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish, erect, maintain, and remove the construction plant and any temporary works as may be required. The CONTRACTOR shall at all times maintain good discipline and order at the site. Except in connection with the safety or protection of persons or the WORK or property at the site or adjacent thereto, and except as otherwise indicated in the Contract Documents, all WORK at the site shall be performed during regular working hours, and the CONTRACTOR will not permit overtime work or the performance of work on Saturday, Sunday, or any legal holiday without the OWNER's written consent. The CONTRACTOR shall apply for this consent through the ENGINEER.
- B. Except as otherwise provided in this Paragraph, the CONTRACTOR shall receive no additional compensation for overtime work, i.e., work in excess of 8 hours in any one calendar day or 40 hours in any one calendar week, even though such overtime work may be required under emergency conditions and may be ordered by the ENGINEER in writing. Additional compensation will be paid the CONTRACTOR for overtime work only in the

event extra work is ordered by the ENGINEER and the Change Order specifically authorizes the use of overtime work and then only to such extent as overtime wages are regularly being paid by the CONTRACTOR for overtime work of a similar nature in the same locality.

- C. All costs of inspection and testing performed during overtime work by the CONTRACTOR which is allowed solely for the convenience of the CONTRACTOR shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR. The OWNER shall have the authority to deduct the cost of all such inspection and testing from any partial payments otherwise due to the CONTRACTOR.
- D. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish and assume full responsibility for all materials, equipment, labor, transportation, construction equipment and machinery, tools, appliances, fuel, power, light, heat, telephone, water, sanitary facilities, and all other facilities and incidentals necessary for the furnishing, performance, testing, start-up, and completion of the WORK.
- E. All materials and equipment to be incorporated into the WORK shall be of good quality and new, except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. All warranties and guarantees specifically called for by the Specifications shall expressly run to the benefit of the OWNER. If required by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish satisfactory evidence (including reports of required tests) as to the kind and quality of materials and equipment. All materials and equipment shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned, and conditioned in accordance with the instructions of the applicable Supplier except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents; but no provisions of any such instructions will be effective to assign to the ENGINEER, or any of the ENGINEER consultants, agents, or employees, any duty or authority to supervise or direct the furnishing or performance of the WORK or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility contrary to the provisions of Paragraphs 9.9C and 9.9D.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall at all times employ sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the several classes of WORK to full completion in the manner and time set forth in and required by these specifications. All workers shall have sufficient skill and experience to perform property the WORK assigned to them. Workers engaged in special WORK, or skilled WORK, shall have sufficient experience in such WORK and in the operation of the equipment required to perform all WORK, properly and satisfactorily.
- G. Any person employed by the CONTRACTOR or by any Subcontractor who, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, does not perform the WORK in a proper and skillful manner, or is intemperate or disorderly shall, at the written request of the ENGINEER, be removed forthwith by the CONTRACTOR or Subcontractor employing such person, and shall not be employed again in any portion of the WORK without the approval of the ENGINEER. Should the CONTRACTOR fail to remove such person or persons as required above, or fail to furnish suitable and sufficient personnel for the proper prosecution of the WORK, the ENGINEER may suspend the WORK by written notice until such orders are complied with.
- 6.3 ADJUSTING PROGRESS SCHEDULE. The CONTRACTOR shall submit monthly updates of the progress schedule to the ENGINEER for acceptance in accordance with the provisions in Section 01300 CONTRACTOR Submittals in the General Requirements.

- 6.4 SUBSTITUTES OR "OR-EQUAL" ITEMS. The CONTRACTOR shall submit proposed substitutes or "or-equal" items in accordance with the provisions in Section 01300 CONTRACTOR Submittals in the General Requirements.
- 6.5 CONCERNING SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS.
 - A. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible to the OWNER and the ENGINEER for the acts and omissions of its Subcontractors and their employees to the same extent as CONTRACTOR is responsible for the acts and omissions of its own employees. Nothing contained in this Paragraph shall create any contractual relationship between any Subcontractor and the OWNER or the ENGINEER nor relieve the CONTRACTOR of any liability or obligation under the prime contract.
 - B. The CONTRACTOR shall perform not less than 40% of the WORK with its own forces (i.e., without subcontracting). The 40% requirement shall be understood to mean that the CONTRACTOR shall perform, with its own organization, WORK amounting to at least 40% of the awarded contract amount. The 40% requirement will be calculated based upon the total of the subcontract amounts submitted for contract award, and any other information requested by the OWNER from the apparent low bidder.

6.6 PERMITS

- A. Unless otherwise provided in the Supplementary General Conditions, the CONTRACTOR shall obtain and pay for all construction permits and licenses from the agencies having jurisdiction, including the furnishing of insurance and bonds if required by such agencies. The enforcement of such requirements under this contract shall not be made the basis for claims for additional compensation. The OWNER shall assist the CONTRACTOR, when necessary, in obtaining such permits and licenses. The CONTRACTOR shall pay all governmental charges and inspection fees necessary for the prosecution of the WORK, which are applicable at the time of opening of Bids. The CONTRACTOR shall pay all charges of utility owners for connections to the WORK.
- B. These Contract Documents may require that the WORK be performed within the conditions and/or requirements of local, state and/or federal permits. These permits may be bound within the Contract Documents, included within the Contract Documents by reference, or included as part of the WORK, as designated in this Section. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for completing the WORK required for compliance with all permit requirements; this WORK is incidental to other items in the Contract Documents. Any reference to the PERMITTEE in the permits shall mean the CONTRACTOR. If any permits were acquired by the OWNER, this action was done to expedite the start of construction. If the CONTRACTOR does not complete the WORK within the specified permit window, the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the permit extension, and for completing any additional requirements placed upon the permit.
- C. The OWNER shall apply for, and obtain, the necessary building permit for this Project, however, the CONTRACTOR is responsible for scheduling and coordinating all necessary inspections. The CBJ Inspection number is 586-1703. All other provisions of this Section remain in effect.

- ATENT FEES AND ROYALTIES. The CONTRACTOR shall pay all license fees and royalties and assume all costs incident to the use in the performance of the WORK or the incorporation in the WORK of any invention, design, process, product, software or device which is the subject of patent rights or copyrights held by others. If a particular invention, design, process, product, or device is specified in the Contract Documents for use in the performance of the WORK and if to the actual knowledge of the OWNER or the ENGINEER its use is subject to patent rights or copyrights calling for the payment of any license fee or royalty to others, the existence of such rights shall be disclosed by the OWNER in the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the OWNER and the ENGINEER and anyone directly or indirectly employed by either of them from and against all claims, damages, losses, and expenses (including attorneys' fees and court costs) arising out of any infringement of patent rights or copyrights incident to the use in the performance of the WORK or resulting from the incorporation in the WORK of any invention, design, process, product, or device not specified in the Contract Documents, and shall defend all such claims in connection with any alleged infringement of such rights.
- LAWS AND REGULATIONS. The CONTRACTOR shall observe and comply with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, codes, orders, and regulations which in any manner affect those engaged or employed on the WORK, the materials used in the WORK, or the conduct of the WORK. If any discrepancy or inconsistency should be discovered in this contract in relation to any such law, ordinance, code, order, or regulation, the CONTRACTOR shall report the same in writing to the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the OWNER, the ENGINEER, and their officers, agents, and employees against all claims or liability arising from violation of any such law, ordinance, code, order, or regulation, whether by CONTRACTOR or by its employees, Subcontractors, or third parties. Any particular law or regulation specified or referred to elsewhere in the Contract Documents shall not in any way limit the obligation of the CONTRACTOR to comply with all other provisions of federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

 The OWNER may, per AS 36.30, audit the CONTRACTOR's or Subcontractor(s) records that are related to the cost or pricing data for this contract, all related Change Orders, and/or contract modifications.
- 6.9 TAXES. The CONTRACTOR shall pay all sales, consumer, use, and other similar taxes required to be paid by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the Laws and Regulations of the place of the Project which are applicable during the performance of the WORK.
- USE OF PREMISES. The CONTRACTOR shall confine construction equipment, the storage of materials and equipment, and the operations of workers to (1) the Project site, (2) the land and areas identified in and permitted by the Contract Documents, and (3) the other land and areas permitted by Laws and Regulations, rights-of-way, permits, leases and easements. The CONTRACTOR shall assume full responsibility for any damage to any such land or area, or to the owner or occupant thereof or of any land or areas contiguous thereto, resulting from the performance of the WORK. Should any claim be made against the OWNER or the ENGINEER by any such owner or occupant because of the performance of the WORK, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly attempt to settle with such other party by agreement or otherwise resolve the claim through litigation. The CONTRACTOR shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, indemnify, defend, and hold the OWNER and the ENGINEER harmless from and against all claims, damages, losses, and expenses (including, but not limited to, fees of engineers attorneys, and other professionals and court costs) arising directly, indirectly, or consequentially out of any action, legal or equitable, brought by any such owner or occupant against the OWNER, the ENGINEER, their Consultants, Sub-consultants, and the officers,

directors, employees and agents of each and any of them to the extent caused by or based upon the CONTRACTOR's performance of the WORK.

6.11 SAFETY AND PROTECTION

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining, and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of, and shall provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to:
 - 1. all employees on the WORK and other persons and organizations who may be affected thereby;
 - 2. all the WORK and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the site; and
 - 3. other property at the site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, and utilities not designated for removal, relocation, or replacement in the course of construction.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall comply with all applicable Laws and Regulations whether referred to herein or not) of any public body having jurisdiction for the safety of persons or property or to protect them from damage, injury, or loss and shall erect and maintain all necessary safeguards for such safety and protection. The CONTRACTOR shall notify owners of adjacent property and utilities when prosecution of the WORK may affect them, and shall cooperate with them in the protection, removal, relocation, and replacement of their property.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall designate a qualified and experienced safety representative at the site whose duties and responsibilities shall be the prevention of accidents and the maintaining and supervising of safety precautions and program.
- D. Materials that contain hazardous substances or mixtures may be required on the WORK. A Material Safety Data Sheet shall be requested by the CONTRACTOR from the manufacturer of any hazardous product used.
- E. Material usage shall be accomplished with strict adherence to all safety requirements and all manufacturer's warnings and application instructions listed on the Material Safety Data Sheet and on the product container label.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for coordinating communications on any exchange of Material Safety Data Sheets or other hazardous material information that is required to be made available to, or exchanged between, or among, employers at the site in accordance with Laws or Regulations.
- G. The CONTRACTOR shall notify the ENGINEER if it considers a specified product or its intended usage to be unsafe. This notification must be given to the ENGINEER prior to the product being ordered, or if provided by some other party, prior to the product being incorporated in the WORK.

6.12 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SAMPLES

- A. After checking and verifying all field measurements and after complying with applicable procedures specified in the General Requirements, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the ENGINEER for review, all Shop Drawings in accordance with Section 01300 CONTRACTOR Submittals in the General Requirements.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall also submit to the ENGINEER for review all samples in accordance with Section 01300 CONTRACTOR Submittals in the General Requirements.
- C. Before submittal of each shop drawing or sample, the CONTRACTOR shall have determined and verified all quantities, dimensions, specified performance criteria, installation requirements, materials, catalog numbers, and similar data with respect thereto and reviewed or coordinated each Shop Drawing or sample with other Shop Drawings and samples and with the requirements of the WORK and the Contract Documents.
- 6.13 CONTINUING THE WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall carry on the WORK and adhere to the progress schedule during all disputes or disagreements with the OWNER. No work shall be delayed or postponed pending resolution of any disputes or disagreements, except as the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER may otherwise agree in writing.

6.14 INDEMNIFICATION

- A. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, the CONTRACTOR shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the OWNER, the ENGINEER, their Consultants, Subconsultants and the officers, directors, employees, and agents of each and any of them, against and from all claims and liability arising under, by reason of or incidentally to the contract or any performance of the WORK, but not from the sole negligence or willful misconduct of the OWNER, and the ENGINEER. Such indemnification by the CONTRACTOR shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. Liability or claims resulting directly or indirectly from the negligence or carelessness of the CONTRACTOR, its employees, or agents in the performance of the WORK, or in guarding or maintaining the same, or from any improper materials, implements, or appliances used in its construction, or by or on account of any act or omission of the CONTRACTOR, its employees, agents, or third parties;
 - 2. Liability or claims arising directly or indirectly from bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of the CONTRACTOR's or Subcontractor's own employees engaged in the WORK resulting in actions brought by or on behalf of such employees against the OWNER, and the ENGINEER;
 - 3. Liability or claims arising directly or indirectly from or based on the violation of any law, ordinance, regulation, order, or decree, whether by the CONTRACTOR, its employees, or agents:
 - 4. Liability or claims arising directly or indirectly from the use or manufacture by the CONTRACTOR, its employees, or agents in the performance of this contract of any copyrighted or non-copyrighted composition, secret process, patented or non-patented invention, computer software, article, or appliance, unless otherwise specifically stipulated in this contract.

- 5. Liability or claims arising directly or indirectly from the breach of any warranties, whether express or implied, made to the OWNER or any other parties by the CONTRACTOR, its employees, or agents;
- 6. Liabilities or claims arising directly or indirectly from the willful or criminal misconduct of the CONTRACTOR, its employees, or agents; and,
- 7. Liabilities or claims arising directly or indirectly from any breach of the obligations assumed herein by the CONTRACTOR.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall reimburse the ENGINEER and the OWNER for all costs and expenses, (including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, attorneys, and other professionals and court costs including all costs of appeals) incurred by said OWNER, and the ENGINEER in enforcing the provisions of this Paragraph 6.14.
- C. The indemnification obligation under this Paragraph 6.14 shall not be limited in any way by any limitation of the amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for the CONTRACTOR or any such Subcontractor or other person or organization under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employee benefit acts.
- 6.15 CONTRACTOR'S DAILY REPORTS. The CONTRACTOR shall complete a daily report indicating total manpower for each construction trade, major equipment on site, each Subcontractor's manpower, weather conditions, etc., involved in the performance of the WORK. The daily report shall be completed on forms provided by the ENGINEER and shall be submitted to the ENGINEER at the conclusion of each workday. The report should comment on the daily progress and status of the WORK within each major component of the WORK. These components will be decided by the ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR shall record the name, affiliation, time of arrival and departure, and reason for visit for all visitors to the location of the WORK.
- ASSIGNMENT OF CONTRACT. The CONTRACTOR shall not assign, sublet, sell, transfer, or otherwise dispose of the contract or any portion thereof, or its right, title, or interest therein, or obligations thereunder, without the written consent of the OWNER except as imposed by law. If the CONTRACTOR violates this provision, the contract may be terminated at the option of the OWNER. In such event, the OWNER shall be relieved of all liability and obligations to the CONTRACTOR and to its assignee or transferee, growing out of such termination.
- 6.17 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR UTILITY PROPERTY AND SERVICES. It is understood that any turn-on or turn-off, line locates and any other work or assistance necessary by the CBJ Water Utilities Division, will be at the CONTRACTOR's expense unless otherwise stated in the bid documents. All cost must be agreed to prior to any related actions, and will be considered incidental to the project cost. Billing to the CONTRACTOR will be direct from the CBJ Water Utilities Division.

6.18 OPERATING WATER SYSTEM VALVES

A. The CONTRACTOR shall submit a written request, to the ENGINEER, for approval to operate any valve on any in-service section of the CBJ water system. The request must be submitted at least 24-hours prior to operating any valves. The CBJ Water Utilities Division reserves the right to approve or deny the request. The request shall specifically identify each valve to be operated, the time of operation, and the operation to be performed. The

- CONTRACTOR shall obtain the written approval of the ENGINEER for any scheduled operation before operating any valve.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for all damages, both direct and consequential, to the City or any other party, caused by unauthorized operation of any valve of the CBJ water system.
- 6.19 CONTRACTOR'S WORK SCHEDULE LIMITATIONS. Construction of Buildings and Projects. It is unlawful to operate any pile driver, power shovel, pneumatic hammer, derrick, power hoist, or similar heavy construction equipment before 7:00 a.m. or after 10:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, or before 9:00 a.m. or after 10:00 p.m., Saturday and Sunday, unless a permit shall first be obtained from the City and Borough Building Official. Such permit shall be issued by the Building Official only upon a determination that such operation during hours not otherwise permitted hereunder is necessary and will not result in unreasonable disturbance to surrounding residents.

ARTICLE 7 OTHER WORK

7.1 RELATED WORK AT SITE

- A. The OWNER may perform other work related to the Project at the site by the OWNER's own forces, have other work performed by utility owners, or let other direct contracts therefor which may contain General Conditions similar to these. If the fact that such other work is to be performed was not noted in the Contract Documents, written notice thereof will be given to the CONTRACTOR prior to starting any such other work.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall afford each other contractor who is a party to such a direct contract and each utility owner (or the OWNER, if the OWNER is performing the additional work with the OWNER's employees) proper and safe access to the site and a reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of materials and equipment and the execution of such work, and shall properly connect and coordinate the WORK with theirs. The CONTRACTOR shall do all cutting, fitting, and patching of the WORK that may be required to make its several parts come together properly and integrate with such other work. The CONTRACTOR shall not endanger any work of others by cutting, excavating, or otherwise altering their work and will only cut or alter their work with the written consent of the ENGINEER and the others whose work will be affected.
- C. If the proper execution or results of any part of the CONTRACTOR's work depends upon the work of any such other contractor or utility owner (or OWNER), the CONTRACTOR shall inspect and report to the ENGINEER in writing any delays, defects, or deficiencies in such other work that render it unavailable or unsuitable for such proper execution and results. The CONTRACTOR's failure to report such delays, defects, or deficiencies will constitute an acceptance of the other work as fit and proper for integration with the CONTRACTOR's work except for latent or nonapparent defects and deficiencies in the other work.
- 7.2 COORDINATION. If the OWNER contracts with others for the performance of other work on the Project at the site, the person or organization who will have authority and responsibility for coordination of the activities among the various prime contractors will be identified in the Supplementary General Conditions, and the specific matters to be covered by such authority and

responsibility will be itemized and the extent of such authority and responsibilities will be provided in the Supplementary General Conditions.

ARTICLE 8 OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

8.1 COMMUNICATIONS

- A. The OWNER shall issue all its communications to the CONTRACTOR through the ENGINEER.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall issue all its communications to the OWNER through the ENGINEER.
- 8.2 PAYMENTS. The OWNER shall make payments to the CONTRACTOR as provided in Paragraphs 14.5, 14.8, 14.9 and 14.10.
- 8.3 LANDS, EASEMENTS, AND SURVEYS. The OWNER's duties in respect of providing lands and easements and providing surveys to establish reference points are set forth in Paragraphs 4.1 and 4.5.
- 8.4 CHANGE ORDERS. The OWNER shall execute Change Orders as indicated in Paragraph 10.1F.
- 8.5 INSPECTIONS AND TESTS. The OWNER's responsibility in respect of inspections, tests, and approvals is set forth in Paragraph 13.3.
- 8.6 SUSPENSION OF WORK. In connection with the OWNER's right to stop WORK or suspend WORK, see Paragraphs 13.4 and 15.1.
- 8.7 TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT. Paragraphs 15.2 and 15.3 deal with the OWNER's right to terminate services of the CONTRACTOR.

ARTICLE 9 ENGINEER'S STATUS DURING CONSTRUCTION

- 9.1 OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. The ENGINEER will be the OWNER's representative during the construction period. The duties and responsibilities and the limitations of authority of the ENGINEER as the OWNER's representative during construction are set forth in the Contract Documents.
- 9.2 VISITS TO SITE. The ENGINEER will make visits to the site during construction to observe the progress and quality of the WORK and to determine, in general, if the WORK is proceeding in accordance with the Contract Documents. Exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check the quality or quantity of the WORK will not be required of the ENGINEER. The ENGINEER will not, during such visits, or as a result of such observations of the CONTRACTOR's WORK in progress, supervise, direct, or have control over the CONTRACTOR's WORK.
- 9.3 PROJECT REPRESENTATION. The ENGINEER may furnish an Inspector to assist in observing the performance of the WORK. The duties, responsibilities, and limitations of authority are as follows:
 - A. Duties, Responsibilities and Limitations of Authority of Inspector

General. The Inspector, who is the ENGINEER's Agent, will act as directed by and under the supervision of the ENGINEER and will confer with the ENGINEER regarding its actions. The Inspector's dealings in matters pertaining to the on-site WORK shall, in general, be only with the ENGINEER and the CONTRACTOR, and dealings with Subcontractors shall only be through or with the full knowledge of the CONTRACTOR. Written communication with the OWNER will be only through or as directed by the ENGINEER.

Duties and Responsibilities. The Inspector may:

- 1. Review the progress schedule, list of Shop Drawing submittals and schedule of values prepared by the CONTRACTOR and consult with the ENGINEER concerning their acceptability.
- 2. Attend pre-construction conferences. Arrange a schedule of progress meetings and other job conferences as required in consultation with the ENGINEER and notify those expected to attend in advance. Attend meetings and maintain and circulate copies of minutes thereof.
- 3. Serve as the ENGINEER's liaison with the CONTRACTOR, working principally through the CONTRACTOR's superintendent and assist said superintendent in understanding the intent of the Contract Documents. Assist the ENGINEER in serving as the OWNER's liaison with the CONTRACTOR when the CONTRACTOR's operations affect the OWNER's on-site operations.
- 4. As requested by the ENGINEER, assist in obtaining from the OWNER additional details or information, when required at the site for proper execution of the WORK.
- 5. Receive and record date of receipt of Shop Drawings and samples, receive samples which are furnished at the site by the CONTRACTOR and notify the ENGINEER of their availability for examination.
- 6. Conduct on-site observations of the WORK in progress to assist the ENGINEER in determining if the WORK is proceeding in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 7. Report to the ENGINEER whenever the Inspector believes that any WORK is unsatisfactory, faulty, or defective or does not conform to the Contract Documents, or does not meet the requirements of any inspection, tests or approval required to be made or has been damaged prior to final payment; and advise the ENGINEER when the Inspector believes WORK should be corrected or rejected or should be uncovered for observation, or requires special testing, inspection, or approval.
- 8. Verify that the tests, equipment, and systems startups and operating and maintenance instruction are conducted as required by the Contract Documents and in presence of the required personnel, and that the CONTRACTOR maintains adequate records thereof; observe, record and report to the ENGINEER appropriate details relative to the test procedures and start-ups.
- 9. Accompany visiting inspectors representing public or other agencies having jurisdiction over the WORK, record the outcome of these inspections, and report to the ENGINEER.
- 10. Transmit to the CONTRACTOR the ENGINEER's clarifications and interpretations of the Contract Documents.
- 11. Consider and evaluate the CONTRACTOR's suggestions for modifications in the Contract Documents and report them with recommendations to the ENGINEER.
- 12. Maintain at the job site orderly files for correspondence, reports of job conferences, Shop Drawings and sample submittals, reproductions of original Contract Documents including all addenda, Change Orders, field orders, additional Drawings issued

- subsequent to the execution of the contract, the ENGINEER's clarifications and interpretations of the Contract Documents, progress reports, and other related documents.
- 13. Keep a diary or log book, recording hours on the job site, weather conditions, data relative to questions of extras or deductions, list all project visitors, daily activities, decisions, observations in general, and specific observations in more detail as in the case of performing and observing test procedures. Send copies to the ENGINEER.
- 14. Record names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the CONTRACTOR, Subcontractors, and major suppliers of materials and equipment.
- 15. Furnish the ENGINEER with periodic reports as required of progress of the WORK and the CONTRACTOR's compliance with the accepted progress schedule and schedule of CONTRACTOR submittals.
- 16. Consult with the ENGINEER in advance of scheduled major tests, inspections, or start of important phases of the WORK.
- 17. Report immediately to the ENGINEER upon the occurrence of any accident.
- 18. Review applications for payment with the CONTRACTOR for compliance with the established procedure for their submittal and forward them with recommendations to the ENGINEER, noting particularly their relation to the schedule of values, WORK completed, and materials and equipment delivered at the site but not incorporated in the WORK.
- 19. During the course of the WORK, verify that certificates, maintenance and operation manuals, and other data required to be assembled and furnished by the CONTRACTOR are applicable to the items actually installed; and deliver this material to the ENGINEER for its review and forwarding to the OWNER prior to final acceptance of the WORK.
- 20. Before the ENGINEER prepares a Certificate of Substantial Completion/Notice of Completion, as applicable, review the CONTRACTOR's punch list items requiring completion or correction and add any items that CONTRACTOR has omitted.
- 21. Conduct final inspection in the company of the ENGINEER, the OWNER, and the CONTRACTOR, and prepare a final punch list of items to be completed or corrected.
- 22. Verify that all items on the punch list have been completed or corrected and make recommendations to the ENGINEER concerning acceptance.

Limitations of Authority. Except upon written instruction of the ENGINEER, the Inspector:

- 1. Shall not authorize any deviation from the Contract Documents or approve any substitute material or equipment.
- 2. Shall not exceed limitations on the ENGINEER's authority as set forth in the Contract Documents.
- 3. Shall not undertake any of the responsibilities of the CONTRACTOR, Subcontractors or CONTRACTOR's superintendent, or expedite the WORK.
- 4. Shall not advise on or issue directions relative to any aspect of the means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction unless such is specifically called for in the Contract Documents.
- 5. Shall not advise on or issue directions as to safety precautions and programs in connection with the WORK.
- 9.4 CLARIFICATIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS. The ENGINEER will issue with reasonable promptness such written clarifications or interpretations of the requirements of the Contract

Documents (in the form of Drawings or otherwise) as the ENGINEER may determine necessary, which shall be consistent with, or reasonably inferred from, the overall intent of the Contract Documents.

- 9.5 AUTHORIZED VARIATIONS IN WORK. The ENGINEER may authorize variations in the WORK from the requirements of the Contract Documents. These may be accomplished by a Field Order and will require the CONTRACTOR to perform the WORK involved in a manner that minimizes the impact to the WORK and the contract completion date. If the CONTRACTOR believes that a Field Order justifies an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, the CONTRACTOR may make a claim therefor as provided in Article 11 or 12.
- 9.6 REJECTING DEFECTIVE WORK. The ENGINEER will have authority to reject WORK which the ENGINEER believes to be defective and will also have authority to require special inspection or testing of the WORK as provided in Paragraph 13.3G, whether or not the WORK is fabricated, installed, or completed.
- 9.7 CONTRACTOR SUBMITTALS, CHANGE ORDERS, AND PAYMENTS
 - A. In accordance with the procedures set forth in the General Requirements, the ENGINEER will review all CONTRACTOR submittals, including Shop Drawings, samples, substitutes, or "or equal" items, etc., in order to determine if the items covered by the submittals will, after installation or incorporation in the WORK, conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents and be compatible with the design concept of the completed project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents. The ENGINEER's review will not extend to means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures of construction or to safety precautions or programs incident thereto.
 - B. In connection with the ENGINEER's responsibilities as to Change Orders, see Articles 10, 11, and 12.
 - C. In connection with the ENGINEER's responsibilities in respect of Applications for Payment, see Article 14.

9.8 DECISIONS ON DISPUTES

A. The ENGINEER will be the initial interpreter of the requirements of the Contract Documents and judge of the acceptability of the WORK thereunder. Claims, disputes, and other matters relating to the acceptability of the WORK; the interpretation of the requirements of the Contract Documents pertaining to the performance of the WORK; and those claims under Articles 11 and 12 in respect to changes in the Contract Price or Contract Time will be referred initially to the ENGINEER in writing with a request for formal decision in accordance with this paragraph, which the ENGINEER will render in writing within 30 days of receipt of the request. Written notice of each such claim, dispute, and other matter will be delivered by the CONTRACTOR to the ENGINEER promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the occurrence of the event giving rise thereto. Written supporting data will be submitted to the ENGINEER within 60 days after such occurrence unless the ENGINEER allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data in support of the claim.

B. The rendering of a decision by the ENGINEER with respect to any such claim, dispute, or other matter (except any which have been waived by the making or acceptance of final payment as provided in Paragraph 14.12) will be a condition precedent to any exercise by the OWNER or the CONTRACTOR of such rights or remedies as either may otherwise have under the Contract Documents or by Law or Regulations in respect of any such claim, dispute, or other matter.

9.9 LIMITATION ON ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Neither the ENGINEER's authority to act under this Article or other provisions of the Contract Documents nor any decision made by the ENGINEER in good faith either to exercise or not exercise such authority shall give rise to any duty or responsibility of the ENGINEER to the CONTRACTOR, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, any surety for any of them, or any other person or organization performing any of the WORK.
- B. Whenever in the Contract Documents the terms "as ordered," "as directed," "as required," "as allowed," "as reviewed," "as approved," or terms of like effect or import are used, or the adjectives "reasonable," "suitable," "acceptable," "proper," or "satisfactory" or adjectives of like effect or import are used to describe a requirement, direction, review, or judgment of the ENGINEER as to the WORK, it is intended that such requirement, direction, review, or judgment will be solely to evaluate the WORK for compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, and conformance with the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents, unless there is a specific statement indicating otherwise. The use of any such term or adjective shall not be effective to assign to the ENGINEER any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the WORK or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility contrary to the provisions of Paragraph 9.9C or 9.9D.
- C. The ENGINEER will not supervise, direct, control, or have authority over or be responsible for the CONTRACTOR's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of the CONTRACTOR to comply with Laws and Regulations, applicable to the performance of the WORK. The ENGINEER will not be responsible for the CONTRACTOR's failure to perform the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- D. The ENGINEER will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of the CONTRACTOR nor of any Subcontractor, supplier, or any other person or organization performing any of the WORK.

ARTICLE 10 CHANGES IN THE WORK

10.1 GENERAL

- A. Without invalidating the Agreement and without notice to any surety, the OWNER may at any time or from time to time, order additions, deletions, or revisions in the WORK; these will be authorized by a written Field Order and/or a Change Order issued by the ENGINEER.
- B. If the CONTRACTOR believes that it is entitled to an increase or decrease in the Contract Price, or an extension or shortening in the Contract Time as the result of a Field Order, a claim may be made as provided in Articles 11 and 12.
- C. If the OWNER and CONTRACTOR agree on the value of any work, or the amount of Contract Time that should be allowed as a result of a Field Order, upon receiving written notice from the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall proceed so as to minimize the impact on and delays to the work pending the issuance of a Change Order.
- D. If the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR are unable to agree as to the extent, if any, of an increase or decrease in the Contract Price or an extension or shortening of the Contract Time that should be allowed as a result of a Field Order, the ENGINEER can direct the CONTRACTOR to proceed on the basis of Time and Materials so as to minimize the impact on and delays to WORK, and a claim may be made therefor as provided in Articles 11 and 12.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall not be entitled to an increase in the Contract Price nor an extension of the Contract Time with respect to any work performed that is not required by the Contract Documents as amended, modified, supplemented by Change Order, except in the case of an emergency and except in the case of uncovering work as provided in Paragraph 13.3G.
- F. The OWNER and the CONTRACTOR shall execute appropriate Change Orders covering:
 - 1. changes in the WORK which are ordered by the OWNER pursuant to Paragraph 10.1A;
 - 2. changes required because of acceptance of Defective WORK under Paragraph 13.7;
 - 3. changes in the Contract Price or Contract Time which are agreed to by the parties; or
 - 4. changes in the Contract Price or Contract Times which embody the substance of any written decision rendered by the ENGINEER pursuant to Paragraph 9.8.
- G. If notice of any change is required by the provisions of any Bond to be given to a surety, the giving of any such notice will be the CONTRACTOR's responsibility, and the amount of each applicable Bond shall be adjusted accordingly.

10.2 ALLOWABLE QUANTITY VARIATIONS

A. In the event of an increase or decrease in Bid item quantity of a unit price contract, the total amount of WORK actually done or materials or equipment furnished shall be paid for according to the unit price established for such WORK under the Contract Documents, wherever such unit price has been established; provided, that an adjustment in the Contract Price may be made for changes which result in an increase or decrease in excess of 25% of

- the estimated quantity of any major item of the WORK. Major Item is defined as any bid item amount that is ten percent (10%) or more of the total contract amount.
- B. In the event a part of the WORK is to be entirely eliminated and no lump sum or unit price is named in the Contract Documents to cover such eliminated work, the price of the eliminated work shall be agreed upon in writing by the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR. If the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR fail to agree upon the price of the eliminated work, said price shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Article 11.

ARTICLE 11 CHANGE OF CONTRACT PRICE

11.1 GENERAL

- A. The Contract Price constitutes the total compensation payable to the CONTRACTOR for performing the WORK. All duties, responsibilities, and obligations assigned to or undertaken by the CONTRACTOR to complete the WORK shall be at its expense without change in the Contract Price.
- B. The Contract Price may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an increase in the Contract Price shall be based on written notice delivered by the CONTRACTOR to the ENGINEER promptly (but in no event later than 7 days) after the start of the occurrence or the event giving rise to the claim and stating the general nature of the claim. Notice of the amount of the claim with supporting data shall be delivered within 14 days after such occurrence (unless the ENGINEER allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data in support of the claim) and shall be accompanied by the CONTRACTOR's written statement that the amount claimed covers all known amounts (direct, indirect, and consequential) to which the CONTRACTOR is entitled as a result of said occurrence or event. All claims for adjustment in the Contract Price shall be determined by the ENGINEER in accordance with Paragraph 9.8A if the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR cannot otherwise agree on the amount involved. No claim for an adjustment in the Contract Price will be valid if not submitted in accordance with this Paragraph 11.1B.
- C. The value of any WORK covered by a Change Order or of any claim for an increase or decrease in the Contract Price shall be determined in one of the following ways:
 - 1. Where the WORK involved is covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, by application of unit prices to the quantities of the items involved.
 - 2. By mutual acceptance of a lump sum, which may include an allowance for overhead and profit not necessarily in accordance with Paragraph 11.4.
 - 3. On the basis of the cost of WORK (determined as provided in Paragraphs 11.3) plus a CONTRACTOR's fee for overhead and profit (determined as provided in Paragraph 11.4).
- 11.2 COSTS RELATING TO WEATHER. The CONTRACTOR shall have no claims against the OWNER for damages for any injury to WORK, materials, or equipment, resulting from the action of the elements. If, however, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR has made all reasonable efforts to protect the materials, equipment and work, the CONTRACTOR may be granted a reasonable extension of Contract Time to make proper repairs, renewals, and replacements of the work, materials, or equipment.

11.3 COST OF WORK (BASED ON TIME AND MATERIALS)

- A. General. The term "cost of work" means the sum of all costs necessarily incurred and paid by the CONTRACTOR for labor, materials, and equipment in the proper performance of extra work. Except as otherwise may be agreed to in writing by the OWNER, such costs shall be in amounts no higher than those prevailing in the locality of the Project; shall include only the following items, and shall not include any of the costs itemized in Paragraph 11.5 EXCLUDED COSTS.
- B. Labor. The costs of labor will be the actual cost for wages prevailing for each craft or type of workers performing the extra work at the time the extra work is done, plus employer payments of payroll taxes, worker's compensation insurance, liability insurance, health and welfare, pension, vacation, apprenticeship funds, and other direct costs resulting from Federal, State or local laws, as well as assessments or benefits required by lawful collective bargaining agreements. Labor costs for equipment operators and helpers shall be paid only when such costs are not included in the invoice for equipment rental. The labor costs for forepersons shall be proportioned to all of their assigned work and only that applicable to extra work shall be paid. Non-direct labor costs including superintendence shall be considered part of the mark-up set out in paragraph 11.4.
- C. Materials. The cost of materials reported shall be at invoice or lowest current price at which materials are locally available and delivered to the job in the quantities involved, plus the cost of freight, delivery and storage, subject to the following:
 - 1. Trade discounts available to the purchaser shall be credited to the OWNER notwithstanding the fact that such discounts may not have been taken by the CONTRACTOR.
 - 2. For materials secured by other than a direct purchase and direct billing to the purchaser, the cost shall be deemed to be the price paid to the actual supplier as determined by the ENGINEER. Mark-up except for actual costs incurred in the handling of such materials will not be allowed.
 - 3. Payment for materials from sources owned wholly or in part by the purchaser shall not exceed the price paid by the purchaser for similar materials from said sources on extra work items or the current wholesale price for such materials delivered to the work site, whichever price is lower.
 - 4. If in the opinion of the ENGINEER the cost of material is excessive, or the CONTRACTOR does not furnish satisfactory evidence of the cost of such material, then the cost shall be deemed to be the lowest current wholesale price for the quantity concerned delivered to the work site less trade discount. The OWNER reserves the right to furnish materials for the extra work and no claim shall be allowed by the CONTRACTOR for costs and profit on such materials.
- D. Equipment. The CONTRACTOR will be paid for the use of equipment at the rental rate listed for such equipment specified in the Supplementary General Conditions. Such rental rate will be used to compute payments for equipment whether the equipment is under the CONTRACTOR's control through direct ownership, leasing, renting, or another method of acquisition. The rental rate to be applied for use of each item of equipment shall be the rate resulting in the least total cost to the OWNER for the total period of use. If it is deemed

necessary by the CONTRACTOR to use equipment not listed in the publication specified in the Supplementary General Conditions, an equitable rental rate for the equipment will be established by the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR may furnish cost data which might assist the ENGINEER in the establishment of the rental rate.

- 1. All equipment shall, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, be in good working condition and suitable for the purpose for which the equipment is to be used.
- 2. Before construction equipment is used on the extra work, the CONTRACTOR shall plainly stencil or stamp an identifying number thereon at a conspicuous location, and shall furnish to the ENGINEER, in duplicate, a description of the equipment and its identifying number.
- 3. Unless otherwise specified, manufacturer's ratings and manufacturer approved modifications shall be used to classify equipment for the determination of applicable rental rates. Equipment which has no direct power unit shall be powered by a unit of at least the minimum rating recommended by the manufacturer.
- 4. Individual pieces of equipment or tools having a replacement value of \$200 or less, whether or not consumed by use, shall be considered to be small tools and no payment will be made therefor.
- 5. Rental time will not be allowed while equipment is inoperative due to breakdowns.
- 6. Equipment Rental Rates. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the CONTRACTOR will be paid for the use of equipment at the rental rate listed for such equipment specified in the current edition of the following reference publication: "Rental Rate Blue Book" as published by Dataquest (a company of the Dunn and Bradstreet Corporation), 1290 Ridder Park Drive, San Jose, CA 95131, telephone number (800) 227-8444.
- E. Equipment on the Work Site. The rental time to be paid for equipment on the work site shall be the time the equipment is in productive operation on the extra work being performed and, in addition, shall include the time required to move the equipment to the location of the extra work and return it to the original location or to another location requiring no more time than that required to return it to its original location; except, that moving time will not be paid if the equipment is used on other than the extra work, even though located at the site of the extra work. Loading and transporting costs will be allowed, in lieu of moving time, when the equipment is moved by means other than its own power, except that no payment will be made for loading and transporting costs when the equipment is used at the site of the extra work on other than the extra work. The following shall be used in computing the rental time of equipment on the work site.
 - 1. When hourly rates are listed, any part of an hour less than 30 minutes of operation shall be considered to be 1/2-hour of operation, and any part of an hour in excess of 30 minutes will be considered one hour of operation.
 - 2. When daily rates are listed, any part of a day less than 4 hours operation shall be considered to be 1/2-day of operation. When owner-operated equipment is used to perform extra work to be paid for on a time and materials basis, the CONTRACTOR will be paid for the equipment and operator, as set forth in Paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), following.
 - 3. Payment for the equipment will be made in accordance with the provisions in Paragraph 11.3D, herein.
 - 4. Payment for the cost of labor and subsistence or travel allowance will be made at the rates paid by the CONTRACTOR to other workers operating similar equipment already

on the work site, or in the absence of such labor, established by collective bargaining agreements for the type of worker and location of the extra work, whether or not the operator is actually covered by such an agreement. A labor surcharge will be added to the cost of labor described herein in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 11.3B, herein, which surcharge shall constitute full compensation for payments imposed by state and federal laws and all other payments made to or on behalf of workers other than actual wages.

- 5. To the direct cost of equipment rental and labor, computed as provided herein, will be added the allowances for equipment rental and labor as provided in Paragraph 11.4, herein.
- F. Specialty Work. Specialty work is defined as that work characterized by extraordinary complexity, sophistication, or innovation or a combination of the foregoing attributes which are unique to the construction industry. The following shall apply in making estimates for payment for specialty work:
 - 1. Any bid item of WORK to be classified as Specialty Work shall be listed as such in the Supplementary General Conditions. Specialty work shall be performed by an entity especially skilled in the work to be performed. After validation of invoices and determination of market values by the ENGINEER, invoices for specialty work based upon the current fair market value thereof may be accepted without complete itemization of labor, material, and equipment rental costs.
 - 2. When the CONTRACTOR is required to perform work necessitating special fabrication or machining process in a fabrication or a machine shop facility away from the job site, the charges for that portion of the work performed at the off-site facility may, by agreement, be accepted as specialty work and accordingly, the invoices for the work may be accepted without detailed itemization.
 - 3. All invoices for specialty work will be adjusted by deducting all trade discounts offered or available, whether the discounts were taken or not. In lieu of the allowances for overhead and profit specified in Paragraph 11.4, herein, an allowance of 5 percent will be added to invoices for specialty work.
- G. Sureties. All work performed hereunder shall be subject to all of the provisions of the Contract Documents and the CONTRACTOR's sureties shall be bound with reference thereto as under the original Agreement. Copies of all amendments to surety bonds or supplemental surety bonds shall be submitted to the OWNER for review prior to the performance of any work hereunder.

11.4 CONTRACTOR'S FEE

A. Extra work ordered on the basis of time and materials will be paid for at the actual necessary cost as determined by the ENGINEER, plus allowances for overhead and profit. The allowance for overhead and profit shall include full compensation for superintendence, bond and insurance premiums, taxes, field office expense, extended overhead, home office overhead, and all other items of expense or cost not included in the cost of labor, materials, or equipment provided for under Paragraph 11.3. The allowance for overhead and profit will be made in accordance with the following schedule:

Actual Overhead and Profit Allowance	
Labor	15 percent
Materials	10 percent
Equipment	10 percent

To the sum of the costs and mark-ups provided for in this Article, one percent shall be added as compensation for bonding.

- B. It is understood that labor, materials, and equipment may be furnished by the CONTRACTOR or by the Subcontractor on behalf of the CONTRACTOR. When all or any part of the extra work is performed by a Subcontractor, the allowance specified herein shall be applied to the labor, materials, and equipment costs of the Subcontractor, to which the CONTRACTOR may add 5 percent of the Subcontractor's total cost for the extra work. Regardless of the number of hierarchical tiers of Subcontractors, the 5 percent increase above the Subcontractor's total cost which includes the allowances for overhead and profit specified herein may be applied one time only.
- 11.5 EXCLUDED COSTS. The term "Cost of the Work" shall not include any of the following:
 - A. Payroll costs and other compensation of CONTRACTOR's officers, executives, principals (of partnership and sole proprietorships), general managers, engineers, estimators, attorneys' auditors, accountants, purchasing and contracting agents, expenditures, timekeepers, clerks and other personnel employed by CONTRACTOR whether at the site or in CONTRACTOR's principal or a branch office for general administration of the work, or not specifically covered by paragraph 11.3, all of which are to be considered administrative costs covered by the CONTRACTOR's fee.
 - B. Expenses of CONTRACTOR's principal and branch offices other than CONTRACTOR's office at the site.
 - C. Any part of CONTRACTOR's capital expenses, including interest on CONTRACTOR's capital employed for the WORK and charges against CONTRACTOR for delinquent payments.
 - D. Cost of premiums for all bonds and for all insurance whether or not CONTRACTOR is required by the Contract Documents to purchase and maintain the same (except for the cost of premiums covered by paragraph 11.4 above).
 - E. Costs due to the negligence of CONTRACTOR, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable, including but not limited to, the correction of Defective WORK, disposal of materials or equipment wrongly supplied and making good any damage to property.
 - F. Other overhead or general expense costs of any kind and the cost of any item not specifically and expressly included in paragraph 11.4.

ARTICLE 12 CHANGE OF CONTRACT TIME

12.1 GENERAL

- The Contract Time may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an extension of Α. the Contract Time (or Milestones) shall be based on written notice delivered by the CONTRACTOR to the ENGINEER promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim and stating the general nature of the claim. Notice of the extent of the claim with supporting data shall be delivered within 60 days after such occurrence (unless the ENGINEER allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data in support of the claim) and shall be accompanied by the CONTRACTOR's written statement that the adjustment claimed is the entire adjustment to which the CONTRACTOR has reason to believe it is entitled as a result of the occurrence of said event. All claims for adjustment in the Contract Time shall be determined by the ENGINEER in accordance with Paragraph 9.8 if the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR cannot otherwise agree. No claim for an adjustment in the Contract Time will be valid if not submitted in accordance with the requirements of this Paragraph 12.1A. An increase in Contract Time does not mean that the Contractor is due an increase in Contract Price. Only compensable time extensions will result in an increase in Contract Price.
- B. All time limits stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Agreement.
- C. Where CONTRACTOR is prevented from completing any part of the WORK within the Contract Times (or Milestones) due to delay beyond the control of CONTRACTOR, the Contract Times (or Milestones) will be extended in an amount equal to the time lost on the critical path of the project due to such delay if a claim is made therefor as provided in paragraph 12.1. Delays beyond the control of CONTRACTOR shall include, but not be limited to, acts or neglect by OWNER, acts or neglect of utility owners or other contractors performing other work as contemplated by Article 7, fires, floods, epidemics, unprecedented weather conditions or acts of God. Delays attributable to and within the control of a Subcontractor or Supplier shall be deemed to be delays within the control of CONTRACTOR.
- D. Where CONTRACTOR is prevented from completing any part of the WORK within the Contract Times (or Milestones) due to delay beyond the control of both OWNER and CONTRACTOR, an extension of the Contract Times (or Milestones) in an amount equal to the time lost on the critical path of the project due to such delay shall be CONTRACTOR's sole and exclusive remedy for such delay. In no event shall the OWNER be liable to CONTRACTOR, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or any other person or organization, or to any surety for or employee or agent of any of them, for damages arising out of or resulting from (i) delays caused by or within the control of CONTRACTOR, or (ii) delays beyond the control of both parties including but not limited to fires, floods, epidemics abnormal weather conditions, acts of God or acts or neglect by utility owners or other contractors performing other work as contemplated by Article 7.
- 12.2 EXTENSIONS OF TIME FOR DELAY DUE TO WEATHER. Contract Time may be extended by the ENGINEER because of delays in completion of the WORK due to unusually severe weather, provided that the CONTRACTOR shall, within 10 days of the beginning of any such delay, notify the ENGINEER in writing of the cause of delay and request an extension of Contract Time. The

ENGINEER will ascertain the facts and the extent of the delay and extend the time for completing the work when, in the ENGINEER's judgment, the findings of fact justify such an extension. Unprecedented, abnormal, or unusually severe weather will be defined as an event, or events, with a greater than 50-year recurrence interval, as determined by the National Weather Service, or equivalent State or Federal agency

ARTICLE 13 WARRANTY AND GUARANTEE; TESTS AND INSPECTIONS; CORRECTION, REMOVAL, OR ACCEPTANCE OF DEFECTIVE WORK

- 13.1 WARRANTY AND GUARANTEE. The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees to the OWNER and the ENGINEER that all work will be in accordance with the Contract Documents and will not be defective. Prompt notice of defects known to the OWNER or ENGINEER shall be given to the CONTRACTOR. All defective work, whether or not in place, may be rejected, corrected, or accepted as provided in this Article 13.
- 13.2 ACCESS TO WORK. OWNER, ENGINEER, their Consultants, sub-consultants, other representatives and personnel of OWNER, independent testing laboratories and governmental agencies with jurisdictional interests will have access to the WORK at reasonable times for their observation, inspecting and testing. CONTRACTOR shall provide them proper and safe conditions for such access and advise them of CONTRACTOR's site safety procedures and programs so that they may comply therewith as applicable.

13.3 TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall give the ENGINEER timely notice of readiness of the WORK for all required inspections, tests, or approvals, and shall cooperate with inspection and testing personnel to facilitate required inspections or tests.
- B. If Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction other than the OWNER require any WORK to specifically be inspected, tested, or approved, the CONTRACTOR shall pay all costs in connection therewith. The CONTRACTOR shall also be responsible for and shall pay all costs in connection with any inspection or testing required in connection with the OWNER's or the ENGINEER's acceptance of a Supplier of materials or equipment proposed as a substitution or (or-equal) to be incorporated in the WORK, or of materials or equipment submitted for review prior to the CONTRACTOR's purchase thereof for incorporation in the WORK. The cost of all inspections, tests, and approvals in addition to the above which are required by the Contract Documents shall be paid by the OWNER (unless otherwise specified).
- C. The ENGINEER will make, or have made, such inspections and tests as the ENGINEER deems necessary to see that the WORK is being accomplished in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Unless otherwise specified in the Supplementary General Conditions, the cost of such inspection and testing will be borne by the OWNER. In the event such inspections or tests reveal non-compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the CONTRACTOR shall bear the cost of corrective measures deemed necessary by the ENGINEER, as well as the cost of subsequent reinspection and retesting. Neither observations by the ENGINEER nor inspections, tests, or approvals by others shall relieve the CONTRACTOR from the CONTRACTOR's obligation to perform the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents.

- D. All inspections, tests, or approvals other than those required by Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction shall be performed by organizations acceptable to the ENGINEER and the CONTRACTOR.
- E. If any WORK (including the work of others) that is to be inspected, tested, or approved is covered without written concurrence of the ENGINEER, it must, if requested by the ENGINEER, be uncovered for observation. Such uncovering shall be at the CONTRACTOR's expense unless the CONTRACTOR has given the ENGINEER timely notice of the CONTRACTOR's intention to perform such test or to cover the same and the ENGINEER has not acted with reasonable promptness in response to such notice.
- F. If any WORK is covered contrary to the written request of the ENGINEER, it must, if requested by the ENGINEER, be uncovered for the ENGINEER's observation and recovered at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- G. If the ENGINEER considers it necessary or advisable that covered WORK be observed by the ENGINEER or inspected or tested by others, the CONTRACTOR, at the ENGINEER's request, shall uncover, expose, or otherwise make available for observation, inspection, or testing as the ENGINEER may require, that portion of the WORK in question, furnishing all necessary labor, material, and equipment. If it is found that such WORK is defective, the CONTRACTOR shall bear all direct, indirect, and consequential costs and damages of such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, and testing and of satisfactory reconstruction, including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, attorneys, and other professionals. However, if such WORK is not found to be defective, the CONTRACTOR shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, or both, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, testing, and reconstruction; and, if the parties are unable to agree as to the amount or extent thereof, the CONTRACTOR may make a claim therefor as provided in Articles 11 and 12.
- OWNER MAY STOP THE WORK. If the WORK is defective, or the CONTRACTOR fails to perform work in such a way that the completed WORK will conform to the Contract Documents, the OWNER may order the CONTRACTOR to stop the WORK, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of the OWNER to stop the WORK shall not give rise to any duty on the part of the OWNER to exercise this right for the benefit of the CONTRACTOR or any other party.
- 13.5 CORRECTION OR REMOVAL OF DEFECTIVE WORK. If required by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly, either correct all defective work, whether or not fabricated, installed, or completed, or, if the WORK has been rejected by the ENGINEER, remove it from the site and replace it with non-defective work. The CONTRACTOR shall bear all direct, indirect and consequential costs and damages of such correction or removal, including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, attorneys, and other professionals made necessary thereby.

13.6 ONE YEAR CORRECTION PERIOD

- A. If within one year after the date of Substantial Completion or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by Laws or Regulations or by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Contract Documents or by any specific provision of the Contract Documents, any work is found to be defective, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly, without cost to the OWNER and in accordance with OWNER's written notification, (i) correct such Defective WORK, or, if it has been rejected by the OWNER, remove it from the site and replace it with non-defective work, and (ii) satisfactorily correct or remove and replace any damage to other work of others resulting therefrom. If the CONTRACTOR does not promptly comply with such notification, or in an emergency where delay would cause serious risk of loss or damage, the OWNER may have the Defective WORK corrected or the rejected WORK removed and replaced, and all direct, indirect, and consequential costs and damages of such removal and replacement including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, attorneys and other professionals will be paid by the CONTRACTOR.
- B. Where Defective WORK (and damage to other WORK resulting therefrom) has been corrected, removed or replaced under this paragraph 13.6, the correction period hereunder with respect to such WORK will be extended for an additional period of one year after such correction or removal and replacement has been satisfactorily completed.
- 13.7 ACCEPTANCE OF DEFECTIVE WORK. If, instead of requiring correction or removal and replacement of defective work, the OWNER prefers to accept the WORK, the OWNER may do so. The CONTRACTOR shall bear all direct, indirect, and consequential costs attributable to the OWNER's evaluation of and determination to accept such defective work. If any such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, a Change Order will be issued incorporating the necessary revisions in the Contract Documents with respect to the WORK, and the OWNER shall be entitled to an appropriate decrease in the Contract Price.

ARTICLE 14 PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR AND COMPLETION

- 14.1 SCHEDULE OF VALUES (LUMP SUM PRICE BREAKDOWN). The schedule of values or lump sum price breakdown established as provided in the General Requirements shall serve as the basis for progress payments and will be incorporated into a form of Application for Payment acceptable to the ENGINEER.
- 14.2 UNIT PRICE BID SCHEDULE. Progress payments on account of Unit Price work will be based on the number of units completed.

14.3 APPLICATION FOR PROGRESS PAYMENT

- A. Unless otherwise prescribed by law, on the 25th of each month, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the ENGINEER for review, an Application for Payment filled out and signed by the CONTRACTOR covering the WORK completed as of the date of the Application and accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents.
- B. The Application for Payment shall identify, as a sub-total, the amount of the CONTRACTOR'S Total Earnings to Date, plus the Value of Materials Stored at the Site which have not yet been incorporated in the WORK, and less a deductive adjustment for

materials installed which were not previously incorporated in the WORK, but for which payment was allowed under the provisions for payment for Materials Stored at the Site, but not yet incorporated in the WORK.

- C. The Net Payment Due the CONTRACTOR shall be the above-mentioned subtotal from which shall be deducted the total amount of all previous payments made to the CONTRACTOR. Progress payments will be paid in full in accordance with Article 14 of the General Conditions until 90% of the Contract Price has been paid. The remaining 10% of the Contract Price amount may be withheld until:
 - 1. final inspection has been made;
 - 2. completion of the Project; and
 - 3. acceptance of the Project by the OWNER.
- D. The Value of Materials Stored at the Site shall be an amount equal to the specified percent of the value of such materials as set forth in the Supplementary General Conditions. Said amount shall be based upon the value of all acceptable materials and equipment not incorporated in the WORK but delivered and suitably stored at the site or at another location agreed to in writing; provided, each such individual item has a value of more than \$5,000.00 and will become a permanent part of the WORK. The Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by an invoice (including shipping), a certification that the materials meet the applicable contract specifications, and any evidence required by the OWNER that the materials and equipment are covered by appropriate property insurance and other arrangements to protect the OWNER's interest therein, all of which will be satisfactory to the OWNER. Payment for materials will not constitute final acceptance. It shall be the CONTRACTOR's responsibility to protect the material from damage, theft, loss, or peril while in storage. Unless otherwise prescribed by law, the Value of Materials Stored at the Site shall be paid at the invoice amount up to a maximum of 85% of the Contract Price for those items.
- 14.4 CONTRACTOR'S WARRANTY OF TITLE. The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees that title to all work, materials, and equipment covered by an Application for Payment, whether incorporated in the WORK or not, will pass to the OWNER no later than the time of payment free and clear of all liens.

14.5 REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS FOR PROGRESS PAYMENT

A. The ENGINEER will, within 7 days after receipt of each Application for Payment, either indicate in writing a recommendation of payment and present the Application to the OWNER, or return the Application to the CONTRACTOR indicating in writing the ENGINEER's reasons for refusing to recommend payment. In the later case, the CONTRACTOR may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application. If the ENGINEER still disagrees with a portion of the Application, it will submit the Application recommending the undisputed portion of the Application to the OWNER for payment and provide reasons for recommending non-payment of the disputed amount. Thirty days after presentation of the Application for Payment with the ENGINEER's recommendation, the amount recommended will (subject to the provisions of Paragraph 14.5B) become due and when due will be paid by the OWNER to the CONTRACTOR.

B. The OWNER may refuse to make payment of the full amount recommended by the ENGINEER because claims have been made against the OWNER on account of the CONTRACTOR's performance of the WORK or Liens have been filed in connection with the WORK or there are other items entitling the OWNER to a credit against the amount recommended, but the OWNER must give the CONTRACTOR written notice within 7 days (with a copy to the ENGINEER) stating the reasons for such action.

14.6 PARTIAL UTILIZATION

- A. The OWNER shall have the right to utilize or place into service any item of equipment or other usable portion of the WORK prior to completion of the WORK. Whenever the OWNER plans to exercise said right, the CONTRACTOR will be notified in writing by the OWNER, identifying the specific portion or portions of the WORK to be so utilized or otherwise placed into service.
- B. It shall be understood by the CONTRACTOR that until such written notification is issued, all responsibility for care and maintenance of all of the WORK shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR. Upon issuance of said written notice of partial utilization, the OWNER will accept responsibility for the protection and maintenance of all such items or portions of the WORK described in the written notice.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall retain full responsibility for satisfactory completion of the WORK, regardless of whether a portion thereof has been partially utilized by the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR's one year correction period shall commence only after the date of Substantial Completion for the WORK.
- 14.7 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION. When the CONTRACTOR considers the WORK ready for its intended use the CONTRACTOR shall notify the OWNER and the ENGINEER in writing that the WORK is substantially complete. The CONTRACTOR will attach to this request a list of all work items that remain to be completed and a request that the ENGINEER prepare a Notice of Completion. Within a reasonable time thereafter, the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR, and the ENGINEER shall make an inspection of the WORK to determine the status of completion. If the ENGINEER does not consider the WORK substantially complete, or the list of remaining work items to be comprehensive, the ENGINEER will notify the CONTRACTOR in writing giving the reasons therefor. If the ENGINEER considers the WORK substantially complete, the ENGINEER will prepare and deliver to the OWNER, for its execution and recording, the Notice of Completion signed by the ENGINEER and CONTRACTOR, which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion.
- 14.8 FINAL APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT. After the CONTRACTOR has completed all of the remaining work items referred to in Paragraph 14.7 and delivered all maintenance and operating instructions, schedules, guarantees, Bonds, certificates of inspection, record as-built documents (as provided in the General Requirements) and other documents, all as required by the Contract Documents, and after the ENGINEER has indicated that the WORK is acceptable, the CONTRACTOR may make application for final payment following the procedure for progress payments. The final Application for Payment shall be accompanied by all documentation called for in the Contract Documents, together with complete and legally effective releases or waivers (satisfactory to the OWNER) of all liens arising out of or filed in connection with the WORK.

14.9 FINAL PAYMENT AND ACCEPTANCE

- A. If, on the basis of the ENGINEER's observation of the WORK during construction and final inspection, and the ENGINEER's review of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation, all as required by the Contract Documents, the ENGINEER is satisfied that the WORK has been completed and the CONTRACTOR's other obligations under the Contract Documents have been fulfilled, the ENGINEER will, within 14 days after receipt of the final Application for Payment, indicate in writing the ENGINEER's recommendation of payment and present the Application to the OWNER for payment.
- B. After acceptance of the WORK by the OWNER's governing body, the OWNER will make final payment to the CONTRACTOR of the amount remaining after deducting all prior payments and all amounts to be kept or retained under the provisions of the Contract Documents, including the following items:
 - 1. Liquidated damages, as applicable.
 - 2. Two times the value of outstanding items of correction work or punch list items yet uncompleted or uncorrected, as applicable. All such work shall be completed or corrected to the satisfaction of the OWNER within the time stated on the Notice of Completion, otherwise the CONTRACTOR does hereby waive any and all claims to all monies withheld by the OWNER to cover the value of all such uncompleted or uncorrected items.

14.10 RELEASE OF RETAINAGE AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS

- A. After executing the necessary documents to initiate the lien period, and not more than 45 days thereafter (based on a 30-day lien filing period and 15-day processing time), the OWNER will release to the CONTRACTOR the retainage funds withheld pursuant to the Agreement, less any deductions to cover pending claims against the OWNER pursuant to Paragraph 14.5B.
- B. After filing of the necessary documents to initiate the lien period, the CONTRACTOR shall have 30 days to complete any outstanding items of correction work remaining to be completed or corrected as listed on a final punch list made a part of the Notice of Completion. Upon expiration of the 45 days, referred to in Paragraph 14.10A, the amounts withheld pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 14.9B herein, for all remaining work items will be returned to the CONTRACTOR; provided, that said work has been completed or corrected to the satisfaction of the OWNER within said 30 days. Otherwise, the CONTRACTOR does hereby waive any and all claims for all monies withheld by the OWNER under the Contract to cover 2 times the value of such remaining uncompleted or uncorrected items.
- 14.11 CONTRACTOR'S CONTINUING OBLIGATION. The CONTRACTOR's obligation to perform and complete the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents shall be absolute. Neither recommendation of any progress or final payment by the ENGINEER, nor the issuance of a Notice of Completion, nor any payment by the OWNER to the CONTRACTOR under the Contract Documents, nor any use or occupancy of the WORK or any part thereof by the OWNER, nor any act of acceptance by the OWNER nor any failure to do so, nor any review of a Shop Drawing or sample submittal, will constitute an acceptance of work not in accordance with the Contract Documents or a release of the CONTRACTOR's obligation to perform the WORK in accordance with the Contract Documents.

14.12 FINAL PAYMENT TERMINATES LIABILITY OF OWNER. Final payment is defined as the last progress payment made to the CONTRACTOR for earned funds, less monies withheld as applicable, pursuant to Paragraph 14.10A. The acceptance by the CONTRACTOR of the final payment referred to in Paragraph 14.9 herein, shall be a release of the OWNER and its agents from all claims of liability to the CONTRACTOR for anything done or furnished for, or relating to, the WORK or for any act of neglect of the OWNER or of any person relating to or affecting the WORK, except demands against the OWNER for the remainder, if any, of the amounts kept or retained under the provisions of Paragraph 14.9 herein; and excepting pending, unresolved claims filed prior to the date of the Notice of Completion.

ARTICLE 15 SUSPENSION OF WORK AND TERMINATION

15.1 SUSPENSION OF WORK BY OWNER. The OWNER, acting through the ENGINEER, may, at any time and without cause, suspend the WORK or any portion thereof for a period of not more than 90 days by notice in writing to the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall resume the WORK on receipt from the ENGINEER of a notice of resumption of work. The CONTRACTOR shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, or both, directly attributable to any suspension if the CONTRACTOR makes an approved claim therefor as provided in Articles 11 and 12.

15.2 TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT BY OWNER (CONTRACTOR DEFAULT)

- A. In the event of default by the CONTRACTOR, the OWNER may give 10 days written notice to the CONTRACTOR of OWNER's intent to terminate the Agreement and provide the CONTRACTOR an opportunity to remedy the conditions constituting the default. It shall be considered a default by the CONTRACTOR whenever CONTRACTOR shall: (1) declare bankruptcy, become insolvent, or assign its assets for the benefit of its creditors; (2) fail to provide materials or quality of work meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents; (3) disregard or violate provisions of the Contract Documents or ENGINEER's instructions; (4) fail to prosecute the WORK according to the approved progress schedule; or, (5) fail to provide a qualified superintendent, competent workers, or materials or equipment meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents. If the CONTRACTOR fails to remedy the conditions constituting default within the time allowed, the OWNER may then issue the Notice of Termination.
- B. In the event the Agreement is terminated in accordance with Paragraph 15.2A, herein, the OWNER may take possession of the WORK and may complete the WORK by whatever method or means the OWNER may select. The cost of completing the WORK shall be deducted from the balance which would have been due the CONTRACTOR had the Agreement not been terminated and the WORK completed in accordance with the Contract Documents. If such cost exceeds the balance which would have been due, the CONTRACTOR shall pay the excess amount to the OWNER. If such cost is less than the balance which would have been due, the CONTRACTOR shall not have claim to the difference.
- 15.3 TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT BY OWNER (FOR CONVENIENCE). The OWNER may terminate the Agreement at any time if it is found that reasons beyond the control of either the OWNER or CONTRACTOR make it impossible or against the OWNER's interests to complete the WORK. In such a case, the CONTRACTOR shall have no claims against the OWNER except: (1) for

the value of work performed up to the date the Agreement is terminated; and, (2) for the cost of materials and equipment on hand, in transit, or on definite commitment, as of the date the Agreement is terminated which would be needed in the WORK and which meet the requirements of the Contract Documents. The value of work performed and the cost of materials and equipment delivered to the site, as mentioned above, shall be determined by the ENGINEER in accordance with the procedure prescribed for the making of the final application for payment and payment under Paragraphs 14.8 and 14.9.

15.4 TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT BY CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR may terminate the Agreement upon 10 days written notice to the OWNER, whenever: 1) the WORK has been suspended under the provisions of Paragraph 15.1, herein, for more than 90 consecutive days through no fault or negligence of the CONTRACTOR, and notice to resume work or to terminate the Agreement has not been received from the OWNER within this time period; or, 2) the OWNER should fail to pay the CONTRACTOR any monies due him in accordance with the terms of the Contract Documents and within 60 days after presentation to the OWNER by the CONTRACTOR of a request therefor, unless within said 10-day period the OWNER shall have remedied the condition upon which the payment delay was based. In the event of such termination, the CONTRACTOR shall have no claims against the OWNER except for those claims specifically enumerated in Paragraph 15.3, herein, and as determined in accordance with the requirements of said paragraph.

ARTICLE 16 MISCELLANEOUS

16.1 GIVING NOTICE. Whenever any provision of the Contract Documents requires the giving of written notice, it will be deemed to have been validly given if delivered in person to the individual or to a member of the firm or to an officer of the corporation for whom it is intended, or if delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the last business address known to the giver of the notice.

16.2 RIGHTS IN AND USE OF MATERIALS FOUND ON THE WORK

- A. The CONTRACTOR may use on the Project, with ENGINEER's approval, such stone, gravel, sand, or other material determined suitable by the ENGINEER, as may be found in the excavation. The CONTRACTOR will be paid for the excavation of such material at the corresponding contract unit price. No additional payment will be made for utilizing the material from excavation as borrow, or select borrow.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall replace, at its own expense, with other acceptable material, all of that portion of the excavated material so removed and used which was needed for use on the project. No charge for the materials so used will be made against the CONTRACTOR except that the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for payment of any royalties required.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall not excavate or remove any material from within the Project location which is not within the grading limits, as indicated by the slope and grade lines, without written authorization from the ENGINEER.
- D. In the event the CONTRACTOR has processed materials from OWNER-furnished sources in excess of the quantities required for performance of this contract, including any waste material produced as a by-product, the CBJ may retain possession of such materials without obligation to reimburse the CONTRACTOR for the cost of their production. When such

materials are in a stockpile, the ENGINEER may require: That it remain in stockpile; the CONTRACTOR level such stockpile(s); or that the CONTRACTOR remove such materials and restore the premises to a satisfactory condition at the CONTRACTOR's expense. This provision shall not preclude the CBJ from arranging with the CONTRACTOR to produce material over and above the contract needs, payment for which shall be by written agreement between the CBJ and the CONTRACTOR.

- E. Unless otherwise provided, the material from any existing old structure may be used temporarily by the CONTRACTOR in the erection of the new structure. Such material shall not be cut or otherwise damaged except with the approval of the ENGINEER.
- 16.3 RIGHT TO AUDIT. If the CONTRACTOR submits a claim to the OWNER for additional compensation, the OWNER shall have the right, as a condition to considering the claim, and as a basis for evaluation of the claim, and until the claim has been settled, to audit the CONTRACTOR's books to the extent they are relevant. This right shall include the right to examine books, records, documents, and other evidence and accounting procedures and practices, sufficient to discover and verify all direct and indirect costs of whatever nature claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred and for which the claim has been submitted. The right to audit shall include the right to inspect the CONTRACTOR's plants, or such parts thereof, as may be or have been engaged in the performance of the WORK. The CONTRACTOR further agrees that the right to audit encompasses all subcontracts and is binding upon Subcontractors. The rights to examine and inspect herein provided for shall be exercisable through such representatives as the OWNER deems desirable during the CONTRACTOR's normal business hours at the office of the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall make available to the OWNER for auditing, all relevant accounting records and documents, and other financial data, and upon request, shall submit true copies of requested records to the OWNER.
- 16.4 ARCHEOLOGICAL OR HISTORICAL DISCOVERIES. When the CONTRACTOR's operation encounters prehistoric artifacts, burials, remains of dwelling sites, paleontological remains, such as shell heaps, land or sea mammal bones or tusks, or other items of historical significance, the CONTRACTOR shall cease operations immediately and notify the ENGINEER. No artifacts or specimens shall be further disturbed or removed from the ground and no further operations shall be performed at the site until so directed. Should the ENGINEER order suspension of the CONTRACTOR's operations in order to protect an archaeological or historical finding, or order the CONTRACTOR to perform extra work, such order(s) shall be covered by an appropriate contract change document.
- 16.5 CONSTRUCTION OVER OR ADJACENT TO NAVIGABLE WATERS. All work over, on, or adjacent to navigable waters shall be so conducted that free navigation of the waterways will not be interfered with and the existing navigable depths will not be impaired, except as allowed by permit issued the U.S. Coast Guard and/or the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, as applicable.
- 16.6 GRATUITY AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST. The CONTRACTOR agrees to not extend any loan, gratuity or gift of money of any form whatsoever to any employee or elected official of the OWNER, nor will the CONTRACTOR rent or purchase any equipment or materials from any employee or elected official of the OWNER, or to the best of the CONTRACTOR's knowledge, from any agent of any employee or elected official of the OWNER. Before final payment, the CONTRACTOR shall execute and furnish the OWNER an affidavit certifying that the CONTRACTOR has complied with the above provisions of the contract.

16.7 SUITS OF LAW CONCERNING THE WORK

- A. Should a suit of law be entered into, either by the CONTRACTOR (or the CONTRACTOR's surety) against the OWNER, or by the OWNER against the CONTRACTOR (or the CONTRACTOR's surety), the suit of law shall be tried in the First Judicial District of Alaska.
- B. If one of the questions at issue is the satisfactory performance of the work by the CONTRACTOR and should the appropriate court of law judge the work of the CONTRACTOR to be unsatisfactory, then the CONTRACTOR (or the CONTRACTOR's surety) shall reimburse the OWNER for all legal and all other expenses (as may be allowed and set by the court) incurred by the OWNER because of the suit of the law and, further, it is agreed that the OWNER may deduct such expense from any sum or sums then, or any that become due the CONTRACTOR under the contract.

16.8 CERTIFIED PAYROLLS

- A. All CONTRACTORs or Subcontractor who perform work on a public construction contract for the OWNER shall file a certified payroll with the Alaska Department of Labor before Friday of each week that covers the preceding week (Section 14-2-4 ACLA 1949; am Section 4 ch 142 SLA 1972).
- B. In lieu of submitting the State payroll form, the CONTRACTOR's standard payroll form may be submitted, provided it contains the information required by AS 36.05.040 and a statement that the CONTRACTOR is complying with AS 36.10.010.
- C. A contractor or subcontractor, who performs work on public construction in the State, as defined by AS 36.95.010(3), shall pay not less than the current prevailing rate of wages as issued by the Alaska Department of Labor before the end of the pay period. (AS 36.05.010).

16.9 PREVAILING WAGE RATES

- A. Wage rates for Laborers and Mechanics on Public Contracts, AS 36.05.070. The CONTRACTOR, or Subcontractors, shall pay all employees unconditionally and not less than once a week. Wages may not be less than those stated in Paragraph 16.8C, regardless of the contractual relationship between the CONTRACTOR or Subcontractors and laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors. The scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the CONTRACTOR in a prominent, easily accessible place at the site of the WORK.
- B. Failure to Pay Agreed Wages, AS 36.05.080. If it is found that a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor employed by the CONTRACTOR or Subcontractor has been, or is being, paid a rate or wages less than the established rate, the OWNER may, by written notice, terminate the CONTRACTOR or Subcontractors right to proceed with the work. The OWNER may prosecute the work to completion by contract or otherwise, and the CONTRACTOR and sureties will be held liable to the OWNER for excess costs for completing the WORK. (Section 2 ch 52 SLA 1959).
- C. Listing Contractor's Who Violate Contracts, AS 36.05.090. In addition, a list giving the names of persons who have disregarded the rights of their employees shall be distributed to all departments of State government and all political subdivisions. No person appearing on this

list, and no firm, corporation, partnership or association in which the person has an interest, may work as a CONTRACTOR or Subcontractor on a public construction contract for the State, or a political subdivision of the state, until three years after the date of publication of the list. (Section 3 ch 52 SLA 1959; am Section 9 ch 142 SLA).

16.10 EMPLOYMENT REFERENCE. Workers employed in the execution of the contract by the CONTRACTOR or by any Subcontractor under this contract shall not be required or permitted to labor more than 8 hours a day or 40 hours per week in violation of the provisions of the Alaska Wage and Hour Act, Section 23.10.060.

16.11 COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE

- A. At any time within 45 days after the date of the Notice of Award, the CONTRACTOR may submit to the ENGINEER in writing, proposals for modifying the plans, specifications, or other requirements of this contract for the sole purpose of reducing the total cost of construction. The cost reduction proposal shall not impair in any manner the essential functions or characteristics of the project, including but not limited to, service life, economy of operation, ease of maintenance, desired appearance or design and safety standards.
- B. The cost reduction proposal shall contain the following information:
 - 1. Description of both the existing contract requirements for performing the WORK and the proposed changes.
 - 2. An itemization of the contract requirements that must be changed if the proposal is adopted.
 - 3. A detailed estimate of the time required and the cost of performing the WORK under both the existing contract and the proposed change.
 - 4. A statement of the date by which the CONTRACTOR must receive the decision from the OWNER on the cost reduction proposal.
 - 5. The contract items of WORK effected by the proposed changes including any quantity variations.
 - 6. A description and estimate of costs the OWNER may incur in implementing the proposed changes, such as test and evaluation and operating and support costs.
 - 7. A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on future operations and maintenance costs to the OWNER.
- C. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require the OWNER to consider any cost reduction proposal which may be submitted; nor will the OWNER be liable to the CONTRACTOR for failure to accept or act upon any cost reduction proposal submitted, or for delays to the work attributable to the consideration or implementation of any such proposal.
- D. If a cost reduction proposal is similar to a change in the plans or specifications for the project under consideration by the OWNER at the time the proposal is submitted, the OWNER will not accept such proposal and reserves the right to make such changes without compensation to the CONTRACTOR under the provisions of this section.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall continue to perform the work in accordance with the requirements of the contract until an executed Change Order incorporating the cost reduction proposal has

been issued. If any executed Change Order has not been issued by the date upon which the CONTRACTOR's cost reduction proposal specifies that a decision should be made by the OWNER, in writing, the cost reduction proposal shall be considered rejected.

- F. The OWNER, shall be the sole judge of the acceptability of a cost reduction proposal and of the estimated net savings in Contract Time and construction costs resulting from the adoption of all or any part of such proposal. Should the CONTRACTOR disagree with OWNER's decision on the cost reduction proposal, there is no further consideration. The OWNER reserves the right to make final determination.
- G. If the CONTRACTOR's cost reduction proposal is accepted in whole or in part, such acceptance will be made by a contract Change Order, which specifically states that the change is executed pursuant to this cost reduction proposal section. Such Change Order shall incorporate the changes in the plans and specifications which are necessary to permit the cost reduction proposal or such part of it as has been accepted to be put into effect and shall include any conditions upon which the OWNER's approval is based, if such approval is conditional. The Change Order shall also describe the estimated net savings in the cost of performing the work attributable to the cost reduction proposal, and shall further provide that the contract cost be adjusted by crediting the OWNER with the estimated net savings amount.
- H. Acceptance of the cost reduction proposal and performance of the work does not extend the time of completion of the contract, unless specifically provided in the Change Order authorizing the use of the submitted proposal. Should the adoption of the cost reduction proposal result in a Contract Time savings, the total Contract Time shall be reduced by an amount equal to the time savings realized.
- I. The amount specified to the CONTRACTOR in the Change Order accepted in the cost reduction proposal shall constitute full compensation for the performance of WORK. No claims for additional costs as a result of the changes specified in the cost reduction proposal shall be allowed.
- J. The OWNER reserves the right to adopt and utilize any approved cost reduction proposal for general use on any contract administered when it is determined suitable for such application. Cost reduction proposals identical, similar, or previously submitted will not be accepted for consideration if acceptance and compensation has previously been approved. The OWNER reserves the right to use all or part of any cost reduction proposal without obligation or compensation of any kind to the CONTRACTOR.
- K. The CONTRACTOR shall bear the costs, if any, to revise all bonds and insurance requirements for the project, to include the cost reduction WORK.

END OF SECTION

GENERAL. These Supplementary General Conditions make additions, deletions, or revisions to the General Conditions as indicated herein. All provisions which are not so added, deleted, or revised remain in full force and effect. Terms used in these Supplementary General Conditions which are defined in the General Conditions have the meanings assigned to them in the General Conditions.

SGC 1 DEFINITIONS. *Remove* the definition for Contract Documents and *replace* with the following:

Contract Documents – The Table of Contents, Notice Inviting Bids, Instructions to Bidders, Bid Forms (including the Bid, Bid Schedule(s), Subcontractor Report, Bid Bond, and all required certificates and affidavits), Agreement, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, General Conditions, Supplementary General Conditions, Alaska Labor Standards, Reporting, and Prevailing Wage Rate Determination, Special Provisions, Standard Specifications, Technical Specifications, Drawings, Permits, and all Addenda, and Change Orders executed pursuant to the provisions of the Contract Documents.

SGC 2.2 COPIES OF DOCUMENTS. Add the following:

The OWNER shall furnish to the CONTRACTOR two (2) hard copies of the Contract Documents, which will include bound reduced Drawings, and electronic files of the documents in pdf format. Additional copies of contract documents are the responsibility of the contractor.

SGC 4.2 PHYSICAL CONDITIONS - SUBSURFACE AND EXISTING STRUCTURES. *Add* the following:

C. In the preparation of the Contract Documents, the Engineer of Record has relied upon field measurements and visual inspection of the existing structures and surface conditions.

SGC - 4.6 USE OF THE CBJ/STATE LEMON CREEK GRAVEL PIT. Add the following.

The CBJ/State Lemon Creek Gravel Pit is not available for this Project.

SGC 5.1 PERFORMANCE, PAYMENT, AND OTHER BONDS. The Contractor shall furnish Performance and Payment Bonds in the amount of 100% of the Bid.

SGC 5.2 INSURANCE AMOUNTS. The limits of liability for the insurance required by Paragraph 5.2 of the General Conditions shall provide coverage for not less than the following amounts or greater where required by Laws and Regulations. The CONTRACTOR must provide certification of proper insurance coverage and amendatory endorsements or copies of the applicable policy language affecting coverage required in this agreement to the City and Borough of Juneau. All certificates of insurance supplied to the OWNER shall state that the OWNER is named as "Additional Insured for any and all work performed for the City & Borough of Juneau" for the Commercial General Liability policy and any other policies, if required in this Section. NOTE: This requirement has changed. The OWNER no longer requires certificates of insurance referencing project names and contract numbers.

Delete paragraph C and **Replace** with the following paragraph C:

C. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the OWNER with certificates showing the type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and dates of expiration of policies. Failure of CBJ to demand such certificate or other evidence of full compliance with these insurance requirements or failure of CBJ to identify a deficiency from evidence that is provided shall not be construed as a waiver of the

obligation of the Contractor to maintain the insurance required by this contract. The coverage afforded will not be cancelled, reduced in coverage, or renewal refused until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the OWNER by the CONTRACTOR. All such insurance required herein (except for Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability) shall name the OWNER, its Consultants and subconsultants and their officers, directors, agents, and employees as "additional insureds" under the policies.

The CONTRACTOR shall purchase and maintain the following insurance:

1. Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability. This insurance shall protect the CONTRACTOR against all claims under applicable state workers' compensation laws. The CONTRACTOR shall also be protected against claims for injury, disease, or death of employees which, for any reason, may not fall within the provisions of a Workers' Compensation law. The CONTRACTOR shall require each Subcontractor similarly to provide Workers' Compensation Insurance for all of the latter's employees to be engaged in such work unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the CONTRACTOR's Workers' Compensation Insurance. In case any class of employees is not protected, under the Workers' Compensation Statute, the CONTRACTOR shall provide and shall cause each subcontractor to provide adequate employer's liability insurance for the protection of such of its employees as are not otherwise protected. The CONTRACTOR grants a waiver of any right to subrogation against the OWNER by virtue of the payment of any loss under such insurance. This provision applies regardless of whether or not the OWNER has received a waiver of subrogation endorsement from the insurer.

Workers' Compensation: (under Paragraph 5.2C.1 of the General Conditions) as in accordance with AS 23.30.045:

a. State: Statutory

b. Applicable Federal (e.g., Longshore): Statutory

Note: If the WORK called for in the Contract Documents involves work in or on any navigable waters, the CONTRACTOR shall provide Workers' Compensation coverage which shall include coverage under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, the Jones Act, and any other coverage required under Federal or State laws pertaining to workers in or on navigable waters.

a. Employers Liability

Bodily Injury by Accident:\$1,000,000.00Each AccidentBodily Injury by Disease:\$1,000,000.00Each EmployeeBodily Injury by Disease:\$1,000,000.00Policy Limit

- 1. CONTRACTOR agrees to waive all rights of subrogation against the OWNER for WORK performed under contract.
- 2. If CONTRACTOR directly utilizes labor outside of the State of Alaska in the prosecution of the WORK, "Other States" endorsement shall be required as a condition of the contract.
- 2. Commercial General Liability (CGL), including products and completed operations, property damage, bodily injury and personal and advertising injury, with limits no less than \$1,000,000

each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. (under Paragraph 5.2C.2 of the General Conditions) **This insurance policy is to contain, or be endorsed to contain, additional insured status for the CBJ, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers.** If Additional insured status is provided in the form of an endorsement to the Contractor's insurance, the endorsement shall be at least as broad as ISO Form CG 20 10 11 85 or **both** CG 20 10, CG 20 26, CG 20 33, or CG 20 38; **and** CG 20 37 forms if later revisions used).

3. Commercial Automobile Liability: (under Paragraph 5.2C.3 of the General Conditions) including Owned, Hired, and Non-Owned Vehicles:

Combined Single Limit, Bodily Injury and Property Damage \$1,000,000.00

This insurance policy is to contain, or be endorsed to contain, additional insured status for the CBJ, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers The CONTRACTOR shall require each Subcontractor similarly to provide Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance for all of the latter's employees to be engaged in such WORK unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the CONTRACTOR's Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance.

Add the following paragraphs:

- C. Builder's Risk: CONTRACTOR is not required to obtain a Builder's Risk insurance policy for this project. The OWNER carries Builder's Risk insurance. If a Builder's Risk claim is filed for this project, the CONTRACTOR will we responsible for the first \$10,000 of the policy's deductible, and the OWNER will be responsible for the remaining deductible.
- D. All Subcontractors are required to secure and maintain the insurance coverages listed above, unless otherwise noted.
- E. If the CONTRACTOR maintains higher limits than the minimums shown above, the OWNER requires and shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the CONTRACTOR. Any available insurance proceeds in excess of the specified minimum limits of insurance and coverage shall be available to the OWNER.
- F. Policies shall also specify insurance provided by CONTRACTOR will be considered primary and not contributory to any other insurance available to the OWNER.
- G. Should any of the policies described above be cancelled before the expiration date thereof, notice will be delivered in accordance with the policy provisions.

SGC 6.5 CONCERNING SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS. Add the following:

B. The CONTRACTOR shall perform not less than 20% of the WORK with its own forces (i.e., without subcontracting). The 20% requirement shall be understood to mean that the CONTRACTOR shall perform, with its own organization, WORK amounting to at least 20% of the original contract amount. The 20% requirement will be calculated based upon the total of the subcontract amounts submitted for Contract Award, and any other information requested by the OWNER from the apparent low Bidder.

SGC 6.5 CONCERNING SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS, Add the following paragraph:

C. CONTRACTOR must pay Subcontractors and/or Suppliers within 30 days of receiving payment from the OWNER, if that payment was made for Work performed by the Subcontractor and/or materials received. Failure to pay Subcontractors within 30 days of receiving payment from which Subcontractor and/or Supplier is to be paid may result in the OWNER initiating debarment proceedings as prescribed in the City and Borough of Juneau Purchasing Code. The 30 day City and Borough of Juneau requirement does not supersede AS 36.90.210.

SGC 6.6 PERMITS, *Add* the following paragraph:

D. Contractor is responsible for obtaining a Hot Works permit from the CBJ Permit Center, if performing work which requires such a permit. Work requiring a Hot Works Permit includes but is not limited to the following: cutting, welding, Thermit welding, brazing, soldering, grinding, thermal spraying, thawing pipe, installation of torch-applied roof systems or any other similar activity.

SGC 14.3 APPLICATION FOR PROGRESS PAYMENT. Paragraph D.

D. The Value of Materials Stored at the site, or in dry, heated Contractor's Storage shall be an amount equal to 90%.

SGC 14.9 FINAL PAYMENT AND ACCEPTANCE. *Add* the following paragraph:

C. Prior to the final payment the CONTRACTOR shall contact the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development (ADOL) and provide the OWNER with clearance from the ADOL for the CONTRACTOR and all Subcontractors that have worked on the Project. This clearance shall indicate that all Employment Security Taxes have been paid. A sample form for this purpose is at the end of this section. The CONTRACTOR shall also submit a "NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF PUBLIC WORKS" signed by ADOL.

SGC 16.8 CERTIFIED PAYROLLS. *Change* paragraph A. to read:

A. All CONTRACTORs or Subcontractors who perform work on a public construction contract for the OWNER shall file a certified payroll with Alaska Department of Labor. See Section 00830 - Alaska Labor Standards, Reporting, and Prevailing Wage Rate Determination.

Add the following SGC 16.12.

SGC 16.12 EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EEO)

The CONTRACTOR may not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, marital status, changes in marital status, pregnancy or parenthood. The CONTRACTOR shall post a notice setting out the provisions of this paragraph in a conspicuous place available to employees and applicants for employment.

The CONTRACTOR and each Subcontractor shall state in all solicitations and advertisements for employees to work on this Project, that it is an Equal Opportunity Employer and that all qualified

applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, religion, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, marital status, changes in marital status, pregnancy or parenthood.

The CONTRACTOR shall include the provisions of this EEO article in every contract relating to this Project and shall require the inclusion of these provisions in every agreement entered into for this Project, so that those provisions will be binding upon the CONTRACTOR and each Subcontractor.



Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Division of Employment and Training Services Employment Security Tax

P.O. Box 115509

Juneau, AK 99811-5509 Relay Alaska (in state): (800) 770-8973 or 7.1.1

Relay Alaska (out of state): (800) 770-8255 Toll free: (888) 448-2937

Phone: (907) 465-2787 Fax: (907) 465-2374

Tax Clearance Request Form for Contractors

Date of request:
Business name of the contractor a Tax Clearance is being requested for:
Business address:
Business contact phone number:
Federal Identification Number:
Alaska Employer Account Number:
Specific time period a tax clearance is being requested for (i.e. beginning and ending date of a subcontract agreement):
Subcontract project name:
Subcontract project name.
Name and address of the person this Tax Clearance is to be returned to:
Comments or additional information:
For agency use only:
☐ Tax Clearance is granted
Tax Clearance is not granted (please have employer contact the department)
☐ No account on file, liability unknown (please have employer contact the department)
☐ Employer has stated no employees, Tax Clearance not required.
Agency representative signature: Date:
Agency representative title:

We are an equal opportunity employer/program. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. labor.alaska.gov/estax

SECTION 00830 - ALASKA LABOR STANDARDS, REPORTING, AND PREVAILING WAGE RATE DETERMINATION

State of Alaska, Department of Labor, Laborers' and Mechanics' Minimum Rates of Pay, AS 36.05.010 and AS 36.05.050, Wage and Hour Administration Pamphlet No. 600, the latest edition published by the State of Alaska, Department of Labor inclusive, is provided in its entirety in SECTION 00830 – APPENDIX A.

The rates that are in effect 10 days prior to the final date for submission of bids are the rates that will apply to this project. These rates will apply for 24 calendar months from the date the project is awarded to a prime contractor. At the end of the initial 24-month period, the latest wage rates issued by the Alaska Department of Labor shall become effective for the next 24-month period. This process repeats itself until the project is completed.

The CONTRACTOR is responsible for contacting the Alaska Department of Labor to determine compliance with current regulations.

Correspondence regarding Title 36 requirements may be submitted to ADOL electronically or paper copies can be submitted by mail. To submit Title 36 documents and certified payrolls electronically, go to https://myalaska.state.ak.us/home/app.

The CONTRACTOR and each Subcontractor shall submit Certified Payrolls to the CBJ Contract Administrator upon request. If the requested Certified Payrolls are not received by the Contract Administrator within five (5) working days, the Contract Administrator will request the Certified Payrolls from ADOL. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for all costs charged by ADOL for delivery of the requested Certified Payrolls, including those costs for Subcontractors.

Within 10 Days of "Notice of Award/Notice to Proceed" make a list of <u>all</u> Subcontractors. Include their name, address, phone, estimated subcontract amount, and estimated start and finish dates. Send this list to the Wage and Hour Section (contact information below).

Certified Payrolls must be submitted every two weeks. Before the second Friday, each CONTRACTOR and Subcontractor must file Certified Payrolls with Statements of Compliance for the previous two weeks. Indicate "Start" on your first payroll, and "Final" on your last payroll for this Project.

As part of the **final payment request package**, CONTRACTOR must submit a "NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF PUBLIC WORKS" form signed by ADOL personnel.

Contact Information:

Wage and Hour Section

State of Alaska
Department of Labor and Workforce Development
Labor Standards and Safety Division and
Wage and Hour Administration
P.O. Box 11149
Juneau, AK 99811-1149
907-465-4842

Caleb Comas, Contract Administrator

City and Borough of Juneau 155 S. Seward Street Juneau, AK 99801 (907) 586-0800 ext. 4196 caleb.comas@juneau.org

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

http://labor.state.ak.us/lss/home.htm

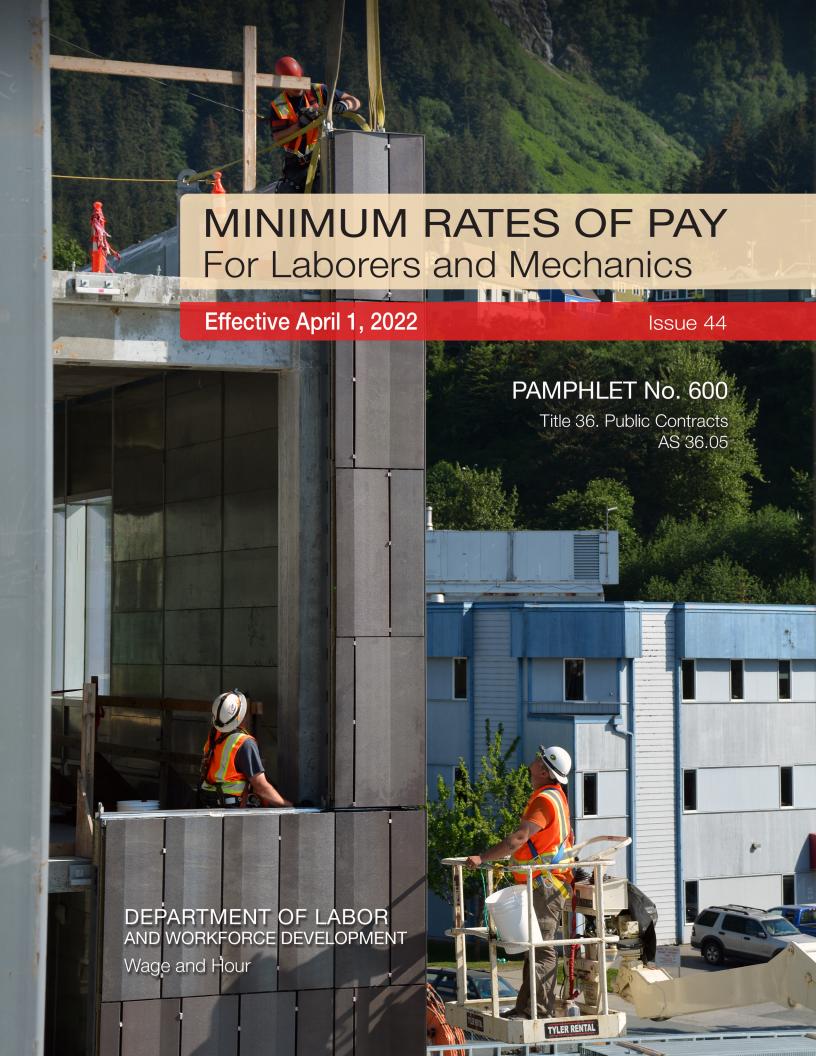
ALASKA LABOR STANDARDS, REPORTING AND PREVAILING WAGE RATE DETERMINATION

SECTION 00830 APPENDIX A

Laborers' & Mechanics' Minimum Rates of Pay

Pamphlet 600

Effective April 1, 2022







Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Office of the Commissioner

Post Office Box 111149 Juneau, Alaska 99811 Main: 907.465.2700 fax: 907.465-2784

April 1, 2022

TO ALL CONTRACTING AGENCIES:

At the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, our goal is putting Alaskans to work. This pamphlet is designed to help contractors awarded public construction contracts understand the most significant laws of the State of Alaska pertaining to prevailing wage.

This pamphlet identifies current prevailing wage rates for public construction contracts (any construction projects awarded for the State of Alaska or its political subdivisions, such as local governments and certain non-profit organizations). Because these rates may change in a subsequent determination, please be sure you are using the appropriate rates. The rates published in this edition become effective April 1, 2022.

The prevailing wage rates contained in this pamphlet are applicable to public construction projects with a final bid date of April 11, 2022, or later. As the law now provides, these rates will remain stable during the life of a contract or for 24 calendar months, whichever is shorter. **The 24-month period begins on the date the prime contract is awarded.** Upon expiration of the initial 24-month period, the <u>latest</u> wage rates issued by the department shall become effective for a subsequent 24-month period or until the original contract is completed, whichever occurs first. This process shall be repeated until the original contract is completed.

The term "original contract" means the signed contract that resulted from the original bid and any amendments, including changes of work scope, additions, extensions, change orders, and other instruments agreed to by the parties that have not been subject to subsequent open bid procedures.

If a higher federal rate is required due to partial federal funding or other federal participation, the higher rate must be paid.

For additional copies of this pamphlet go to: http://labor.state.ak.us/lss/pamp600.htm

For questions regarding prevailing wage or employment preference requirements, please contact the nearest Wage and Hour office. These offices are listed on Page x.

Sincerely,

Dr. Tamika L. Ledbetter

Commissioner

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Table of Contents

Excerpts	from	Alaska	Law
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Note to Readers: The statutes and administrative regulations listed in this publication were taken from the official codes, as of the effective date of the publication. However, there may be errors or omissions that have not been identified and changes that occurred after the publication was printed. This publication is intended as an informational guide only and is not intended to serve as a precise statement of the statutes and regulations of the State of Alaska. To be certain of current laws and regulations, please refer to the official codes.

EXCERPTS FROM ALASKA LAW

Sec. 36.05.005. Applicability.

This chapter applies only to a public construction contract that exceeds \$25,000.

Sec. 36.05.010. Wage rates on public construction.

A contractor or subcontractor who performs work on a public construction contract in the state shall pay not less than the current prevailing rate of wages for work of a similar nature in the region in which the work is done. The current prevailing rate of wages is that contained in the latest determination of prevailing rate of wages issued by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development at least 10 days before the final date for submission of bids for the contract. The rate shall remain in effect for the life of the contract or for 24 calendar months, whichever is shorter. At the end of the initial 24-month period, if new wage determinations have been issued by the department, the latest wage determination shall become effective for the next 24-month period or until the contract is completed, whichever occurs first. This process shall be repeated until the contract is completed.

Sec. 36.05.040. Filing schedule of employees, wages paid, and other information.

All contractors or subcontractors who perform work on a public construction contract for the state or for a political subdivision of the state shall, before the Friday of every second week, file with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development a sworn affidavit for the previous reporting period, setting out in detail the number of persons employed, wages paid, job classification of each employee, hours worked each day and week, and other information on a form provided by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development.

Sec. 36.05.045. Notice of work and completion; withholding of payment.

- (a) Before commencing work on a public construction contract, the person entering into the contract with a contracting agency shall designate a primary contractor for purposes of this section. Before work commences, the primary contractor shall file a notice of work with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development. The notice of work must list work to be performed under the public construction contract by each contractor who will perform any portion of work on the contract and the contract price being paid to each contractor. The primary contractor shall pay all filing fees for each contractor performing work on the contract, including a filing fee based on the contract price being paid for work performed by the primary contractor's employees. The filing fee payable shall be the sum of all fees calculated for each contractor. The filing fee shall be one percent of each contractor's contract price. The total filing fee payable by the primary contractor under this subsection may not exceed \$5,000. In this subsection, "contractor" means an employer who is using employees to perform work on the public construction contract under the contract or a subcontract.
- (b) Upon completion of all work on the public construction contract, the primary contractor shall file with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development a notice of completion together with payment of any additional filing fees owed due to increased contract amounts. Within 30 days after the department's receipt of the primary contractor's notice of completion, the department shall inform the contracting agency of the amount, if any, to be withheld from the final payment.
- (c) A contracting agency
 - (1) may release final payment of a public construction contract to the extent that the agency has received verification from the Department of Labor and Workforce Development that
 - (A) the primary contractor has complied with (a) and (b) of this section;
 - (B) the Department of Labor and Workforce Development is not conducting an investigation under this title; and
 - (C) the Department of Labor and Workforce Development has not issued a notice of a violation of this chapter to the primary contractor or any other contractors working on the public construction contract; and

- (2) shall withhold from the final payment an amount sufficient to pay the department's estimate of what may be needed to compensate the employees of any contractors under investigation on this construction contract, and any unpaid filing fees.
- (d) The notice and filing fee required under (a) of this section may be filed after work has begun if
 - (1) The public construction contract is for work undertaken in immediate response to an emergency; and
 - (2) The notice and fees are filed not later than 14 days after the work has begun.
- (e) A false statement made on a notice required by this section is punishable under AS 11.56.210.

Sec. 36.05.060. Penalty for violation of this chapter.

A contractor who violates this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction is punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, or by both. Each day a violation exists constitutes a separate offense.

Sec. 36.05.070. Wage rates in specifications and contracts for public works.

- (a) The advertised specifications for a public construction contract that requires or involves the employment of mechanics, laborers, or field surveyors must contain a provision stating the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors and that the rate of wages shall be adjusted to the wage rate under AS 36.05.010.
- (b) Repealed by §17 ch 142 SLA 1972.
- (c) A public construction contract under (a) of this section must contain provisions that
 - (1) the contractor or subcontractors of the contractor shall pay all employees unconditionally and not less than once a week;
 - (2) wages may not be less than those stated in the advertised specifications, regardless of the contractual relationship between the contractor or subcontractors and laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors;
 - (3) the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the contractor in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work;
 - (4) the state or a political subdivision shall withhold so much of the accrued payments as is necessary to pay to laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors employed by the contractor or subcontractors the difference between
 - (A) the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors on the work; and
 - (B) the rates of wages in fact received by laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors.

Sec. 36.05.080. Failure to pay agreed wages.

Every contract within the scope of AS 36.05.070 shall contain a provision that if it is found that a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor employed by the contractor or subcontractor has been or is being paid a rate of wages less than the rate of wages required by the contract to be paid, the state or its political subdivision may, by written notice to the contractor, terminate the contractor's right to proceed with the work or the part of the work for which there is a failure to pay the required wages and to prosecute the work to completion by contract or otherwise, and the contractor and the contractor's sureties are liable to the state or its political subdivision for excess costs for completing the work.

Sec. 36.05.090. Payment of wages from withheld payments and listing contractors who violate contracts.

- (a) The state disbursing officer in the case of a state public construction contract and the local fiscal officer in the case of a political subdivision public construction contract shall pay directly to laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors from accrued payments withheld under the terms of the contract the wages due laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors under AS 36.05.070.
- (b) The state disbursing officer or the local fiscal officer shall distribute to all departments of the state government and to all political subdivisions of the state a list giving the names of persons who have disregarded their obligations to employees. A person appearing on this list and a firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which the person has an interest may not work as a contractor or

subcontractor on a public construction contract for the state or a political subdivision of the state until three years after the date of publication of the list. If the accrued payments withheld under the contract are insufficient to reimburse all the laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors with respect to whom there has been a failure to pay the wages required under AS 36.05.070, the laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors have the right of action or intervention or both against the contractor and the contractor's sureties conferred by law upon persons furnishing labor or materials, and in the proceedings it is not a defense that the laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors accepted or agreed to accept less than the required rate of wages or voluntarily made refunds.

Sec. 36.05.900. Definition.

In this chapter, "contracting agency" means the state or a political subdivision of the state that has entered into a public construction contract with a contractor.

EXCERPTS FROM ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

- ***Notice: Regulations relating to board and lodging and per diem went into effect on November 25, 2018. The new regulations are excerpted here***
- **8 AAC 30.051. Purpose.** The purpose of 8 AAC 30.052 8 AAC 30.056 is to ensure that wages paid to laborers, mechanics, and field surveyors do not fall below the prevailing rate of pay.
- **8 AAC 30.052. Board and lodging; remote sites.** (a) A contractor on a public construction project located 65 or more road miles from the international airport closest to the project area in either Fairbanks, Juneau, or Anchorage, or that is inaccessible by road in a two-wheel drive vehicle, shall provide adequate board and lodging to each laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor while the person is employed on the project. If commercial lodging facilities are not available, the contractor shall provide temporary lodging facilities. Lodging facilities must comply with all applicable state and federal laws. For a highway project, the location of the project is measured from the midpoint of the project.
- (b) A contractor is not required to provide board and lodging:
 - (1) to a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor who is a domiciled resident of the project area; or
 - (2) on a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor's scheduled days off, when the person can reasonably travel between the project and the person's permanent residence; for the purposes of this paragraph, "scheduled day off" means a day in which a person does not perform work on-site, is not required to remain at or near the job location for the benefit of the contractor, and is informed of the day off at least seven days before the day off.
- (c) Upon a contractor's written request, the commissioner may waive the requirements of (a) of this section where:
 - (1) the project is inaccessible by road in a two-wheel drive vehicle, but the laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor can reasonably travel between the project and the person's permanent residence within one hour; or
 - (2) a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor is not a domiciled resident of the project area, but has established permanent residence, with the intent to remain indefinitely, within 65 road miles of the project, or for a highway project, the mid-point of the project.
- **8 AAC 30.054. Per diem instead of board and lodging.** (a) A contractor may pay a laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor per diem instead of providing board and lodging, when the following conditions are met:
 - (1) the department determines that per diem instead of board and lodging is an established practice for the work classification; the department shall publish and periodically revise its determinations in the pamphlet Laborers and Mechanics Minimum Rates of Pay;
 - (2) the contractor pays each laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor the appropriate per diem rate as published and periodically revised in the pamphlet *Laborers and Mechanics Minimum Rates of Pay*; and

- (3) the contractor pays the per diem to each laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor on the same day that wages are paid.
- (b) A contractor may not pay per diem instead of board and lodging on a highway project located
 - (1) west of Livengood on the Elliot Highway, AK-2;
 - (2) on the Dalton Highway, AK-11;
 - (3) north of milepost 20 on the Taylor Highway, AK-5;
 - (4) east of Chicken on the Top of the World Highway; or
 - (5) south of Tetlin Junction to the Alaska-Canada border on the Alaska Highway, AK-2.

8 AAC 30.056. Alternative arrangement. Upon a contractor's written request, the commissioner may approve an alternative board and lodging or per diem arrangement, provided

- (1) the arrangement does not reduce the laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor's wages below the prevailing wage rate; and
- (2) the laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor voluntarily enters into and signs the written arrangement; a labor organization representing laborers, mechanics, or field surveyors may enter into the written agreement on their behalf.

8 AAC 30.900. General definitions (selected excerpts only):

In this chapter and in AS 36

- (22) "domiciled resident" means a person living within 65 road miles of a public construction project, or in the case of a highway project, the mid-point of the project, for at least 12 consecutive months prior to the award of the public construction project;
- (23) "employed on the project" means the time period from the date the laborer, mechanic, or field surveyor first reports on-site to the project through the final date the person reports on-site to the project.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

PER DIEM

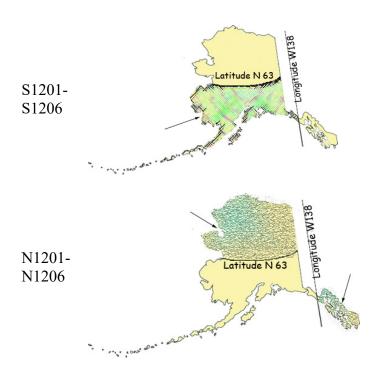
Notice: New regulations relating to board and lodging and per diem went into effect on November 25, 2018. The regulations provide a comprehensive set of requirements for the provision of board and lodging or per diem for workers on remote projects. Please refer to Alaska Administrative Code 8 AAC Chapter 30 and read the chapter carefully.

The Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development has determined that per diem is an established work practice for certain work classifications. These classifications are indicated throughout the Pamphlet by an asterisk (*) under the classification title. If all of the conditions of 8 AAC 30.054 are met, an employer may pay workers in these classifications per diem instead of providing board and lodging on a remote project.

Per Diem Rate: As of May 1st, 2019, the minimum per diem rate is \$100.00 per day, or part thereof, the worker is employed on the project. In the event that a contractor provides lodging facilities, but no meals, the department will accept a payment of \$48 per day for meals to meet the per diem requirements.

LABORER CLASSIFICATION CLARIFICATION

The laborer rates categorized in class code S1201-S1206 apply in one area of Alaska; the area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 Longitude. The laborer rates categorized in class code N1201-N1206 apply in two areas of Alaska; the Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude. The following graphic representations should assist with clarifying the applicable wage rate categories:



APPRENTICE RATES

Apprentice rates at less than the minimum prevailing rates may be paid to apprentices according to an apprentice program which has been registered and approved by the Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development in writing or according to a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Apprenticeship Training. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate who is not registered as above shall be paid the journeyman prevailing minimum wage in that work classification. Wage rates are based on prevailing crew makeup practices in Alaska and apply to work performed regardless of either the quality of the work performed by the employee or the titles or classifications which may be assigned to individual employees.

FRINGE BENEFIT PLANS

Contractors/subcontractors may compensate fringe benefits to their employees in any one of three methods. The fringe benefits may be paid into a union trust fund, into an approved benefit plan, or paid directly on the paycheck as gross wages.

Where fringe benefits are paid into approved plans, funds, or programs including union trust funds, the payments must be contributed at least monthly. If contractors submit their own payroll forms and are paying fringe benefits into approved plans, funds, or programs, the employer's certification must include, in addition to those requirements of 8 AAC 30.020(c), a statement that fringe benefit payments have been or will be paid at least monthly. Contractors who pay fringe benefits to a plan must ensure the plan is one approved by the Internal Revenue Service and that the plan meets the requirements of 8 AAC 30.025 (eff. 3/2/08) in order for payments to be credited toward the prevailing wage obligation.

SPECIAL PREVAILING WAGE RATE DETERMINATION

Special prevailing wage rate determinations may be requested for special projects or a special worker classification if the work to be performed does not conform to traditional public construction for which a prevailing wage rate has been established under <u>8 AAC 30.050(a)</u> of this section. Requests for special wage rate determinations must be in writing and filed with the Commissioner <u>at least 30 days before the award of the contract</u>. An applicant for a special wage rate determination shall have the responsibility to support the necessity for the special rate. An application for a special wage rate determination filed under this section must contain:

- (1) a specification of the contract or project on which the special rates will apply and a description of the work to be performed;
- (2) a brief narrative explaining why special wage rates are necessary;
- (3) the job class or classes involved;
- (4) the special wage rates the applicant is requesting, including survey or other relevant wage data to support the requested rates;
- (5) the approximate number of employees who would be affected; and
- (6) any other information which might be helpful in determining if special wage rates are appropriate.

Requests made pursuant to the above should be addressed to:

Director
Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development
Labor Standards and Safety Division
Wage and Hour
P.O. Box 111149
Juneau, AK 99811-1149

Email: statewide.wagehour@alaska.gov

EMPLOYMENT PREFERENCE INFORMATION

In October 2019, the Alaska Attorney General issued a formal opinion stating that the Alaska Statutes 36.10.150 of the State's 90% Employment Preference law, also known as the Alaska Resident Hire law, violates both the U.S. and Alaska Constitutions. As a result, the state has stopped all enforcement activity. A copy of the Attorney General opinion is found here:

http://law.alaska.gov/pdf/opinions/opinions 2019/19-005 AK-hire.pdf

Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development Labor Standards and Safety Division Wage and Hour

Web site: http://labor.state.ak.us/lss/pamp600.htm

Anchorage	Juneau	Fairbanks			
1251 Muldoon Road, Suite 113	PO Box 111149	Regional State Office Building			
Anchorage, Alaska 99504-2098	Juneau, Alaska 99811	675 7 th Ave., Station J-1			
Phone: (907) 269-4900	Phone: (907) 465-4842	Fairbanks, Alaska 99701-4593			
		Phone: (907) 451-2886			
Email:	Email:	Email:			
statewide.wagehour@alaska.gov	statewide.wagehour@alaska.gov	statewide.wagehour@alaska.gov			

LABOR STANDARDS AND SAFETY NOTICE REQUESTS

If you would like to receive Wage and Hour or Mechanical Inspection **regulation notices** or **publications information**, they are available via electronic mail, by signing up in the GovDelivery System, https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/AKDOL/subscriber/new and selecting topics LSS – Wage and Hour – Forms and Publications, LSS – Mechanical Inspection Regulations, or LSS – Wage and Hour Regulations.

Publications are also available online at http://labor.alaska.gov/lss/home.htm

DEBARMENT LIST

<u>AS 36.05.090(b)</u> states that "the state disbursing officer or the local fiscal officer shall distribute to all departments of the state government and to all political subdivisions of the state a list giving the names of persons who have disregarded their obligations to employees."

A person appearing on the following debarment list and a firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which the person has an interest may not work as a contractor or subcontractor on a public construction contract for the state or a political subdivision of the state for three years from the date of debarment.

<u>Company Name</u> <u>Debarment Expires</u>

No companies are currently debarred.

Laborers' & Mechanics' Minimum Rates of Pay

Class Code Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W	PEN	TRN	Other I	Benefits	THR
Boilermakers						
*See per diem note on last page						
A0101 Boilermaker (journeyman)	46.97 8.57 1	18.08	1.90	VAC 4.25	SAF 0.34	80.11
Bricklayers & Blocklayers						
*See per diem note on last page						
A0201 Blocklayer	42.01 9.00 1	10.20	0.62	L&M 0.20		62.03
Bricklayer Marble or Stone Mason Refractory Worker (Firebrick, Plastic, Castable, and Gunite Refractory Applications) Terrazzo Worker Tile Setter						
A0202 Tuck Pointer Caulker	42.01 9.00 1	10.20	0.62	L&M 0.20		62.03
Cleaner (PCC) A0203 Marble & Tile Finisher	35.84 9.00	10.20	0.62	L&M 0.20		55.86
Terrazzo Finisher A0204 Torginal Applicator	35.84 9.00	10.20	0.62	L&M 0.20		55.86
Carpenters, Region I (North of 63 latitude)						
*See per diem note on last page						
N0301 Carpenter (journeyman)	42.34 10.08 1	15.23	1.75	L&M 0.20		69.80
Lather/Drywall/Acoustical						
Carpenters, Region II (South of N63 latitude) *See per diem note on last page						
S0301 Carpenter (journeyman)	42.34 10.08 1	15.77	1.75	L&M 0.20	SAF 0.20	70.34
Lather/Drywall/Acoustical						
Cement Masons *See per diem note on last page						

Wage benefits key: BHR=basic hourly rate; H&W=health and welfare; IAF=industry advancement fund; LEG=legal fund; L&M=labor/management fund; PEN=pension fund; SAF=safety; SUI=supplemental unemployment insurance; S&L=SUI & LEG combined; TRN=training; THR=total hourly rate; VAC=vacation

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&V	V PEN	TRN	Other Bend	efits THR
<mark>Cemer</mark>	nt Masons					
k	See per diem note on last page					
		40.12 0.50	11.00	1 10	L&M	(2.1.
<u> 10401</u>	Group I, including:	40.13 8.70	11.80	1.43	0.10	62.16
	Application of Sealing Compound					
	Application of Underlayment					
	Building, General					
	Cement Finisher					
	Cement Mason (journeyman)					
	Concrete					
	Concrete Paving					
	Concrete Polishing					
	Concrete Repair					
	Curb & Gutter, Sidewalk					
	Curing of All Concrete					
	General Concrete Pour Tender					
	Grouting & Caulking of Tilt-Up Panels					
	Grouting of All Plates					
	Patching Concrete					
	Screed Pin Setter					
	Screeder or Rodder					
	Spackling/Skim Coating					
		40.12 0.70	11.00	1 42	L&M	62.14
AU4U2	Group II, including:	40.13 8.70	11.80	1.43	0.10	62.16
	Form Setter					
					L&M	
10403	Group III, including:	40.13 8.70	11.80	1.43	0.10	62.16
	Concrete Saw Cutter Operator (All Control Joints and Self-powered)					
	Curb & Gutter Machine					
	Floor Grinder					
	Pneumatic Power Tools					
	Power Chipping & Bushing					
	Sand Blasting Architectural Finish					
	Screed & Rodding Machine Operator					
	Troweling Machine Operator (all concrete surfaces)					
	,				L&M	
10404	Group IV, including:	40.13 8.70	11.80	1.43	0.10	62.16
	Acoustical or Imitation Acoustical Finish					
	Application of All Composition Mastic					

Application of All Epoxy Material

Application of All Plastic Material

Finish Colored Concrete

Gunite Nozzleman

Hand Powered Grinder

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H	&W	PEN	TRN	Other Benefits	THR
<mark>Ceme</mark> i	nt Masons						
;	See per diem note on last page						
						L&M	
A0404	Group IV, including:	40.13 8	3.70	11.80	1.43	0.10	62.16
	Preparing, scratching and browsing of all ceilings and walls, finished with terrazo or tile						
	Tunnel Worker						
<u>A0405</u>	Group V, including:	40.13 8	3.70	11.80	1.43	L&M 0.10	62.16
	Casting and finishing						
	EIFS Systems						
	Finishing of all interior and exterior plastering						
	Fireproofing (Pryocrete, Cafco, Albi-Clad, sprayed fiberglass)						
	Gypsum, Portland Cement						
	Kindred material and products Operation and control of all types of plastering machines, including						
	power tools and floats, used by the industry						
	Overcoating and maintenance of interior/exterior plaster surfaces						
	Plasterer						
	Veneer plastering process (Rapid Plaster, U.S.G. "Imperial Systems", and Pabcoat Systems")						
	Venetian plaster and color-integrated Italian/Middle-Eastern line plaster						
Culina	ary Workers						
						LEG	
A0501	Baker/Cook	28.37 7	7.31	7.56			43.24
						LEG	
A0503	General Helper	25.07 7	7.31	7.56			39.94
	Housekeeper						
	Janitor						
	Kitchen Helper						
						LEG	
A0504	Head Cook	28.97 7	7.31	7.56			43.84
						LEG	
A0505	Head Housekeeper	25.45 7	7.31	7.56			40.32
	Head Kitchen Help						
D 1	•						
Dredg							
	See per diem note on last page						

A0601 Assistant Engineer Craneman

Wage benefits key: BHR=basic hourly rate; H&W=health and welfare; IAF=industry advancement fund; LEG=legal fund; L&M=labor/management fund; PEN=pension fund; SAF=safety; SUI=supplemental unemployment insurance; S&L=SUI & LEG combined; TRN=training; THR=total hourly rate; VAC=vacation

68.71

L&M

0.10

0.05

42.76 11.05 13.75 1.00

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN	TRN	Other I	Benefits	THR
Dredg						
k	See per diem note on last page					
<u>A0601</u>	Assistant Engineer	42.76 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	68.71
	Electrical Generator Operator (primary pump/power barge/dredge) Engineer Welder					
<u>A0602</u>	Assistant Mate (deckhand)	41.60 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	67.55
A0603	Fireman	42.04 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	67.99
<u>A0605</u>	Leverman Clamshell	45.29 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	71.24
<u>A0606</u>	Leverman Hydraulic	43.53 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	69.48
<u>A0607</u>	Mate & Boatman	42.76 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	68.71
<u>A0608</u>	Oiler (dredge)	42.04 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	67.99
Electri	icians 'See per diem note on last page					
	Inside Cable Splicer	42.77 14.23 13.92	0.95	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.15	72.22
<u>A0702</u>	Inside Journeyman Wireman, including:	42.44 14.23 14.16	0.95	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.15	72.13
	Technicians (including use of drones in electrical construction)					
<u>A0703</u>	Power Cable Splicer	63.04 14.23 19.08	0.95	L&M 0.25	LEG 0.15	97.70
<u>A0704</u>	Tele Com Cable Splicer	50.53 14.23 17.17	0.95	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.15	83.23
<u>A0705</u>	Power Journeyman Lineman, including:	61.29 14.23 19.03	0.95	L&M 0.25	LEG 0.15	95.90
	Power Equipment Operator Technician (including use of drones in electrical construction)					
<u>A0706</u>	Tele Com Journeyman Lineman, including:	48.78 14.23 17.11	0.95	L&M 0.20		81.42

Technician (including use of drones in telecommunications construction)

Tele Com Equipment Operator

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN	TRN	Other I	Benefits TH	IR
Electri	See per diem note on last page					
A0707	Straight Line Installer - Repairman	48.78 14.23 17.1	1 0.95	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.15 81.4	.42
A0708	Powderman	59.29 14.23 18.9	7 0.95	L&M 0.25	LEG 0.15 93.8	.84
A0710	Material Handler	26.57 13.92 5.80	0.15	L&M 0.15	LEG 0.15 46.	.74
A0712	Tree Trimmer Groundman	29.12 14.23 13.33	5 0.15	L&M 0.15	LEG 0.15 57.	.15
A0713	Journeyman Tree Trimmer	38.05 14.23 13.63	2 0.15	L&M 0.15	LEG 0.15 66.3	.35
A0714	Vegetation Control Sprayer	41.60 14.23 13.73	3 0.15	L&M 0.15	LEG 0.15 70.0	.01
A0715	Inside Journeyman Communications CO/PBX	41.02 14.23 13.8	7 0.95	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.15 70.4	.42
	or Workers					
	See per diem note on last page			L&M	VAC	
A0802	Elevator Constructor	44.21 16.02 20.2	1 0.65	0.60	VAC 4.90 86.:	.59
A0803	Elevator Constructor Mechanic	63.16 16.02 20.2	1 0.65	L&M 0.60	VAC 7.01 107.	'.6 <u>5</u>
Heat &	k Frost Insulators/Asbestos Workers					
*	See per diem note on last page					
A0902	Asbestos Abatement-Mechanical Systems	39.50 9.24 11.12	2 1.20	IAF 0.14	LML 0.05 61.2	.25
A0903	Asbestos Abatement/General Demolition All Systems	39.50 9.24 11.12	2 1.20	IAF 0.14	LML 0.05 61.2	.25
A0904	Insulator, Group II	39.50 9.24 11.12	2 1.20	IAF 0.14	LML 0.05 61.2	.25
<u>A0905</u>	Fire Stop	39.50 9.24 11.12	2 1.20	IAF 0.14	LML 0.05 61.2	.25
IronW	Torkers Torkers					
	See per diem note on last page					
<u>A1101</u>	Ironworkers, including:	40.82 9.51 24.23	8 0.76	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.24 75.8	.81

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR	H&W	PEN	TRN	Other	Benefits	THR
	/orkers							
>	See per diem note on last page							
<u>A1101</u>	Ironworkers, including:	40.82	9.51	24.28	0.76	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.24	75.81
	Bender Operators							
	Bridge & Structural							
	Hangar Doors							
	Hollow Metal Doors							
	Industrial Doors							
	Machinery Mover							
	Ornamental							
	Reinforcing							
	Rigger							
	Sheeter							
	Signalman							
	Stage Rigger							
	Toxic Haz-Mat Work							
	Welder							
4 1 1 0 2	TI II	41.02	0.51	24.20	0.76	L&M		76.01
A1102	Helicopter	41.82	9.51	24.28	0.76	0.20	0.24	76.81
	Helicopter (used for rigging and setting)							
	Tower (energy producing windmill type towers to include nacelle and blades)							
A1103	Fence/Barrier Installer	37.32	9.51	24.28	0.76	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.24	72.31
						L&M	IAF	
A1104	Guard Rail Layout Man	38.06	9.51	24.28	0.76	0.20	0.24	73.05
	•					T 0 N/I	TAE	
A 1105	Guard Rail Installer	38 32	9 51	24.28	0.76	L&M 0.20		73.31
111105	Outro Pull Installer	30.32	7.51	24.20	0.70	0.20	0.24	73.31
Labor	ers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 lo	ngitude	e)					
	See per diem note on last page	Ü						
						L&M	LEG	
N1201	Group I, including:	33.00	8.95	21.16	1.40	0.20		64.91
	Asphalt Worker (shovelman, plant crew)							
	Brush Cutter							
	Camp Maintenance Laborer							
	Carpenter Tender or Helper							
	Choke Setter, Hook Tender, Rigger, Signalman							
	Concrete Labor (curb & gutter, chute handler, curing, grouting,							
	screeding)							
	Crusher Plant Laborer							
	Demolition Laborer							

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Laborers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

N1201 Group I, including:

33.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 64.91

Ditch Digger

Dumpman

Environmental Laborer (hazard/toxic waste, oil spill)

Fence Installer

Fire Watch Laborer

Flagman

Form Stripper

General Laborer

Guardrail Laborer, Bridge Rail Installer

Hydro-seeder Nozzleman

Laborer, Building

Landscaper or Planter

Laying of Mortarless Decorative Block (retaining walls, flowered

decorative block 4 feet or less - highway or landscape work)

Material Handler

Pneumatic or Power Tools

Portable or Chemical Toilet Serviceman

Pump Man or Mixer Man

Railroad Track Laborer

Sandblast, Pot Tender

Saw Tender

Slurry Work

Steam Cleaner Operator

Steam Point or Water Jet Operator

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Worker (SWPPP Worker -

erosion and sediment control Laborer)

Tank Cleaning

Utiliwalk & Utilidor Laborer

Burning & Cutting Torch

Watchman (construction projects)

Window Cleaner

L&M LEG

34.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 65.91

N1202 Group II, including:

Cement or Lime Dumper or Handler (sack or bulk)

Certified Erosion Sediment Control Lead (CESCL Laborer)

Choker Splicer

Chucktender (wagon, air-track & hydraulic drills)

Concrete Laborer (power buggy, concrete saws, pumpcrete nozzleman,

vibratorman)

Culvert Pipe Laborer

Cured Inplace Pipelayer

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Laborers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

N1202 Group II, including:

34.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 65.91

Environmental Laborer (asbestos, marine work)

Floor Preparation, Core Drilling

Foam Gun or Foam Machine Operator

Green Cutter (dam work)

Gunite Operator

Hod Carrier

Jackhammer/Chipping Gun or Pavement Breaker

Laser Instrument Operator

Laying of Mortarless Decorative Block (retaining walls, flowered

decorative block over 4 feet - highway or landscape work)

Mason Tender & Mud Mixer (sewer work)

Pilot Car

Pipelayer Helper

Plasterer, Bricklayer & Cement Finisher Tender

Powderman Helper

Power Saw Operator

Railroad Switch Layout Laborer

Sandblaster

Scaffold Building & Erecting

Sewer Caulker

Sewer Plant Maintenance Man

Thermal Plastic Applicator

Timber Faller, Chainsaw Operator, Filer

Timberman

L&M LEG

0.20

66.81

0.20

34.90 8.95 21.16 1.40

38.18 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20

N1203 Group III, including: Bit Grinder

Camera/Tool/Video Operator

Guardrail Machine Operator

High Rigger & Tree Topper

High Scaler

Multiplate

N1204 Group IIIA

Plastic Welding

Slurry Seal Squeegee Man

Traffic Control Supervisor

Welding Certified (in connection with laborer's work)

L&M LEG

0.20

70.09

Asphalt Raker, Asphalt Belly Dump Lay Down

Drill Doctor (in the field)

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Laborers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

N1204 Group IIIA 38.18 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 70.09

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)

Pipelayers

Powderman (Employee Possessor)

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Specialist (SWPPP Specialist)

Traffic Control Supervisor, DOT Qualified

L&M LEG

N1205 Group IV 22.57 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 54.48

Final Building Cleanup

Permanent Yard Worker

L&M LEG

N1206 Group IIIB 41.97 6.24 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 71.17

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Federal Powderman (Responsible Person in Charge)

Grade Checking (setting or transferring of grade marks, line and grade,

GPS, drones)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Stake Hopper

Laborers (The area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

0.20

64.91

0.20

33.00 8.95 21.16 1.40

Asphalt Worker (shovelman, plant crew) Brush Cutter

Camp Maintenance Laborer

Carpenter Tender or Helper

Choke Setter, Hook Tender, Rigger, Signalman

Concrete Labor (curb & gutter, chute handler, curing, grouting,

screeding)

S1201 Group I, including:

Crusher Plant Laborer

Demolition Laborer

Ditch Digger

Dumpman

Environmental Laborer (hazard/toxic waste, oil spill)

Fence Installer

Fire Watch Laborer

Flagman

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Laborers (The area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

S1201 Group I, including:

33.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 64.91

Form Stripper

General Laborer

Guardrail Laborer, Bridge Rail Installer

Hydro-seeder Nozzleman

Laborer, Building

Landscaper or Planter

Laying of Mortarless Decorative Block (retaining walls, flowered

decorative block 4 feet or less - highway or landscape work)

Material Handler

Pneumatic or Power Tools

Portable or Chemical Toilet Serviceman

Pump Man or Mixer Man

Railroad Track Laborer

Sandblast, Pot Tender

Saw Tender

Slurry Work

Steam Cleaner Operator

Steam Point or Water Jet Operator

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Worker (SWPPP Worker -

erosion and sediment control Laborer)

Tank Cleaning

Utiliwalk & Utilidor Laborer

Burning & Cutting Torch

Watchman (construction projects)

Window Cleaner

L&M LEG

34.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 65.91

S1202 Group II, including:

Cement or Lime Dumper or Handler (sack or bulk)

Certified Erosion Sediment Control Lead (CESCL Laborer)

Choker Splicer

Chucktender (wagon, air-track & hydraulic drills)

Concrete Laborer (power buggy, concrete saws, pumperete nozzleman,

vibratorman)

Culvert Pipe Laborer

Cured Inplace Pipelayer

Environmental Laborer (asbestos, marine work)

Floor Preparation, Core Drilling

Foam Gun or Foam Machine Operator

Green Cutter (dam work)

Gunite Operator

Hod Carrier

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Laborers (The area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

S1202 Group II, including:

34.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 65.91

Jackhammer/Chipping Gun or Pavement Breaker

Laser Instrument Operator

Laying of Mortarless Decorative Block (retaining walls, flowered

decorative block over 4 feet - highway or landscape work)

Mason Tender & Mud Mixer (sewer work)

Pilot Car

Pipelayer Helper

Plasterer, Bricklayer & Cement Finisher Tender

Powderman Helper

Power Saw Operator

Railroad Switch Layout Laborer

Sandblaster

Scaffold Building & Erecting

Sewer Caulker

Sewer Plant Maintenance Man

Thermal Plastic Applicator

Timber Faller, Chainsaw Operator, Filer

Timberman

L&M LEG

S1203 Group III, including:

34.90 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 66.81

Bit Grinder

Camera/Tool/Video Operator

Guardrail Machine Operator

High Rigger & Tree Topper

High Scaler

Multiplate

Plastic Welding

Slurry Seal Squeegee Man

Traffic Control Supervisor

Welding Certified (in connection with laborer's work)

L&M LEG

S1204 Group IIIA

38.18 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 70.09

Asphalt Raker, Asphalt Belly Dump Lay Down

Drill Doctor (in the field)

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)

Pipelayers

Powderman (Employee Possessor)

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Specialist (SWPPP Specialist)

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR	H&W	PEN	TRN	Other l	Benefits	THR
Labor	ers (The area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 long	g <mark>itude)</mark>						
;	*See per diem note on last page							
S1204	Group IIIA	38.18	8.95	21.16	1.40	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.20	70.09
	Traffic Control Supervisor, DOT Qualified							
S1205	Group IV	22.57	8.95	21.16	1.40	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.20	54.48
	Final Building Cleanup Permanent Yard Worker							
<u>S1206</u>	Group IIIB	41.97	6.24	21.16	1.40	L&M 0.20	LEG 0.20	71.17
	Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills, hydraulic drills)(over 5,000 hours)							
	Federal Powderman (Responsible Person in Charge) Grade Checking (setting or transferring of grade marks, line and grade, GPS, drones)							
	Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)(over 5,000 hours) Stake Hopper							
Millw	· ·							
,	*See per diem note on last page							
<u>A1251</u>	Millwright (journeyman)	44.00	10.08	12.28	1.10	L&M 0.40	0.05	67.91
A1252	Millwright Welder	45.00	10.08	12.28	1.10	L&M 0.40	0.05	68.91
Painte	rs, Region I (North of N63 latitude)							
;	*See per diem note on last page							
N1301	Group I, including:	34.25	8.85	15.10	1.08	L&M 0.07		59.35
	Brush General Painter Hand Taping Hazardous Material Handler Lead-Based Paint Abatement							
N1302	Roll Group II, including:	34.77	8.85	15.10	1.08	L&M 0.07		59.87
	Bridge Painter Epoxy Applicator General Drywall Finisher Hand/Spray Texturing Industrial Coatings Specialist							

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR
	rs, Region I (North of N63 latitude)	
	*See per diem note on last page	
	200 per diem new en impe page	L&M
N1302	Group II, including:	34.77 8.85 15.10 1.08 0.07 59.87
	Machine/Automatic Taping Pot Tender Sandblasting Specialty Painter Spray Structural Steel Painter Wallpaper/Vinyl Hanger	
N1304	Group IV, including:	41.16 8.85 18.21 1.05 0.05 69.32
111001	Glazier Storefront/Automatic Door Mechanic	7777 OGG 75727 1702 OGG 07702
N1305	Group V, including:	39.86 8.85 5.00 1.10 0.10 54.91
	Carpet Installer Floor Coverer Heat Weld/Cove Base Linoleum/Soft Tile Installer	
N1306	Group VI, including:	48.17 9.90 5.00 1.10 0.10 64.27
	Traffic Control Striper	
	ers, Region II (South of N63 latitude) *See per diem note on last page	
S1301	Group I, including:	L&M 31.39 8.85 15.95 1.08 0.07 57.34
	Brush General Painter Hand Taping Hazardous Material Handler Lead-Based Paint Abatement Roll Spray	
S1302	Group II, including:	L&M 32.64 8.85 15.95 1.08 0.07 58.59
	General Drywall Finisher Hand/Spray Texturing	

Wallpaper/Vinyl Hanger

Wage benefits key: BHR=basic hourly rate; H&W=health and welfare; IAF=industry advancement fund; LEG=legal fund; L&M=labor/management fund; PEN=pension fund; SAF=safety; SUI=supplemental unemployment insurance; S&L=SUI & LEG combined; TRN=training; THR=total hourly rate; VAC=vacation

Machine/Automatic Taping

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits	THR
	ers, Region II (South of N63 latitude)		
,	*See per diem note on last page		
<u>S1303</u>	Group III, including:	L&M 32.74 8.85 15.95 1.08 0.07	58.69
	Bridge Painter		
	Epoxy Applicator		
	Industrial Coatings Specialist		
	Pot Tender		
	Sandblasting		
	Specialty Painter		
	Structural Steel Painter		
		L&M	
<u>S1304</u>	Group IV, including:	41.37 8.85 17.25 1.08 0.07	68.62
	Glazier		
	Storefront/Automatic Door Mechanic		
		L&M	
<u>S1305</u>	Group V, including:	39.86 8.85 5.00 1.10 0.10	54.91
	Carpet Installer		
	Floor Coverer		
	Heat Weld/Cove Base		
	Linoleum/Soft Tile Installer		
S1306	Group VI, including:	48.17 9.90 5.00 1.10 0.10	64.27
	Traffic Control Striper		
<mark>Piledr</mark>	ivers		
;	See per diem note on last page		
		L&M IAF	
A1401	Piledriver	42.34 10.08 15.23 1.75 0.20 0.20	69.80
	Assistant Dive Tender		
	Carpenter/Piledriver		
	Rigger		
	Sheet Stabber		
	Skiff Operator		
	1	L&M IAF	
A1402	Piledriver-Welder/Toxic Worker	43.34 10.08 15.23 1.75 0.20 0.20	70.80
		L&M IAF	
A1403	Remotely Operated Vehicle Pilot/Technician	46.65 10.08 15.23 1.75 0.20 0.20	74.11
	Single Atmosphere Suit, Bell or Submersible Pilot		
		L&M IAF	
A1404	Diver (working) **See note on last page	86.45 10.08 15.23 1.75 0.20 0.20	113.91

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN	TRN	Other B	Benefits	THR
Piledr i	ivers					
k	See per diem note on last page					
<u>A1405</u>	Diver (standby) **See note on last page	46.65 10.08 15.23	1.75	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.20	74.11
A1406	Dive Tender **See note on last page	45.65 10.08 15.23	1.75	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.20	73.11
<u>A1407</u>	Welder (American Welding Society, Certified Welding Inspector)	47.90 10.08 15.23	1.75	L&M 0.20	IAF 0.20	75.36
	pers, Region I (North of N63 latitude) *See per diem note on last page					
	Journeyman Pipefitter	42.91 11.75 17.45	1.50	L&M 0.65	S&L	74.26
	Plumber Welder					
Plumb	pers, Region II (South of N63 latitude)					
k	See per diem note on last page					
<u>S1501</u>	Journeyman Pipefitter	41.00 11.38 15.27	1.55	L&M 0.20		69.40
	Plumber Welder					
	vers, Region IIA (1st Judicial District) See per diem note on last page					
X1501	Journeyman Pipefitter	40.82 13.37 11.75	2.50	L&M 0.24		68.68
	Plumber Welder					
Power	Equipment Operators					
	See per diem note on last page					
A1601	Group I, including:	43.53 11.05 13.75	1.00	L&M 0.10	0.05	69.48
	Asphalt Roller: Breakdown, Intermediate, and Finish Back Filler					

Back Filler

Barrier Machine (Zipper)

Beltcrete with Power Pack & similar conveyors

Bending Machine Boat Coxswain

Bulldozer

Cableways, Highlines & Cablecars

Power Equipment Operators

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

A1601 Group I, including:

43.53 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 69.48

Cleaning Machine

Coating Machine

Concrete Hydro Blaster

Cranes (45 tons & under or 150 feet of boom & under (including jib & attachments))

- (a) Hydralifts or Transporters, (all track or truck type)
- (b) Derricks
- (c) Overhead

Crushers

Deck Winches, Double Drum

Ditching or Trenching Machine (16 inch or over)

Drag Scraper, Yarder, and similar types

Drilling Machines, Core, Cable, Rotary and Exploration

Finishing Machine Operator, Concrete Paving, Laser Screed, Sidewalk,

Curb & Gutter Machine

Grade Checker and/or Line and Grade including Drone

Helicopters

Hover Craft, Flex Craft, Loadmaster, Air Cushion, All-Terrain Vehicle,

Rollagon, Bargecable, Nodwell, & Snow Cat

Hydro Ax, Feller Buncher & similar

Hydro Excavation (Vac-Truck and Similar)

Loaders (2 1/2 yards through 5 yards, including all attachments):

- (a) Forklifts (with telescopic boom & swing attachment)
- (b) Front End & Overhead, (2-1/2 yards through 5 yards)
- (c) Loaders, (with forks or pipe clamp)
- (d) Loaders, (elevating belt type, Euclid & similar types)

Material Transfer Vehicle (Elevating Grader, Pickup Machine, and similar types)

Mechanic, Welder, Bodyman, Electrical, Camp & Maintenance Engineer

Micro Tunneling Machine

Mixers: Mobile type with hoist combination

Motor Patrol Grader

Mucking Machine: Mole, Tunnel Drill, Horizontal/Directional Drill

Operator and/or Shield

Off-Road Hauler (including Articulating and Haul Trucks)

Operator on Dredges

Piledriver Engineer, L.B. Foster, Puller or similar paving breaker

Plant Operator (Asphalt & Concrete)

Power Plant, Turbine Operator 200 k.w & over (power plants or combination of power units over 300 k.w.)

Remote Controlled Equipment

Scraper (through 40 yards)

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Power Equipment Operators

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

A1601 Group I, including:

43.53 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 69.48

Service Oiler/Service Engineer

Shot Blast Machine

Shovels, Backhoes, Excavators with all attachments, and Gradealls (3

yards & under)

Sideboom (under 45 tons)

Sub Grader (Gurries & similar types)

Tack Tractor

Truck Mounted Concrete Pump, Conveyor/Tele-belt, & Creter

Wate Kote Machine

L&M

A1602 Group IA, including:

45.29 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 71.24

Camera/Tool/Video Operator (Slipline)

Certified Welder, Electrical Mechanic, Camp Maintenance Engineer,

Mechanic (over 10,000 hours)

Cranes (over 45 tons or 150 feet including jib & attachments)

- (a) Clamshells & Draglines (over 3 yards)
- (b) Tower Cranes

Licensed Water/Waste Water Treatment Operator

Loaders (over 5 yards)

Motor Patrol Grader, Dozer, Grade Tractor (finish: when finishing to

final grade and/or to hubs, or for asphalt)

Power Plants (1000 k.w. & over)

Profiler, Reclaimer, and Roto-Mill

Quad

Scrapers (over 40 yards)

Screed

Shovels, Backhoes, Excavators with all attachments (over 3 yards)

Sidebooms (over 45 tons)

Slip Form Paver, C.M.I. & similar types

Topside (Asphalt Paver, Slurry machine, Spreaders, and similar types)

L&M

A1603 Group II, including:

42.76 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 68.71

Boiler - Fireman

Cement Hogs & Concrete Pump Operator

Conveyors (except those listed in Group I)

Hoists on Steel Erection, Towermobiles & Air Tuggers

Horizontal/Directional Drill Locator

Locomotives, Rod & Geared Engines

Mixers

Screening, Washing Plant

Class
Code

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Power Equipment Operators

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

0.05 68.71

A1603 Group II, including:

42.76 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10

Sideboom (cradling rock drill, regardless of size)

Skidder

Trenching Machines (under 16 inches)

Water/Waste Water Treatment Operator

L&M

A1604 Group III, including:

42.04 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 67.99

"A" Frame Trucks, Deck Winches

Bombardier (tack or tow rig)

Boring Machine

Brooms, Power (sweeper, elevator, vacuum, or similar)

Bump Cutter

Compressor

Farm Tractor

Forklift, Industrial Type

Gin Truck or Winch Truck (with poles when used for hoisting)

Hoists, Air Tuggers, Elevators

Loaders:

- (a) Elevating-Athey, Barber Greene & similar types
- (b) Forklifts or Lumber Carrier (on construction job sites)
- (c) Forklifts, (with tower)
- (d) Overhead & Front End, (under 2-1/2 yards)

Locomotives: Dinkey (air, steam, gas & electric) Speeders

Mechanics, Light Duty

Oil, Blower Distribution

Posthole Digger, Mechanical

Pot Fireman (power agitated)

Power Plant, Turbine Operator, (under 200 k.w.)

Pumps, Water

Roller (other than Asphalt)

Saws, Concrete

Skid Hustler

Skid Steer (with all attachments)

Stake Hopper

Straightening Machine

Tow Tractor

L&M

A1605 Group IV, including:

35.83 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 61.78

Crane Assistant Engineer/Rig Oiler

Drill Helper

Parts & Equipment Coordinator

Class Code	Classification of Laborers & Mechanics	BHR H&W PEN	TRN	Other Ben	efits THR
Power	Equipment Operators				
*	See per diem note on last page				
				L&M	
A1605	Group IV, including:	35.83 11.05 13.75	1.00	0.10 0	05 61.78
	Spotter				
	Steam Cleaner				
	Swamper (on trenching machines or shovel type equipment)				
Roofer	rs				
*	See per diem note on last page				
				L&M	
A1701	Roofer & Waterproofer	44.62 13.75 3.91	0.81		06 63.25
				L&M	
A1702	Roofer Material Handler	31.23 13.75 3.91	0.81		06 49.86
	Metal Workers, Region I (North of N63 latitude)				
,	See per diem note on last page				
N14 004		40.04.11.05.14.61	1.00	L&M	77.40
N1801	Sheet Metal Journeyman	49.04 11.85 14.61	1.80	0.12	77.42
	Air Balancing and duct cleaning of HVAC systems				
	Brazing, soldering or welding of metals				
	Demolition of sheet metal HVAC systems				
	Fabrication and installation of exterior wall sheathing, siding, metal roofing, flashing, decking and architectural sheet metal work				
	Fabrication and installation of heating, ventilation and air conditioning				
	ducts and equipment				
	Fabrication and installation of louvers and hoods				
	Fabrication and installation of sheet metal lagging				
	Fabrication and installation of stainless steel commercial or industrial food service equipment				
	Manufacture, fabrication assembly, installation and alteration of all				
	ferrous and nonferrous metal work				
	Metal lavatory partitions				
	Preparation of drawings taken from architectural and engineering plans				
	required for fabrication and erection of sheet metal work Sheet Metal shelving				
	Sheet Metal venting, chimneys and breaching				
	Skylight installation				
Shoot	Metal Workers, Region II (South of N63 latitude)				
	See per diem note on last page				
	but per diem now on last page				

L&M 0.43 S1801 Sheet Metal Journeyman 43.75 11.85 14.39 1.68 72.10

Air Balancing and duct cleaning of HVAC systems

Class	
Code	

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Sheet Metal Workers, Region II (South of N63 latitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

72.10

S1801 Sheet Metal Journeyman

43.75 11.85 14.39 1.68 0.43

Brazing, soldering or welding of metals

Demolition of sheet metal HVAC systems

Fabrication and installation of exterior wall sheathing, siding, metal

roofing, flashing, decking and architectural sheet metal work

Fabrication and installation of heating, ventilation and air conditioning

ducts and equipment

Fabrication and installation of louvers and hoods

Fabrication and installation of sheet metal lagging

Fabrication and installation of stainless steel commercial or industrial

food service equipment

Manufacture, fabrication assembly, installation and alteration of all

ferrous and nonferrous metal work

Metal lavatory partitions

Preparation of drawings taken from architectural and engineering plans

required for fabrication and erection of sheet metal work

Sheet Metal shelving

Sheet Metal venting, chimneys and breaching

Skylight installation

Sprinkler Fitters

*See per diem note on last page

		L&M	
A1901 Sprinkler Fitter	49.10 10.55 18.15 0.52	0.25	78.57
Surveyors			
*See per diem note on last page			
		L&M	
A2001 Chief of Parties	46.16 12.23 13.64 1.15	0.10	73.28
		L&M	
A2002 Party Chief	44.57 12.23 13.64 1.15	0.10	71.69
		L&M	
A2003 Line & Grade Technician/Office Technician/GPS, Drones	43.97 12.23 13.64 1.15	0.10	71.09
		L&M	
A2004 Associate Party Chief (including Instrument Person & Head Chain	41.85 12.23 13.64 1.15	0.10	68.97
Person)/Stake Hop/Grademan			
		L&M	
A2006 Chain Person (for crews with more than 2 people)	37.51 12.23 13.64 1.15	0.10	64.63

Class
Code

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Truck Drivers

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

A2101 Group I, including:

42.94 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10

70.06

Air/Sea Traffic Controllers

Ambulance/Fire Truck Driver (EMT certified)

Boat Coxswain

Captains & Pilots (air & water)

Deltas, Commanders, Rollagons, & similar equipment (when pulling

sleds, trailers or similar equipment)

Dump Trucks (including rockbuggy, side dump, belly dump, & trucks

with pups) over 40 yards up to & including 60 yards

Helicopter Transporter

Liquid Vac Truck/Super Vac Truck

Material Coordinator or Purchasing Agent

Ready-mix (over 12 yards up to & including 15 yards) (over 15 yards to

be negotiated)

Semi with Double Box Mixer

Tireman, Heavy Duty/Fueler

Water Wagon (250 Bbls and above)

L&M

A2102 Group 1A including:

44.21 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10 71.33

Dump Trucks (including rockbuggy, side dump, belly dump & trucks with pups) over 60 yards up to & including 100 yards (over 100 yards to be negotiated)

Jeeps (driver under load)

Lowboys, including tractor attached trailers & jeeps, up to & including

12 axles (over 12 axles or 150 tons to be negotiated)

L&M

A2103 Group II, including:

41.68 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10 68.80

All Deltas, Commanders, Rollagons, & similar equipment

Batch Trucks (8 yards & up)

Batch Trucks (up to & including 7 yards)

Boom Truck/Knuckle Truck (over 5 tons)

Cacasco Truck/Heat Stress Truck

Construction and Material Safety Technician

Dump Trucks (including rockbuggy, side dump, belly dump, & trucks

with pups) over 20 yards up to & including 40 yards

Gin Pole Truck, Winch Truck, Wrecker (truck mounted "A" frame

manufactured rating over 5 tons)

Mechanics

Oil Distributor Driver

Partsman

Ready-mix (up to & including 12 yards)

Stringing Truck

Class	
Code	\mathbf{C}

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Truck Drivers

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

A2103 Group II, including: 41.68 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10 68.80

Turn-O-Wagon or DW-10 (not self loading)

L&M

A2104 Group III, including: 40.86 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10 67.98

Boom Truck/Knuckle Truck (up to & including 5 tons)

Dump Trucks (including rockbuggy, side dump, belly dump, & trucks

with pups) over 10 yards up to & including 20 yards

Expeditor (electrical & pipefitting materials)

Gin Pole Truck, Winch Truck, Wrecker (truck mounted "A" frame

manufactured rating 5 tons & under)

Greaser - Shop

Semi or Truck & Trailer

Thermal Plastic Layout Technician

Traffic Control Technician

Trucks/Jeeps (push or pull)

L&M

A2105 Group IV, including: 40.28 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10 67.40

Air Cushion or similar type vehicle

All Terrain Vehicle

Buggymobile

Bull Lift & Fork Lift, Fork Lift with Power Boom & Swing Attachment

(over 5 tons)

Bus Operator (over 30 passengers)

Cement Spreader, Dry

Combination Truck-Fuel & Grease

Compactor (when pulled by rubber tired equipment)

Dump Trucks (including rockbuggy, side dump, belly dump, & trucks

with pups) up to & including 10 yards

Dumpster

Expeditor (general)

Fire Truck/Ambulance Driver

Flat Beds, Dual Rear Axle

Foam Distributor Truck Dual Axle

Front End Loader with Fork

Grease Truck

Hydro Seeder, Dual Axle

Hyster Operators (handling bulk aggregate)

Loadmaster (air & water operations)

Lumber Carrier

Ready-mix, (up to & including 7 yards)

Rigger (air/water/oilfield)

Tireman, Light Duty

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Truck Drivers

*See per diem note on last page

L&M

A2105 Group IV, including:

40.28 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10

67.40

Track Truck Equipment

Truck Vacuum Sweeper

Warehouseperson

Water Truck (Below 250 Bbls)

Water Truck (straight)

Water Wagon, Semi

L&M

A2106 Group V, including:

39.52 12.23 13.64 1.15 0.10

66.64

Buffer Truck

Bull Lifts & Fork Lifts, Fork Lifts with Power Boom & Swing

Attachments (up to & including 5 tons)

Bus Operator (up to 30 passengers)

Farm Type Rubber Tired Tractor (when material handling or pulling

wagons on a construction project)

Flat Beds, Single Rear Axle

Foam Distributor Truck Single Axle

Fuel Handler (station/bulk attendant)

Gear/Supply Truck

Gravel Spreader Box Operator on Truck

Hydro Seeders, Single axle

Pickups (pilot cars & all light-duty vehicles)

Rigger/Swamper

Tack Truck

Team Drivers (horses, mules, & similar equipment)

Tunnel Workers, Laborers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

36.30 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 68.21

Brakeman

N2201 Group I, including:

Mucker

Nipper

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Worker (SWPPP Worker -

erosion and sediment control Laborer)

Topman & Bull Gang

Tunnel Track Laborer

L&M LEG

37.40 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 69.31

N2202 Group II, including:

Burning & Cutting Torch

Certified Erosion Sediment Control Lead (CESCL Laborer)

Classification of Laborers & Mechanics

BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR

Tunnel Workers, Laborers (The Alaska areas north of N63 latitude and east of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

N2202 Group II, including: 37.40 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 69.31

Concrete Laborer

Floor Preparation, Core Drilling

Jackhammer/Chipping Gun or Pavement Breaker

Laser Instrument Operator

Nozzlemen, Pumpcrete or Shotcrete

Pipelayer Helper

L&M LEG

L&M LEG

N2203 Group III, including: 38.39 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 70.30

Miner

Retimberman

N2204 Group IIIA, including:

42.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 73.91

Asphalt Raker, Asphalt Belly Dump Lay Down

Drill Doctor (in the field)

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)

Pipelayer

Powderman (Employee Possessor)

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Specialist (SWPPP Specialist)

Traffic Control Supervisor, DOT Qualified

L&M LEG46.17 6.24 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 75.37

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Federal Powderman (Responsible Person in Charge)

Grade Checking (setting or transferring of grade marks, line and grade,

GPS, drones)

N2206 Group IIIB, including:

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Stake Hopper

Tunnel Workers, Laborers (The area that is south of N63 latitude and west of W138 longitude)

*See per diem note on last page

L&M LEG

S2201 Group I, including: 36.30 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 68.21

Brakeman

Mucker

Nipper

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Worker (SWPPP Worker -

erosion and sediment control Laborer)

Class Code Classification of Laborers & Mechanics BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THE
--

*See per diem note on last page

S2201 Group I, including: **L&M LEG S2201** Group I, including: 36.30 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 68.21

Topman & Bull Gang Tunnel Track Laborer

L&M LEG

S2202 Group II, including: 37.40 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 69.31

Burning & Cutting Torch

Certified Erosion Sediment Control Lead (CESCL Laborer)

Concrete Laborer

Floor Preparation, Core Drilling

Jackhammer/Chipping Gun or Pavement Breaker

Laser Instrument Operator

Nozzlemen, Pumpcrete or Shotcrete

Pipelayer Helper

L&M LEG S2203 Group III, including: 38.39 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 70.30

Miner

Retimberman

L&M LEG S2204 Group IIIA, including: 42.00 8.95 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 73.91

Asphalt Raker, Asphalt Belly Dump Lay Down

Drill Doctor (in the field)

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)

Pipelayer

Powderman (Employee Possessor)

Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan Specialist (SWPPP Specialist)

Traffic Control Supervisor, DOT Qualified

S2206 Group IIIB, including: L&M LEG 46.17 6.24 21.16 1.40 0.20 0.20 75.37

Driller (including, but not limited to wagon drills, air-track drills,

hydraulic drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Federal Powderman (Responsible Person in Charge)

Grade Checking (setting or transferring of grade marks, line and grade,

GPS, drones)

Pioneer Drilling & Drilling Off Tugger (all type drills)(over 5,000 hours)

Stake Hopper

Tunnel Workers, Power Equipment Operators

*See per diem note on last page

Class Code Classification of Laborers & Mechanic	S BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR
Tunnel Workers, Power Equipment Operators *See per diem note on last page	
A2207 Group I	L&M 47.88 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 73.83
A2208 Group IA	L&M 49.82 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 75.77
A2209 Group II	L&M 47.04 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 72.99
•	L&M
A2210 Group III	46.24 11.05 13.75 1.00 0.10 0.05 72.19 L&M

39.41 11.05 13.75 1.00

0.05 65.36

0.10

Wage benefits key: BHR=basic hourly rate; H&W=health and welfare; IAF=industry advancement fund; LEG=legal fund; L&M=labor/management fund; PEN=pension fund; SAF=safety; SUI=supplemental unemployment insurance; S&L=SUI & LEG combined; TRN=training; THR=total hourly rate; VAC=vacation

A2211 Group IV

^{*} Per diem is an established practice for this classification. This means that per diem is an allowable alternative to board and lodging if all criteria are met. See 8 AAC 30.051-08 AAC 30.056, and the per diem information on page vii of this Pamphlet.

^{**} Work in combination of classifications: Employees working in any combination of classifications within the diving crew (working diver, standby diver, and tender) in a shift are paid in the classification with the highest rate for a minimum of 8 hours per shift.



Shipyard Rates Addendum

This Addendum was developed to address the specialized industry of shipbuilding/repair in Alaska, as it relates to public works. For the purposes of providing rates for shipyard work the Department is adopting Shipyard rates from the state of Washington (King County). These rates only apply to work done in shipbuilding/repair in Alaska, under a public contract. This addendum will be updated two times a year to coincide with the corresponding Issue of *Laborers and Mechanics MINIMUM RATES OF PAY*.

Class Code		BHR H&W PEN TRN Other Benefits THR	
Shipyard Workers *See total hourly(THR) note below			
A2300	Ship Building/Repair Boilermaker	47.45	
A2305	Ship Building/Repair Carpenter	47.35	
A2310	Ship Building/Repair Crane Operator	45.06	
A2315	Ship Building/Repair Electrician	48.92	
A2320	Ship Building/Repair Heat & Frost Insulator	82.02	
A2325	Ship Building/Repair Laborer	47.35	
A2330	Ship Building/Repair Mechanist	47.35	
A2335	Ship Building/Repair Operating Engineer	45.06	
A2340	Ship Building/Repair Painter	47.35	
A2345	Ship Building/Repair Pipefitter	47.35	
A2350	Ship Building/Repair Rigger	47.45	
A2355	Ship Building/Repair Sheet Metal	47.35	
A2360	Ship Building/Repair Shipwright	47.35	
A2365	Ship Building/Repair Warehouse	45.06	

^{*}The THR includes the base hourly rate (BHR) and fringe benefits. Employers must pay a BHR and fringe benefit package that adds up to the THR. Fringe benefits included in the THR can be paid to employees in three ways; paid into a union trust fund, into an approved benefit plan, or paid directly on the paycheck as gross wages.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Project information.
 - 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
 - 3. Owner-furnished/Contractor-installed (OFCI) products.
 - 4. Contractor's use of site and premises.
 - 5. Coordination with occupants.
 - 6. Work restrictions.
 - 7. Specification and Drawing conventions.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.
 - 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for coordination of Owner-installed products.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Work Package: A group of specifications, drawings, and schedules prepared by the design team to describe a portion of the Project Work for pricing, permitting, and construction.

1.4 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Glacier M/E Upgrades and Juneau Generator Replacement CBJ Contract No. BE22-108.
 - 1. Project Location:
 - a. Juneau Fire Station: 820 Glacier Ave. Juneau, AK 99801
 - b. Glacier Valley Fire Station: 1700 Crest Ave. Juneau, AK 99801
- B. Owner: City and Borough of Juneau
 - 1. Owner's Representative: Steve Tada Project Manager, CBJ Engineering Dept.

- C. Primary Firm: RESPEC (Civil & Mechanical)
 - 1. 9109 Mendenhall Mall Rd Ste. 4, Juneau AK 99801, (907) 780-6060
- D. Consultants: Prime has retained the following design professionals, who have prepared designated portions of the Contract Documents:
 - 1. Architectural Firm: Jensen Yorba Wall, Inc.
 - a. 522 West Tenth St, Juneau AK 99801, (907) 586-1070
 - 2. Electrical Firm: Begenyi Engineering, LLC.
 - a. 217 2nd St. Ste 208, Juneau AK 99801, (907) 586-5900
 - 3. Environmental Firm: Dahlberg Design
 - a. 222 Seward St. Ste. 205, Juneau AK 99801, (907) 723-8896

1.5 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

The Project includes the Renovation to the existing Glacier Fire Station to replace existing mechanical and electrical equipment that is past its useful life, and perform all WORK as described in these Contract Documents. Associated Work includes the installation by the Contractor of Owner Furnished generators for both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station.

The Glacier Fire Station was originally constructed in 1979. The building includes a Structural apparatus bay, Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting apparatus bay, EMS bay, dispatch center, classroom, kitchen, offices, 2nd story dorm rooms, and support spaces. The project includes a significant renovation of the mechanical and electrical systems serving the Glacier Fire Station including:

- 1. Replacement of the boiler heating plant
- 2. Replacement of building air handling units and fan units
- 3. Modifications and Additions to the existing ventilation system ductwork
- 4. Removal of the building pneumatic and electric controls and Replacement with DDC controls
- 5. Removal of underground and aboveground fuel storage tanks
- 6. Upgrades to the Electrical distribution system including the Replacement of the main distribution board, panelboards, and feeders
- 7. Electrical power systems to support the renovated Mechanical systems

- 8. Related Architectural, Civil, and Hazmat Work
- 9. Temporary electrical and mechanical systems to support a fully operational fire station throughout Construction
- 10. Installation of Owner Furnished generators at both the Glacier Fire Station and the Juneau Fire Station
- A. Type of Contract:
 - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

1.6 OWNER-FURNISHED/CONTRACTOR-INSTALLED (OFCI) PRODUCTS

- A. Owner's Responsibilities: Owner will furnish products indicated and perform the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Provide to Contractor Owner-reviewed Product Data, Shop Drawings, and Samples.
 - 2. Provide for delivery of Owner-furnished products to Project site.
 - 3. Upon delivery, inspect, with Contractor present, delivered items.
 - a. If Owner-furnished products are damaged, defective, or missing, arrange for replacement.
 - 4. Obtain manufacturer's inspections, service, and warranties.
 - 5. Inform Contractor of earliest available delivery date for Owner-furnished products.
- B. Contractor's Responsibilities: The Work includes the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Designate delivery dates of Owner-furnished products in Contractor's construction schedule, utilizing Owner-furnished earliest available delivery dates.
 - 2. Review Owner-reviewed Product Data, Shop Drawings, and Samples, noting discrepancies and other issues in providing for Owner-furnished products in the Work.
 - 3. Receive, unload, handle, store, protect, and install Owner-furnished products.
 - 4. Make building services connections for Owner-furnished products.
 - 5. Protect Owner-furnished products from damage during storage, handling, and installation and prior to Substantial Completion.
 - 6. Repair or replace Owner-furnished products damaged following receipt.

C. Owner-Furnished/Contractor-Installed (OFCI) Products:

1. Stand-by generators, automatic transfer switches, generator remote annunciators. Refer to Drawings E301 and E302.

1.7 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Restricted Use of Site: Contractor shall have limited use of Project site for construction operations as indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits and as indicated by requirements of this Section.
- B. Limits on Use of Site: Limit use of Project site to Work in areas indicated. Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - 1. Limits on Use of Site: Confine construction operations to areas that will not interrupt the use of the building function by employees and vehicles.
 - 2. Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways parking garage, and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or for storage of materials.
 - a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
 - b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- C. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.
- D. Condition of Existing Grounds: Maintain portions of existing grounds, landscaping, and hardscaping affected by construction operations throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

1.8 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Full Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy Project site and existing building and front and back parking areas during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Capital City Fire and Rescue (CCFR's) day-to-day operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and approval of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Notify Owner not less than [72] hours in advance of activities that will affect Owner's operations.
- B. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the premises during entire construction period, with the exception of areas under construction. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.

- 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.
- C. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.
 - 1. Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied prior to Owner acceptance of the completed Work.
 - 2. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before limited Owner occupancy.
 - 3. Before limited Owner occupancy, mechanical and electrical systems shall be fully operational, and required tests and inspections shall be successfully completed. On occupancy, Owner will operate and maintain mechanical and electrical systems serving occupied portions of Work.
 - 4. On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of Work.

1.9 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
 - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets, work on public streets, rights of way, and other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work to between 7 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated. Work hours may be modified to meet Project requirements if approved by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Weekend Hours: By advance arrangement with the CBJ Project Manager and CCFR station captain.
 - 2. Early Morning Hours: Not recommended due to CCFR staff sleep hours.
 - 3. Work in Existing Building: Schedule with the CBJ Project Manager and CCFR station captain. Provide 1 week Work look ahead at each weekly Progress meeting.
 - 4. Hours for Utility Shutdowns: See 'C' below.
 - 5. Hours for Core Drilling. Only with advance arrangement with the CBJ Project Manager and CCFR station captain.
- C. **Existing Utility Interruptions**: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.

- 2. Obtain Owner's written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- D. Noise, Vibration, Dust, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, dust, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed disruptive operations.
- E. Smoking and Controlled Substance Restrictions: Use of tobacco products, alcoholic beverages, and other controlled substances within the existing building is not permitted.

1.10 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
 - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
 - 2. Text Color: Text used in the Specifications, including units of measure, manufacturer and product names, and other text may appear in multiple colors or underlined as part of a hyperlink; no emphasis is implied by text with these characteristics.
 - 3. Hypertext: Text used in the Specifications may contain hyperlinks. Hyperlinks may allow for access to linked information that is not residing in the Specifications. Unless otherwise indicated, linked information is not part of the Contract Documents.
 - 4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 00 Contracting Requirements: General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to all Sections of the Specifications.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- D. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
 - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
 - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations scheduled on Drawings and published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard.
 - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 016000 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.
 - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
 - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required in order to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
 - 1. Substitution Request Form: Use CSI Form 13.1A or a similar form
 - 2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
 - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation cannot be provided.
 - b. Coordination information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.

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SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

- c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
- d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
- e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
- f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
- g. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of Engineers and owners.
- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES.
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitution with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- 1. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials, and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 3. Engineer's Action: If necessary, Engineer will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Engineer will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 7 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
 - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Engineer's Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
 - b. Use product specified if Engineer does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

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SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

1.6 **PROCEDURES**

Coordination: Revise or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved A. substitutions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 **SUBSTITUTIONS**

- Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for A. change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
 - Conditions: Engineer will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Engineer 1. will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
 - Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce a. indicated results.
 - b. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
 - Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
 - Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having d. jurisdiction.

 - Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
 Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work. f.
 - Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
 - If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- В. Substitutions for Convenience: Engineer will consider requests for substitution if received within 30 days after the Notice to Proceed. Requests received after that time will not be considered.
 - Conditions: Engineer will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the 1. following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Engineer will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
 - Requested substitution offers Owner a substantial advantage in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities a. Owner's additional responsibilities may include Owner must assume. compensation to Engineer for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by Owner, and similar considerations.
 - Requested substitution does not require extensive revisions to the Contract b. Documents.
 - Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce c. indicated results.

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SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

- d. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
- e. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
- f. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
- g. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
- h. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
- i. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
- j. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after the Contract award.
- C. Contractor fees shall not exceed fees defined in Section 00700 General Conditions, Article 11.4 Contractor Fees.

1.3 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

- A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Owner's Representative will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.
 - 1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued, are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
 - 2. Within time specified in Proposal Request or 10 days, when not otherwise specified, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.
 - a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
 - b. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
 - c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
 - d. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
 - e. Quotation Form: Use forms acceptable to Engineer and CBJ Project Mgr.
- B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Owner's Representative.

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
- 2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
- 3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
- 4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
- 5. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
- 6. Comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.
- 7. Proposal Request Form: Use form acceptable to Engineer.

1.4 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. On Owner's approval of a Work Changes Proposal Request, Owner's Representative will issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner and Contractor.

1.5 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

- A. Construction Change Directive: Owner's Representative may issue a Construction Change Directive on AIA Document G714 or a similar form. Construction Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
 - 1. Construction Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- B. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Construction Change Directive.
 - 1. After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

SECTION 012900 – PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
 - a. Application for Payment forms with continuation sheets.
 - b. Submittal schedule.
 - c. Items required to be indicated as separate activities in Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 2. Submit the schedule of values to Engineer at earliest possible date, but no later than 14 days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.
- B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
 - 1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the schedule of values:
 - a. Project name and location.
 - b. Name of Engineer.
 - c. Engineer's project number.
 - d. Contractor's name and address.
 - e. Date of submittal.
 - 2. Arrange the schedule of values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
 - a. Related Specification Section or Division.
 - b. Description of the Work.
 - c. Name of subcontractor.
 - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
 - e. Name of supplier.
 - f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value.
 - g. Dollar value of the following, as a percentage of the Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
 - 1) Labor.
 - 2) Materials.
 - 3) Equipment.
 - 3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with Project Manual table of contents.

SECTION 012900 – PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- 4. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- 5. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
 - a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. If required, include evidence of insurance.
- 6. Each item in the schedule of values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each item.
 - a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the schedule of values or distributed as general overhead expense, at Contractor's option.
- 7. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the schedule of values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. General coordination procedures.
 - 2. Coordination drawings.
 - 3. Requests for Information (RFIs).
 - 4. Design clarifications (DC's)
 - 5. Project meetings.
- B. Each contractor shall participate in coordination requirements. Certain areas of responsibility are assigned to a specific contractor.

C. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for preparing and submitting Contractor's construction schedule.
- 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-engineering services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.
- 3. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating closeout of the Contract.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. RFI: Request from Owner, Engineer, or Contractor seeking information required by or clarifications of the Contract Documents.
- B. DC: Document issued by Design team providing clarification of design intent or interpretation of the Contract Documents.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish products or equipment fabricated to a special design. Include the following information in tabular form:
 - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.

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- 2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 15 days of Notice To Proceed, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities; list addresses and telephone numbers, including office and cellular telephone numbers and e-mail addresses. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals assigned as alternates in the absence of individuals assigned to Project.
 - 1. Post copies of list in project meeting room, in temporary field office, and by each temporary telephone once on site work commences. Keep list current at all times.

1.5 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations, included in different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
 - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
 - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
 - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
 - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their Work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 2. Preparation of the schedule of values.
 - 3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls.
 - 4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
 - 5. Progress meetings.
 - 6. Pre-installation conferences.
 - 7. Project closeout activities.
 - 8. Startup and adjustment of systems.
- D. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into, the Work. See other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner's property.

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- 1.6 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFIs)
 - A. General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.
 - 1. Engineer will return RFIs submitted to Engineer by other entities controlled by Contractor with no response.
 - 2. Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner so as to avoid delays in Contractor's work or work of subcontractors.
 - B. Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or interpretation and the following:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Project number.
 - 3. Date.
 - 4. Name of Contractor.
 - 5. Name of Engineer.
 - 6. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
 - 7. RFI subject.
 - 8. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
 - 9. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 10. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
 - 11. Contractor's suggested resolution. If Contractor's suggested resolution impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
 - 12. Contractor's signature.
 - 13. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.
 - a. Include dimensions, thicknesses, structural grid references, and details of affected materials, assemblies, and attachments on attached sketches.
 - C. RFI Forms: AIA Document G716 or other approved form.
 - 1. Form and Attachments shall be electronic files in Adobe Acrobat PDF format.
 - D. Engineer's Action: Engineer will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow seven working days for Engineer's response for each RFI.
 - 1. The following Contractor-generated RFIs will be returned without action:
 - a. Requests for approval of submittals.
 - b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
 - c. Requests for approval of Contractor's means and methods.
 - d. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
 - e. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
 - f. Requests for interpretation of Engineer's actions on submittals.
 - g. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.

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- 2. Engineer's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Engineer's time for response will date from time of receipt of additional information.
- 3. Engineer's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures."
 - a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Engineer in writing within 5 days of receipt of the RFI response.
- E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly. Include the following:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. RFI number including RFIs that were returned without action or withdrawn.
 - 3. RFI description.
 - 4. Date the RFI was submitted.
 - 5. Date Engineer's response was received.
- F. On receipt of Engineer's action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Engineer within 5 days if Contractor disagrees with response.

1.7 DESIGN CLARIFICATIONS (DCs)

- A. On receipt of Design Clarification immediately distribute the DC to affected parties.
 - 1. Engineer's action on DCs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures."
 - a. If Contractor believes the DC warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Engineer in writing within 7 days of receipt of the DC.

1.8 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Owner's representative to schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Attendees: Inform participants and others involved, and individuals whose presence is required, of date and time of each meeting.
 - 2. Agenda: Owner's representative to prepare the meeting agenda. Distribute the agenda to all invited attendees.
 - 3. Minutes: Owner's representative will conduct meeting and record significant discussions and agreements achieved. Representative will distribute the meeting minutes to everyone concerned, including Owner and Engineer, within three days of the meeting.
- B. Preconstruction Conference: Owner's Representative will schedule and conduct a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner and Engineer, but no later than 15 days after execution of the Agreement.

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- 1. Conduct the conference to review responsibilities and personnel assignments.
- 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner Engineer, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
- 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
 - a. Tentative construction schedule.
 - b. Critical work sequencing and long-lead items.
 - c. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
 - d. Lines of communications.
 - e. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
 - f. Procedures for RFIs & DC's.
 - g. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
 - h. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
 - i. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
 - j. Submittal procedures.
 - k. Use of the premises and existing building.
 - 1. Work restrictions.
 - m. Working hours.
 - n. Owner's occupancy requirements.
 - o. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.
 - p. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
 - q. Construction waste management and recycling.
 - r. Parking availability.
 - s. Office, work, and storage areas.
 - t. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
 - u. First aid.
 - v. Security.
 - w. Progress cleaning.
- 4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- C. Pre-installation Conferences: Conduct a pre-installation conference at Project site before each construction activity that requires coordination with other construction.
 - 1. Attendees: Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise Owner's Representative, Engineer, and Owner's Commissioning Authority of scheduled meeting dates.
 - 2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration, including requirements for the following:
 - a. Contract Documents.
 - b. Options.
 - c. Related RFIs & DC's.
 - d. Related Change Orders.
 - e. Submittals.

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- f. Possible conflicts.
- g. Compatibility requirements.
- h. Manufacturer's written instructions.
- i. Warranty requirements.
- j. Compatibility of materials.
- k. Acceptability of substrates.
- 1. Temporary facilities and controls.
- m. Space and access limitations.
- n. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- o. Installation procedures.
- p. Coordination with other work.
- q. Protection of adjacent work.
- 3. Record significant conference discussions, agreements, and disagreements, including required corrective measures and actions.
- 4. Do not proceed with installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of the Work and reconvene the conference at earliest feasible date.
- D. Project Closeout Conference: Schedule and conduct a project closeout conference, at a time convenient to Owner and Engineer, but no later than 30 days prior to the scheduled date of Substantial Completion.
 - 1. Conduct the conference to review requirements and responsibilities related to Project closeout.
 - 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Owner's Commissioning Authority, Engineer, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the meeting. Participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work
 - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect or delay Project closeout, including the following:
 - a. Preparation of record documents.
 - b. Procedures required prior to inspection for Substantial Completion and for final inspection for acceptance.
 - c. Submittal of written warranties.
 - d. Requirements for preparing operations and maintenance data.
 - e. Requirements for delivery of material samples, attic stock, and spare parts.
 - f. Requirements for demonstration and training.
 - g. Preparation of Contractor's punch list.
 - h. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment at Substantial Completion and for final payment.
 - i. Submittal procedures.
 - j. Owner's partial occupancy requirements.
 - k. Responsibility for removing temporary facilities and controls.
 - 4. Minutes: Entity conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.

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- E. Progress Meetings: Owner's representative to conduct progress meetings at weekly intervals.
 - 1. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Engineer, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
 - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
 - a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
 - 1) Review schedule for next period.
 - b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
 - 1) Sequence of operations.
 - 2) Status of submittals.
 - 3) Status of correction of deficient items.
 - 4) Field observations.
 - 5) Status of RFIs & DC's.
 - 6) Status of proposal requests.
 - 7) Pending changes.
 - 8) Status of Change Orders.
 - 9) Pending claims and disputes.
 - 10) Documentation of information for payment requests.
 - 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
 - a. Schedule Updating: Contractor shall revise construction schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule prior to next meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 **SUMMARY**

- Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of A. construction during performance of the Work, including the following:
 - 1. Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 2. Construction schedule updating reports.
 - Daily construction reports. 3.
 - Site condition reports. 4.
 - Special reports. 5.

B. Related Requirements:

- Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting schedules and reports. 1.
- Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for submitting a schedule of tests and 2. inspections.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, A. and controlling the construction project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
 - Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned 1. early start and finish times.
 - Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network. 2.
 - 3.
- CPM: Critical path method, which is a method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships. Network calculations determine when activities can be performed and the critical path of Project. В.
- Critical Path: The longest connected chain of interdependent activities through the network schedule that establishes the minimum overall Project duration and contains no float. C.
- Event: The starting or ending point of an activity. D.
- E. Float: The measure of leeway in starting and completing an activity.

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CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

- 1. Float time is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either Owner or Contractor, but is a jointly owned, expiring Project resource available to both parties as needed to meet schedule milestones and Contract completion date.
- 2. Free float is the amount of time an activity can be delayed without adversely affecting the early start of the successor activity.
- 3. Total float is the measure of leeway in starting or completing an activity without adversely affecting the planned Project completion date.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:
 - 1. Working electronic copy of schedule file, where indicated.
 - 2. PDF electronic file.
- B. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
- C. Construction Schedule Updating Reports: Submit with Applications for Payment.
- D. Daily Construction Reports: Submit at weekly intervals.
- E. Site Condition Reports: Submit at time of discovery of differing conditions.
- F. Special Reports: Submit at time of unusual event.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for the Notice to Proceed to date of Substantial Completion and Final completion of project.
 - 1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.
- B. Activities: Provide a separate numbered activity for each specification section and main element of the Work. Comply with the following:
 - 1. Activity Duration: Define activities so no activity is longer than 5 days, unless specifically allowed by Engineer.
 - 2. Activity Grouping: Group activities by separate project areas to provide a standalone schedule for each project area. Coordinate activities between project areas.
 - 3. Procurement Activities: Include procurement process activities for the following long lead items and major items requiring a cycle of more than 60 days, as separate activities in schedule. Procurement cycle activities include, but are not limited to, submittals, approvals, purchasing, fabrication, and delivery.

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CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

- 4. Startup and Testing Time: Include no fewer than 1 days for startup and testing.
- 5. Substantial Completion: Indicate completion in advance of date established for Substantial Completion, and allow time for Engineer's administrative procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.
- 6. Punch List and Final Completion: Include not more than 5 days for completion of punch list items and final completion.
- C. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.
 - 1. Construction Areas: Identify each major area of construction for each major portion of the Work. Indicate where each construction activity within a major area must be sequenced or integrated with other construction activities to provide for the following:
- D. Milestones: Include milestones indicated in the Contract Documents in schedule, including, but not limited to, the Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and final completion for each project area and dates of building occupancy.
- E. Recovery Schedule: When periodic update indicates the Work is 7 or more calendar days behind the current approved schedule, submit a separate recovery schedule indicating means by which Contractor intends to regain compliance with the schedule. Indicate changes to working hours, working days, crew sizes, and equipment required to achieve compliance, and date by which recovery will be accomplished.
- F. Computer Scheduling Software: Prepare schedules using current version of a program that has been developed specifically to manage construction schedules.

2.2 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE (CPM SCHEDULE)

- A. CPM Schedule: Prepare and submit Contractor's construction schedule no later than 28 days after date established for the Notice to Proceed.
 - 1. Activities: Indicate the estimated time duration, sequence requirements, and relationship of each activity in relation to other activities.
 - 2. Critical Path Activities: Identify critical path activities, Scheduled start and completion dates shall be consistent with Contract milestone dates.
- B. Contract Modifications: For each proposed contract modification and concurrent with its submission, prepare a time-impact analysis using a network fragment to demonstrate the effect of the proposed change on the overall project schedule.

2.3 REPORTS

- A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:
 - 1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
 - 2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
 - 3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.

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CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

- 4. Equipment at Project site.
- 5. Material deliveries.
- 6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
- 7. Accidents.
- 8. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
- 9. Emergency procedures.
- 10. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 11. Services connected and disconnected.
- 12. Equipment or system tests and startups.
- B. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

2.4 SPECIAL REPORTS

- A. General: Submit special reports directly to Owner within one day(s) of an occurrence. Distribute copies of report to parties affected by the occurrence.
- B. Reporting Unusual Events: When an event of an unusual and significant nature occurs at Project site, whether or not related directly to the Work, prepare and submit a special report.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At weekly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule two days before each regularly scheduled weekly progress meeting.
- B. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Engineer, Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.

END OF SECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. A.

1.2 **SUMMARY**

Section includes requirements for the submittal schedule and administrative and procedural A. requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and other submittals.

Related Requirements: В.

- Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for submitting schedules and 1. reports, including Contractor's construction schedule.

 Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for submitting operation and
- 2. maintenance manuals.
- Section 017839 "Project Record Documents" for submitting record Drawings, record 3. Specifications, and record Product Data.

DEFINITIONS 1.3

- Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require A. Engineer's responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Engineer's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."
- C. File Transfer Protocol (FTP): Communications protocol that enables transfer of files to and from another computer over a network and that serves as the basis for standard Internet protocols. An FTP site is a portion of a network located outside of network firewalls within which internal and external users are able to access files.
- Portable Document Format (PDF): An open standard file format licensed by Adobe Systems D. used for representing documents in a device-independent and display resolution-independent fixed-layout document format.

1.4 SUBMITTAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

Engineer's Digital Data Files: Electronic digital data files of the Contract Drawings will be A. provided by Owner for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.

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- 1. Owner will furnish Contractor one set of digital data drawing files of the Contract Drawings for use in preparing Shop Drawings.
 - a. Engineer makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data drawing files as they relate to the Contract Drawings.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Engineer reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows: 15 days for each review. Time for review shall commence on Engineer's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
- D. Paper Submittals: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal item for identification.
 - 1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
 - 2. Provide a space approximately 6 by 8 inches (150 by 200 mm) on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Engineer.
 - 3. Include the following information for processing and recording action taken:
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Date.
 - c. Name of Contractor.
 - d. Name of subcontractor.
 - e. Name of supplier.
 - f. Name of manufacturer.
 - g. Submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
 - 1) Submittal number shall use project number E12-042 followed by Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., 061000.01). Resubmittals shall include an alphabetic suffix after another decimal point (e.g., 061000.01.A).
 - h. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
 - i. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - j. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
 - k. Other necessary identification.
 - 4. Additional Paper Copies: Unless additional copies are required for final submittal, and unless Engineer observes noncompliance with provisions in the Contract Documents, initial submittal may serve as final submittal.
 - 5. Transmittal for Paper Submittals: Assemble each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Engineer will discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
 - a. Transmittal Form for Paper Submittals: Use AIA Document G810 or a similar document.

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- E. Electronic Submittals: Identify and incorporate information in each electronic submittal file as follows:
 - 1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
 - 2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
 - 3. Provide means for insertion to permanently record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Engineer.
 - 4. Transmittal Form for Electronic Submittals: Use electronic form acceptable to Owner similar to AIA Document G810.
- F. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Engineer.
- G. Deviations and Additional Information: On an attached separate sheet, prepared on Contractor's letterhead, record relevant information, requests for data, revisions other than those requested by Engineer on previous submittals, and deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations. Include same identification information as related submittal.
- H. Resubmittals: Make resubmittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
 - 1. Note date and content of previous submittal.
 - 2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block and clearly indicate extent of revision.
 - 3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked with approval notation from Engineer's action stamp.
- I. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- J. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Engineer's action stamp.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Submittal Procedure Requirements: Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections. Types of submittals are indicated in individual Specification Sections or Drawings.
 - 1. Post electronic submittals as PDF electronic files directly to designated site with automatic email notification to Engineer or Submit electronic submittals via email as PDF electronic files.
 - a. Engineer will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as an

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electronic Project record document file.

- 2. Action Submittals: Submit five paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Engineer will return two copies.
- 3. Informational Submittals: Submit two paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Engineer will not return copies.
- 4. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Provide a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.
 - a. Provide a notarized statement on original paper copy certificates and certifications where indicated.
- B. Product Data: Provide product data for all specified products.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale for all custom fabrication work. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.
 - 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Identification of products.
 - b. Schedules.
 - c. Compliance with specified standards.
 - d. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - e. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
 - f. Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
 - g. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.
- D. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.
 - 1. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
 - a. Number of Samples: Submit one full set of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Engineer will return submittal with options selected.
 - 2. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.

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- a. Number of Samples: Submit three sets of Samples. Engineer will retain one Sample sets; remainder will be returned. Mark up and retain one returned Sample set as a project record sample.
- E. Coordination Drawing Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."
- F. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation."
- G. Test and Inspection Reports and Schedule of Tests and Inspections Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements."
- H. Closeout Submittals and Maintenance Material Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- I. Maintenance Data: Comply with requirements specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data."
- J. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, contact information of Engineers and owners, and other information specified.
- K. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification and Procedure Qualification Record on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- L. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.
- M. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
- N. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- O. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- P. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- Q. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

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- R. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
 - 1. Name of evaluation organization.
 - 2. Date of evaluation.
 - 3. Time period when report is in effect.
 - 4. Product and manufacturers' names.
 - 5. Description of product.
 - 6. Test procedures and results.
 - 7. Limitations of use.
- S. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.
- T. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- U. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- V. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.

2.2 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.
 - 1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Engineer.
- B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF electronic file copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.
 - 1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

A. The contractor is responsible to assure submittals are correct and complete prior to submission for review. A maximum of two reviews by the design team is expected to be adequate to obtain approval. At the owner's discretion, costs for additional submittal review (in excess of two reviews) may be charged to the contractor. Charges will be withheld from contractor payments.

3.2 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Action and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Engineer.
- B. Project Closeout and Maintenance Material Submittals: See requirements in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- C. Approval Stamp: Stamp each submittal with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

3.3 ENGINEER'S ACTION

- A. Action Submittals: Engineer will review each submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or revisions required, and return it. Engineer will stamp each submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action.
- B. Informational Submittals: Engineer will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Engineer will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- C. Partial submittals prepared for a portion of the Work will be reviewed when use of partial submittals has received prior approval from Engineer.
- D. Incomplete submittals are unacceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned for resubmittal without review.
- E. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Engineer without action.

END OF SECTION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.
- B. Testing and inspecting services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
 - 1. Specific quality-assurance and -control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard products.
 - 2. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor's other quality-assurance and -control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
 - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and -control services required by Engineer, Owner, Commissioning Authority, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.
 - 4. Specific test and inspection requirements are not specified in this Section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Quality-Assurance Services: Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.
- B. Quality-Control Services: Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Services do not include contract enforcement activities performed by Engineer or Owner's Representative.
- C. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria.
- D. Product Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed by an NRTL, an NVLAP, or a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.

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- E. Source Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed at the source, e.g., plant, mill, factory, or shop.
- F. Field Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.
- G. Testing Agency: An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. Testing laboratory shall mean the same as testing agency.
- H. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, Subcontractor, or Sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations.
 - 1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a trade or entity does not require that certain construction activities be performed by accredited or unionized individuals, or that requirements specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).
- I. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced" means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

1.4 CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Referenced Standards: If compliance with two or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Engineer for a decision before proceeding.
- B. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Engineer for a decision before proceeding.

1.5 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

- A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:
 - 1. Date of issue.
 - 2. Project title and number.
 - 3. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
 - 4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
 - 5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
 - 6. Description of the Work and test and inspection method.
 - 7. Identification of product and Specification Section.
 - 8. Complete test or inspection data.

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- 9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.
- 10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample taking and testing and inspecting.
- 11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
- 12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
- 13. Recommendations on retesting and reinspecting.
- B. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. General: Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- E. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities shall be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists shall satisfy qualification requirements indicated and shall be engaged for the activities indicated.
 - 1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction shall supersede requirements for specialists.
- F. Manufacturer's Technical Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- G. Factory-Authorized Service Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- H. Preconstruction Testing: Where testing agency is indicated to perform preconstruction testing for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods, comply with the following:

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- 1. Contractor responsibilities include the following:
 - a. Provide test specimens representative of proposed products and construction.
 - b. Submit specimens in a timely manner with sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
 - c. Provide sizes and configurations of test assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups to adequately demonstrate capability of products to comply with performance requirements.
 - d. Build laboratory mockups at testing facility using personnel, products, and methods of construction indicated for the completed Work.
 - e. When testing is complete, remove test specimens, assemblies, and mockups; do not reuse products on Project.
- 2. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Submit a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-assurance service to Engineer and Commissioning Authority, through Owner's Representative, with copy to Contractor. Interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

1.7 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner Responsibilities: Where quality-control services are indicated as Owner's responsibility, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform these services.
 - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names, addresses, and telephone numbers of testing agencies engaged and a description of types of testing and inspecting they are engaged to perform.
 - 2. Costs for retesting and reinspecting construction that replaces or is necessitated by work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents will be charged to Contractor, and the Contract Sum will be adjusted by Change Order.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities required to verify that the Work complies with requirements, whether specified or not.
 - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide quality-control services specified and those required by authorities having jurisdiction. Perform quality-control services required of Contractor by authorities having jurisdiction, whether specified or not.
 - 2. Where services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, engage a qualified testing agency to perform these quality-control services.
 - 3. Notify testing agencies at least 24 hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspecting will be performed.
 - 4. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each quality-control service.
 - 5. Testing and inspecting requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor's responsibility.
 - 6. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.
- C. Retesting/Reinspecting: Regardless of whether original tests or inspections were Contractor's

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responsibility, provide quality-control services, including retesting and reinspecting, for construction that replaced Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents.

- D. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare a schedule of tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services required by the Contract Documents. Coordinate and submit concurrently with Contractor's construction schedule. Update as the Work progresses.
 - 1. Distribution: Distribute schedule to Owner, Engineer, Commissioning Authority, testing agencies, and each party involved in performance of portions of the Work where tests and inspections are required.

1.8 SPECIAL TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

- A. Special Tests and Inspections: Unless otherwise noted, the Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to conduct special tests and inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction as follows:
 - 1. Notifying Engineer and Contractor through Owner's Representative promptly of irregularities and deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
 - 2. Submitting a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service to Engineer through Owner's Representative with copy to Contractor and to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Submitting a final report of special tests and inspections at Substantial Completion, which includes a list of unresolved deficiencies.
 - 4. Interpreting tests and inspections and stating in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.
 - 5. Retesting and reinspecting corrected work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

- A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:
 - 1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
 - 2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
 - 3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Engineer.
 - 4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.
- B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Engineer's reference during normal working hours.

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3.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
 - 1. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Specification Sections or matching existing substrates and finishes. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with the Contract Document requirements for cutting and patching in Section 017300 "Execution."
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Approved": When used to convey Engineer's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Engineer's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- C. "Conforms to Design": When used to convey Engineer's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "conforms to design" is limited to Engineer's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- D. "Directed": A command or instruction by Engineer. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."
- E. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."
- F. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- G. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- H. "Install": Operations at Project site including unloading, temporarily storing, unpacking, assembling, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.
- I. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- J. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

1.3 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent

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REFERENCES

SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.

- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

1.4 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities indicated in Thomson Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations" or in Columbia Books' "National Trade & Professional Associations of the U.S."
- B. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and upto-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
- C. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
- D. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
- E. State Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.

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REFERENCES

SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for work restrictions and limitations on utility interruptions.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, and security and protection facilities.

1.3 USE CHARGES

- A. General: Installation and removal of and use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum unless otherwise indicated. Allow other entities engaged in the Project to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Architect, occupants of Project, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Sewer Service: Owner will pay sewer-service use charges for sewer usage by all entities for construction operations.
- C. Water Service: Owner will pay water-service use charges for water used by all entities for construction operations.
- D. Electric Power Service: Owner will pay electric-power-service use charges for electricity used by all entities for construction operations.
- E. Water and Sewer Service from Existing System: Water from Owner's existing water system is available for use without metering and without payment of use charges. Provide connections and extensions of services as required for construction operations.
- F. Electric Power Service from Existing System: Electric power from Owner's existing system is available for use without metering and without payment of use charges. Provide connections and extensions of services as required for construction operations.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Site Utilization Plan: Show temporary facilities, temporary utility lines and connections, staging areas, construction site entrances, vehicle circulation, and parking areas for construction personnel.

SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

- B. Implementation and Termination Schedule: Within 15 days of date established for commencement of the Work, submit schedule indicating implementation and termination dates of each temporary utility.
- C. Project Identification and Temporary Signs: Show fabrication and installation details, including plans, elevations, details, layouts, typestyles, graphic elements, and message content.
- D. Fire-Safety Program: Show compliance with requirements of NFPA 241 and authorities having jurisdiction. Indicate Contractor personnel responsible for management of fire-prevention program.
- E. Moisture- and Mold-Protection Plan: Describe procedures and controls for protecting materials and construction from water absorption and damage and mold.
- F. Dust- and HVAC-Control Plan: Submit coordination drawing and narrative that indicates the dust- and HVAC-control measures proposed for use, proposed locations, and proposed time frame for their operation. Include the following:
 - 1. Locations of dust-control partitions at each phase of work.
 - 2. HVAC system isolation schematic drawing.
 - 3. Location of proposed air-filtration system discharge.
 - 4. Waste-handling procedures.
 - 5. Other dust-control measures.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electric Power Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric power service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Tests and Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to test and inspect each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Engage Installer of each permanent service to assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use as a construction facility before Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Dust-Control Adhesive-Surface Walk-Off Mats: Provide mats minimum 36 by 60 inches (914 by 1524 mm).

SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

2.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.
- B. HVAC Equipment: Unless Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system, provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propane-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.
 - 1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open-flame heaters, or salamander-type heating units is prohibited.
 - 2. Heating Units: Listed and labeled for type of fuel being consumed, by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 3. Permanent HVAC System: If Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system for temporary use during construction, provide filter with MERV of 8 at each return-air grille in system and remove at end of construction.
- C. Air-Filtration Units: Primary and secondary HEPA-filter-equipped portable units with four-stage filtration. Provide single switch for emergency shutoff. Configure to run continuously.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. Related requirements: This project requires special attention to temporary mechanical and electrical utilities and distribution systems for Owner occupied areas of the building. Refer to the following for additional requirements.
 - 1. Sections 220510 "General Mechanical Plumbing" and Section 230510 "General Mechanical" for specific temporary utility requirements for plumbing and heating systems.
 - 2. Section 260000 "General Electrical Requirements" for specific temporary utility requirements for utility and power distribution systems.
- B. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
 - 1. Arrange with utility company and Owner, for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
- C. Temporary Heating: Provide temporary heating required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.
 - 1. Provide temporary dehumidification systems when required to reduce ambient and substrate moisture levels to level required to allow installation or application of finishes and their proper curing or drying.

SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

- D. Electric Power Service: Provide electric utility service and power distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations.
- E. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.
 - 1. Install and operate temporary lighting that fulfills security and protection requirements without operating entire system.

3.2 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Protection of Existing Facilities: Protect existing vegetation, equipment, structures, utilities, and other improvements at Project site and on adjacent properties, except those indicated to be removed or altered. Repair damage to existing facilities.
 - 1. Where access to adjacent properties is required in order to affect protection of existing facilities, obtain written permission from adjacent property owner to access property for that purpose.
- B. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction as required to comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
 - 1. Comply with work restrictions specified in Section 011000 "Summary."
- C. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.
- D. Temporary Egress: Maintain temporary egress from existing occupied facilities as indicated and as required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- E. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.
 - 1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is incomplete, insulate temporary enclosures.
- F. Temporary Partitions: Provide floor-to-ceiling dustproof partitions to limit dust and dirt migration and to separate areas occupied by Owner from fumes and noise.
 - 1. Construct dustproof partitions with two layers of 6-mil (0.14-mm) polyethylene sheet on each side. Cover floor with two layers of 6-mil (0.14-mm) polyethylene sheet, extending sheets 18 inches (460 mm) up the sidewalls. Overlap and tape full length of joints. Cover floor with fire-retardant-treated plywood.
 - 2. Where fire-resistance-rated temporary partitions are indicated or are required by authorities having jurisdiction, construct partitions according to the rated assemblies.
 - 3. Insulate partitions to control noise transmission to occupied areas.

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- 4. Seal joints and perimeter. Equip partitions with gasketed dustproof doors and security locks where openings are required.
- 5. Protect air-handling equipment.
- 6. Provide walk-off mats at each entrance through temporary partition.
- G. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241; manage fire-prevention program.
 - 1. Prohibit smoking in construction areas. Comply with additional limits on smoking specified in other Sections.
 - 2. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and -protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.
 - 4. Provide temporary standpipes and hoses for fire protection. Hang hoses with a warning sign stating that hoses are for fire-protection purposes only and are not to be removed. Match hose size with outlet size and equip with suitable nozzles.

3.3 MOISTURE AND MOLD CONTROL

- A. Contractor's Moisture-Protection Plan: Describe delivery, handling, storage, installation, and protection provisions for materials subject to water absorption or water damage.
 - 1. Indicate procedures for discarding water-damaged materials, protocols for mitigating water intrusion into completed Work, and replacing water-damaged Work.
 - 2. Indicate sequencing of work that requires water, such as sprayed fire-resistive materials, plastering, and terrazzo grinding, and describe plans for dealing with water from these operations. Show procedures for verifying that wet construction has dried sufficiently to permit installation of finish materials.
 - 3. Indicate methods to be used to avoid trapping water in finished work.
- B. Exposed Construction Period: Before installation of weather barriers, when materials are subject to wetting and exposure and to airborne mold spores, protect as follows:
 - 1. Protect porous materials from water damage.
 - 2. Protect stored and installed material from flowing or standing water.
 - 3. Keep porous and organic materials from coming into prolonged contact with concrete.
- C. Partially Enclosed Construction Period: After installation of weather barriers but before full enclosure and conditioning of building, when installed materials are still subject to infiltration of moisture and ambient mold spores, protect as follows:
 - 1. Do not load or install drywall or other porous materials or components, or items with high organic content, into partially enclosed building.
 - 2. Keep interior spaces reasonably clean and protected from water damage.
 - 3. Periodically collect and remove waste containing cellulose or other organic matter.
 - 4. Discard or replace water-damaged material.

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- 5. Do not install material that is wet.
- 6. Discard and replace stored or installed material that begins to grow mold.
- 7. Perform work in a sequence that allows wet materials adequate time to dry before enclosing the material in gypsum board or other interior finishes.
- D. Controlled Construction Period: After completing and sealing of the building enclosure but prior to the full operation of permanent HVAC systems, maintain as follows:
 - 1. Control moisture and humidity inside building by maintaining effective dry-in conditions.
 - 2. Use temporary or permanent HVAC system to control humidity within ranges specified for installed and stored materials.
 - 3. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, relative humidity, and exposure to water limits.

3.4 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.
 - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
- B. Temporary Facility Changeover: Do not change over from using temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.
- C. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
 - 1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of Contractor. Owner reserves right to take possession of Project identification signs.
 - 2. At Substantial Completion, repair, renovate, and clean permanent facilities used during construction period. Comply with final cleaning requirements.

END OF SECTION 015000

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for selection of products for use in Project; product delivery, storage, and handling; manufacturers' standard warranties on products; special warranties; and comparable products.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for requests for substitutions.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Products: Items obtained for incorporating into the Work, whether purchased for Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
 - 1. Named Products: Items identified by manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation shown or listed in manufacturer's published product literature, that is current as of date of the Contract Documents.
 - 2. New Products: Items that have not previously been incorporated into another project or facility. Products salvaged or recycled from other projects are not considered new products.
 - 3. Comparable Product: Product that is demonstrated and approved through submittal process to have the indicated qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics that equal or exceed those of specified product.
- B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification: A specification in which a specific manufacturer's product is named and accompanied by the words "basis-of-design product," including make or model number or other designation, to establish the significant qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics for purposes of evaluating comparable products of additional manufacturers named in the specification.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Comparable Product Requests: Submit request for consideration of each comparable product. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.

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- 1. Include data to indicate compliance with the requirements specified in "Comparable Products" Article.
- 2. Engineer's Action: If necessary, Engineer will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within one week of receipt of a comparable product request. Engineer will notify Contractor through Owner's Representative of approval or rejection of proposed comparable product request within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
 - a. Form of Approval: As specified in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."
 - b. Use product specified if Engineer does not issue a decision on use of a comparable product request within time allocated.
- B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: Comply with requirements in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures." Show compliance with requirements.

1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft and vandalism. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Delivery and Handling:

- 1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
- 2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to ensure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.
- 3. Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
- 4. Inspect products on delivery to determine compliance with the Contract Documents and to determine that products are undamaged and properly protected.

C. Storage:

- 1. Store products to allow for inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
- 2. Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure.
- 3. Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weather tight enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
- 4. Protect foam plastic from exposure to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.
- 5. Comply with product manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, humidity, ventilation, and weather-protection requirements for storage.
- 6. Protect stored products from damage and liquids from freezing.

1.6 PRODUCT WARRANTIES

A. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other

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warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.

- 1. Manufacturer's Warranty: Written warranty furnished by individual manufacturer for a particular product and specifically endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.
- 2. Special Warranty: Written warranty required by the Contract Documents to provide specific rights for Owner.
- B. Special Warranties: Prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Standard Form: Modified to include Project-specific information and properly executed.
 - 2. Specified Form: When specified forms are included with the Specifications, prepare a written document using indicated form properly executed.
 - 3. See other Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.
- C. Submittal Time: Comply with requirements in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION PROCEDURES

- A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, are new at time of installation.
 - 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, fasteners, and other items needed for a complete installation and indicated use and effect.
 - 2. Standard Products: If available, and unless custom products or nonstandard options are specified, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
 - 3. Owner reserves the right to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
 - 4. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Engineer will make selection.
 - 5. Descriptive, performance, and reference standard requirements in the Specifications establish salient characteristics of products.
 - 6. Or Equal: For products specified by name and accompanied by the term "or equal," or "or approved equal," or "or approved," comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article to obtain approval for use of an unnamed product.

B. Product Selection Procedures:

- 1. Product: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer and product, provide the named product that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.
- 2. Manufacturer/Source: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer or source, provide a product by the named manufacturer or source that complies with requirements.

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Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.

3. Products:

- a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Nonrestricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both available manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed, or an unnamed product, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product.

4. Manufacturers:

- a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of manufacturers' names, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Nonrestricted List: Where Specifications include a list of available manufacturers, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed, or a product by an unnamed manufacturer, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed manufacturer's product.
- 5. Basis-of-Design Product: Where Specifications name a product, or refer to a product indicated on Drawings, and include a list of manufacturers, provide the specified or indicated product or a comparable product by one of the other named manufacturers. Drawings and Specifications indicate sizes, profiles, dimensions, and other characteristics that are based on the product named. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product by one of the other named manufacturers.
- C. Visual Matching Specification: Where Specifications require "match Engineer's sample", provide a product that complies with requirements and matches Engineer's sample. Engineer's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
 - 1. If no product available within specified category matches and complies with other specified requirements, comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for proposal of product.
- D. Visual Selection Specification: Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected by Engineer from manufacturer's full range" or similar phrase, select a product that complies with requirements. Engineer will select color, gloss, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

2.2 COMPARABLE PRODUCTS

A. Conditions for Consideration: Engineer will consider Contractor's request for comparable product when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not

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satisfied, Engineer may return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:

- 1. Evidence that the proposed product does not require revisions to the Contract Documents, that it is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce the indicated results, and that it is compatible with other portions of the Work.
- 2. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed product with those named in the Specifications. Significant qualities include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, and specific features and requirements indicated.
- 3. Evidence that proposed product provides specified warranty.
- 4. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of Engineers and owners, if requested.
- 5. Samples, if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Installation of the Work.
 - 2. Cutting and patching.
 - 3. Progress cleaning.
 - 4. Starting and adjusting.
 - 5. Protection of installed construction.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for limits on use of Project site.
- 2. Section 024119 "Selective Demolition" for demolition and removal of selected portions of the building.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of subsequent work.
- B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore construction to original conditions after installation of subsequent work.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Cutting and Patching: Comply with requirements for and limitations on cutting and patching of construction elements.
 - 1. Structural Elements: When cutting and patching structural elements, notify Architect of locations and details of cutting and await directions from Architect before proceeding. Shore, brace, and support structural elements during cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or increase deflection.
 - 2. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that results in

increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Operational elements include the following:

- a. Primary operational systems and equipment.
- b. Fire separation assemblies.
- c. Air or smoke barriers.
- d. Fire-suppression systems.
- e. Plumbing piping systems.
- f. Mechanical systems piping and ducts.
- g. Control systems.
- h. Communication systems.
- i. Fire-detection and -alarm systems.
- j. Conveying systems.
- k. Electrical wiring systems.
- 1. Operating systems of special construction.
- 3. Other Construction Elements: Do not cut and patch other construction elements or components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Other construction elements include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Water, moisture, or vapor barriers.
 - b. Membranes and flashings.
 - c. Exterior curtain-wall construction.
 - d. Sprayed fire-resistive material.
 - e. Equipment supports.
 - f. Piping, ductwork, vessels, and equipment.
 - g. Noise- and vibration-control elements and systems.
- 4. Visual Elements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Obtain and maintain on-site manufacturer's written recommendations and instructions for installation of products and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.

1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide a match acceptable to Architect for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
 - 1. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
 - 2. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
 - 3. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
- B. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
 - 1. Description of the Work.
 - 2. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
 - 3. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
 - 4. Recommended corrections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.

D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents caused by differing field conditions outside the control of Contractor, submit a request for information to Architect according to requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
 - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
 - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
 - 3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 96 inches (2440 mm) in occupied spaces and 90 inches (2300 mm) in unoccupied spaces.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on site and placement in permanent locations.
- F. Tools and Equipment: Where possible, select tools or equipment that minimize production of excessive noise levels.
- G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other portions of the Work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions.
 - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Architect.
 - 2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
 - 3. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

- I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
- J. Repair or remove and replace damaged, defective, or nonconforming Work.
 - 1. Comply with Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for repairing or removing and replacing defective Work.

3.4 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Cutting and Patching, General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
 - 1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during installation or cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.
- C. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.
- D. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- E. Adjacent Occupied Areas: Where interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas is unavoidable, coordinate cutting and patching according to requirements in Section 011000 "Summary."
- F. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to prevent interruption to occupied areas.
- G. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.
 - 1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots neatly to minimum size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
 - 2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
 - 3. Concrete: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.
 - 4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.

- 5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.
- 6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.
- H. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as practicable. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections, where applicable.
 - 1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate physical integrity of installation.
 - 2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will minimize evidence of patching and refinishing.
 - a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.
 - b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.
 - 3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
 - a. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, prepare substrate and apply primer and intermediate paint coats appropriate for substrate over the patch, and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
 - 4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
- I. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials from adjacent finished surfaces.

3.5 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. General: Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.
 - 2. Do not hold waste materials more than seven days during normal weather or three days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F (27 deg C).
 - 3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.

- a. Use containers intended for holding waste materials of type to be stored.
- 4. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where Contractor and other contractors are working concurrently.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.
 - 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
 - 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to ensure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

3.6 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Coordinate startup and adjusting of equipment and operating components with Owner and manufacturer instructions.
- B. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- C. Adjust equipment for proper operation. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding.

D. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

3.7 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Protection of Existing Items: Provide protection and ensure that existing items to remain undisturbed by construction are maintained in condition that existed at commencement of the Work.
- C. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

END OF SECTION 017300

SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 **SUMMARY**

- Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following: A.
 - 1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
 - Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste. 2.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Construction Waste: Building, structure, and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.
- Demolition Waste: Building, structure, and site improvement materials resulting from B. demolition operations.
- Disposal: Removal of demolition or construction waste and subsequent salvage, sale, recycling, C. or deposit in landfill, incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, or designated spoil areas on Owner's property.
- D. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.
- E. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- Unless otherwise indicated, demolition and construction waste becomes property of Contractor. A.
- Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones В. and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
 - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Waste Management Plan: Submit plan within 7 days of date established for commencement of the Work.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with transportation and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Implement approved waste management plan. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
 - 1. Comply with operation, termination, and removal requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work.
 - 1. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return
 - 2. Distribute waste management plan to entities when they first begin work on-site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- C. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
 - 1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged and recycled.
 - 2. Comply with Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

3.2 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged or recycled, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- Except as otherwise specified, do not allow waste materials that are to be disposed of 1. accumulate on-site.
- Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces 2. and areas.
- В. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged or recycled, remove waste materials and legally dispose of at designated spoil areas on Owner's property.
- C. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.

3.3 **ATTACHMENTS**

- Form CWM-1 for construction waste identification. A.
- Form CWM-2 for demolition waste identification. В.
- C. Form CWM-3 for construction waste reduction work plan.
- D. Form CWM-4 for demolition waste reduction work plan.
- E. Form CWM-5 for cost/revenue analysis of construction waste reduction work plan.
- F. Form CWM-6 for cost/revenue analysis of demolition waste reduction work plan.
- G. Form CWM-7 for construction waste reduction progress report.
- H. Form CWM-8 for demolition waste reduction progress report.

END OF SECTION 017419

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Substantial Completion procedures.
 - 2. Final completion procedures.
 - 3. Warranties.
 - 4. Final cleaning.
 - 5. Repair of the Work.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 017300 "Execution" for progress cleaning of Project site.
 - 2. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For cleaning agents.
- B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

1.4 FINAL ACCEPTANCE

- A. Before requesting inspection for certification of final acceptance and final payment, complete and submit the following:
 - 1. Submit final payment request.
 - 2. Submit a final Change Order request.
 - 3. Submit a copy of the final inspection list stating that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 - 4. Submit final meter readings for utilities, a record of stored fuel, and similar data as of Substantial Completion.
 - 5. Submit consent of surety to final payment.
 - 6. Submit evidence of continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance

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- requirements.
- 7. Written guarantees where required.
- 8. Maintenance stock items; spare parts; special tools, where required.
- 9. Certificates of inspection and acceptance by local governing agencies having jurisdiction.
- 10. Completed Certificate of Compliance and Release for the CONTRACTOR involved in the WORK included as part of this section, form attached with this section.
- 11. Final Subcontractor list complete with final subcontract amounts and include all equipment rentals (with operators).
- 12. Alaska Department of Revenue Corporate Income Tax Clearance letter for the Prime CONTRACTOR.
- 13. Before final payment can be made, the CONTRACTOR shall supply a copy of the "Notice of Completion of Public Works" form approved by Wage and Hour Administration of the Labor Standards and Safety Division of the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development.
- 14. Alaska Department of Labor Employment Security Tax Clearance letter for the Prime CONTRACTOR and all Subcontractors, a copy of which is located at the end of Section 00800 Supplementary General Conditions.
- 15. Submit original items 11, 12, 13 and 14 to Contracts Administrator, CBJ Engineering.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: For maintenance material submittal items specified in other Sections.

1.6 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's punch list), indicating all Work that is incomplete.
- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
 - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including project record documents, operation and maintenance manuals, final completion construction photographic documentation, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information for each phase.
 - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
 - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Owner's Representative. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
 - 5. Submit test/adjust/balance records.
 - 6. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and

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maintenance.

- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
 - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
 - 3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
 - 4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
 - 5. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
 - 6. Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting.
 - 7. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 5 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Engineer and Owner's Representative will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Engineer will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Engineer, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
 - 1. Reinspection: Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
 - 2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final completion.

1.7 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining final completion, complete the following:
 - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment according to Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."
 - 2. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Engineer's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Engineer. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 - 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 10 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Engineer and Owner's Representative will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Engineer will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

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1. Reinspection: Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.

1.8 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.
 - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first and proceeding from lowest floor to highest floor.
 - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceiling, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
 - 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Date.
 - c. Name of Engineer.
 - d. Name of Contractor.
 - e. Page number.
 - 4. Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:
 - a. PDF electronic file. Engineer through Owner's Representative will return annotated file.

1.9 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Engineer for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than date of Substantial Completion is indicated, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.
- B. Partial Occupancy: Submit properly executed warranties within 15 days of completion of designated portions of the Work that are completed and occupied or used by Owner during construction period by separate agreement with Contractor.
- C. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Project Manual.
 - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper.
 - 2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of Installer.
 - 3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of Contractor.

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D. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.
 - 1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the California Code of Regulations maximum allowable VOC levels.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:
 - a. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
 - b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
 - c. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.
 - d. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.
 - e. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
 - f. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
 - g. Sweep concrete floors broom clean in unoccupied spaces.
 - h. Vacuum carpet and similar soft surfaces, removing debris and excess nap; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations if visible soil or stains remain.

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- i. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other noticeable, vision-obscuring materials. Polish mirrors and glass, taking care not to scratch surfaces.
- j. Remove labels that are not permanent.
- k. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment, elevator equipment, and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.
- l. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains, including stains resulting from water exposure.
- m. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.
- n. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils if units were operated without filters during construction or that display contamination with particulate matter on inspection.
 - 1) Clean HVAC system in compliance with NADCA Standard 1992-01. Provide written report on completion of cleaning.
- o. Clean light fixtures, lamps, globes, and reflectors to function with full efficiency.
- p. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Construction Waste Disposal: Comply with waste disposal requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK

- A. Complete repair and restoration operations before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment. Where damaged or worn items cannot be repaired or restored, provide replacements. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired. Restore damaged construction and permanent facilities used during construction to specified condition.
 - 1. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass, reflective surfaces, and other damaged transparent materials.
 - 2. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred or exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that that already show evidence of repair or restoration.
 - a. Do not paint over "UL" and other required labels and identification, including mechanical and electrical nameplates. Remove paint applied to required labels and identification.
 - 3. Replace parts subject to operating conditions during construction that may impede operation or reduce longevity.
 - 4. Replace burned-out bulbs, bulbs noticeably dimmed by hours of use, and defective and noisy starters in fluorescent and mercury vapor fixtures to comply with requirements for new fixtures.

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COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE AND RELEASE FORM PROJECT: GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

The CONTRACTOR must complete and submit this to the Contract Administrator. The CONTRACTOR shall complete this form with respect to the entire contract.

Completed forms must be submitted upon completion of the Project. All requirements and submittals must be met before final payment will be made to the CONTRACTOR.

I certify that the following and any referenced attachments are true:

- All WORK has been performed, materials supplied, and requirements met in accordance with the applicable plans, specifications, and Contract Documents.
- All suppliers and Subcontractors have been paid in full with no claims for labor, materials, or other services outstanding. If all Subcontractors and suppliers are not paid in full, please explain on a separate sheet.
- All employees have been paid not less than the current prevailing wage rates set by the State of Alaska (or U.S. Department of Labor, as applicable).
- All equal employment opportunity, certified payroll and other reports have been filed in accordance with the prime contract.
- The Contract Administrator was advised and approved of all Subcontractors before WORK was performed and has approved any substitutions, additions or deletions of Subcontractors.
- All DBE firms listed as a precondition of the prime contract award must have performed a commercially useful function in order for the work to count to a DBE goal. All DBE firms performed the WORK stated and have received at least the amount claimed for credit in the Contract Documents.
- All DBE Subcontractors must attach a signed statement of the payment amount received, the nature of WORK performed, whether any balance is outstanding, and indicate that no rebates are involved.
- If the amount paid is less than the amount originally claimed for DBE credit, the CONTRACTOR has attached approval from the Contract Administrator for underutilization.

I understand it is unlawful to misrepresent information in order to receive a payment which would otherwise be withheld if these conditions were not met. I am an authorized agent of this firm and sign this freely and voluntarily. The foregoing statements are true and apply to the following project contractor.

	Capacity: CONTRACTOR	
Firm Name		
Signed	Printed Name and Title	Date

Return completed form to: CALEB COMAS- CBJ Engineering Contract Administrator, City and Borough of Juneau, 155 South Seward Street, Juneau, AK 99801. Call (907) 586-0873 if we can be of further assistance or if you have any questions.

END OF SECTION

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

SECTION 017700 - COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE AND RELEASE FORM

PROJECT: Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CONTRACT NO: BE22-108

The **CONTRACTOR** must complete and submit this form to the Contract Administrator with respect to the entire contract and submit completed Subcontractor Compliance forms for each Subcontractor used on the Contract and listed on the Subcontractor report.

Completed forms shall be submitted upon completion of the Project. All requirements and submittals must be met before final payment will be made to the CONTRACTOR.

I certify that the following and any referenced attachments are true:

- All WORK has been performed, materials supplied, and requirements met in accordance with the applicable Drawings, Specifications, and Contract Documents.
- All payments to Subcontractors and Suppliers have been made in accordance with Alaska Statute 36.90.210. If not, please provide written explanation, for each case, why and the specific mutual payment agreement reached with the Supplier or Subcontractor.

- CHECK ONE:

☐ All Suppliers and Subcontractors have been paid in full with no claims for labor, materials or other services outstanding.

☐ The following Suppliers and Subcontractors are due final payment which will be made upon the release of the final payment by the CBJ. List the Suppliers and Subcontractors and the amount they are due below (attach separate sheet if necessary):

- All employees have been paid not less than the current prevailing wage rates set by the State of Alaska (or U.S. Department of Labor, as applicable).
- All equal employment opportunity, certified payroll and other reports have been filed in accordance with the prime contract.
- The attached list of Subcontractors is complete (required from CONTRACTOR). The City Engineer was advised and approved of all Subcontractors before WORK was performed and has approved any substitutions of Subcontractors.
- All DBE firms listed as a precondition of the prime contract award must have performed a commercially useful function in order for the WORK to count to a DBE goal. All DBE firms performed the WORK stated and have received at least the amount claimed for credit in the Contract Documents.
- All DBE Subcontractors must attach a signed statement of the payment amount received, the nature of WORK performed, whether any balance is outstanding, and indicate that no rebates are involved.
- If the amount paid is less than the amount originally claimed for DBE credit, the CONTRACTOR has attached approval from the City Engineer for underutilization.

I understand it is unlawful to misrepresent information in order to receive a payment which would otherwise be withheld if these conditions were not met. I am an authorized agent of this firm and sign this freely and voluntarily. The foregoing statements are true and apply to the following project contractor.

The foreign and the transmit appropriate the foreign and the f					
	Capacity: CONTRAC	CTOR			
Firm Name					
Signed	Printed Name and Title	Date			
Return completed form to: En Juneau, AK 99801 or by email	ngineering Contracts Division, City and Borough of Juneal to: contracts@juneau.org	au, 155 South Seward Street			

Call (907) 586-0800 ext. 4196 if we can be of further assistance or if you have any questions.

SUBCONTRACTOR COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE AND RELEASE FORM

PROJECT: Glacier Fire Station M/E Upgrades & Juneau Fire Station Generator Replacement CONTRACT NO: BE22-108

Each **SUBCONTRACTOR** must complete and submit this form to the Contract Administrator, through the General Contractor, with respect to the entire contract.

Completed forms shall be submitted upon completion of the Project. All requirements and submittals must be met before final payment will be made to the CONTRACTOR.

I certify that the following and any referenced attachments are true:

-	All WORK has been performed, materials supplied, and requirements met in accordance with the applicable Drawings, Specifications, and Contract Documents.
-	(name of firm) has been paid by the Contractor in accordance with Alaska Statute 36.90.210 (Prompt Pay Requirement). (If not, please provide written explanation on an attached sheet, for each case. Provide specific details why payment was not made and the specific mutual payment agreement reached with the Contractor if it is still unresolved.)
-	CHECK ONE: \[\subseteq \text{ I / WE have been paid in full by the Contractor, with no claims for labor, materials or other services outstanding.}
	☐ I / WE are due the following amount from the Contractor which is included in the Contractors Request for Final Payment. WE are due a total of \$ for the following individual items that have yet to be paid (attach separate sheet if necessary).

	Outstanding Payment Item	Outstanding Amount Owed
1.	O distance in the interest of	\$
2.		\$
3.		\$
4.		\$
5.		\$
6.		\$
7.		\$

- All employees have been paid not less than the current prevailing wage rates set by the State of Alaska (or U.S. Department of Labor, as applicable).
- All equal employment opportunity, certified payroll and other reports have been filed in accordance with the prime contract.

I understand it is unlawful to misrepresent information in order to receive a payment which would otherwise withheld if these conditions were not met. I am an authorized agent of this firm and sign this freely and voluntaria. The foregoing statements are true and apply to the following project contractor.					
Firm Name	Capacity: SUBCONTRA	CTOR			
Sign	Printed Name and Title	Date			

Prime Contractor shall return completed form to: Engineering Contracts Division, City and Borough of Juneau, 155 South Seward Street, Juneau, AK 99801 or email: caleb.comas@juneau.org Call (907) 586-0800 ext. 4196 if we can be of further assistance or if you have any questions.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
 - 1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory.
 - 2. Operation manuals for systems, subsystems, and equipment.
 - 3. Product maintenance manuals.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting copies of submittals for operation and maintenance manuals.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. System: An organized collection of parts, equipment, or subsystems united by regular interaction.
- B. Subsystem: A portion of a system with characteristics similar to a system.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Manual Content: Operations and maintenance manual for each item specified in individual Specification Sections. Submit operations and maintenance manual content formatted and organized as required by this Section.
- B. Format: Submit operations and maintenance manuals in both of the following formats:
 - 1. PDF electronic file. Assemble each manual into a composite electronically indexed file. Submit on digital media acceptable to Engineer. Provide review submittals in PDF format and final corrected submittal in PDF format.
 - Name each indexed document file in composite electronic index with applicable item name. Include a complete electronically linked operation and maintenance directory.
 - b. Enable inserted reviewer comments on draft submittals.
- 2. Four paper copies. Include a complete operation and maintenance directory. Enclose
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 & JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR
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 CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

title pages and directories in clear plastic sleeves. Provide paper copies for final submittal only.

- C. Initial Manual Submittal: Submit draft copy of each manual at least 15 days before commencing demonstration and training. Engineer and Commissioning Authority will comment on whether general scope and content of manual are acceptable.
- D. Final Manual Submittal: Submit each manual in final form prior to requesting inspection for Final Completion and at least 10 days before commencing demonstration and training. Engineer and Commissioning Authority will return copy with comments.
 - 1. Correct or revise each manual to comply with Engineer's and Commissioning Authority's comments. Submit copies of each corrected manual within 10 days of receipt of Engineer's and Commissioning Authority's comments and prior to commencing demonstration and training.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION DIRECTORY

- A. Directory: Prepare a single, comprehensive directory of emergency, operation, and maintenance data and materials, listing items and their location to facilitate ready access to desired information. Include a section in the directory for each of the following:
 - 1. List of documents.
 - 2. List of systems.
 - 3. List of equipment.
 - 4. Table of contents.
- B. List of Systems and Subsystems: List systems alphabetically. Include references to operation and maintenance manuals that contain information about each system.
- C. List of Equipment: List equipment for each system, organized alphabetically by system. For pieces of equipment not part of system, list alphabetically in separate list.
- D. Tables of Contents: Include a table of contents for each emergency, operation, and maintenance manual.
- E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

2.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system.

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Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:

- 1. Title page.
- 2. Table of contents.
- 3. Manual contents.
- B. Title Page: Include the following information:
 - 1. Subject matter included in manual.
 - 2. Name and address of Project.
 - 3. Name and address of Owner.
 - 4. Date of submittal.
 - 5. Name and contact information for Contractor.
 - 6. Name and contact information for Construction Manager.
 - 7. Name and contact information for Engineer.
 - 8. Name and contact information for Commissioning Authority.
 - 9. Names and contact information for major consultants to the Engineer that designed the systems contained in the manuals.
 - 10. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.
- C. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.
 - 1. If operation or maintenance documentation requires more than one volume to accommodate data, include comprehensive table of contents for all volumes in each volume of the set.
- D. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
- E. Manuals, Electronic Files: Submit manuals in the form of a multiple file composite electronic PDF file for each manual type required.
 - 1. Electronic Files: Use electronic files prepared by manufacturer where available. Where scanning of paper documents is required, configure scanned file for minimum readable file size.
 - 2. File Names and Bookmarks: Enable bookmarking of individual documents based on file names. Name document files to correspond to system, subsystem, and equipment names used in manual directory and table of contents. Group documents for each system and subsystem into individual composite bookmarked files, then create composite manual, so that resulting bookmarks reflect the system, subsystem, and equipment names in a readily navigated file tree. Configure electronic manual to display bookmark panel on opening file.
- F. Manuals, Paper Copy: Submit manuals in the form of hard copy, bound and labeled volumes.
 - 1. Binders: Heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with

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pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.

- a. If two or more binders are necessary to accommodate data of a system, organize data in each binder into groupings by subsystem and related components. Cross-reference other binders if necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of equipment or system.
- b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents. Indicate volume number for multiple-volume sets.
- 2. Dividers: Heavy-paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each section of the manual. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Include typed list of products and major components of equipment included in the section on each divider, cross-referenced to Specification Section number and title of Project Manual.
- 3. Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software storage media for computerized electronic equipment.
- 4. Supplementary Text: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) white bond paper.
- 5. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
 - a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
 - b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

2.3 OPERATION MANUALS

- A. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:
 - 1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions. Use designations for systems and equipment indicated on Contract Documents.
 - 2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor has delegated design responsibility.
 - 3. Operating standards.
 - 4. Operating procedures.
 - 5. Operating logs.
 - 6. Wiring diagrams.
 - 7. Control diagrams.
 - 8. Piped system diagrams.
 - 9. Precautions against improper use.
 - 10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.
- B. Descriptions: Include the following:
 - 1. Product name and model number. Use designations for products indicated on Contract Documents.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
 - 4. Equipment function.

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- 5. Operating characteristics.
- 6. Limiting conditions.
- 7. Performance curves.
- 8. Engineering data and tests.
- 9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
- C. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Startup procedures.
 - 2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
 - 3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
 - 4. Regulation and control procedures.
 - 5. Instructions on stopping.
 - 6. Normal shutdown instructions.
 - 7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
 - 8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
 - 9. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- D. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.
- E. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color-coding where required for identification.

2.4 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each product included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual and drawing or schedule designation or identifier where applicable.
- C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Product name and model number.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Color, pattern, and texture.
 - 4. Material and chemical composition.
 - 5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
 - 3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
 - 4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.

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- 5. Repair instructions.
- E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.
- F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
 - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MANUAL PREPARATION

- A. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
 - 1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to assemble and prepare information for each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
 - 2. Prepare a separate manual for each system and subsystem, in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's operating personnel.
- C. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
 - 1. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.
- D. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.
 - 1. Do not use original project record documents as part of operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Comply with requirements of newly prepared record Drawings in Section 017839 "Project Record Documents."
- E. Comply with Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

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SECTION 017823 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA END OF SECTION

SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for project record documents, including the following:
 - 1. Record Drawings.
 - 2. Record Specifications.
 - 3. Record Product Data.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Number of Copies: Submit copies of record Drawings as follows:
 - a. Initial Submittal:
 - 1) Submit one paper-copy set(s) of marked-up record prints.
 - 2) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned marked-up record prints.
 - 3) ENGINEER will review for completeness and accuracy.
 - b. Final Submittal:
 - 1) Submit one paper-copy set(s) of marked-up record prints.
 - 2) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned marked-up record prints.
- B. Record Specifications: Submit one paper copy of Project's Specifications, including addenda and contract modifications.
- C. Record Product Data: Submit one paper copy of each submittal.

SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised Drawings as modifications are issued.
 - 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
 - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
 - b. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
 - c. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
 - 2. Mark the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.
 - 3. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
 - 4. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.
- B. Format: Identify and date each record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
 - 1. Record Prints: Organize record prints and newly prepared record Drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
 - 2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
 - 3. Record Digital Data Files: Organize digital data information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each digital data file.
 - 4. Identification: As follows:
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Date.
 - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
 - d. Name of ENGINEER.
 - e. Name of Contractor.

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SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

2.2 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications.
 - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
 - 2. Mark copy with the proprietary name and model number of products, materials, and equipment furnished, including substitutions and product options selected.
 - 3. Record the name of manufacturer, supplier, Installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made.
 - 4. Note related Change Orders, record Product Data, and record Drawings where applicable.
- B. Format: Submit record Specifications as annotated PDF electronic file or paper copy.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

- A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- B. Format: Submit miscellaneous record submittals as PDF electronic file & paper copy.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for project record document purposes. Post changes and revisions to project record documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.
- B. Maintenance of Record Documents and Samples: Store record documents and Samples in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use project record documents for construction purposes. Maintain record documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss.

END OF SECTION

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PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 COMMISSIONING PLAN

- A. Systems: Commission the following equipment, systems, and work.
 - 1. HVAC Systems
 - a. Hydronic heating equipment and systems
 - b. Air handling equipment and systems
 - c. Domestic hot water equipment and systems
 - d. Testing, Adjusting and Balancing
 - e. Building automation system and controls

B. Commissioning Tasks

- 1. Prerequisites: Submit the following to the CxA.
 - a. Schedule of commissioning activities
 - b. Approved O&M Manuals
 - c. Settings list
 - d. Startup reports
 - e. TAB report
 - f. 7-day DDC trend report
 - g. Screen shots of all DDC graphic displays
 - h. Updated control drawings, sequences, and calibration report
- 2. Functional Performance Tests: V functional performance of the systems.
 - a. Demonstrate the performance of the equipment and systems to the Commissioning Authority (CxA). The scope of functional performance testing covers the entire installation, from central equipment through distribution of services to each space. It includes measured capacities, effectiveness of operation, and all control functions.
- 3. Training Verification: The CxA will track and verify that the Owner has the proper documentation and training to operate the systems.
 - a. Submit an agenda for each training session to the CxA 7 days prior to the functional performance tests.
 - b. Submit a training attendance form for each training session within 7 days of completing the respective training session.

C. Commissioning Activities Schedule

1. Prerequisites: Complete all items and submit to the CxA within 7 days of the functional verification testing. Include the following in the construction schedule:

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Prerequisites	Schedule
DDC installation, testing and verification	Prior to TAB work
TAB work	Prior to DDC trend reports
Startup reports	Submit to CxA 7-days before SI inspections
Approved O&M manuals	Submit to CxA 7-days before SI inspections
DDC graphic screenshots	Submit to CxA 7-days before SI inspections
7-day DDC trend report	Submit to CxA 7-days before SI inspections
TAB report	Submit to CxA 7-days before SI inspections

2. Functional Performance Tests: Schedule the tests to occur when all work is complete.

Functional Performance Tests	Schedule	
Punch list / functional verification deficiencies	Corrected	
Systems	100% complete and operational	
Final TAB Report	Approved by Mechanical Engineer Submit to CxA 7-days prior to FPTs	
DDC Control System	100% Complete	
DDC Documentation	Final documents approved by Mechanical Engineer Submit to CxA 7-days prior to FPTs	
DDC Graphical Screenshots	Submit to CxA 7-days prior to FPTs	
7-day DDC Trend Data	Submit to CxA 7-days prior to FPTs	

- 3. Training: Schedule training after all systems are fully operational and all deficiencies have been corrected. Schedule the training at a time suitable to the Owner a minimum of 14 days in advance.
- D. Retesting: If the systems do not satisfactorily pass the functional performance tests the first time for any reason, including but not limited to, equipment failure, incorrect programming or setup, lack of qualified technicians, failure of all parties to attend the testing, omission, error, incomplete startup or verification of systems, and/or failure of the functional performance tests:
 - 1. The contractor will pay all of the Owner's costs for retesting the systems—including the CxA's expenses for tracking, coordinating, preparing, attending and directing additional tests—as many times as necessary until all items pass the functional performance tests.
 - 2. The Owner may deduct the retesting costs from the payments due the contractor.

1.3 COMMISSIONING INTENT

A. Commissioning is a verification process. This specification provides the commissioning plan and functional testing procedures for verifying the work.

- B. Completeness of the work prior to commissioning activities is vital to a successful commissioning process; the contractor is required to fully complete all work prior to the scheduled commissioning activities.
- C. This work includes, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Coordinating the commissioning effort with the Owner's Commissioning Authority (CxA).
 - 2. Scheduling the commissioning activities with specific dates coordinated with the overall construction schedule.
 - 3. Completing critical items in the commissioning process so that the next operation can proceed.
 - 4. Coordinating with the designers and Owner on the operation of the systems. All settings shall be coordinated and set according to the Owner's preference.
 - 5. Establishing a process and schedule for completing prestart and startup checklists for systems, subsystems, and equipment to be verified and tested.
 - 6. Following step-by-step procedures for testing systems, subsystems, and equipment with descriptions for methods of verifying relevant data, recording the results obtained, and listing parties involved in performing and verifying tests.
 - 7. Operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 8. Training, including required training materials.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. CxA: Commissioning Authority.
- B. Systems, Subsystems, Equipment, and Components: Where these terms are used together or separately, they shall mean "as-built" systems, subsystems, equipment, and components.

1.5 COMMISSIONING TEAM

- A. Members Appointed by Contractor(s): Individuals, each having the authority to act on behalf of the entity he or she represents, explicitly organized to implement the commissioning process through coordinated action. The commissioning team shall consist of, but not be limited to, representatives of Contractor, including Project superintendent and subcontractors, installers, suppliers, and specialists deemed appropriate by the CxA.
- B. Members Appointed by Owner:
 - 1. CxA: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process.
 - 2. Representatives of the facility user and operation and maintenance personnel.
 - 3. Architect and engineering design professionals.

1.6 OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities.

1.7 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Contractor shall support the CxA in coordinating and implementing the commissioning plan.
- B. Contractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on its behalf and shall schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning process activities including, but not limited to, the following:
- C. Collaborate with the CxA to coordinate commissioning activities.
- D. Evaluate performance deficiencies identified in test reports and, in collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
- E. Provide trending data for CxA review and comment prior to functional testing.
- F. Cooperate with the CxA for resolution of issues recorded in the Issues Log.
- G. Attend commissioning team meetings.
- H. Integrate and coordinate commissioning process activities with construction schedule.
- I. Review and accept commissioning functional test procedures provided by the CxA.
- J. Apply the Owner's settings preferences to the equipment and systems.
- K. Provide modifications to the control sequences and settings to improve the operation or efficiency of the systems.
- L. Review and accept commissioning process test procedures provided by the Commissioning Authority.
- M. Complete commissioning process test procedures.
- N. Provide the materials, equipment, and labor to fine-tune the operation of the systems as directed by the CxA.

1.8 COMMISSIONING AUTHORITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Organize and lead the commissioning team.
- B. Convene commissioning team meetings.
- C. Provide a list of Owner's settings and preferences for use in setting up equipment and systems.

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- D. Provide functional testing procedures.
- E. Witness systems, assemblies, equipment, and component startup.
- F. Verify the execution of commissioning process activities using random sampling. The sampling rate may vary from 1 to 100 percent. Verification will include, but is not limited to, equipment submittals, training, operating and maintenance data, tests, and test reports to verify compliance with the OPR. When a random sample does not meet the requirement, the CxA will report the failure in the Issues Log.
- G. Direct modifications to the control sequences and settings to improve the operation or efficiency of the systems.
- H. Prepare and maintain the Issues Log.
- I. Compile test data, inspection reports, and certificates; include them in the systems manual and commissioning process report.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREREQUISITES

- A. General: Perform and document the following prerequisites prior to performing verification tests. For each task, submit a statement certifying that the work has been completed and equipment and systems are operational in accordance with contract documents. A certification document is provided at the end of this section.
- B. O&M Manuals: Submit the approved O&M manual to the CxA.
 - 1. Include the manufacturer's installation, startup and checkout data in the O&M Manuals.
 - 2. Provide the approved submittal documentation to the CxA for all operating equipment.
- C. Settings List: Set all equipment and system settings in accordance with the Owners preferences. These include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Room temperature setpoints
 - 2. Occupied and unoccupied schedules
 - 3. HVAC control setpoints including, but not limited to:
 - a. Boiler operating temperatures
 - b. Electric boiler stage on and off time delays
 - 4. Domestic hot water system setpoints
- D. System Startup

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- 1. Startup the systems in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements, acceptable practice, industry standards, and other sources. Inform the CxA of any deviations or additions from the manufacturer's requirements prior to starting the systems.
- 2. Develop and submit a startup report for each piece of equipment showing step-by-step conformance with the startup requirements and manufacturer's startup instructions.
- 3. Copies of the manufacturer's printed startup requirements may be used for documenting the startup procedures. Note the project name, equipment tag, startup technician and date at the top of the page. Specifically note the completion of each step and any other relevant information.
- 4. Perform the manufacturer's installation, pre-starting checks, and start-up procedures for all of the following equipment:
 - a. Pumps
 - b. Variable frequency drives
 - c. Electric boilers
 - d. Domestic hot water heaters
 - e. Tempering valves
 - f. Heat recovery ventilators
 - g. Supply fans
 - h. Exhaust fans
 - i. Lighting systems and controls
- 5. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB): Confirm that testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures have been completed. Submit TAB report.
- 6. Building Automation and Automatic Control Systems
 - a. Perform static and dynamic point-to-point tests of the system.
 - b. Check operation of all valve and damper actuators.
 - c. Confirm that the automatic control systems have been completed and calibrated and are operating in accordance with contract documents.
 - d. Submit updated control drawings and sequences, calibration reports, point-to-point test reports, screen shots of each graphic display, 7-day trend report and certification to the CxA.

3.2 DDC TRENDING DATA

- A. Trend all building automation system points which are control or monitoring points at five-minute intervals. These include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Temperatures
 - 2. Pressures
 - 3. Humidity
 - 4. CO₂ levels
 - 5. Fan and pump status and speeds
 - 6. Valve positions
 - 7. Damper positions

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- 8. Equipment status and modulation
- B. Submit a continuous seven-day data set to the CxA for review.
- C. Continue to trend the data prior to the functional tests, during the functional tests, and for a week after the functional tests.
- D. Submit electronic copies of the monitored data in usable format as selected by the CxA.
- E. Graphical output is required for all output, if the system can produce it. If the system is incapable of graphical output, provide data in a columnar format with time down the left column and at least 5 columns of point values on the same page.

3.3 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING AND TESTING PROCEDURES

A. General

- 1. Perform functional performance tests on all of the equipment associated with the HVAC, lighting, and special systems. The systems and equipment that will be functional tested includes, but is not limited to, the systems listed in this section.
- 2. The CxA will oversee, witnesses, and document the functional testing of all equipment and systems according to the Specifications. The contractor executes the tests to verify proper operation of the systems. The functional test requirements provide a guideline for performance of the tests.
- 3. Verify the operation of the systems under all potential operating modes. This will include varying setpoints and conditions to demonstrate operation of the systems under normally expected conditions throughout the system life.
- 4. Submit data on the procedure to be used for any tests that require temporary modifications to control functions to simulate desired load conditions up to design load conditions. Include measuring instruments and logging devices to record the test data for the required test period. The instrumentation shall meter and record all operating conditions to allow for complete evaluation of the test results.
- 5. Functional performance testing will progress from the central equipment and systems to the individual components of the systems that distribute throughout the building.
- 6. During functional performance testing of a system, a failure in performance of a part of the system or of a component may be revealed. Any performance deficiencies must be evaluated to determine the cause and whether they are part of the contractual obligations. After necessary corrective measures are completed, repeat the necessary functional performance tests.
- B. Functional Testing Procedures
 - 1. Purpose

- a. This section describes the intended testing procedures that will be used to verify system operation during the functional performance tests. The typical methodology will be to verify operation by changing inputs and setpoints to simulate and assess normal system response to load variations and weather.
- b. The test procedures are not limited to only these procedures; other procedures will be applied as required to fully verify the system operation.
- c. Functional testing procedures will include all tests necessary to verify the full and complete operation of the systems under expected operation conditions.

2. General Verification Procedures

- a. Starter testing will involve manually positioning the starter to all positions and verifying proper response.
- b. The equipment will be tested for proper operation.
- c. Control sequence testing will occur at the DDC graphic screens and the DDC front end, where applicable.
- d. Safety testing will occur by triggering the safety device and/or overriding values within the DDC system.
- e. Alarms will be verified by changing settings or operations outside of acceptable ranges to trigger the alarm.
- f. Local controls will be tested from the controllers by changing setpoints and triggering a response.
- g. The manufacturer's recommended startup and checkout test procedures will be used where applicable.
- C. Starter Operation: Tests of equipment starters include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Variable Frequency Drives
 - a. Hand: Manual control of motor speed
 - b. Bypass: Manual operation of motor at 100% speed
 - c. Auto: Automatic control and modulation of speed
 - 2. Magnetic Starters
 - a. Hand: Manual control
 - b. Auto: Automatic control
- D. Hydronic Heating System Verify the following:
 - 1. Miscellaneous
 - a. Water Feeder: Remove fluid from system and observe fill to proper pressure.
 - 2. Electric Boiler
 - a. Safeties: Verify calibration and operation of the operating thermostat, high limit thermostat, extra high limit thermostat, flow switch and low-water cutoff.
 - b. Manual Mode
 - 1) Operation and sequencing of all heating stages by increasing the load from no load to the design heating load and back down again.
 - 2) Demand control limits boiler output to the demand setting.
 - c. Automatic Mode
 - 1) Remote enabling of boiler by the DDC system or boiler control panel.
 - 2) Plant will maintain the heating supply setpoint while the load is increased from minimum to peak design load.

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- a) Proper sequencing of electric heating stages of the boiler and primary pump.
- b) Demand control limits boiler output to the demand setting.
- 3. Pumps: Pump operates properly and modulates in response to load by changing inputs and setpoints.
- 4. Terminal Units: Booster Coils, Cabinet Unit Heaters, Unit Heaters, Convectors: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper response.
- 5. Radiant Slab Heating System: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.

6. Calibration Tests

- a. Sensor and actuator calibration by comparing BAS readout against hand-held calibrated instruments. Readout must be within 0.5°F for temps. or within a tolerance equal to 10% of the pressure setpoint, with a test gage.
- b. Flow meter calibration using pump curves or other method.

7. Acceptance Criteria

- a. For the conditions, sequences and modes tested, the boilers, integral components and related equipment respond to varying loads and changing conditions and parameters appropriately as expected, as specified and according to acceptable operating practice.
- b. Boiler shall maintain the supply water setpoint to within +/- 1.0F of setpoint deadband without excessive hunting.
- c. Pumping system and controls shall maintain the current desired pressure setpoint to within an amount equal to 10% of the setpoint value either side of the deadband without excessive hunting.

E. Domestic Hot Water System – Verify the following:

- 1. Domestic Hot Water Heater: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.
- 2. Hot Water Recirculating Pump: Changing inputs and setpoints and observe proper system response.
- 3. Tempering Valve: Vary flowrate while maintaining a temperature output within 2°F of setpoint.
- 4. Acceptance Criteria: For the conditions, sequences and modes tested, the components and related equipment respond to changing conditions and parameters appropriately as expected, as specified and according to acceptable operating practice.

F. Ventilating Systems – Verify the following:

- 1. Heat Recovery Units and Ventilators: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.
- 2. Terminal Units (Booster Coils): Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.
- 3. Supply Fans: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.
- 4. Exhaust Fans: Change inputs or setpoints and observe proper system response.

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- 5. Acceptance Criteria: The systems, integral components and related equipment respond as specified and according to acceptable operating practice.
- G. Test, Adjustment, and Balancing (TAB) Verify the following:
 - 1. Purpose. The purpose of this test is to spot check the TAB work to verify that it was done in accordance with the contract documents and acceptable practice and that the TAB report is accurate.
 - 2. The following tests and checks will be conducted. The following testing requirements are in addition to and do not replace any testing requirements elsewhere in the contract documents.
 - a. A random sample of up to 50% of the TAB report data shall be selected for verification (air velocity, air or water flow rate, pressure differential, electrical or sound measurement, etc.). The original TAB contractor will execute the checks, witnessed by the CxA. The TAB contractor will use the same test instruments as used in the original TAB work.
 - 1) A failure of more than 10% of the selected items of a given system shall result in the failure of acceptance of the system TAB report. The TAB contractor shall be responsible to rebalance the system, provide a new system TAB report, and repeat random verifications of the new TAB report.
 - b. Verify that final settings of all valves, splitters, dampers and other adjustment devices have been permanently marked by the TAB Contractor.
 - c. Verification that the air system is being controlled to the lowest possible static pressure while still meeting design loads, less diversity. This shall include a review of TAB methods, control setpoints established by TAB and a physical verification of at least one leg from fan to diffuser having all balancing dampers wide open and that during full cooling of all TUs taking off downstream of the static pressure sensor, the TU on the critical leg has its damper 90% or more open.
 - d. Verification that the water system is being controlled to the lowest possible pressure while still meeting design loads, less diversity. This shall include a review of TAB methods, control setpoints established by TAB and a physical verification of at least one leg from the pump to the coil having all balancing valves wide open and that during full heating or cooling the respective heating or cooling coil valve of that leg is 90% or more open.
 - e. Definitions
 - 1) Examples of a "system" are: the air distribution system served by one air handler or the hydronic chilled water supply system served by a chiller or the condenser water system. Systems can be defined smaller if inaccuracies in TAB work within the smaller defined system will have little or no impact on connected systems.
 - 2) Cooling season, Heating season or Both. "Design" means within 5° of season design (ASHRAE 2 1/2%), or 95% of loading design. A blank cell denotes no special seasonal test is required and that test can be executed during any season, if condition simulation is appropriate.
 - 3. Acceptance Criteria: Failure of an item is defined as follows:
 - a. For airflow of supply and return: a deviation of more than 10% of instrument reading.

- b. Minimum Outside Air and Air Flow Monitoring Stations: 10% of instrument reading.
- c. For temperatures: a deviation of more than 1°F
- d. For air and water pressures: a deviation of more than 10% of full scale of test instrument reading.
- e. For sound pressures: a deviation of more than 3 decibels. (Variations in background noise must be considered).

H. Control Systems – Verify the following:

1. A significant part of the control system functional testing requirements is the successful completion of the functional tests of equipment and systems. Uncompleted equipment functional tests or outstanding deficiencies in those tests lend the required controls functional testing incomplete.

2. DDC Controls

- a. Graphics: Screens are neatly arranged, equipment image and system layout is accurate, all points are displayed, information is accurate, text sizes and colors are accurate, and the layout is organized and understandable to a new person on the Owner's operations staff.
- b. Monitoring
 - 1) All points are accurate, properly displayed and identified.
 - 2) User capability to change all setpoints is provided.
- c. Alarms
 - 1) Trigger by changing setpoints at the device to trigger an alarm. If this is not feasible, trigger an alarm by changing the alarm setpoint.
 - 2) Annunciate alarms and provide a central alarm log.
- d. Verify accuracy of control documentation
- 3. Integral or stand-alone controls are functionally tested with the equipment they are attached to, including any interlocks with other equipment or systems.

3.4 TRAINING

- A. Scope: Provide training of the following equipment and systems:
 - 1. Heating System
 - a. Electric boilers
 - 2. Plumbing Systems
 - a. Electric hot water heater
 - b. Tempering valve
 - 3. Ventilation and Exhaust Systems
 - a. Heat recovery units
 - b. Exhaust fans
 - 4. VFD drives
 - 5. Control Systems
 - a. Direct digital control system
 - b. Local and automatic controls

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B.	Agenda: For each training session, submit a form describing the subjects to be covered during
	training, along with the name and qualifications of the trainer(s).

C.	Training Record: Document each training session (duration and general subjects covered). The
	trainer signs for the session and obtains the signature of each trainee.

3.5 CERTIFICATE OF READINESS

Provide the following certi	fications at each commissioning mi	lestone and submit to the CxA.
documents. I certify that th	that the systems are installed in acce e HVAC systems and associated su ee with the startup requirements and ocuments.	bsystems are completed, calibrated
General Contractor	Mechanical Contractor	DDC / Controls Contractor
	lancing (TAB): I certify that the test is accordance with the contract docu	
General Contractor	Mechanical Contractor	TAB Contractor
<u>Lighting Systems and Con</u> accordance with the contra	trols: I certify that the lighting systect documents.	ems and controls are completed in
General Contractor	Electrical Contractor	Controls Contractor
	s: I certify that the automatic control accordance with contract document	•
General Contractor	Mechanical Contractor	DDC / Controls Contractor

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
- 3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for restrictions on use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.
- 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for cutting and patching procedures.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner ready for reuse or store.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Leave existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- E. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

1.3 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
 - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - 1. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
 - 2. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
 - 3. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - 4. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
 - 5. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For refrigerant recovery technician.
- B. Engineering Survey: Submit engineering survey of condition of building.
- C. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including Drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property, for environmental protection, for dust control and, for noise control. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- D. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
 - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
 - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
 - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
 - 4. Use of elevator and stairs.
 - 5. Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.
- E. Predemolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage and demolition operations. Comply with Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- F. Statement of Refrigerant Recovery: Signed by refrigerant recovery technician responsible for recovering refrigerant, stating that all refrigerant that was present was recovered and that recovery was performed according to EPA regulations. Include name and address of technician and date refrigerant was recovered.
- G. Warranties: Documentation indicating that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: Submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
 - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner will remove the following items:
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
 - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Hazardous Materials: Present in buildings and structures to be selectively demolished. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
 - 1. Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials except under procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
 - 3. Owner will provide material safety data sheets for suspected hazardous materials that are known to be present in buildings and structures to be selectively demolished because of building operations or processes performed there.
- F. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- G. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so

as not to void existing warranties. Notify warrantor before proceeding. Existing warranties include the following:

- 1. Roofing
- B. Notify warrantor on completion of selective demolition, and obtain documentation verifying that existing system has been inspected and warranty remains in effect. Submit documentation at Project closeout.

1.10 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSP A10.6 and NFPA 241.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review Project Record Documents of existing construction or other existing condition and hazardous material information provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in Project Record Documents.
- C. Verify that hazardous materials have been remediated before proceeding with building demolition operations.
- D. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs or video.
 - 1. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged.
 - 2. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Refrigerant: Before starting demolition, remove refrigerant from mechanical equipment according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

3.3 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated services/systems when requested by Contractor.
 - 2. Arrange to shut off utilities with utility companies.
 - 3. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
 - 4. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated on Drawings to be removed.
 - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
 - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material and leave in place.
 - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
 - d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
 - e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
 - f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
 - g. Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material and leave in place.

3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
 - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
 - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
 - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.

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- 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
- 5. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
 - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
 - 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
 - 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least < Insert number > hours after flame-cutting operations.
 - 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
 - 7. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
 - 8. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
 - 9. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
 - 10. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly. Comply with requirements in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Removed and Salvaged Items:

- 1. Clean salvaged items.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
- 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
- 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

3.6 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

- A. Concrete: Demolish in small sections. Using power-driven saw, cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4 inch at junctures with construction to remain. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.
- B. Concrete: Demolish in sections. Cut concrete full depth at junctures with construction to remain and at regular intervals using power-driven saw, and then remove concrete between saw cuts.
- C. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, and then remove masonry between saw cuts.
- D. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, and then break up and remove.
- E. Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in RFCI's "Recommended Work Practices for the Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings."
- F. Roofing: Remove no more existing roofing than what can be covered in one day by new roofing and so that building interior remains watertight and weathertight.
 - 1. Remove existing roof membrane, flashings, copings, and roof accessories where required for new work.

3.7 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. and

recycle or dispose of them according to Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."

- 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
- 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
- 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

3.8 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 024119

SECTION 026100 - CONTAMINATED SOIL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The Glacier Fire Station is currently served by a steel aboveground fuel storage tank (AST) located southeast of the building, feeding both the boiler and generator. In addition, an abandoned underground storage tank (UST) is located between the building and the parking area. Both the AST, the UST, and the underground piping associated with each tank are scheduled for removal
- B. The Juneau Fire Station generator is currently served by a steel underground storage tank that was installed around 2001. The tank is scheduled for removal and will be replaced with a generator fitted with an integral tank.
- C. An unknown amount of contaminated soil may be encountered as part of the tank and piping removal tasks.
- D. This Section addresses the removal and replacement of contaminated soil up to a project total of 200 tons, should it be encountered as part of this project.
- E. Bid Quantity for the Item covered in this Section is 200 tons. Unit price for material shall be included in the Contractor's Bid (total Item price divided by 200 tons). Contractor shall be paid for actual tonnage on this Item based on this Unit Price for any quantity between 1 ton and 200 tons.
- F. Section 026500 FUEL STORAGE TANK REMOVAL addresses the removal and disposal of the UST and associated piping.
- G. Both stations will be fully operational providing emergency services throughout the contract period. Clear vehicular access to all apparatus bay doors must be maintained at all times.

1.3 SCOPE OF WORK

A. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVAL shall include all labor, all required submittals, equipment, and materials necessary to remove and dispose of up to 200 tons of contaminated soil encountered (total of 200 tons for project); and to backfill the resulting excavations as necessary with suitable uncontaminated Backfill Material.

SECTION 026100 - CONTAMINATED SOIL

- B. Contractor shall provide equipment and labor to assist Owner or Owner's Representative in collecting characterization samples of contaminated soil identified as part of this Work.
- C. All Work shall be in accordance with these contract documents and applicable state and local regulations.
- D. All soil removed shall be transported to a facility approved by ADEC for processing contaminated soil unless directed otherwise by the Engineer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BACKFILL MATERIAL

A. Backfill under landscaped areas shall be non-frost susceptible, granular material that is free of rocks larger than six inches, mulch, frozen material, lumps, organic material, trash, lumber, or other debris and shall meet all requirements set forth in Sections 312001 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT, 312002 TRENCHING, and 312003 BASE COURSE.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Each person on the crew shall have completed a 40-hour Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) course and have proof of current refresher training.
- B. The Contractor shall provide assistance to the Owner's Representative who shall perform the following activities in accordance with ADEC's Field Sampling Guidance (January 2022) and UST Procedures Manual (March 2017): field screening of soil to determine if it should be disposed of as contaminated soil or used for backfill; collecting representative samples of contaminated and uncontaminated stockpiles, and submitting samples for analysis. Owner shall be responsible for all costs associated with sampling and analysis of soils.
- C. The Contractor shall remove and exclude water <u>uncontaminated</u> by petroleum hydrocarbons as needed to perform the work required under this Contract (including storm water, ground water, and wastewater) from all excavations. Methods used may include dewatering wells, well points, sump pumps, or other means to remove water as needed. Water shall be removed and excluded until backfilling is complete and all field soil testing has been completed.
- D. The Contractor shall report any petroleum hydrocarbon-<u>contaminated</u> water encountered in the excavation to the Engineer. If the Contractor needs to dewater an excavation that has water contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons, the Contractor shall remove and dispose

SECTION 026100 – CONTAMINATED SOIL

- of such contaminated water in accordance with all local, state and federal laws and regulations at sites and facilities provided by the Contractor.
- E. OSHA-approved safety fencing is required around all excavations that are left unattended to effectively isolate the construction area from access to passers-by.

3.2 EXCAVATION BACKFILL

A. Backfill shall be for the project shall be installed as specified in the civil section of these contract documents and shall be paid accordingly.

END OF SECTION 026100

PART 1 - GENERAL

1. 1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions;
- B. Technical specifications; and
- C. All contract drawings, in particular, M101 and M102.
- D. ADEC requirements for decommissioning regulated tanks can be found in 18 AAC 78.085-78.090 and are adopted as part of these contract documents.

1. 2 SUMMARY

- A. The Glacier Fire Station (GFS) boiler and generator are currently served by a 2,000-gallon double-wall steel aboveground fuel storage tank (AST) located southeast of the building. In addition, an abandoned underground storage tank (UST) is located between the building and the parking area, in close proximity to the building foundation. Both the AST, the UST, and all associated underground piping are scheduled for removal. Original installation drawings show a 6,000-gallon underground steel tank. The expectation is that the tank is outfitted with steel hold-down straps attaching it to one or more concrete slabs for ballast. Actual geometry and hold-down configuration are unknown.
- B. The GFS generator is currently served by the 2,000 regulated aboveground storage tank described in Paragraph A, above, and a 300-gallon day tank. Both the AST and day tank are being removed and will be replaced with a generator fitted with an integral tank that will be installed on a slab in the same general location as the abandoned UST. The regulated tank and day tank and all associated aboveground and underground piping associated with each tank are scheduled for removal as part of this project. The concrete pad under the AST shall remain in place.
- C. The Juneau Fire Station (JFS) generator is currently served by a 550-gallon regulated underground storage tank and a 150-gallon day tank. Both tanks are being removed and will be replaced with a generator fitted with an integral tank. The UST is located next to the east corner of the station and is in close proximity to the foundation. The regulated tank and day tank and all associated aboveground and underground piping associated with each tank are scheduled for removal as part of this project.

1. 3 SCOPE OF WORK

A. ABOVEGROUND AND UNDERGROUND FUEL TANKS shall include all labor, all required submittals, equipment, and materials necessary to remove and dispose of the JFS UST, the GFS abandoned UST, and the generator day tanks, associated ballasting and piping, including everything necessary to pump out and dispose of sludges, remove, clean, and dispose of the tanks and associated piping; provide equipment and labor to assist with

collection of clearance samples; and backfill the resulting excavations as necessary with suitable uncontaminated Backfill Material; and to fully decommission the regulated tanks. In addition, ABOVEGROUND AND UNDERGROUND FUEL TANKS shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to remove and dispose of underground piping and all support structures associated with all aboveground tanks being removed. All usable fuel oil removed from the UST is the property of the Owner.

- B. It is assumed for bidding purposes that the removal and legal disposal of up to 10 cubic yards of contaminated soil will be included in Bid Item 026500 ABOVEGROUND AND UNDERGROUND FUEL TANKS. Up to 30 cubic yards of contaminated soil removed as part of this Bid Item is to be moved from both sites and treated in compliance with applicable regulations.
- C. Should additional contaminated soils be encountered that require removal, all work shall be performed in accordance with Section 026100 CONTAMINATED SOIL, of these bid documents.
- D. All Work shall be in accordance with these contract documents and applicable federal, state, local, and airport regulations.

1.4 COORDINATION OF UST DECOMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES

- A. Both JFS and GFS will be fully operational providing emergency services throughout the contract period. Clear vehicular access to all apparatus bay doors must be maintained at all times.
- B. Removal of product and sludge from the existing USTs, including any anticipated or unanticipated interstitial spaces, is the responsibility of the Contractor.
- C. All clean fuel removed from the tank is the property of the Owner.
- D. Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) UST Regulations (18 AAC 78) dated March 2017 and ADEC UST Field Sampling Guidance dated January 2022 shall be used for guidance for UST work (including assessment of any contaminated soil encountered during tank work). ADEC requirements for decommissioning regulated tanks found in 18 AAC 78.085-78.090 and shall be executed as part Section 026500
- E. Coordinate with General Contractor regarding backfill and compaction activities, as described in Articles 2.1 and 3.4, below, and all other sections of these contract documents.

1. 5 SUBMITTALS

A. Pre-Job:

- 1. Excavation Plan: The Contractor shall submit an Excavation Plan outlining steps to be taken to protect foundations and other site features during excavation, as well as plans for backfilling at each UST and piping removal location.
- 2. Tank and Piping Removal and Disposal Plan: The Contractor shall submit a brief Tank and Piping Removal and Disposal Plan that describes methods and schedule

- for cleaning, inerting, inspecting, removing, and disposing of all USTs and all associated piping and ballast, and for providing assistance with collecting UST clearance samples. Refer to PART 3 "EXECUTION" below for specific requirements that must be addressed in the plan.
- 3. Tank and Piping Removal and Disposal Plan shall also include all plans for inerting, inspecting, removing, and disposing of all aboveground tanks and any associated piping, aboveground or underground.
- 4. Site Specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP): The Contractor shall submit a HASP that briefly describes safety and health plans and procedures specific to this project. The HASP shall be developed in accordance with the following outline.
 - a. Site Specific Information
- b. Project Objectives
- c. Chemical Hazards
- d. Safety & Health Analysis
- e. Project Organization
- f. Emergency Assistance Information
- g. Non-emergency Assistance Information
- h. Tailgate Safety Meeting Form
- i. Comprehensive Information
- j. Anticipated Hazards & Risk Prevention
- k. Responsibilities of Project Personnel
- 1. Personnel Training
- m. Medical Surveillance Program
- n. Personal Protective Equipment
- o. Health Hazard Assessment
- p. Site Control Procedures
- q. Decontamination Procedures

B. During job:

1. Release Notification: The Contractor shall notify ADEC and the Engineer in writing within 24 hours after any discovery of contamination, whether identified by direct observation or by laboratory results.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2. 1 BACKFILL MATERIAL

- A. Backfill shall be non-frost susceptible, granular material that is free of rocks larger than six inches, mulch, frozen material, lumps, organic material, trash, lumber, or other debris, and shall meet the specifications outlined in Sections 312001 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT and 312002 TRENCHING.
- B. Final base course material for the project shall meet the requirements of Civil drawings and specifications. See Section 312003 BASE COURSE.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3. 1 GENERAL

- A. Prior to excavation the Contractor shall conduct an on-site investigation to determine location and size of existing utilities or hazards in the digging area.
- B. The Contractor shall not operate valves or similar components of existing systems without the advance written approval of the Engineer.
- C. The Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer for any scheduled utility outages affecting adjacent buildings or properties, (such as water, electrical, sanitary sewer, or storm water). The written request shall specify the type of utility, reason for outage, and the estimated length of the proposed outage. Utility outages shall be requested 7 days in advance. Permission and duration of outages will be granted by the Engineer based upon the need for the utility and upon consideration of suitable bypasses or alternate arrangements.
- D. The Contractor shall remove and exclude water <u>uncontaminated</u> by petroleum hydrocarbons as needed to perform the work required under this Contract (including storm water, ground water, and wastewater) from all excavations. Methods used may include dewatering wells, well points, sump pumps, or other means to remove water as needed. Water shall be removed and excluded until backfilling is complete and all field soil testing has been completed. All uncontaminated water being removed from excavations on this project shall conform to Section 312219 DEWATERING as well as all federal, state, and local regulations.
- E. The Contractor shall report any petroleum hydrocarbon <u>contaminated</u> water encountered in the excavation to the Engineer. If the Contractor needs to dewater an excavation that has water contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons, the Contractor shall remove and dispose of such contaminated water in accordance with all local, state and federal laws and regulations at sites and facilities provided by the Contractor. Any water treatment plan shall be approved by the Engineer and the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation before being implemented.

3. 2 TANK CLEANING

- A. Prior to decommissioning, the Contractor shall clean each tank to remove all remaining liquids and sludges in accordance with the submitted and approved "Tank and Piping Removal and Disposal Plan".
- B. Cleaning shall be in accordance with API RP-1604, "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks". All piping to be removed shall be cleaned to similar standards. The Contractor shall test the tank atmosphere and the excavation area for flammable or combustible vapor concentrations with a combustible gas indicator before any cutting is performed.

3. 3 TANK DISPOSAL

A. The Contractor shall obtain any permits and pay all fees required for disposal of any and all tanks, piping, ballast, or pavement materials.

3. 4 EXCAVATION BACKFILL

- A. Unclassified backfill shall be compacted in lifts no greater than 18", to at least 95% of optimum density as determined by AASHTO T 180 D. Backfill shall conform to the requirements of Sections 312001 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT and 312002 TRENCHING. Coordinate backfill schedule and plan with General Contractor.
- B. A minimum of 6 inches of base course shall be placed and compacted in accordance with the civil section of these contract documents. Base course shall be applied in conformance with Civil drawings and Section 312003 BASE COURSE.
- C. The final grading, compaction, and landscaping of each tank location shall conform to Civil drawings and shall be constructed appropriately for the final designated use of each location (landscaping, concrete pad, asphalt, and so on). Coordinate with General Contractor for allocation of backfill and final finish tasks.

3. 5 CLEARANCE SAMPLING

- A. Contractor shall provide equipment and labor to assist with collection of clearance samples from the UST and piping removal excavations. Clearance samples shall be collected in keeping with current ADEC regulations by a representative of CBJ. Clearance samples shall be collected only after all contaminated soil has been handled.
- B. If contaminated soil is encountered consult the Engineer for direction.

END OF SECTION 026500

SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for interior ceilings.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, 6 inches in size.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For seismic restraints for ceiling systems.
 - 1. Include design calculations for seismic restraints including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Ceiling suspension-system members.
 - 2. Structural members to which suspension systems will be attached.
 - 3. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - 4. Carrying channels or other supplemental support for hanger-wire attachment where conditions do not permit installation of hanger wires at required spacing.
 - 5. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical panels.
 - 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling and ceiling-mounted items including the following:
 - a. Lighting fixtures.
 - b. Diffusers.

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SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

- c. Grilles.
- d. Speakers.
- e. Sprinklers.
- f. Access panels.
- g. Perimeter moldings.
- 7. Show operation of hinged and sliding components covered by or adjacent to acoustical panels.
- 8. Minimum Drawing Scale: 1/8 inch = 1 foot.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- C. Product Test Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency or a qualified testing agency.
- D. Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling suspension system and anchor and fastener type, from ICC-ES.
- E. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Units: Full-size panels equal to 2 percent of quantity installed.
 - 2. Suspension-System Components: Quantity of each exposed component equal to 2 percent of quantity installed.
 - 3. Hold-Down Clips: Equal to 2 percent of quantity installed.
 - 4. Impact Clips: Equal to 2 percent of quantity installed.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension-system components, and accessories to Project site and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.

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1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet-work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
 - 1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical panel ceiling installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and its supporting suspension system from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design seismic restraints for ceiling systems.
- B. Seismic Performance: Suspended ceilings shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
- C. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: Class A according to ASTM E1264.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- D. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Indicate design designations from UL or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.

2.3 ACOUSTICAL PANELS

- A. Basis-of-Design: USG "Radar Acoustical Panels" or approved equal
- B. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels according to ASTM E1264 and designated by type, form, pattern, acoustical rating, and light reflectance unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Classification: Provide panels as follows:

- 1. Type and Form: Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 2, water felted.
- 2. Pattern: CE (perforated, small holes and lightly textured.
- D. Color: White.
- E. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.83.
- F. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 33.
- G. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.55.
- H. Edge/Joint Detail: Shadowline Tapered.
- I. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
- J. Modular Size: 24 by 48 inches.
- K. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D3273, ASTM D3274, or ASTM G21 and evaluated according to ASTM D3274 or ASTM G21.

2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. Metal Suspension-System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard, direct-hung, metal suspension system and accessories according to ASTM C635/C635M and designated by type, structural classification, and finish indicated.
 - 1. High-Humidity Finish: Where indicated, provide coating tested and classified for "severe environment performance" according to ASTM C635/C635M.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
 - 1. Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing according to ASTM E488/E488M or ASTM E1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - a. Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated according to ASTM B633, Class SC 1 (mild) service condition.
- B. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires as follows:
 - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.

- 2. Stainless-Steel Wire: ASTM A580/A580M, Type 304, nonmagnetic.
- 3. Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
- 4. Size: Wire diameter sufficient for its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but not less than 0.106-inch-diameter wire.
- C. Hanger Rods: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
- D. Flat Hangers: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
- E. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inch-thick, galvanized-steel sheet complying with ASTM A653/A653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch-diameter bolts.
- F. Hold-Down Clips: Manufacturer's standard hold-down.
- G. Impact Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-clip system designed to absorb impact forces against acoustical panels.
- H. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard seismic clips designed to secure acoustical panels in place during a seismic event.
- I. Seismic Stabilizer Bars: Manufacturer's standard perimeter stabilizers designed to accommodate seismic forces.
- J. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate seismic forces.

2.6 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

- A. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that comply with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension-system runners.
 - 1. Edge moldings shall fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated and match width and configuration of exposed runners unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. For lay-in panels with reveal edge details, provide stepped edge molding that forms reveal of same depth and width as that formed between edge of panel and flange at exposed suspension member.
 - 3. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.
- B. Extruded-Aluminum Edge Moldings and Trim: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's extruded-aluminum edge moldings and trim of profile indicated or referenced by manufacturer's designations, including splice plates, corner pieces, and attachment and other clips, complying with seismic design requirements.
 - 1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.

2.7 ACOUSTICAL SEALANT

A. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079219 "Acoustical Joint Sealants."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Examine acoustical panels before installation. Reject acoustical panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders unless otherwise indicated, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.
- B. Layout openings for penetrations centered on the penetrating items.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install acoustical panel ceilings according to ASTM C636/C636M, seismic design requirements, and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Fire-Rated Assembly: Install fire-rated ceiling systems according to tested fire-rated design.
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension-system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.

- 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling-suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly to structure or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
- 5. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both the structure to which hangers are attached and the type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
- 6. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
- 7. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
- 8. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
- 9. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 10. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
- 11. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards.
- C. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.
- D. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.
 - 1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
 - 2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - 3. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- E. Install suspension-system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- F. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspension-system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide precise fit.
 - 1. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical panels as follows:
 - a. As indicated on reflected ceiling plans.
 - b. Install panels with pattern running in one direction parallel to [long] [short] axis of space.
 - c. Install panels in a basket-weave pattern.

- 2. For square-edged panels, install panels with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension-system runners and moldings.
- 3. For reveal-edged panels on suspension-system runners, install panels with bottom of reveal in firm contact with top surface of runner flanges.
- 4. For reveal-edged panels on suspension-system members with box-shaped flanges, install panels with reveal surfaces in firm contact with suspension-system surfaces and panel faces flush with bottom face of runners.
- 5. Paint cut edges of panel remaining exposed after installation; match color of exposed panel surfaces using coating recommended in writing for this purpose by acoustical panel manufacturer.
- 6. Install hold-down, impact and seismic clips in areas indicated; space according to panel manufacturer's written instructions unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Hold-Down Clips: Space 24 inches o.c. on all cross runners.
- 7. Install clean-room gasket system in areas indicated, sealing each panel and fixture as recommended by panel manufacturer's written instructions.
- 8. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts according to requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.

3.4 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Suspended Ceilings: Install main and cross runners level to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet, non-cumulative.
- B. Moldings and Trim: Install moldings and trim to substrate and level with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet, non-cumulative.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension-system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage.
- B. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 095113

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on interior substrates.
 - 1. Gypsum board.
 - 2. Plastic.
 - 3. Vinyl wallcovering.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. MPI Gloss Level 1: Not more than five units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. MPI Gloss Level 2: Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. MPI Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Paint: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system.
 - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
- B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
 - 2. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to products listed in the Interior Painting Schedule for the paint category indicated.

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - 1. Plastic: 15 percent.
 - 2. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.

- 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Plastic Laminate Substrates: Thoroughly clean surface of dirt, grim, and other contaminants. Sand surface to ensure adhesion of paint products as recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
 - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
 - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
 - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
 - 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
 - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in equipment rooms:
 - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
 - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
 - c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
 - d. Pipe hangers and supports.
 - e. Metal conduit.
 - f. Plastic conduit.
 - g. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
 - h. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
 - 2. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:

- a. Equipment, including panelboards.
- b. Uninsulated metal piping.
- c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
- d. Pipe hangers and supports.
- e. Metal conduit.
- f. Plastic conduit.
- g. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
- 3. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.5 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Plastic and Vinyl Wallcovering Substrates:
 - 1. High-Performance Architectural Latex System MPI INT 6.8A:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, bonding, solvent based, MPI #69.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural (MPI Gloss Level 4), MPI #140.
- B. Gypsum Board Substrates:
 - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, MPI #149.

- b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat. Omit on pre-painted surfaces where coverage is achieved with topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC (MPI Gloss Level 4), MPI #146.
 - 1) Provide mildew growth inhibitor additive at Bath areas.

END OF SECTION 099213

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Sprinkler Heads.
- B. Pipe and Fittings

1.2 SUMMARY OF WORK

- A. Replace existing sprinkler heads with new, with the exception of the 2016 ARFF Addition area.
- B. Where ceiling grid is being replaced, adjust head location for placement in center of new ceiling panel. FM Approved and UL Listed flexible stainless-steel hose may be utilized for sprinkler head installation where head location is adjusted.
- C. Revise sprinkler coverage in Mech 108 and in Air Comp 131 if needed due to new work. Revise sprinkler coverage to allow for new ductwork installation for rooms served by HRV-1 if needed due to duct/head conflicts.
- D. Work in Occupied Building: Upon prior approval from Owner, Sprinkler systems serving the occupied building may be temporarily shutdown to allow for installation of new heads. Coordinate requirements with Owner.

1.3 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Mechanical Work is governed by the entire Specifications and not just Division 21. The entire Specifications must be examined for requirements relating to the Work hereunder. The Work covered by this and all other Mechanical sections consists of furnishing labor, equipment, and materials in accordance with the Specifications or Drawings, or both, together with any incidental items not shown or specified which can be reasonably inferred or taken as belonging to the Work and necessary in good practice to provide a complete system described or shown as intended.
- B. Coordinate proposed shutdown of systems with the Owner. All shutdowns must be pre-approved by Owner. Contact names and phone numbers will be available through the ARCHITECT.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. General: Provide submittals according to Conditions of Contract, Division 1 Specifications Sections, and as required hereunder. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General, Supplementary Conditions, and all Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Approval of the data shall not eliminate responsibility for compliance with the Drawings or Specifications unless specific attention has been called in writing to proposed deviations at the time of transmittal of the data and such deviations have been approved, not shall it eliminate the responsibility for freedom of errors of any sort in the data. All submittal data for Project

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construction is to be turned in for approval at the same time in order for an efficient review process. Partial submittals may be rejected until the full submittal is received.

- B. See Division 1 Submittals, for submittal procedures.
- C. Specific Products: Trade names and catalog numbers of manufactured products included herein are intended to indicate the type, size and grade of quality of equipment and materials required and such equipment and materials are approved for installation subject to full compliance with the Specifications. Except where single manufacture is specified for standardization, requests for approval of other manufacturers than those specified must be accompanied by complete descriptions including overall dimensions, performance data, and, if catalog material, identification of specific products or items proposed.
- D. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. Extra Sprinklers: Type and size matching those installed, in quantity required by referenced NFPA design and installation standard.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain one copy of referenced design and installation standard on site.
- B. Conform to UL requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- D. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 3 years experience approved by manufacturer.
- E. Equipment and Components: Provide products that bear UL label or marking.
- F. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store products in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps. Maintain caps in place until installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sprinklers, Valves, and Equipment:
 - 1. Tyco Fire Suppression & Building Products

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- 2. Viking Corporation
- 3. Grinnell

2.2 SPRINKLERS

- A. Suspended Ceiling Type: Recessed pendant type with matching push on escutcheon plate.
 - 1. Response Type: Quick.
 - 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
 - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
 - 4. Escutcheon Plate Finish: Chrome plated.
 - 5. Fusible Link: Glass bulb type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- B. Exposed Area Type: Upright type with guard.
 - 1. Response Type: Quick.
 - 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
 - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
 - 4. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- C. Sidewall Type: Semi-recessed horizontal sidewall type with matching push on escutcheon plate.
 - 1. Response Type: Quick.
 - 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
 - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
 - 4. Escutcheon Plate Finish: Chrome plated.
 - 5. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- D. Guards: Finish matching sprinkler finish.

2.3 FLEXIBLE SPRINKLER CONNECTIONS

- A. Flexible sprinkler connections
 - 1. FM Approved. UL Listed.
 - 2. Shall meet NFPA 13 requirements.
 - 3. Stainless steel braided flexible hose 1-inch size.
- B. Installation requirements
 - 1. Length appropriate for each specific head installation.
 - 2. Install in compliance with manufacturer's requirements. Bends shall not exceed quantities or radius per manufacturer's listing.
 - 3. Flexible sprinkler connections must be rated for specific ceiling grid installed.

2.4 ABOVE GROUND PIPING

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A-53 Schedule 40, black. Threaded pipe through 2-inch size. Rolled grooved fittings for 2-1/2 inch size and over.
 - 1. Threaded.
 - 2. Mechanical Grooved Couplings: Malleable iron housing clamps to engage and lock, "C" shaped elastomeric sealing gasket, steel bolts, nuts, and washers. Couplings to fully encircle pipe and not U-bolt type. Rolled groove type. Cut groove not acceptable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with NFPA design and installation standards.
- B. Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Place pipe runs to minimize obstruction to other work.
- D. Place piping in concealed spaces above finished ceilings.
- E. Apply masking tape or paper cover to ensure concealed sprinklers, cover plates, and sprinkler escutcheons do not receive field paint finish. Remove after painting. Replace painted sprinklers.
- F. Install guards on sprinklers in all mechanical rooms, janitor rooms, storage rooms, mezzanine fan room, and where indicated.
- G. Hydrostatically test entire system.
- H. Require tests be witnessed by Fire Marshal.
- I. Install flexible sprinkler connections and new heads at all renovated spaces.

END OF SECTION 211300

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Mechanical Work is governed by the entire Specifications and not just Division 22. The entire Specifications must be examined for requirements relating to the Work hereunder. The Work covered by this and all other Mechanical sections consists of furnishing labor, equipment, and materials in accordance with the Specifications or Drawings, or both, together with any incidental items not shown or specified which can be reasonably inferred or taken as belonging to the Work and necessary in good practice to provide a complete system described or shown as intended.
- B. Coordinate shutdown of systems with the Owner and CBJ Maintenance.
- C. Continuity of Mechanical Systems for the Building: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building plumbing and heating during demolition and new work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated and pre-approved by the Owner. Contractor shall provide temporary domestic cold and hot water supply to plumbing fixtures and temporary heating for the building during project work. See paragraph 1.6.
- D. Demolition of and Connection to Existing Material, Equipment, and Systems:
 - 1. Mechanical drawings show reported as-built and contract document locations of systems taken from past project drawings. Not all piping, ductwork, or other mechanical systems will be shown. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all conditions and locations of mechanical systems on-site.
 - 2. Where select piping and ductwork systems are shown to be partially removed for connection, prepare and protect the connection points appropriately to ensure later continuity of Work. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary supports as required and completely replace material and equipment that are not suitably protected during construction and becomes damaged.
 - 3. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary caps for ductwork and piping as required. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary partitions such as air-tight air plenum separations as required to maintain continuity of systems and to not contaminate existing systems or finishes. CONTRACTOR shall remove all temporary provisions when the phase of Work is completed or earlier if required.
 - 4. All material and equipment that are to be removed for relocation is the CONTRACTORS responsibility to suitably protect and store in a location that protects from damage. CONTRACTOR shall completely replace all relocated material and equipment that are damaged from storage and other misuse between demolition and reinstallation.
 - 5. Where items are shown to be removed such as piping or ductwork it is to be assumed that this includes the removal of the respective system including but not limited to pipe and duct hangers, supports, conduit, wiring, valves, and other related trim and appurtenances. Piping to be removed through a floor assumes that the piping is to be capped below floor and the floor finished smooth.
 - 6. Mechanical Contractor shall be available during Demolition Work for coordination and assistance for related Work. Mechanical Contractor shall locate, isolate, and drain piping systems to be removed.

1.2 WORDING OF THE SPECIFICATIONS

A. These Specifications are of the abbreviated or streamlined type and frequently include incomplete sentences. However, periods are used for clarity. Words such as "shall", "shall be", "the CONTRACTOR shall", and similar mandatory phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner, as they are required for the notes on the drawings.

1.3 CODES AND REGULATIONS

A. All Work hereunder shall be strictly in conformance with applicable codes and regulations. All Work shall be in accordance with the 2018 Uniform Plumbing Code, 2012 International Mechanical Code, 2012 International Building Code, 2012 International Fire Code, the most recent edition of NFPA, City & Borough of Juneau and State of Alaska code modifications insofar as minimum requirements are concerned, but the Drawings and Specifications shall govern in case the minimum requirements are exceeded. All electrical equipment shall bear the UL label.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide submittals according to Conditions of Contract, Division 1 Specifications Sections, and as required hereunder. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General, Supplementary Conditions, and all Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Approval of the data shall not eliminate responsibility for compliance with the Drawings or Specifications unless specific attention has been called in writing to proposed deviations at the time of transmittal of the data and such deviations have been approved, nor shall it eliminate the responsibility for freedom of errors of any sort in the data. All Mechanical submittal data for Project construction is to be turned in for approval at the same time in order for an efficient review process. Partial submittals may be rejected until the full submittal is received.
- B. Specified Products: Trade names and catalog numbers of manufactured products included herein are intended to indicate the type, size, and grade of quality of equipment and materials required and such equipment and materials are approved for installation, subject to full compliance with the Specifications. Except where single manufacture is specified for standardization, requests for approval of other manufacturers than those specified must be accompanied by complete descriptions including overall dimensions, performance data, and, if catalog material, identification of specific products or items proposed.
- C. Submittal Format: All data shall be submitted at one time in the same order of Specification Division section. Data submitted that is not conforming to these specification requirements will be returned without reviewing and will need to be resubmitted at Contractors sole complete cost.
 - 1. The first page shall be a cover sheet with project name, address, date, submittal product name, all applicable contractors and contact information, and all applicable consultants and contact information.
 - 2. Second page shall be a submittal manual index of all project Specification sections with respective tab numbers, and respective book number, if applicable.
 - 3. The first page of each manuals section shall be an index of that respective project

- Specification section and number with each product name, manufacturer name and model number.
- 4. Each manuals section shall be labeled and certified by mechanical Subcontractor that the data presented is in accordance with project Specifications. Index sheet in front of completed binder listing each piece of equipment or material submitted.
- 5. Product Data to be utilized shall be flagged and noted and all other data shall be crossed out or otherwise flagged that it is not in the project.
- 6. Data shall be organized in order of Specification number. Specification number shall be clearly labeled on each submittal page.
- D. As-built Drawings: As-built drawings shall be required from all Mechanical Subcontractors and shall accurately show all changes from Contract Documents for all piping, ductwork, and equipment. As-built drawings shall be updated daily and available for inspection on-site by the ARCHITECT.
- E. Operating and Maintenance Data: See Division 1 for the number of sets of data to be provided for submittal and additional requirements. Provide a minimum of two (2) hardcopies after final approval along with a digital copy. The following data shall be provided to the ARCHITECT for approval 30 days prior to the request for Substantial Completion inspection. Except for the valve directory and nameplate directory, the data shall be provided complete at one time. Partial or separate data will be returned for completion. The valve directory and nameplate directory may be provided for approval previous to the other data. The first section of the O&M manual shall be as listed in the following subparagraphs in order presented hereunder. All of the following subparagraphs sections shall be furnished with permanent plastic see through covers. See requirements under 1.4.C for additional submittal and formatting requirements.
 - 1. Cover and Index sheets as in 1.4.C. above.
 - 2. Description of systems and operating instructions: The Contractor shall prepare a brief type written description of all new and modified systems, explaining how the systems operate and indicating the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for the proper operation of the systems. Technical knowledge on controls or adjustments requiring specialized technicians should not be included in the instructions.
 - 3. Nameplate directory: List of all new air handlers, fans, water heaters, tanks, thermostatic mixing valves, pumps, unit heaters, cabinet unit heaters, coils, and other equipment nameplates, giving manufacturer's nameplate data, nameplate designation, location of equipment, area served, switch location, and normal position of the switch. Motor data must include the horsepower, voltage, full load amperage, phase, etc. See Section 220553 Mechanical Identification.
 - 4. Manufacturers' literature: Manufacturers' instructions for operation and maintenance of all mechanical equipment and specialties, including replacement parts lists, capacity curves or charts, equipment data sheets similar to the submittals, manufacturers' literature on the equipment, and as-built wiring diagrams and control drawings, all suitable for side binding to 8-1/2 x 11 inch size. All data not applicable to the job is to be crossed out or deleted. Manuals turned in for review with non-applicable data not crossed out shall be returned to the Contractor.
 - 5. Maintenance instructions: Instructions for the maintenance of the systems, listing each service required on all of the mechanical equipment, including inspections, lubrication,

- cleaning, checking, and all other operations required. The list is to include all types of bearings installed on the equipment and the type of lubricant required.
- 6. Maintenance schedule: List of each item of mechanical equipment requiring inspection, lubrication, cleaning, or service including the type of bearings and type of lubricating means for each piece of equipment. Each item of equipment is to be listed separately with the service required. List to include the times during the year when such inspection and maintenance shall be performed. The specific maintenance required shall be referenced back to the maintenance instructions.
- 7. Valve directory: Indicating valve number, size, location, function, and normal position for each numbered valve. The directory shall be provided and approved before installation of the valve tags. A sample arrangement will be furnished upon request. Two copies required for the preliminary list. See Section 220553 Mechanical Identification.
- F. Guide Documents: Sample operating and maintenance instructions and maintenance schedule may be obtained from the ARCHITECT upon request, to assist in properly setting up the data.
- G. Instructions to Personnel and Training: The mechanical Subcontractor shall instruct operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of the systems before accepting the responsibility of operation and maintenance of the systems.
- H. Qualification Data: For sheet metal installers. For pipe fitters.
- I. Submit prior to Substantial Completion Inspection and Final Inspection a detailed list of equipment and systems that will not be completed for the completion date. Include status and information of deficiencies from all previous inspection reports.
- J. Submit prior to Re-inspections of Substantial Completion Inspections, if applicable, and the Final Inspection a marked copy of the previous Engineers Inspection Reports detailing all items that have been completed and all items that have not been completed with reasons thereof. Reinspection or Final Inspection will not occur until receipt of this list.

1.5 COOPERATIVE WORK

- A. The Work hereunder shall be coordinated between various mechanical Sections and with the Work specified under other divisions or contracts toward rapid completion of the entire Project. If any cooperative Work must be altered due to lack of proper supervision hereunder, or failure to make proper provisions in time, then the Work hereunder shall include all expense of such changes as are necessary to be made in the Work under other divisions and contracts, and such changes shall be directly supervised by the ARCHITECT and shall be made to the satisfaction of the ARCHITECT.
- B. In general pitched piping and ductwork shall take preference in location within the Project area. Coordination of all drain valves, duct access doors, and other equipment requiring access and maintenance procedures is required with all building components during construction for maximum accessibility and proper location as intended. Coordinate closely with all other Contractors.
- C. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Contractors. The

CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to the Owner shall replace any existing material or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordination with all disciplines is required.

1.6 TEMPORARY UTILTIES

- A. Temporary Utilities: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building plumbing and heating systems during demolition and new Work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated and pre-approved by the Owner.
 - 1. Building air handling units may not be utilized for ventilating or heating portions of the building where Construction Work is in progress. All unused ducts are to be sealed air tight into Construction Area. Any duct found dirty will be cleaned immediately at the expense of the CONTRACTOR including removal and replacement of sound lined ducts.
 - 2. Contractor shall provide temporary domestic cold water and hot water to building plumbing fixtures during construction. Contractor to provide temporary heating to the building during construction. Building shall maintain 67F-70F during heating demands. Coordinate with Owner for additional requirements.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in conformance with all applicable codes, regulations, local ordinances, contract documents, and generally accepted good practice. If discrepancies exist between Specifications and Contract Drawings then the solution that provides the Owner with the highest quality of product or installation shall be deemed as intended by the Contract Documents.
- B. All sheet metal workers shall have a minimum documented sheet metal fabrication and installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Sheet Metal Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 3 apprentices or sheet metal workers for every one foreman. A foreman is defined as a sheet metal worker with minimum 3 years experience as detailed above or is an approved Journeyman.
- C. All Plumbers and Pipe Fitters shall have a minimum documented installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Plumbers and Pipe Fitters Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 2 apprentices or pipe fitters for every one Journeyman.

1.8 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

- A. See Division 1 for specific requirements.
- B. Verifications: All measurements shall be verified at the site and prior to fabrications of equipment and systems. The existing conditions shall be fully observed before beginning the Work hereunder, and the Work hereunder executed in full coordination with the existing conditions observed. All hazardous material including asbestos materials that are discovered during the course of construction shall be immediately brought to the attention of the ARCHITECT for action. All Work performed with hazardous materials not approved by the

Owner shall be at the full responsibility of the contractor and not the Owner.

C. Changes: Variations apparently necessary due to existing conditions shall be made only on approval in writing by the ARCHITECT.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 for specific requirements regarding: Product warranties and product Bonds.
- B. The contractor shall provide continuous and generally trouble-free operation of the mechanical systems for the time period listed in Division 1 or for one year after Substantial Completion whichever time period is longer. The operation and maintenance of systems other than incidental operations such as room thermostat settings or changing of air filters, shall be the sole responsibility of the contractor and shall be addressed by the contractor immediately if deficiencies are present. Leaking of valves, flanges, or air vents shall be addressed immediately by the contractor during the warranty period. Control settings, noise problems, and other deficiencies resulting in unsatisfactory environmental conditions shall be addressed immediately.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 220510

220519 – METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pressure gages and pressure gage taps.
- B. Thermometers and thermometer wells.
- C. Test Ports.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide list that indicates use, operating range, total range and location for manufactured components.
 - 1. Manufacturer's data indicating use, operating range, total range, accuracy, and location for manufactured components.
 - 2. Submit product description, model, dimensions, component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
 - 3. Submit schedule indicating manufacturer, model number, size, location, rated capacity, load served, and features for each specialty.
 - 4. Submit schedule of pressure gage and thermometers detailing service and scale.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and instrumentation.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
 - 2. Extra Pressure Gages and Thermometers: One of each type and size.

1.3 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install instrumentation when areas are under construction, except for required rough-in, taps, supports and test plugs.

220519 – METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRESSURE GAGES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc
 - 2. Moeller Instrument Co., Inc
 - 3. Omega Engineering, Inc
- B. Pressure Gages: ASME B40.100, UL 393 drawn steel case, phosphor bronze bourdon tube, rotary brass movement, brass socket, with front recalibration adjustment, black scale on white background.
 - 1. Case: Steel with brass bourdon tube.
 - 2. Size: 4-1/2 inch diameter.
 - 3. Mid-Scale Accuracy: One percent.
 - 4. Scale: Psi.

2.2 PRESSURE GAGE TAPPINGS

A. Gage Cock: Tee or lever handle, brass for maximum 150 psi.

2.3 SOLAR POWERED THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Weiss
 - 2. Weksler
 - 3. FNW brand not acceptable.
- B. Thermometer: Adjustable angle, digital solar powered thermometer, with positive locking device.
 - 1. Stem: Brass, 3/4 inch NPT, 3-1/2 inch long.
 - 2. Accuracy: 2 percent.
 - 3. Calibration: Both degrees F and degrees C.

2.4 THERMOMETER SUPPORTS

- A. Socket: Brass separable sockets for thermometer stems with or without extensions as required, and with cap and chain.
- B. Heat Conductive Fluid: Piping wells shall be filled with heat conductive fluid.

220519 – METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING

2.5 TEST PLUGS

- A. Test Plug: 1/4 inch NPT or 1/2 inch NPT brass self sealing fitting and screw type sealing cap for receiving 1/8 inch outside diameter pressure or temperature probe with Nordel core for temperatures up to 350 degrees F.
- B. Test Kit: Carrying case, internally padded and fitted containing one 2-1/2 inch (60 mm) diameter pressure gages, one gage adapters with 1/8 inch (3 mm) probes, two 1 inch (25 mm) dial thermometers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install thermometers in piping systems in sockets in short couplings. Enlarge pipes smaller than 2-1/2 inch for installation of thermometer sockets. Ensure sockets allow clearance from insulation.
- C. Locate test plugs adjacent to pressure gages and pressure gage taps.
- D. Install thermometer sockets adjacent to controls systems thermostat, transmitter, or sensor sockets.
- E. Coil and conceal excess capillary on remote element instruments.
- F. Provide instruments with scale ranges selected according to service with largest appropriate scale.
- G. Install gages and thermometers in locations where they are easily read from normal operating level. Install vertical to 45 degrees off vertical.
- H. Adjust gages and thermometers to final angle, clean windows and lenses, and calibrate to zero.
- I. Provide two pressure gages per pump, installing taps before strainers and on suction and discharge of pump. Pipe to gage.
- J. Install pressure gages with pulsation dampers. Provide gage cock to isolate each gage. Extend nipples to allow clearance from insulation.
- K. Fill thermometer well with heat conductive gel.

END OF SECTION 220519

220553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nameplates.
- B. Tags.
- C. Pipe Markers.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Chart and Schedule: Submit valve chart and schedule, including valve tag number, location, function, and valve manufacturer's name and model number.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 NAMEPLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
 - 2. Seton Identification Products.
- B. Description: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved letters.
 - 1. Letter Color: White.
 - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Background Color: Black.
 - Plastic: Conform to ASTM D709.

220553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

2.2 TAGS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving
- 2. Brady Corporation
- 3. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
- 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Plastic Tags: Laminated plastic with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges.
- C. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

2.3 PIPE MARKERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Brady Corporation
- 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
- 3. MIFAB, Inc
- 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- C. Plastic Tape Pipe Markers: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- D. Plastic Pipe Markers: Factory fabricated, flexible, semi- rigid plastic, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid being conveyed. For un-insulated piping only.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.
- B. Symbols, numbers, and all mechanical identification shall match and be in accordance with Contract Documents.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.
- B. Install tags with corrosion resistant chain.

220553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- C. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install plastic tape pipe markers complete around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller.
 - 1. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
 - 2. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
 - 3. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- F. Identify pumps, air handlers, tanks, fans, pumps, coils, backflow preventers, and water treatment devices with plastic nameplates. Small devices, such as in-line pumps, may be identified with tags.
- G. Identify valves in main and branch piping with tags. Coordinate with existing valve tag directory.
- H. Identify piping, concealed or exposed, with plastic pipe markers or plastic tape pipe markers.
 - 1. Plastic pipe markers are to be used on uninsulated piping only.
 - 2. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
 - 3. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
 - 4. Locate identification not to exceed 15 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
 - 5. Inaccessible piping need not be indentified if piping is identified at nearest accessible or exposed locations.
 - 6. Install identifying devices after completion of coverings and painting.

END OF SECTION 220553

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum 3 years of experience.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

2.2 GLASS FIBER

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Knauf Insulation
 - 2. Johns Manville Corporation
 - 3. Owens Corning Corp
 - 4. CertainTeed Corporation
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible.
 - 1. 'K' value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
 - 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
 - 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perminches.
- D. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive:
 - 1. Water based insulation adhesive, UL classified. Compatible with insulation.

2.3 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Johns Manville Corporation
 - b. Proto/Knauf
 - c. Speedline
 - 2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
 - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
 - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
 - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.

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- d. Thickness: 10 mil.
- e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
- 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
 - a. Compatible with insulation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
 - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- F. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- G. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
 - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.

H. Inserts and Shields:

- 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
- 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
- 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
- 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
- 5. Insert material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.
- I. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- J. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
- K. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with cement to form smooth surface.
- L. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- M. Nameplates and ASME Stamps: Bevel and seal insulation around; do not insulate over.
- N. Equipment Requiring Access for Maintenance, Repair, or Cleaning: Install insulation so it can be easily removed and replaced without damage.
- O. Factory Insulated Equipment: Do not insulate.
- P. Pipe Exposed (less than 7 feet above finished floor) in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces: Finish with PVC jacket and fitting covers.

3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Piping Systems:
 - 1. Domestic Hot and Cold Water Supply and Hot Water Circulation: Mineral fiber pipe insulation, 1 inch thick. 1/2-inch thick may be used on plumbing piping branches 3/4-inch and smaller diameter when located inside walls.

END OF SECTION 220719

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pipe, pipe fittings, valves, and connections for piping systems.
 - 1. Sanitary sewer.
 - 2. Domestic water.
 - 3. Storm water (roof drainage).
- B. Delegated Seismic Restraint Design of Plumbing Piping and Equipment

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalog information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.
- D. The Contractor is responsible for the seismic restraint design for suspended piping and mechanical equipment meeting current ASCE-7 requirements. Structural steel bracing shall be designed in accordance with AISC 360 Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings. Calculations: Include detailed calculations justifying bracing designs and attachments, stamped and signed by a professional structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska.
- E. Shop Drawings for Seismic Bracing of Piping and Equipment.
 - 1. Include layout, spacings, orientation, sizes, thicknesses and grades of steel for bracing and bracing attachments.
 - 2. Include sizes and numbers of attachments, locations and attachment
 - 3. Include weld sizes and types using AWS symbols.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable codes.
- B. Valves: Manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
- C. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.
- D. Store piping and equipment in clean, enclosed from weather, location at all times. Materials are not to be stored in direct contact with dirty surfaces or on dirt floor. If piping, equipment, and components are found to be improperly stored they shall be removed from the project immediately and new, clean materials shall be used.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install underground piping when bedding is wet or frozen.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SANITARY SEWER AND VENT PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
 - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
 - 2. Joints (Under 3-inch size): CISPI 301, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies. Standard duty.
 - 3. Joints (3-inch and larger): CISPI 301, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies. Heavy Duty Coupling Assembly; Clamp-All or Anoco Husky Series 4000 couplings. No substitutions.

2.2 WATER PIPING, BURIED WITHIN BUILDING

- A. Copper Pipe: ASTM B42, Type K, hard drawn, 1 inch and smaller pipe size may be annealed continuous length, annealed.
 - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22 wrought copper and bronze.
 - 2. Joints: AWS A5.8, BCuP silver braze.

2.3 WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (ASTM B88M), Type L (B), Drawn (H).
 - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought copper and bronze.

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2. Joints: ASTM B32, solder, Grade 95TA. Mechanical press fit joint with gasket equivalent to PROPRESS acceptable.

2.4 FLANGES, UNIONS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe Sizes 3 Inches and Under:
 - 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded unions.
 - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 bronze unions with soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe Size Over 1 Inch:
 - 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded or forged steel slip-on flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
 - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 slip-on bronze flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
- C. Dielectric Connections: Union thermoplastic-lined steel construction, water impervious isolation barrier, threaded end or Pro-press type compression fittings. IAMPO/UPC Listed.

2.5 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.
 - 1. If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
 - 2. Overhead Supports: Individual steel rod hangers attached to structure or to trapeze hangers.
 - 3. Trapeze Hangers: Welded steel channel frames attached to structure.
 - 4. Vertical Pipe Support: Steel riser clamp.
 - 5. Hanger rod: Zinc plated threaded rod.
- B. Plumbing Piping Drain, Waste, and Vent:
 - 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Galvanized steel, adjustable swivel, split type.
 - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Hot dipped galvanized steel, adjustable, clevis.
 - 3. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- C. Plumbing Piping Water:
 - 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Galvanized steel, adjustable swivel, split type.
 - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Hot dipped galvanized steel, adjustable, clevis.
 - 3. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 Inches and Over: Galvanized steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
 - 4. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

2.6 BALL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Tyco Flow Control
- 2. Conbraco Industries
- 3. Nibco, Inc
- 4. Milwaukee Valve Company
- B. Construction, 3 Inches and Smaller: MSS SP-110, Class 150, 400 psi CWP, bronze, two piece body, chrome plated brass ball, full port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow-out proof stem, lever handle, solder or threaded ends. Solder ends acceptable only on smaller than 1-inch size. Lead Free.

2.7 GATE VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Stockham
- 2. Nibco, Inc.
- 3. Milwaukee Valve Company.
- 4. Hammond
- B. Up To and Including 3 Inches:
 - 1. MSS SP-80, Class 125, bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, handwheel, inside screw, solid wedge disc, solder ends. Lead Free.
- C. 4 Inches and Larger:
 - MSS SP-70, Class 125, iron body, bronze trim, outside screw and yoke, handwheel, solid wedge disc, flanged ends. Lead Free.
- D. Use gate valves for main shutoff on domestic water service entering building.

2.8 FLOWSETTER VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong International, Inc.
- 2. ITT Bell & Gossett.
- 3. Myson, Inc.
- B. Angle or straight pattern, rising stem, inside screw globe valve for 125 psi working pressure, with bronze body and integral union for screwed connections, renewable composition disc, plastic wheel handle for shut-off service, and lockshield key cap and set screw memory bonnet for balancing service.

2.9 FLOW CONTROLS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. ITT Bell & Gossett.
- 2. Griswold Controls.
- 3. Taco, Inc.
- B. Construction: Class 125, Brass or bronze body with union on inlet and outlet, temperature and pressure test plug on inlet and outlet, blowdown/backflush drain.
- C. Calibration: Control flow within 5 percent of selected rating, over operating pressure range of 10 times minimum pressure required for control, maximum minimum pressure 3.5 psi psi.

2.10 SWING CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Hammond Valve.
- 2. Nibco, Inc.
- 3. Milwaukee Valve Company.

B. Up to 3 Inches:

1. MSS SP-80, Class 125, bronze body and cap, bronze swing disc with rubber seat, threaded ends. 1 inch and smaller vlaves may have soldered ends. Lead free.

C. Over 3 Inches:

1. MSS SP-71, Class 125, iron body, bronze swing disc, renewable disc seal and seat, flanged ends. Lead free.

2.11 SPRING LOADED CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Hammond Valve.
- 2. Crane Co.
- 3. Milwaukee Valve Company.
- B. Up To and Including 2 inches: Class 125, bronze body. Stainless steel stem and 316 Stainless steel spring with rubber seat, threaded ends. 1" diameter and smaller valves may have soldered ends. Lead free.

2.12 WATER PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Amtrol Inc
- 2. Cla-Val Co
- 3. Watts Regulator Company
- B. Up to 2 Inches:
 - 1. MSS SP-80, bronze body, stainless steel and thermoplastic internal parts, fabric reinforced diaphragm, strainer, threaded single union ends.
- C. Over 2 Inches:
 - 1. MSS SP-85, cast iron body, bronze fitted, elastomeric diaphragm and seat disc, flanged.

2.13 RELIEF VALVES

- A. Pressure Relief:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Tyco Flow Control
 - b. Cla-Val Co
 - c. Henry Technologies
 - d. Watts Regulator Company
 - 2. AGA Z21.22 certified, bronze body, teflon seat, steel stem and springs, automatic, direct pressure actuated.
- B. Temperature and Pressure Relief:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Cla-Val Co
 - b. Henry Technologies
 - c. Watts Regulator Company
 - 2. AGA Z21.22 certified, bronze body, teflon seat, stainless steel stem and springs, automatic, direct pressure actuated, temperature relief maximum 210 degrees F, capacity ASME (BPV IV) certified and labelled.

2.14 STRAINERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Armstrong International, Inc
 - 2. Green Country Filtration
 - 3. WEAMCO
- B. Size 2 inch and under:

- 1. Threaded brass body for 175 psi CWP, Y pattern with 1/32 inch stainless steel perforated screen. Lead free.
- 2. Class 150, threaded bronze body 300 psi CWP, Y pattern with 1/32 inch stainless steel perforated screen.

C. Size 2-1/2 inch to 4 inch:

1. Class 125, flanged ductle iron body, Y pattern with 1/16 inch stainless steel perforated screen. Lead free.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.
- C. Route piping in orderly manner and maintain gradient. Route parallel and perpendicular to walls.
- D. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- E. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- F. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- G. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- H. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed. Coordinate size and location of access doors.
- I. Establish elevations of buried piping outside the building to ensure not less than 5 ft of cover.

- J. Install vent piping penetrating roofed areas to maintain integrity of roof assembly; coordinate with Architectural.
- K. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.
- L. Provide support for utility meters in accordance with requirements of utility companies.
- M. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting.
- N. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.
- O. Install water piping to ASME B31.9.
- P. Install bell and spigot pipe with bell end upstream.
- Q. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls and floors.
- R. Extend vent through roofs (VTR) minimum 18-inches above roof with fabricated flashing and counter flashing as detailed in Architectural.
- S. Piping Tests: All drainage, sanitary waste and vent piping tested hydrostatically by filling piping to highest point for a minimum of one hour. Leaks developed during tests shall be corrected without caulking in threaded piping or additives and test restarted until a perfectly tight system is obtained. Enclosed piping tested before concealing. Tests performed in presence of ARCHITECT.
- T. Piping Tests: All domestic water piping tested hydrostatically at 125 psi for a minimum of one hour. Equipment, gages, and thermometer wells rated for a lesser pressure suitably protected during tests. Leaks developed during tests shall be corrected without caulking in threaded piping or additives and test restarted until a perfectly tight system is obtained. Enclosed piping tested before concealing. Tests performed in presence of ARCHITECT.
- U. Coordinate piping locations closely with other trades.
- V. Where piping penetrates wall, run insulation through penetration. Seal penetration with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. If sleeve is used as required in concrete penetrations, seal opening between pipe and sleeve with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. Seal as required by manufacturers UL fire rated assembly listing.
- W. Excavate and backfill as required.
- X. Mechanically extracted collars acceptable on pipe sizes 2-inch and over. Installed by contractor with previous documented experience utilizing methods, machines and tools required by manufacturer.
- Y. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.9.
 - 2. Support horizontal piping as scheduled.

- 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
- 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- 5. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
- 6. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
- 7. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
- 8. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
- 9. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Hangers and supports located in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
- 10. Provide hangers adjacent to motor driven equipment with vibration isolation.
- 11. Support cast iron drainage piping at every joint.
- 12. Provide pipe anchors at all elbows and offsets of water service main.
- 13. All hangers are to be installed on the outside of the insulated piping.

3.4 APPLICATION

- A. Use grooved mechanical couplings and fasteners only in accessible locations.
- B. Install unions downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections.
- C. Install brass male adapters each side of valves in copper piped system. Solder adapters to pipe.
- D. Install ball valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.
- E. Install ball valves for throttling, bypass, or manual flow control services.
- F. Provide spring loaded check valves on discharge of water pumps.
- G. Provide flow controls in water recirculating systems where indicated.

3.5 TOLERANCES

A. Drainage Piping: Establish invert elevations within 1/2 inch vertically of location indicated and slope to drain at minimum of 1/4 inch per foot slope.

3.6 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SYSTEM

- A. Disinfect water distribution system in accordance with Section 22 1113, Section 22 1005 3.6, and CBJ and State of Alaska requirements.
- B. Prior to starting work, verify system is complete, flushed and clean.
- C. Ensure Ph of water to be treated is between 7.4 and 7.6 by adding alkali (caustic soda or soda ash) or acid (hydrochloric).

- D. Inject disinfectant, free chlorine in liquid, powder, tablet or gas form, throughout system to obtain 50 to 80 mg/L residual.
- E. Bleed water from outlets to ensure distribution and test for disinfectant residual at minimum 15 percent of outlets.
- F. Maintain disinfectant in system for 24 hours.
- G. If final disinfectant residual tests less than 25 mg/L, repeat treatment.
- H. Flush disinfectant from system until residual equal to that of incoming water or 1.0 mg/L.
- I. Take samples no sooner than 24 hours after flushing, from 10 percent of outlets and from water entry, and analyze in accordance with AWWA C651.

3.7 SEISMIC RESTRAINT

- A. All piping which meet the following requirements shall be provided with seismic restraint in accordance with IBC approved guidelines.
- B. Piping with support system longer than 12-inches in length (as measured from the top of the pipe to the bottom of the support where the hanger is attached) are required to have seismic restraint when pipe sizes are larger than shown below:
 - 1. Piping located in mechanical equipment rooms that is 1-1/4 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.
 - 2. Pipes located outside of mechanical rooms 2-1/2 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.
- C. See Section 1.2 Submittals above for additional information.

3.8 SCHEDULES

- A. Pipe Hanger Spacing:
 - 1. Metal Piping:
 - a. Pipe size: 1/2 inches to 1-1/4 inches:
 - 1) Maximum hanger spacing: 6.5 ft.
 - 2) Hanger rod diameter: 3/8 inches.
 - b. Pipe size: 1-1/2 inches to 2 inches:
 - 1) Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.
 - 2) Hanger rod diameter: 3/8 inch.
 - e. Pipe size: 2-1/2 inches to 3 inches:
 - 1) Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.
 - 2) Hanger rod diameter: 1/2 inch.
 - d. Pipe size: 4 inches to 6 inches:
 - 1) Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.

2) Hanger rod diameter: 5/8 inch.

END OF SECTION 221005

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Cleanouts.
- B. Backflow preventers.
- C. Backflow devices.
- D. Trap priming valves.
- E. Thermostatic mixing valves.
- F. Water meters.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate assembly and support requirements.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of equipment, cleanouts, backflow preventers, water hammer arrestors.
- E. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years documented experience.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept specialties on site in original factory packaging. Inspect for damage.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CLEANOUTS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Mifab
 - 2. Josam Company
 - 3. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company
 - 4. Zurn
- B. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Floor Areas (FCO):
 - 1. Galvanized cast-iron body with threaded top assembly. Round scored stainless steel access cover with gasket above. Stainless steel screws for access cover.
- C. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Wall Areas (WCO):
 - 1. Line type with galvanized cast-iron body and tapered thread plug with gasket, and round stainless steel access cover secured with stainless steel machine screw.
- D. Cleanouts at Interior Unfinished Accessible Areas (CO): Line type with galvanized cast-iron body and tapered threaded plug with gasket. Provide bolted stack cleanouts on vertical rainwater leaders.

2.2 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Conbraco Industries
 - 2. Watts Regulator Company
 - 3. Mifab
- B. Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventers (RPBP):
 - 1. ASSE 1013; bronze body with bronze internal parts and stainless steel springs; two independently operating, spring loaded check valves; diaphragm type differential pressure relief valve located between check valves; third check valve that opens under back pressure in case of diaphragm failure; non-threaded vent outlet; assembled with two gate valves, strainer, and four test cocks. Suitable for 150 psi working pressure. Unions on inlet and outlet. Funnel drain with air gap installed under relief vent.
- C. Double Check Backflow Preventers (BFP):
 - 1. Comply with ASSE 1012; Bronze body with corrosion resistant internal parts and stainless steel springs; two independently operating check valves with intermediate atmospheric vent.

2.3 BACKFLOW DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Watts
 - 2. Conbraço
- B. Description: Device designed to prevent back-siphonage of contaminated water to potable water in applications not subject to continuous pressure.
- C. Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers: Removable single check with brass body and atmospheric vacuum breaker vent. Manual draining feature included where freezing conditions exist.
- D. Atmospheric Vacuum Breaker: Single float and disc with large atmospheric port. Polished chrome finish with durable silicone disc.

2.4 TRAP PRIMING VALVE (TP-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. MIFAB M-500 and MI-DU Distribution Unit.
 - 2. Watts T20.
 - 3. PPP #CPO-500.
- B. All brass, 1/2-inch IPS, spring-loaded, pressure differential activated with vacuum breaking means. Provide appropriate trap primer and distribution unit sized for 1-8 priming lines as required. See drawings for number of priming lines served by single trap priming valve.
- C. Accessibility: Where trap priming valve is concealed, locate with priming valve, distribution unit, valve, and all unions centered accessibly behind 16x16 access door.
- D. Location in walls: Locate centerline of 16x16 access door serving trap priming valve and distribution behind walls at 16-inches AFF. Coordinate location with Architect.

2.5 TEMPERING VALVES (TV-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Leonard
 - 2. Powers Intellistation
- B. Valve: Digital mixing valve designed to control water temperature to +-2F in accordance with ASSE 1017 and to +-2F during times of low/no system demand. Integral bypass. Color display. User programmable set point. Display temperature, pressure, and flow. Automatic hot/cold water shutoff upon cold/hot water inlet supply failure. Control box factory assembled and tested. 120 volt power cord. BACNet connection capability.
- C. Capacity: See drawings for capacity.

D. Accessories:

- 1. Check valve on inlets.
- 2. Volume control shut-off valve on outlet.
- 3. Stem thermometer on outlet.
- 4. Strainer stop checks on inlets.
- 5. Locking temperature regulator.

2.6 WATER METER

A. Procure water meter and remote reader from CBJ Water Department. Cost for procurement included hereunder. Contact CBJ water department for requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.
- D. Coordinate finished flush elevations of drains, sinks, and cleanouts in flat and sloping floors.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Extend cleanouts to finished floor or wall surface. Lubricate threaded cleanout plugs with mixture of graphite and linseed oil. Ensure clearance at cleanout for rodding of drainage system.
- C. Encase exterior cleanouts in concrete flush with grade.
- D. Install floor cleanouts at elevation to accommodate finished floor.
- E. Install approved potable water protection devices on plumbing lines where contamination of domestic water may occur; on boiler feed water lines, fill connections, interior and exterior hose bibbs.
- F. Pipe relief from backflow preventer to nearest drain.

- G. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed.
- H. Install vacuum breaker and cap on all drain valves.
- I. Locate backflow preventers at a maximum of five feet above finished floor for servicing and testing. Backflow preventer secured to structure or wall and piping extended as required.
- J. Pipe relief from valves, back-flow preventers and drains to nearest floor drain. Pipe relief valve outlets separately to nearest drain.
- K. Install trap primers fully accessible behind access doors with unions at all connections except where exposed in mechanical rooms. Install isolating valve on supply side.

3.4 SERVICE CONNECTIONS

- A. Install approved water meter and pressure reducing valve. Install rising stem gate valve for water service shut-off valve.
- B. Install water meter with remote readout. The CONTRACTOR shall install the meter and remote readout and cable where shown in conformance with manufacturers' recommendations and City & Borough of Juneau requirements.

3.5 SEISMIC RESTRAINT

- A. All piping which meet the following requirements shall be provided with seismic restraint in accordance with IBC approved guidelines.
- B. Piping with support system longer than 12-inches in length (as measured from the top of the pipe to the bottom of the support where the hanger is attached) are required to have seismic restraint when pipe sizes are larger than shown below:
 - 1. Piping located in mechanical equipment rooms that is 1-1/4 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.
 - 2. Pipes 2-1/2 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.

END OF SECTION 221006

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Domestic Water Heater
- B. Domestic Water Expansion Tanks
- C. Domestic Hot Water Circulation Pumps

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittals procedures.
- B. Product Data:
 - 1. Provide data indicating components and connections to other equipment and piping.
 - 2. Provide electrical characteristics and connection requirements.

C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Indicate dimensions of tanks, tank lining methods, anchors, attachments, lifting points, tappings, and drains.
- 2. Provide specific wiring diagram of electric water heaters. Diagrams shall show all options specific to this project. Do not include options which are not included with water heater provided.
- D. Manufacturer's Instructions.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include operation, maintenance, and inspection data, replacement part numbers and availability, and service depot location and telephone number.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
 - 2. Provide 2 spare magnesium anode sets for EHWT-1.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

1.4 CERTIFICATIONS

- A. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.
- B. Water Heaters: NSF approved. UL listed and labeled to UL 174 or UL 1453.
- C. Domestic Water Expansion Tanks: ASME labeled, to ASME (BPV VIII, 1). NSF approved.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps. Maintain caps in place until installation.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide five year manufacturer warranty for the EHWT-1 tank.
- C. Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in OWNER's name and registered with manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ELECTRIC WATER STORAGE HEATERS (EHWH-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. American Water Heater Group.
 - 2. AO Smith Custom Xi DSE-120 (Design Manufacturer)
 - 3. Patterson-Kelley Co.
- B. Type: Factory-assembled and wired, electric, vertical storage.
- C. Performance:
 - 1. Storage capacity: 120 gal.
 - 2. Total wattage: 30 kW.
 - 3. Number of Elements: 6.
 - 4. Steps: 6 steps at 5 KW each. Each step with individual thermostat and sequencing control.
 - 5. Minimum recovery rate: 123 gph with 100 degrees F temperature rise.
 - 6. Maximum working pressure: 150 psig.
- D. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1. 208 volts, three phase, 60 Hz.

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PLUMBING EQUIPMENT

- E. Tank: Glass lined welded steel; thermally insulated, encased in corrosion-resistant steel jacket; baked-on enamel finish.
- F. Controls: Automatic immersion water thermostat; externally adjustable temperature range from 60 to 140 degrees F, flanged or screw-in elements, high temperature limit thermostat. Linear sequencing control. LED Display
- G. Accessories: Brass water connections and dip tube, drain valve, anodes, and ASME rated temperature and pressure relief valve.

2.2 DIAPHRAGM-TYPE DOMESTIC WATER EXPANSION TANKS (ET-2)

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Amtrol Inc
- 2. ITT Bell & Gossett
- 3. Wessels
- B. Construction: Welded steel, ASME rated for working pressure of 125 psig, with flexible EPDM diaphragm sealed into tank. Floor mounted with seismic restraint. For domestic water. NSF rated.
- C. Accessories: Pressure gage and air-charging fitting, tank drain; pre-charge to 55 psig.
- D. Sizes: See Drawings.

2.3 SYSTEM LUBRICATED CIRCULATORS (HWCP-1)

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.
- 2. ITT Bell & Gossett.
- 3. Grundfos (Design Manufacturer)
- B. Type: Horizontal shaft, single stage, direct connected with wet rotor motor for in-line mounting, for 140 psi maximum working pressure, 230 degrees F maximum water temperature. All bronze or stainless steel for domestic hot water recirculation. ECM motor. Temperature setpoint control.
- C. Casing: Bronze or stainless steel with flanged pump connections.
- D. Impeller, Shaft, Rotor: Stainless Steel.
- E. Bearings: Metal Impregnated carbon (graphite) and ceramic.
- F. Motor: ECM motor.
- G. Performance: See Schedules

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plumbing equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, as required by code, and complying with conditions of certification, if any.
- B. Coordinate with plumbing piping and related electrical Work to achieve operating system.
- C. Install water heaters in accordance with UL requirements.
- D. Secure tanks to concrete pad and wall structure with seismic restraint.
- E. Clean and flush tanks prior to after installation. Seal until pipe connections are made.
- F. Pipe Relief valves to floor.
- G. Provide line sized shut-off valve and strainer on pump suction, and line sized soft seat spring type check valve and balancing valve on pump discharge.
- H. Install combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves in top portion of EHWH-1. Use relief valves with sensing elements that extend into tanks. Extend commercial-water-heater relief-valve outlet, with drain piping same as domestic-water piping in continuous downward pitch, and discharge by positive air gap onto closest floor drain or as indicated on drawings.

3.2 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

- A. Demonstrate operation and maintenance procedures.
- B. Provide minimum 1 hour water heater training, including tempering valve, HWRP, and domestic hot water system maintenance.

END OF SECTION 223000

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Mechanical Work is governed by the entire Specifications and not just Division 23. The entire Specifications must be examined for requirements relating to the Work hereunder. The Work covered by this and all other Mechanical sections consists of furnishing labor, equipment, and materials in accordance with the Specifications or Drawings, or both, together with any incidental items not shown or specified which can be reasonably inferred or taken as belonging to the Work and necessary in good practice to provide a complete system described or shown as intended.
- B. Coordinate shutdown of systems with the Owner and CBJ Maintenance.
- C. Continuity of Mechanical Systems for the Building: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building plumbing and heating during demolition and new work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated and pre-approved by the Owner. Contractor shall provide temporary domestic cold and hot water supply to plumbing fixtures and temporary heating for the building during project work. See paragraph 1.6.
- D. Demolition of and Connection to Existing Material, Equipment, and Systems:
 - 1. Mechanical drawings show reported as-built and contract document locations of systems taken from past project drawings. Not all piping, ductwork, or other mechanical systems will be shown. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all conditions and locations of mechanical systems on-site.
 - 2. Where select piping and ductwork systems are shown to be partially removed for connection, prepare and protect the connection points appropriately to ensure later continuity of Work. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary supports as required and completely replace material and equipment that are not suitably protected during construction and becomes damaged.
 - 3. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary caps for ductwork and piping as required. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary partitions such as air-tight air plenum separations as required to maintain continuity of systems and to not contaminate existing systems or finishes. CONTRACTOR shall remove all temporary provisions when the phase of Work is completed or earlier if required.
 - 4. All material and equipment that are to be removed for relocation is the CONTRACTORS responsibility to suitably protect and store in a location that protects from damage. CONTRACTOR shall completely replace all relocated material and equipment that are damaged from storage and other misuse between demolition and reinstallation.
 - 5. Where items are shown to be removed such as piping or ductwork it is to be assumed that this includes the removal of the respective system including but not limited to pipe and duct hangers, supports, conduit, wiring, valves, and other related trim and appurtenances. Piping to be removed through a floor assumes that the piping is to be capped below floor and the floor finished smooth.
 - 6. Mechanical Contractor shall be available during Demolition Work for coordination and

assistance for related Work. Mechanical Contractor shall locate, isolate, and drain piping systems to be removed.

1.2 WORDING OF THE SPECIFICATIONS

A. These Specifications are of the abbreviated or streamlined type and frequently include incomplete sentences. However, periods are used for clarity. Words such as "shall", "shall be", "the CONTRACTOR shall", and similar mandatory phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner, as they are required for the notes on the drawings.

1.3 CODES AND REGULATIONS

A. All Work hereunder shall be strictly in conformance with applicable codes and regulations. All Work shall be in accordance with the 2018 International Plumbing Code, 2012 International Mechanical Code, 2012 International Building Code, 2012 International Fire Code, the most recent edition of NFPA, CBJ, and State of Alaska code modifications insofar as minimum requirements are concerned, but the Drawings and Specifications shall govern in case the minimum requirements are exceeded. All electrical equipment shall bear the UL label.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide submittals according to Conditions of Contract, Division 1 Specifications Sections, and as required hereunder. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General, Supplementary Conditions, and all Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Approval of the data shall not eliminate responsibility for compliance with the Drawings or Specifications unless specific attention has been called in writing to proposed deviations at the time of transmittal of the data and such deviations have been approved, nor shall it eliminate the responsibility for freedom of errors of any sort in the data. All Mechanical submittal data for Project construction is to be turned in for approval at the same time in order for an efficient review process. Partial submittals may be rejected until the full submittal is received.
- B. Specified Products: Trade names and catalog numbers of manufactured products included herein are intended to indicate the type, size, and grade of quality of equipment and materials required and such equipment and materials are approved for installation, subject to full compliance with the Specifications. Except where single manufacture is specified for standardization, requests for approval of other manufacturers than those specified must be accompanied by complete descriptions including overall dimensions, performance data, and, if catalog material, identification of specific products or items proposed.
- C. Submittal Format: All data shall be submitted at one time in the same order of Specification Division section. Data submitted that is not conforming to these specification requirements will be returned without reviewing and will need to be resubmitted at Contractors sole complete cost.
 - 1. The first page shall be a cover sheet with project name, address, date, submittal product name, all applicable contractors and contact information, and all applicable consultants and contact information.

- 2. Second page shall be a submittal manual index of all project Specification sections with respective tab numbers, and respective book number, if applicable.
- 3. The first page of each manuals section shall be an index of that respective project Specification section and number with each product name, manufacturer name and model number
- 4. Each manuals section shall be labeled and certified by mechanical Subcontractor that the data presented is in accordance with project Specifications. Index sheet in front of completed binder listing each piece of equipment or material submitted.
- 5. Product Data to be utilized shall be flagged and noted and all other data shall be crossed out or otherwise flagged that it is not in the project.
- 6. Data shall be organized in order of Specification number. Specification number shall be clearly labeled on each submittal page.
- D. As-built Drawings: As-built drawings shall be required from all Mechanical Subcontractors and shall accurately show all changes from Contract Documents for all piping, ductwork, and equipment. As-built drawings shall be updated daily and available for inspection on-site by the ARCHITECT.
- E. Operating and Maintenance Data: See Division 1 for the number of sets of data to be provided for submittal and additional requirements. Provide a minimum of two (2) hard copies along with digital copy. The following data shall be provided to the ARCHITECT for approval 30 days prior to the request for Substantial Completion inspection. Except for the valve directory and nameplate directory, the data shall be provided complete at one time. Partial or separate data will be returned for completion. The valve directory and nameplate directory may be provided for approval previous to the other data. The first section of the O&M manual shall be as listed in the following subparagraphs in order presented hereunder. All of the following subparagraphs sections shall be furnished with permanent plastic see through covers. See requirements under 1.4.C for additional submittal and formatting requirements.
 - 1. Cover and Index sheets as in 1.4.C. above.
 - 2. Description of systems and operating instructions: The Contractor shall prepare a brief type written description of all new and modified systems, explaining how the systems operate and indicating the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for the proper operation of the systems. Technical knowledge on controls or adjustments requiring specialized technicians should not be included in the instructions.
 - 3. Nameplate directory: List of all new air handlers, fans, water heaters, tanks, thermostatic mixing valves, pumps, unit heaters, cabinet unit heaters, coils, and other equipment nameplates, giving manufacturer's nameplate data, nameplate designation, location of equipment, area served, switch location, and normal position of the switch. Motor data must include the horsepower, voltage, full load amperage, phase, etc. See Section 230553 Mechanical Identification.
 - 4. Manufacturers' literature: Manufacturers' instructions for operation and maintenance of all mechanical equipment and specialties, including replacement parts lists, capacity curves or charts, equipment data sheets similar to the submittals, manufacturers' literature on the equipment, and as-built wiring diagrams and control drawings, all suitable for side binding to 8-1/2 x 11 inch size. All data not applicable to the job is to be crossed out or deleted. Manuals turned in for review with non-applicable data not crossed out shall be returned to the Contractor.

- 5. Maintenance instructions: Instructions for the maintenance of the systems, listing each service required on all of the mechanical equipment, including inspections, lubrication, cleaning, checking, and all other operations required. The list is to include all types of bearings installed on the equipment and the type of lubricant required.
- 6. Maintenance schedule: List of each item of mechanical equipment requiring inspection, lubrication, cleaning, or service including the type of bearings and type of lubricating means for each piece of equipment. Each item of equipment is to be listed separately with the service required. List to include the times during the year when such inspection and maintenance shall be performed. The specific maintenance required shall be referenced back to the maintenance instructions.
- 7. Valve directory: Indicating valve number, size, location, function, and normal position for each numbered valve. The directory shall be provided and approved before installation of the valve tags. A sample arrangement will be furnished upon request. Two copies required for the preliminary list. See Section 220553 Mechanical Identification.
- F. Guide Documents: Sample operating and maintenance instructions and maintenance schedule may be obtained from the ARCHITECT upon request, to assist in properly setting up the data.
- G. Instructions To Personnel and Training: The mechanical Subcontractor shall instruct operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of the systems before accepting the responsibility of operation and maintenance of the systems. Each training session shall be signed off by Project Manager. See individual specification sections for additional specific training requirements.
- H. Qualification Data: For sheet metal installers. For pipe fitters.
- I. Submit prior to Substantial Completion Inspection and Final Inspection a detailed list of equipment and systems that will not be completed for the completion date. Include status and information of deficiencies from all previous inspection reports.
- J. Submit prior to Re-inspections of Substantial Completion Inspections, if applicable, and the Final Inspection a marked copy of the previous Engineers Inspection Reports detailing all items that have been completed and all items that have not been completed with reasons thereof. Reinspection or Final Inspection will not occur until receipt of this list.

1.5 COOPERATIVE WORK

- A. The Work hereunder shall be coordinated between various mechanical Sections and with the Work specified under other divisions or contracts toward rapid completion of the entire Project. If any cooperative Work must be altered due to lack of proper supervision hereunder, or failure to make proper provisions in time, then the Work hereunder shall include all expense of such changes as are necessary to be made in the Work under other divisions and contracts, and such changes shall be directly supervised by the ARCHITECT and shall be made to the satisfaction of the ARCHITECT.
- B. In general pitched piping and ductwork shall take preference in location within the Project area. Coordination of all drain valves, duct access doors, and other equipment requiring access and maintenance procedures is required with all building components during construction for maximum accessibility and proper location as intended. Coordinate closely with all other

Contractors.

C. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Contractors. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to the Owner shall replace any existing material or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordination with all disciplines is required.

1.6 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

- A. Temporary Utilities: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building plumbing and heating systems during demolition and new Work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated and pre-approved by the Owner.
 - 1. Building air handling units may not be utilized for ventilating or heating portions of the building where Construction Work is in progress. All unused ducts are to be sealed air tight into Construction Area. Any duct found dirty will be cleaned immediately at the expense of the CONTRACTOR including removal and replacement of sound lined ducts.
 - 2. Contractor shall provide temporary domestic cold water and hot water to building plumbing fixtures during construction. Contractor to provide temporary heating to the building during construction. Building shall maintain 67F-70F during heating demands. Coordinate with Owner for additional requirements.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in conformance with all applicable codes, regulations, local ordinances, contract documents, and generally accepted good practice. If discrepancies exist between Specifications and Contract Drawings then the solution that provides the Owner with the highest quality of product or installation shall be deemed as intended by the Contract Documents.
- B. All sheet metal workers shall have a minimum documented sheet metal fabrication and installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Sheet Metal Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 3 apprentices or sheet metal workers for every one foreman. A foreman is defined as a sheet metal worker with minimum 3 years experience as detailed above or is an approved Journeyman.
- C. All Plumbers and Pipe Fitters shall have a minimum documented installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Plumbers and Pipe Fitters Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 2 apprentices or pipe fitters for every one Journeyman.

1.8 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

A. See Division 1 for specific requirements.

- B. Verifications: All measurements shall be verified at the site and prior to fabrications of equipment and systems. The existing conditions shall be fully observed before beginning the Work hereunder, and the Work hereunder executed in full coordination with the existing conditions observed. All hazardous material including asbestos materials that are discovered during the course of construction shall be immediately brought to the attention of the ARCHITECT for action. All Work performed with hazardous materials not approved by the Owner shall be at the full responsibility of the contractor and not the Owner.
- C. Changes: Variations apparently necessary due to existing conditions shall be made only on approval in writing by the ARCHITECT.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 for specific requirements regarding: Product warranties and product Bonds.
- B. The contractor shall provide continuous and generally trouble-free operation of the mechanical systems for the time period listed in Division 1 or for one year after Substantial Completion whichever time period is longer. The operation and maintenance of systems other than incidental operations such as room thermostat settings or changing of air filters, shall be the sole responsibility of the contractor and shall be addressed by the contractor immediately if deficiencies are present. Leaking of valves, flanges, or air vents shall be addressed immediately by the contractor during the warranty period. Control settings, noise problems, and other deficiencies resulting in unsatisfactory environmental conditions shall be addressed immediately.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 230510

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pressure gages and pressure gage taps.
- B. Thermometers and thermometer wells.
- C. Test Ports.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide list that indicates use, operating range, total range and location for manufactured components.
 - 1. Manufacturer's data indicating use, operating range, total range, accuracy, and location for manufactured components.
 - 2. Submit product description, model, dimensions, component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
 - 3. Submit schedule indicating manufacturer, model number, size, location, rated capacity, load served, and features for each specialty.
 - 4. Submit schedule of pressure gage and thermometers detailing service and scale.
 - 5. Select gages and thermometers with scale range with normal operating point in the middle third of the range.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and instrumentation.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
 - 2. Extra Pressure Gages and Thermometers: One of each type and size.

1.3 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install instrumentation when areas are under construction, except for required rough-in, taps, supports and test plugs.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRESSURE GAGES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc
 - 2. Moeller Instrument Co., Inc
 - 3. Omega Engineering, Inc
- B. Pressure Gages: ASME B40.100, UL 393 drawn steel case, phosphor bronze bourdon tube, rotary brass movement, brass socket, with front recalibration adjustment, black scale on white background.
 - 1. Case: Steel with brass bourdon tube.
 - 2. Size: 4-1/2 inch diameter.
 - 3. Mid-Scale Accuracy: One percent.
 - 4. Scale: Psi.

2.2 PRESSURE GAGE TAPPINGS

A. Gage Cock: Tee or lever handle, brass for maximum 150 psi.

2.3 DIAL THERMOMETERS (DUCT THERMOMETERS)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc
 - 2. Omega Engineering, Inc
 - 3. Weksler Glass Thermometer Corp
- B. Thermometers: Dial type vapor or liquid actuated; ASTM E1; stainless steel case, with brass or copper bulb, copper or bronze braided capillary, white with black markings and black pointer, glass lens. See control schematics for locations of duct thermometers to be installed hereunder.
 - 1. Size: 4-1/2 inch diameter dial.
 - 2. Lens: Clear Lexan.
 - 3. Mixed Air: Length of Capillary: Minimum 5 feet.
 - 4. RA, OSA, SA, EA: 6-inch bulb length.
 - 5. Accuracy: 2 percent.
 - 6. Calibration: Degrees F.

2.4 SOLAR POWERED (PIPE) THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Weiss
 - 2. Weksler
 - 3. FNW brand not acceptable.
- B. Thermometer: Adjustable angle, digital solar powered thermometer, with positive locking device.
 - 1. Stem: Brass, 3/4 inch NPT, 3-1/2 inch long.
 - 2. Accuracy: 2 percent.
 - 3. Calibration: Both degrees F and degrees C.

2.5 THERMOMETER SUPPORTS

- A. Socket: Brass separable sockets for thermometer stems with or without extensions as required, and with cap and chain.
- B. Flange: 3 inch outside diameter reversible flange, designed to fasten to sheet metal air ducts, with brass perforated stem.
- C. Heat Conductive Fluid: Piping wells shall be filled with heat conductive fluid.

2.6 TEST PLUGS

- A. Test Plug: 1/4 inch NPT or 1/2 inch NPT brass self sealing fitting and screw type sealing cap for receiving 1/8 inch outside diameter pressure or temperature probe with Nordel core for temperatures up to 350 degrees F.
- B. Test Kit: Carrying case, internally padded and fitted containing one 2-1/2 inch (60 mm) diameter pressure gages, one gage adapters with 1/8 inch (3 mm) probes, two 1 inch (25 mm) dial thermometers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install thermometers in piping systems in sockets in short couplings. Enlarge pipes smaller than 2-1/2 inch for installation of thermometer sockets. Ensure sockets allow clearance from insulation.

- C. Locate test plugs adjacent to pressure gages and pressure gage taps.
- D. Install thermometers in air duct systems on flanges.
- E. Install thermometer sockets adjacent to controls systems thermostat, transmitter, or sensor sockets.
- F. Locate duct mounted thermometers minimum 2 feet downstream of mixing dampers, coils, or other devices causing air turbulence.
- G. Coil and conceal excess capillary on remote element instruments.
- H. Provide instruments with scale ranges selected according to service with largest appropriate scale.
- I. Install gages and thermometers in locations where they are easily read from normal operating level. Install vertical to 45 degrees off vertical.
- J. Adjust gages and thermometers to final angle, clean windows and lenses, and calibrate to zero.
- K. Provide two pressure gages per pump, installing taps before strainers and on suction and discharge of pump. Pipe to gage.
- L. Install pressure gages with pulsation dampers. Provide gage cock to isolate each gage. Extend nipples to allow clearance from insulation.
- M. Fill thermometer well with heat conductive gel.

END OF SECTION 230519

230553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nameplates.
- B. Tags.
- C. Pipe Markers.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Chart and Schedule: Submit valve chart and schedule, including valve tag number, location, function, and valve manufacturer's name and model number.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 NAMEPLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
 - 2. Seton Identification Products.
- B. Description: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved letters.
 - 1. Letter Color: White.
 - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Background Color: Black.
 - 4. Plastic: Conform to ASTM D709.

230553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

2.2 TAGS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving
- 2. Brady Corporation
- 3. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
- 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Plastic Tags: Laminated plastic with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges. Coordinate numbering with existing valve numbering.
- C. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

2.3 PIPE MARKERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Brady Corporation
- 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
- 3. MIFAB, Inc
- 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- C. Plastic Tape Pipe Markers: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- D. Plastic Pipe Markers: Factory fabricated, flexible, semi- rigid plastic, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid being conveyed. For un-insulated piping only.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.
- B. Symbols, numbers, and all mechanical identification shall match and be in accordance with Contract Documents.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.

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- B. Install tags with corrosion resistant chain.
- C. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install plastic tape pipe markers complete around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller.
 - 1. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
 - 2. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
 - 3. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- F. Identify air handlers, tanks, fans, pumps, coils, backflow preventers, and water treatment devices with plastic nameplates. Small devices, such as in-line pumps, may be identified with tags.
- G. Identify valves in main and branch piping with tags. Coordinate with existing valve tag directory.
- H. Identify piping, concealed or exposed, with plastic pipe markers or plastic tape pipe markers.
 - 1. Plastic pipe markers are to be used on uninsulated piping only.
 - 2. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
 - 3. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
 - 4. Locate identification not to exceed 15 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
 - 5. Inaccessible piping need not be indentified if piping is identified at nearest accessible or exposed locations.
 - 6. Install identifying devices after completion of coverings and painting.

END OF SECTION 230553

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Testing, adjustment, and balancing of air systems.
- B. Testing, adjustment, and balancing of hydronic systems.
- C. Measurement of final operating condition of HVAC systems.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Scope of Work: Adjust and balance the air and water systems as detailed below. Air volumes and water flow rates are indicated on the drawings and sequence of operations. Coordinate with contract document and sequence of operations for all requirements.
 - 1. HRV, AHU, SF, RF, and EF units: Measure and adjust OSA, EA, RA, and SA for conditions noted. Measure building pressurization relative to exterior. Assist BAS Contractor in providing damper positions for proper airflow and building pressurization.
 - 2. Variable Frequency Drives
 - 3. Pump and Hydronic System Flow
 - 4. Measure and adjust SA, RA, and EA air volumes for all air systems. Measure and adjust duct branches, diffusers, grilles.
 - 5. Measure and adjust water flow rates for heating water systems indicated. Test heating water system and coils.
 - 6. Measure and adjust water flow rates for domestic hot water recirculation system indicated.
 - 7. Provide assistance to automatic controls contractor during start-up and testing.
 - 8. Provide initial walk-through of system prior to system balance. Notify Contractor where balancing dampers are missing so that they can be installed prior to air system adjustment.
 - 9. Air volumes for existing fan units (EF-10, EF-11, EF-12, EF-13, EF-14) are indicated on the drawings. Provide measurements only. No adjustment required.
 - 10. Air volumes for existing Apparatus Bay fan units (VEF-1, VEF-2, A-EF-4A, A-EF-4B, A-EF-5) are shown for reference only. No measurement or adjustment required.
 - 11. Existing TEF units for dorm toilet rooms: No measurement or adjustment required.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Qualifications: Submit name of adjusting and balancing agency and TAB supervisor for approval within 30 days after award of Contract.

- C. Control System Coordination Reports: Communicate in writing to the controls installer all setpoint and parameter changes made or problems and discrepancies identified during TAB that affect, or could affect, the control system setup and operation.
- D. Progress Reports.
- E. Final Report: Indicate deficiencies in systems that would prevent proper testing, adjusting, and balancing of systems and equipment to achieve specified performance.
 - 1. Revise TAB plan to reflect actual procedures and submit as part of final report.
 - 2. Submit draft copies of report for review prior to final acceptance of Project. Provide final copies for Architect and for inclusion in operating and maintenance manuals.
 - 3. Provide reports in soft cover, letter size, 3-ring binder manuals, complete with index page and indexing tabs, with cover identification at front and side. Include set of reduced drawings with air outlets and equipment identified to correspond with data sheets, and indicating thermostat locations.
 - 4. Include actual instrument list, with manufacturer name, serial number, and date of calibration.
 - 5. Form of Test Reports: Where the TAB standard being followed recommends a report format use that; otherwise, follow ASHRAE Std 111.
 - 6. Units of Measure: Report data in I-P (inch-pound) units only.
 - 7. Include the following on the title page of each report:
 - a. Name of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
 - b. Address of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
 - c. Telephone number of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
 - d. Project name.
 - e. Project location.
 - f. Project Architect.
 - g. Project Engineer.
 - h. Project Contractor.
 - i. Project altitude.
 - i. Report date.
- F. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of flow measuring stations and balancing valves and rough setting.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Perform total system balance in accordance with one of the following:
 - 1. AABC MN-1, AABC National Standards for Total System Balance.

- 2. ASHRAE Std 111, Practices for Measurement, Testing, Adjusting and Balancing of Building Heating, Ventilation, Air-Conditioning, and Refrigeration Systems.
- 3. NEBB Procedural Standards for Testing Adjusting Balancing of Environmental Systems.
- 4. SMACNA HVAC Systems Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing.
- 5. Maintain at least one copy of the standard to be used at project site at all times.
- B. Begin work after completion of systems to be tested, adjusted, or balanced and complete work prior to Substantial Completion of the project.
- C. Where HVAC systems and/or components interface with life safety systems, including fire and smoke detection, alarm, and control, coordinate scheduling and testing and inspection procedures with the authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. TAB Agency Qualifications:
 - 1. Company specializing in the testing, adjusting, and balancing of systems specified in this section.
 - 2. Having minimum of three years documented experience in similar size system.
 - 3. Certified by one of the following:
 - a. AABC, Associated Air Balance Council: www.aabchq.com; upon completion submit AABC National Performance Guaranty.
 - b. NEBB, National Environmental Balancing Bureau: www.nebb.org.
 - c. TABB, The Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau of National Energy Management Institute: www.tabbcertified.org.
 - d. Professional mechanical engineer with documented TAB experience within the last two years.
- E. TAB Supervisor and Technician Qualifications: Certified by same organization as TAB agency.

3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that systems are complete and operable before commencing work. Ensure the following conditions:
 - 1. Systems are started and operating in a safe and normal condition.
 - 2. Temperature control systems are installed complete and operable.
 - 3. Proper thermal overload protection is in place for electrical equipment.
 - 4. Final filters are clean and in place. If required, install temporary media in addition to final filters.
 - 5. Duct systems are clean of debris.
 - 6. Fans are rotating correctly.
 - 7. Fire and volume dampers are in place and open.
 - 8. Air coil fins are cleaned and combed.
 - 9. Access doors are closed and duct end caps are in place.
 - 10. Air outlets are installed and connected.
 - 11. Duct system leakage is minimized.

- 12. Hydronic systems are flushed, filled, and vented.
- 13. Pumps are rotating correctly.
- 14. Proper strainer baskets are clean and in place.
- 15. Service and balance valves are open.
- B. Submit field reports. Report defects and deficiencies that will or could prevent proper system balance.
- C. Beginning of work means acceptance of existing conditions.

3.3 ADJUSTMENT TOLERANCES

- A. Air Handling Systems: Adjust to within plus or minus 5 percent of design for supply systems and plus or minus 10 percent of design for return and exhaust systems.
- B. Air Outlets and Inlets: Adjust total to within plus 10 percent and minus 5 percent of design to space. Adjust outlets and inlets in space to within plus or minus 10 percent of design.
- C. Hydronic Systems: Adjust to within plus or minus 10 percent of design.

3.4 RECORDING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Field Logs: Maintain written logs including:
 - 1. Running log of events and issues.
 - 2. Discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others.
 - 3. Contract interpretation requests.
 - 4. Lists of completed tests.
- B. Ensure recorded data represents actual measured or observed conditions.
- C. Permanently mark settings of valves, dampers, and other adjustment devices allowing settings to be restored. Set and lock memory stops.
- D. Mark on the drawings the locations where traverse and other critical measurements were taken and cross reference the location in the final report.
- E. After adjustment, take measurements to verify balance has not been disrupted or that such disruption has been rectified.
- F. Leave systems in proper working order, replacing belt guards, closing access doors, closing doors to electrical switch boxes, and restoring thermostats to specified settings.
- G. At final inspection, recheck random selections of data recorded in report. Recheck points or areas as selected and witnessed by the Owner.
- H. Adjust diffuser and grille blades for proper air diffusion throughout. Adjust horizontal to vertical projection cones for proper air diffusion for round diffusers.

3.5 AIR SYSTEM PROCEDURE

- A. Adjust air handling and distribution systems to provide required or design supply, return, and exhaust air quantities at site altitude.
- B. Make air quantity measurements in ducts by Pitot tube traverse of entire cross sectional area of duct.
- C. Measure air quantities at air inlets and outlets.
- D. Adjust distribution system to obtain uniform space temperatures free from objectionable drafts and noise.
- E. Use volume control devices to regulate air quantities only to extent that adjustments do not create objectionable air motion or sound levels. Effect volume control by duct internal devices such as dampers and splitters.
- F. Vary total system air quantities by adjustment of fan speeds. Provide drive changes required. Vary branch air quantities by damper regulation.
- G. Provide system schematic with required and actual air quantities recorded at each outlet or inlet.
- H. Measure static air pressure conditions on air supply units, including filter and coil pressure drops, and total pressure across the fan. Make allowances for 50 percent loading of filters.
- I. Adjust outside air automatic dampers, outside air, return air, and exhaust dampers for design conditions.
- J. Where modulating dampers are provided, take measurements and balance at extreme conditions. Balance systems at full outdoor air and at minimum outdoor air flow rate.
- K. Measure building static pressure and adjust supply, return, and exhaust air systems to provide required relationships.
- L. Measure and adjust minimum OSA volumes and corresponding RA volumes. See Sequence of Operations and drawings for minimum OSA volumes.
- M. Measure and assist BAS Contractor in calibration of air volume measuring stations and flow meters.

3.6 WATER SYSTEM PROCEDURE

- A. Adjust water systems to provide required or design quantities.
- B. Use calibrated Venturi tubes, orifices, or other metered fittings and pressure gauges to determine flow rates for system balance. Where flow metering devices are not installed, base flow balance on temperature difference across various heat transfer elements in the system.

- C. Adjust systems to provide specified pressure drops and flows through heat transfer elements prior to thermal testing. Perform balancing by measurement of temperature differential in conjunction with air balancing.
- D. Effect system balance with automatic control valves fully open to heat transfer elements.
- E. Effect adjustment of water distribution systems by means of balancing cocks, valves, and fittings. Do not use service or shut-off valves for balancing unless indexed for balance point.
- F. Where available pump capacity is less than total flow requirements or individual system parts, full flow in one part may be simulated by temporary restriction of flow to other parts.
- G. Pumps
 - 1. Adjust to design GPM.
 - 2. Measure pressure difference across pump. Assist BAS Contractor to set differential pressure control system
 - 3. Calibrate VFD speeds for minimum flow and full flow for design GPM.
- H. Measure and assist BAS Contractor in calibration of flow meters.

3.7 MINIMUM DATA TO BE REPORTED

- A. Electric Motors:
 - 1. Manufacturer
 - 2. Model/Frame
 - 3. HP/BHP
 - 4. Phase, voltage, amperage; nameplate, actual, no load
 - 5. RPM
 - 6. Service factor
 - 7. Starter size, rating, heater elements
- B. Air Moving Equipment:
 - 1. Location
 - 2. Manufacturer
 - 3. Model number
 - 4. Serial number
 - 5. Arrangement/Class/Discharge
 - 6. Air flow, specified and actual
 - 7. Return air flow, specified and actual
 - 8. Outside air flow, specified and actual
 - 9. Total static pressure (total external), specified and actual
 - 10. Inlet pressure
 - 11. Discharge pressure
 - 12. Sheave Make/Size/Bore
 - 13. Number of Belts/Make/Size
 - 14. Fan RPM

15. Static Pressure Profile for Building: Measure and record static pressure at each fan component. Provide graphic.

C. Return Air/Outside Air:

- 1. Identification/location
- 2. Design air flow
- 3. Actual air flow
- 4. Design return air flow
- 5. Actual return air flow
- 6. Design outside air flow
- 7. Actual outside air flow
- 8. Return air temperature
- 9. Outside air temperature
- 10. Required mixed air temperature
- 11. Actual mixed air temperature
- 12. Design outside/return air ratio
- 13. Actual outside/return air ratio

D. Exhaust Fans:

- 1. Location
- 2. Manufacturer
- 3. Model number
- 4. Serial number
- 5. Air flow, specified and actual
- 6. Total static pressure (total external), specified and actual
- 7. Inlet pressure
- 8. Discharge pressure
- 9. Sheave Make/Size/Bore
- 10. Number of Belts/Make/Size
- 11. Fan RPM

E. Duct Traverses:

- 1. System zone/branch
- 2. Duct size
- 3. Area
- 4. Design velocity
- 5. Design air flow
- 6. Test velocity
- 7. Test air flow
- 8. Duct static pressure
- 9. Air temperature

F. Pumps:

- 1. Identification/number
- 2. Manufacturer
- 3. Size/model

- 4. Impeller
- 5. Service
- 6. Design flow rate, pressure drop, BHP
- 7. Actual flow rate, pressure drop, BHP
- 8. Discharge pressure
- 9. Suction pressure
- 10. Total operating head pressure
- 11. Shut off, discharge and suction pressures
- 12. Shut off, total head pressure

G. Heating Coils and Booster Coils:

- 1. Identification/number
- 2. Location
- 3. Service
- 4. Manufacturer
- 5. Air flow, design and actual
- 6. Water flow, design and actual
- 7. Water pressure drop, design and actual
- 8. Entering water temperature, design and actual
- 9. Leaving water temperature, design and actual
- 10. Entering air temperature, design and actual
- 11. Leaving air temperature, design and actual
- 12. Air pressure drop, design and actual

H. Air Distribution Tests:

- 1. Air terminal number
- 2. Room number/location
- 3. Terminal type
- 4. Terminal size
- 5. Area factor
- 6. Design velocity
- 7. Design air flow
- 8. Test (final) velocity
- 9. Test (final) air flow
- 10. Percent of design air flow

I. Heating Unit Flow Data (FP, CV, CUH):

- 1. Identification/number
- 2. Manufacturer and Model of Flowsetter
- 3. Unit Served
- 4. Location and Room Served
- 5. Flow Rate, Design and Actual
- 6. Setting or Position
- 7. Size. Design and Installed

J. Flow Measuring Stations:

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- 1. Identification/number
- 2. Location
- 3. Size
- 4. Manufacturer
- 5. Model number
- 6. Serial number
- 7. Design Flow rate
- 8. Design pressure drop
- 9. Actual/final pressure drop
- 10. Actual/final flow rate
- 11. Station calibrated setting

END OF SECTION 230593

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Duct insulation.
- B. Insulation jackets.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures necessary to ensure acceptable workmanship and that installation standards will be achieved.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section, with minimum 3 years of experience and approved by manufacturer.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept materials on site in original factory packaging, labeled with manufacturer's identification, including product density and thickness.
- B. Protect insulation from weather and construction traffic, dirt, water, chemical, and mechanical damage, by storing in original wrapping.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures and conditions required by manufacturers of adhesives, mastics, and insulation cements.
- B. Maintain temperature during and after installation for minimum period of 24 hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

2.2 GLASS FIBER, FLEXIBLE

A. Manufacturer:

- 1. Knauf Insulation.
- 2. Johns Manville Corporation.
- 3. Owens Corning Corp.
- 4. CertainTeed Corporation.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C553; flexible, noncombustible blanket.
 - 1. 'K' value: 0.36 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C518.
 - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 1200 degrees F.
 - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Sorption: 5.0 percent by weight.

C. Vapor Barrier Jacket:

- 1. Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film.
- 2. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.02 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- 3. Secure with pressure sensitive tape.

2.3 GLASS FIBER, RIGID

A. Manufacturer:

- 1. Knauf Insulation.
- 2. Johns Manville Corporation.
- 3. Owens Corning Corp.
- 4. CertainTeed Corporation.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C612; rigid, noncombustible blanket.
 - 1. 'K' value: 0.24 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C518.
 - 2. Maximum service temperature: 450 degrees F.
 - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Absorption: 5.0 percent.
 - 4. Maximum Density: 8.0 lb/cu ft.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket:

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DUCT INSULATION

- 1. Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film.
- 2. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.02 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- 3. Secure with pressure sensitive tape.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that ducts have been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean, foreign material removed, and dry.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Insulated ducts conveying air below ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide insulation with vapor barrier jackets.
 - 2. Finish with tape and vapor barrier jacket.
 - 3. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, hangers, and other duct penetrations.
 - 4. Insulate entire system including fittings, joints, flanges, fire dampers, flexible connections, and expansion joints.
- D. Insulated ducts conveying air above ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide with or without standard vapor barrier jacket.
 - 2. Insulate fittings and joints. Where service access is required, bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- E. Do not insulate ductwork exposed in finished spaces.
- F. Plenum and ducts (connected to SF, AHU, or HRV units) in rooms where below 6'-6"AFF: Finish with canvas jacket.

3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Duct System Insulation:
 - 1. Outside air from intake to air handling unit (Where below 6'-6" AFF): Mineral Fiber Rigid Insulation 2 inches thick. Rigid with canvas
 - 2. Outside air from intake to air handling unit (Where above 6'-6" AFF): Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation 1-1/2 inches thick.

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- 3. Exhaust air from RF or EF after EAD/backdraft damper: Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation 1-1/2 inches thick.
- 4. Supply air ductwork downstream of booster coils: Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation 1-1/2 inches thick.
- 5. Exposed Duct in Finished Areas: Do not insulate.

END OF SECTION 230713

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum 3 years of experience.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

2.2 GLASS FIBER

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Knauf Insulation
 - 2. Johns Manville Corporation
 - 3. Owens Corning Corp
 - 4. CertainTeed Corporation
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible.
 - 1. 'K' value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
 - 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
 - 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perminches.
- D. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive:
 - 1. Water based insulation adhesive, UL classified. Compatible with insulation.

2.3 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Johns Manville Corporation
 - b. Proto/Knauf
 - c. Speedline
 - 2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
 - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
 - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
 - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.

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- d. Thickness: 10 mil.
- e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
- 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
 - a. Compatible with insulation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations. Insulation shall be secure and neat. Insulation must be sealed. Improper or poorly installed insulation will require replacement.
- D. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- E. For hot piping conveying fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions at equipment.
- F. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
 - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- G. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- H. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
- I. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with cement to form smooth surface.
- J. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.

- K. Nameplates and ASME Stamps: Bevel and seal insulation around; do not insulate over.
- L. Equipment Requiring Access for Maintenance, Repair, or Cleaning: Install insulation so it can be easily removed and replaced without damage.
- M. Factory Insulated Equipment: Do not insulate.
- N. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces where less than 7 feet above finished floor: Finish with PVC jacket and fitting covers.
- O. Removable Equipment Covering Jacket Above ambient temperature: All valves 2-1/2" and larger: Removable Fiberglass Blanket with canvass type jacket and wire fasteners and hooks.
- P. Patch piping insulation where connecting to existing piping or modifying existing piping.
- Q. Inserts and Shields:
 - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
 - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
 - 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
 - 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
 - 5. Insert material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.

3.3 SCHEDULE

- A. Piping Systems:
 - 1. Plenum Drains: Mineral fiber pipe insulation, 1-inch thick.
 - 2. Heating Water Supply and Return: Mineral fiber pipe insulation:
 - a. Pipe Size Range: Up to and including 1-1/2" pipe diameter; thickness of 1 inch.
 - b. Pipe Size Range: 2" to 2-1/2" pipe diameter, thickness of 1-1/2 inch.
 - c. Pipe Size Range: 3 inch and up pipe diameter, thickness of 1-1/2-inch.

END OF SECTION 230719

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Control panel enclosures.
 - 2. Sensors
 - 3. Thermostats.
 - 4. Electric damper actuators.
 - 5. Control valves.
 - 6. Electric valve actuators.
 - 7. Direct digital control system components.
 - 8. Differential pressure monitor.
- B. Related Requirements: See the following sections for additional requirements for the DDC system and installation, hereunder.
 - 1. Section 230923 Direct Digital Control System for related DDC requirements.
 - 2. Section 230940 Sequence of Operations for HVAC DDC for control sequences in DDC systems.
 - 3. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
 - 4. Section 260533 Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems
 - 5. Section 271513 Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Division 1 Submittal Procedures: Submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate operating data, system drawings, wiring diagrams, and written detailed operational description of sequences. See also 230923 and 230940.
- C. Product Data: Submit description and engineering data for each control system component. Include sizing as required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Submit installation requirements for each control component.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify products meet or exceed specified requirements.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer: Company specializing in performing Work of this section with minimum three years documented experience approved by manufacturer.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Division 1 - Administrative Requirements: Requirements for coordination.

1.5 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. See 230923 DDC System for requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONTROL MANUFACTURERS

- A. Coordinate with Section 230923 Direct Digital Control for HVAC.
- B. Approved manufacturers:
 - 1. Alerton and Delta Controls as provided by Convergent Technologies. 139 E 51st Avenue Suite 100, Anchorage, AK 99503
 - 2. Honeywell or Automated Logic as provided by Meridian Systems Inc. 401 W International Airport Rd, Suite 13, Anchorage, AK 99518
 - Distech or LONG Building Automation as provided by LONG Building Technologies, Inc.
 5660 B St, Anchorage, Alaska 99518
 - 4. Siemens Industry, Inc. 5333 Fairbanks St., Ste. B, Anchorage, AK 99518
 - 5. Delta Controls as provided by Alaska Integrated Services 383 Industrial Way Ste 100, Anchorage, AK 99501
 - 6. Tridium Niagara 4 Installed by any manufacturer approved supplier/installer

2.2 CONTROL PANEL ENCLOSURES

- A. Furnish for each system under automatic control with relays and controls mounted in cabinet and temperature indicators, pressure gages, pilot lights, push buttons and switches flush on cabinet panel face.
- B. Construction: NEMA 250, Type 1 steel or stainless steel enclosure.
- C. Covers: Continuous hinge, held closed by flush latch operable by key.
- D. Enclosure Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel.

2.3 SENSORS

- A. General:
 - 1. Provide sensors with specified output type for remote sensing of temperature, pressure, and flow rate. Suitable for medium where used, system conditions, and ambient temperature.
 - 2. Provide two wire temperature sensors.
- B. Temperature Sensors:
 - 1. Type: Resistance temperature detector (RTD) or thermistor.
 - 2. Accuracy:

- a. Plus or minus 1 degree F for standard applications. Where high accuracy is required, furnish accuracy of plus or minus 0.2 degrees F.
- b. Sensing Accuracy: Plus or minus 0.5 degree F.
- c. Display

C. Space Temperature:

- 1. DDC Room Temperature Sensors (Offices, Dorms, Classroom, Kitchen/Dayroom, Dispatch): Shall be thermistor type. Display and setpoint adjustment at sensor. Monitoring and remote temperature setpoint override capability at BAS.
- 2. DDC Room Temperature Sensor (Hose Tower UH): Shall be thermistor type. Display and setpoint adjustment at sensor. Monitoring and remote temperature setpoint override capability at BAS. 24/120-volt relay required to active unit heater fan.
- 3. Line voltage thermostat shall be used for unit heater in Boiler Room. Provide additional low voltage DDC sensor for BAS monitoring purposes.
- 4. Stainless steel flat plate temperature sensors shall be provided in the Apparatus and EMS Bays, Shop, and the Corridors. BAS to provide setpoint control.
- 5. Stainless steel flat plate temperature sensors shall be provided in the EMS Bay (for UH) and in the Entry Vestibule (for CUH) operation. BAS to provide setpoint control. 24/120-volt relay required to activate unit heater/ cabinet unit heater fan.
- 6. Covers shall be robust, of institutional quality, suitably finished. Color white (other than flat plate).
- D. Duct Air Temperature, Probe Type: For supply air, return air, and exhaust air.
 - 1. With separable, perforated bulb guard. Thermistor or RTD with minimum 32-150 F range, accuracy of +/-0.4 F over full range, and maximum drift of 0.1F/year.
- E. Duct Air Temperature, Averaging Type: For mixed air and low limit temperature sensor.
 - 1. Provide averaging bulb thermostats with element installed to cover twice the cross-section of the duct, typically a minimum of 20 feet. Remote bulb or bimetallic rod and tube type.
 - 2. RTD continuous sensing element with appropriate range, accuracy of +/- 0.75 F over full range, and maximum drift of 0.1 F/year.
- F. Low Temperature Limit Switch: 4-wire, two SPDT switches, main contacts open on temperature below setpoint, pilot contacts close. Manual-reset unless otherwise indicated. Extended length capillary type element with any one foot at setpoint causing trip. Freeze protection low limit minimum range 0-60°F. Suitable for ambient temperatures -40 to 140°F. Alarm sent to BAS.
- G. Fluid Temperature:
 - 1. Remote bulb or bimetallic rod and tube type, proportional action with adjustable setpoint and adjustable throttling range. Thermistor or RTD with minimum 30-230 F range, accuracy of +/-1.0 F over full range, and maximum drift of 1F per year. Provide appropriate thermal well for the pressure application to allow

removal of the sensing element without draining the system. Wells filled with heat conductive compound.

H. Outside Air Temperature:

1. Platinum RTD with minimum -58-110 F range, Accuracy of +/-1.0 F over full range, and maximum drift of 1F per year. Provide sunshield and weatherproof box for exterior location as required.

I. Static Pressure Sensor:

- 1. Non-directional sensor with suitable range for expected input, and temperature compensated.
- 2. Accuracy: plus or minus 1 percent of full scale with repeatability of 0.5 percent.
- 3. Output: 4 to 20 mA, 0-5 vDC, 0-10 vDC.
- 4. Building Static Pressure Range: 0.25 to 0.25 inches water column or variable-jumper selectable.
- 5. Duct Static Pressure Range: 0 to 2.5 inches water column, 0 to 5 inches water column, 0 to 10 inches water column, jumper adjustable.

J. Air Differential Pressure:

- 1. Semi-conductor strain gauge pressure transducer with range 150% of operating pressure and over pressure tolerance of 200% of range pressure, +/-2% accuracy over full range, and maximum drift of 1% full range per year.
- 2. Provide static pressure tips with integral compression fittings for reference tubing at duct penetrations.
- 3. Digital LED display at transducer.

K. Equipment Operation Sensors:

- 1. Status Inputs for Fans: Differential pressure switch with adjustable range of 0 to 5 inches wg.
- 2. Status Inputs for Electric Motors: Current sensing relay with current transformers, adjustable and set to 175 percent of rated motor current.
- 3. Current Sensing Switches: Current operated solid state switch with adjustable set-point from 1 to 135 amps. Power and status LED's, non-polarity sensitive.
- L. Damper Position Indication: Potentiometer mounted in enclosure with adjustable crank arm assembly connected to damper to transmit 0 100 percent damper travel.

M. Fluid Flow:

- 1. Insertion Paddlewheel type flow sensors. Stainless steel or brass probe. 1-1/2 percent accuracy at 4 fps velocity. Working pressure of 200 psi. Capable of 200F operating temperatures.
- 2. Microprocessor-based signal conditioner with 4-20 mA output suitable for use with flow sensor. Front panel programming and numerical display to show flow rate in GPM. Signal conditioner remote mounted on adjacent wall.
- 3. Control Contractor responsible for installing flow sensors in location meeting manufacturer's requirements for accurate reading.

N. Line Voltage Thermostats:

1. Integral manual On/Off/Auto selector switch, single or two-pole.

- 2. Dead band: Maximum 2 degrees F.
- 3. Cover: Setpoint. Temperature indication.
- 4. Load capacity rating.
- O. Room Thermostat or Temperature Sensor Accessories:
 - 1. Insulating Bases: For thermostats located on exterior walls.
 - 2. Flush Plate or Aspirating Boxes: For thermostats requiring flush installation.
- P. Air Flow Switches:
 - 1. Paddle or differential pressure type, as indicated in sequences of operation.
 - 2. UL Listed, SPDT snap-acting with pilot duty rating (125 VA minimum).
 - 3. Appropriate scale range and differential adjustment.
 - 4. Adjustable sensitivity.
 - 5. NEMA 250 Type 1enclosure.

2.4 ELECTRIC DAMPER ACTUATORS

- A. Operation:
 - 1. Two-position
 - 2. Reversing type proportional motor
 - 3. Spring-return
- B. Enclosure Rating: NEMA 250 Type 1.
- C. Mounting: Direct mount.
- D. Stroke: 90 seconds end to end full stroke, 15 seconds return to normal for spring return.
- E. Protection: Electronic stall protection.
- F. Control Input: 0-10 VDC or 0-20 mA DC.
- G. Power: Nominal 24 or 120 volt AC.
- H. Torque: Size for minimum 150 percent of required duty.
- I. Duty cycle: rated for 65,000 cycles.
- J. Accessories:
 - 1. Cover mounted transformer.
 - 2. Auxiliary potentiometer.
 - 3. Damper linkage.
 - 4. Direct drive feedback potentiometer.
 - 5. Output position feedback.
 - 6. Field selectable rotational, spring return direction, field adjustable zero and span.
 - 7. End switch.

2.5 CONTROL VALVES

A. Globe Pattern:

- 1. 2 inches and Smaller: Sweat or threaded. Bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, renewable composition disc, screwed ends with back seating capacity packable under pressure.
- 2. 2-1/2 inches and Larger: Flanged. Iron body, bronze trim, rising stem, plug-type disc, flanged ends, renewable seat and disc.
- 3. Hydronic Systems:
 - a. Rate for service pressure of 125 psig at 250 degrees F.
 - b. Replaceable plugs and seats of stainless steel.
 - c. Sizing: See drawings for maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
 - d. Furnish two-way valves with equal percentage characteristics. Furnish three way valves with linear characteristics. Size two way valve actuators to close valves against pump shut off head.

B. Ball Valves:

- 1. Threaded ends for 2-way valves 3 inches and smaller. Threaded ends for 3-way valves 2 inches and smaller.
- 2. Forged brass body, chrome plated brass ball and blowout proof stem and EPDM O-rings with minimum 600 psig rating.
- 3. Fluid Temperature Range: 20 to 250 degrees F.
- 4. Sizing: See drawings for maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
- 5. Flow Characteristics: Furnish 2-way valves with equal percentage characteristics. Furnish 3-way valves with equal percentage characteristic through control port and linear characteristic through bypass port.
- 6. Size 2-way valve actuators to close valves against pump shut off head.

C. Terminal Unit Control Valves:

- 1. Brass body, Class 250, nickel plated brass ball, with optimizer insert for modulating applications, blow out resistant stem, threaded ends.
- 2. Two or three way as indicated in schedule or on Drawings.
- 3. Integral actuator.
- 4. Spring return required unless noted otherwise.
- 5. Minimum Fluid Temperature: 20 degrees F.
- 6. Maximum Operating Conditions: 250 degrees F.
- 7. Sizing: See drawings for maximum pressure drop at design flow rate, to close against pump shutoff head.
- 8. Flow Characteristics: Furnish two-way and three-way valves with equal percentage characteristics.

2.6 ELECTRIC VALVE ACTUATORS

- A. Fully factory assembled. Size to operate with sufficient reserve power to provide smooth modulating action or two-position action under every condition.
- B. Motor: Permanent split-capacitor or shaded-pole type. Gear trains completely oil immersed and sealed. Furnish spring-return motors with integral spiral-spring mechanism

in housings designed for easy removal for service or adjustment of limit switches, auxiliary switches, or feedback potentiometer.

- C. Actuator: Direct-coupled type non-hydraulic designed for minimum 100,000 full-stroke cycles at rated torque. Furnish actuator with rating of not less than twice thrust needed for actual operation of valve.
 - 1. Coupling: V-bolt and V-shaped, toothed cradle.
 - 2. Overload Protection: Electronic overload or digital rotation-sensing circuitry.
 - 3. Fail-Safe Operation: Mechanical, spring-return mechanism. Furnish external, manual gear release on non-spring-return actuators.
 - 4. Furnish spring-return actuators with manual override. Complete manual override to take no more than 10 turns.
 - 5. Power Requirements:
 - a. Two-Position Spring Return: 24 volt AC or DC, maximum 10 vA.
 - b. Modulating: 24 volt AC, maximum 15 vA.
 - 6. Proportional Signal: 2 to 10 volt dc or 4 to 20 mA, and 2 to 10 volt dc position feedback signal.
 - 7. Temperature Rating: 20 to 140 degrees F.
 - 8. Run Time: 200 seconds open, 40 seconds closed.
- D. Size for torque required for valve close-off at maximum pump differential pressure, regardless of water loop system pressures.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Division 1 Administrative Requirements: Coordination and project conditions.
- B. Verify air handling units and ductwork installation is complete and air filters are in place before installing sensors in air streams.
- C. Verify location of thermostats, and other exposed control sensors with Drawings before installation.
- D. Verify building systems to be controlled are ready to operate.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install thermostats and other exposed control sensors after locations are coordinated with other Work.
- B. Install thermostats at 48-60 inches above finished floor. Align with light switches. Installation at existing location and height is acceptable.
- C. Install freeze protection thermostats using flanges and element holders.

- D. Install outdoor reset thermostats and outdoor sensor junction box indoors on North exterior wall, with sensing elements outdoors facing North with sun shield.
- E. Provide separable sockets for liquids and flanges for air bulb elements.
- F. Install flat-plate thermostats in apparatus bays and as indicated on Drawings.
- G. Install control panels adjacent to associated equipment on vibration free walls or freestanding supports. Use one cabinet for more than one system in same equipment room. Install engraved plastic nameplates for instruments and controls inside cabinet and engraved plastic nameplates on cabinet face. Label with appropriate equipment or system designation.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Division 1 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Field inspecting, testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. After completion of installation, test and adjust control equipment. Submit data showing set points and final adjustments of controls. See 230923

3.4 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

- A. Division 1 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Requirements for demonstration and training.
- B. Demonstrate complete operation of systems, including sequence of operation prior to Date of Substantial Completion. See 230923 and 230940

END OF SECTION 230900

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Direct digital control (DDC) system for HVAC.
- B. Related Requirements: See the following sections for additional requirements for the DDC system and installation, hereunder.
 - 1. Section 230900 Instrumentation and Control for HVAC for related requirements.
 - 2. Section 230940 Automatic Controls Sequence of Operations for control sequences.
 - 3. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
 - 4. Section 260533 Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems
 - 5. Section 271513 Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK & SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. The control system shall be hosted by the CBJ MIS network. Coordinate with CBJ for communication, hosting, and access requirements.
- B. Furnish all labor materials, equipment, and service necessary for the installation of a new control system for the Glacier Fire Station Building.
- C. All existing controls shall be removed and replaced with new, except for the 2016 ARFF building addition area.
- D. Conduit may be re-used where in good condition and code compliant. All existing wiring shall be replaced with new.
- E. The systems shall utilize BACNet as the protocol between main control panels, local graphical user interface, and Owner's central graphical user interface.
- F. The BAS contractor shall furnish and install a fully integrated building automation system, incorporating Direct Digital Control (DDC) and electric control for energy management, equipment monitoring and control, and subsystems as specified herein.
- G. All materials and equipment used shall be standard components, regularly manufactured for this and/or other systems and not custom designed specifically for this project unless specifically noted otherwise. All systems and components shall have been thoroughly tested and proven in actual use for at least two years.
- H. The BAS contractor shall be responsible for all BAS and related control wiring for a complete and operable system. All wiring shall be done in accordance with Electrical Specifications, this specification, and all local and national codes.

- I. The BAS system shall be accessible through the CBJ network VLAN and remotely through web access.
- J. Provide installation and calibration, supervision, adjustments, and fine tuning necessary for complete and fully operational system.
- K. Remove all unused and abandoned controls including pneumatic tubing.
- L. Provide air compressor and air dryer to Owner.
- M. Remove Trane controller for existing SF-1 fan unit. Replace SF-1 controls with new DDC controls
- N. Substantial Completion Inspection: Provide assistance to inspecting Engineer. DDC Contractor shall be available on-site for the duration of the inspection.
- O. Commissioning. Provide assistance to commissioning agent. DDC Contractor shall be available on-site for the duration of the commissioning.
- P. Provide a comprehensive operator and technician training program as described herein.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Algorithm: A logical procedure for solving a recurrent mathematical problem. A prescribed set of well-defined rules or processes for solving a problem in a finite number of steps.
- B. Analog: A continuously varying signal value, such as current, flow, pressure, or temperature.
- C. BACnet Specific Definitions:
 - 1. BACnet: Building Automation Control Network Protocol, ASHRAE 135. A communications protocol allowing devices to communicate data and services over a network.
 - 2. BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBBs): BIBB defines a small portion of BACnet functionality that is needed to perform a particular task. BIBBs are combined to build the BACnet functional requirements for a device.
 - 3. BACnet/IP: Defines and allows using a reserved UDP socket to transmit BACnet messages over IP networks. A BACnet/IP network is a collection of one or more IP subnetworks that share the same BACnet network number.
 - 4. BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL): Organization responsible for testing products for compliance with ASHRAE 135, operated under direction of BACnet International.
- D. Binary: Two-state signal where a high signal level represents "ON" or "OPEN" condition and a low signal level represents "OFF" or "CLOSED" condition. "Digital" is sometimes used interchangeably with "Binary" to indicate a two-state signal.

- E. Controller: Generic term for any standalone, microprocessor-based, digital controller residing on a network, used for local or global control. Three types of controllers are indicated: network controllers, programmable application controllers, and application-specific controllers.
- F. Control System Integrator: An entity that assists in expansion of existing enterprise system and support of additional operator interfaces to I/O being added to existing enterprise system.
- G. COV: Changes of value.
- H. DDC System Provider: Authorized representative of, and trained by, DDC system manufacturer and responsible for execution of DDC system Work indicated.
- I. Distributed Control: Processing of system data is decentralized and control decisions are made at subsystem level. System operational programs and information are provided to remote subsystems and status is reported back. On loss of communication, subsystems to be capable of operating in a standalone mode using the last best available data.
- J. E/P: Voltage to pneumatic.
- K. Gateway: Bidirectional protocol translator that connects control systems that use different communication protocols.
- L. HLC: Heavy load conditions.
- M. I/O: System through which information is received and transmitted. I/O refers to analog input (AI), binary input (BI), analog output (AO) and binary output (BO). Analog signals are continuous and represent control influences such as flow, level, moisture, pressure, and temperature. Binary signals convert electronic signals to digital pulses (values) and generally represent two-position operating and alarm status. "Digital," (DI) and (DO), is sometimes used interchangeably with "Binary," (BI) and (BO), respectively.
- N. LAN: Local area network.
- O. LNS: LonWorks Network Services.
- P. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.
- Q. Mobile Device: A data-enabled phone or tablet computer capable of connecting to a cellular data network and running a native control application or accessing a web interface.
- R. Modbus TCP/IP: An open protocol for exchange of process data.
- S. MS/TP: Master-slave/token-passing, ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3. Datalink protocol LAN option that uses twisted-pair wire for low-speed communication.
- T. MTBF: Mean time between failures.

- U. Network Controller: Digital controller, which supports a family of programmable application controllers and application-specific controllers, that communicates on peer-to-peer network for transmission of global data.
- V. Network Repeater: Device that receives data packet from one network and rebroadcasts it to another network. No routing information is added to protocol.
- W. Peer to Peer: Networking architecture that treats all network stations as equal partners.
- X. POT: Portable operator's terminal.
- Y. RAM: Random access memory.
- Z. RF: Radio frequency.
- AA. Router: Device connecting two or more networks at network layer.
- BB. Server: Computer used to maintain system configuration, historical and programming database.
- CC. TCP/IP: Transport control protocol/Internet protocol.
- DD. UPS: Uninterruptible power supply.
- EE. USB: Universal Serial Bus.
- FF. User Datagram Protocol (UDP): This protocol assumes that the IP is used as the underlying protocol.
- GG. VAV: Variable air volume.
- HH. WLED: White light emitting diode.

1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at CBJ Engineering Office prior to beginning Work to discuss DDC system integration with the designated CBJ Network and Server.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

- 1. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- 2. Operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories indicating process operating range, accuracy over range, control signal over range, default control signal with loss of power, calibration data specific to each unique application, electrical power requirements, and limitations of ambient operating environment, including temperature and humidity.

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- 3. Product description with complete technical data, performance curves, and product specification sheets.
- 4. Installation, operation, and maintenance instructions including factors effecting performance.
- 5. Bill of materials of indicating quantity, manufacturer, and extended model number for each unique product.
 - a. Workstations Not Required
 - b. Printers Not Required
 - c. Servers Not Required. Install software on CBJ Network.
 - d. Gateways.
 - e. Routers.
 - f. DDC controllers.
 - g. Enclosures.
 - h. Electrical power devices.
 - i. UPS units.
 - j. Accessories.
 - k. Instruments.
 - 1. Control dampers and actuators.
 - m. Control valves and actuators.
- 6. When manufacturer's product datasheets apply to a product series rather than a specific product model, clearly indicate and highlight only applicable information.
- 7. Each submitted piece of product literature to clearly cross reference specification and drawings that submittal is to cover.

B. Software Submittal:

- 1. Cross-referenced listing of software to be loaded on each operator workstation, server, gateway, and DDC controller.
- 2. Description and technical data of all software provided and cross-referenced to products in which software will be installed.
- 3. Operating system software, operator interface and programming software, color graphic software, DDC controller software, maintenance management software, and third-party software.
- 4. Include a flow diagram and an outline of each subroutine that indicates each program variable name and units of measure.
- 5. Listing and description of each engineering equation used with reference source.
- 6. Listing and description of each constant used in engineering equations and a reference source to prove origin of each constant.
- 7. Description of operator interface to alphanumeric and graphic programming.
- 8. Description of each network communication protocol.
- 9. Description of system database, including all data included in database, database capacity, and limitations to expand database.
- 10. Description of each application program and device drivers to be generated, including specific information on data acquisition and control strategies showing their relationship to system timing, speed, processing burden, and system throughout.

11. Controlled Systems: Instrumentation list with element name, type of device, manufacturer, model number, and product data. Include written description of sequence of operation including schematic diagram.

C. Shop Drawings:

1. General Requirements:

- a. Include cover drawing with Project name, location, Owner, Architect, Engineer, Contractor, and issue date with each Shop Drawings submission.
- b. Include a drawing index sheet listing each drawing number and title that matches information in each title block.
- c. Drawings Size: 11x17
- 2. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details where applicable.
- 3. Include details of product assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- 4. Detail means of vibration isolation and show attachments to rotating equipment.
- 5. Plan Drawings indicating the following:
 - a. Screened backgrounds of walls, structural grid lines, HVAC equipment.
 - b. Room names and numbers with coordinated placement to avoid interference with control products indicated.
 - c. Each desktop workstation network port, server, gateway, router, DDC controller, control panel instrument connecting to DDC controller, and damper and valve connecting to DDC controller, if included in Project.
 - d. Exact placement of products in rooms, ducts, and piping to reflect proposed installed condition.
 - e. Network communication cable and raceway routing.
 - f. Proposed routing of wiring, cabling, conduit, and tubing; coordinated with building services for review before installation.
 - g. Proposed locations of all thermostats, sensors, and control devices.

6. Schematic drawings for each controlled HVAC system indicating the following:

- a. I/O points labeled with point names shown. Indicate instrument range, normal operating set points, and alarm set points. Indicate fail position of each damper and valve, if included in Project.
- b. I/O listed in table format showing point name, type of device, manufacturer, model number, and cross-reference to product data sheet number.
- c. A graphic showing location of control I/O in proper relationship to HVAC system.
- d. Wiring diagram with each I/O point having a unique identification and indicating labels for all wiring terminals.
- e. Unique identification of each I/O that to be consistently used between different drawings showing same point.
- f. Elementary wiring diagrams of controls for HVAC equipment motor circuits including interlocks, switches, relays, and interface to DDC controllers.
- g. Narrative sequence of operation.

- h. Graphic sequence of operation, showing all inputs and output logical blocks.
- 7. Control panel drawings indicating the following:
 - a. Panel dimensions, materials, size, and location of field cable, raceways, and tubing connections.
 - b. Interior subpanel layout, drawn to scale and showing all internal components, cabling and wiring raceways, nameplates, and allocated spare space.
 - c. Front, rear, and side elevations and nameplate legend.
 - d. Unique drawing for each panel.
- 8. DDC system network riser diagram indicating the following:
 - a. Each device connected to network with unique identification for each.
 - b. Interconnection of each different network in DDC system.
 - c. For each network, indicate communication protocol, speed, and physical means of interconnecting network devices, such as copper cable type, or optical fiber cable type. Indicate raceway type and size for each.
 - d. Each network port for connection of an operator workstation or other type of operator interface with unique identification for each.
- 9. DDC system electrical power riser diagram indicating the following:
 - a. Each point of connection to field power with requirements (volts / phase / hertz / amperes / connection type) listed for each.
 - b. Each control power supply including, as applicable, transformers, power-line conditioners, transient voltage suppression and high filter noise units, DC power supplies, and UPS units with unique identification for each.
 - c. Each product requiring power with requirements (volts / phase/ hertz / amperes / connection type) listed for each.
 - d. Power wiring type and size, race type, and size for each.
- 10. Monitoring and control signal diagrams indicating the following:
 - a. Control signal cable and wiring between controllers and I/O.
 - b. Point-to-point schematic wiring diagrams for each product.
- 11. Color graphics indicating the following:
 - a. Itemized list of color graphic displays to be provided.
 - b. For each display screen to be provided, a true color copy showing layout of pictures, graphics, and data displayed.
 - c. Intended operator access between related hierarchical display screens.

D. System Description:

1. Full description of DDC system architecture, network configuration, operator interfaces and peripherals, servers, controller types and applications, gateways, routers and other network devices, and power supplies.

- 2. Complete listing and description of each report, log and trend for format and timing, and events that initiate generation.
- 3. System and product operation under each potential failure condition including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Loss of power.
 - b. Loss of network communication signal.
 - c. Loss of controller signals to inputs and outpoints.
 - d. Operator workstation failure.
 - e. Server failure.
 - f. Gateway failure.
 - g. Network failure.
 - h. Controller failure.
 - i. Instrument failure.
 - j. Control damper and valve actuator failure.
- 4. Complete bibliography of documentation and media to be delivered to Owner.
- 5. Description of testing plans and procedures.
- 6. Description of Owner training.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates:
 - 1. Data Communications Protocol Certificates:
 - a. Certifying that each proposed DDC system component complies with ASHRAE 135.
 - b. Certifying that each proposed DDC system component complies with Niagara framework.

1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For DDC system.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Div 1 and Section 230510 Operation and Maintenance Data, include the following:
 - a. Project Record Drawings of as-built versions of submittal Shop Drawings provided in electronic PDF format.
 - b. Testing and commissioning reports and checklists of completed final versions of reports, checklists, and trend logs.
 - c. As-built versions of submittal Product Data.
 - d. Names, addresses, email addresses, and 24-hour telephone numbers of Installer and service representatives for DDC system and products.

- e. Operator's manual with procedures for operating control systems including logging on and off, handling alarms, producing point reports, trending data, overriding computer control, and changing set points and variables.
- f. Programming manuals with description of programming language and syntax, of statements for algorithms and calculations used, of point database creation and modification, of program creation and modification, and of editor use.
- g. Engineering, installation, and maintenance manuals that explain how to do the following:
 - 1) Design and install new points, panels, and other hardware.
 - 2) Perform preventive maintenance and calibration.
 - 3) Debug hardware problems.
 - 4) Repair or replace hardware.
- h. Documentation of all programs created using custom programming language including set points, tuning parameters, and object database.
- i. Backup copy of graphic files, programs, and databases on electronic media.
- j. List of recommended spare parts with part numbers and suppliers.
- k. Complete original-issue documentation, installation, and maintenance information for furnished third-party hardware including computer equipment and sensors.
- 1. Complete original-issue copies of furnished software, including operating systems, custom programming language, operator workstation software, and graphics software.
- m. Licenses, guarantees, and warranty documents.
- n. Recommended preventive maintenance procedures for system components, including schedule of tasks such as inspection, cleaning, and calibration; time between tasks; and task descriptions.
- o. Owner training materials.

1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Extra Stock Material: Furnish extra materials and parts to Owner that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
- B. Include product manufacturers' recommended parts lists for proper product operation over 2-year period following warranty period. Parts list to be indicated for each year.

1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. DDC System Manufacturer Qualifications:
 - 1. Nationally recognized manufacturer of DDC systems and products.
 - 2. DDC systems with similar requirements to those indicated for a continuous period of five years within time of bid.
 - 3. DDC systems and products that have been successfully tested and in use on at least five past projects.

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- 4. Having complete published catalog literature, installation, operation, and maintenance manuals for all products intended for use.
- 5. Having full-time in-house employees for the following:
 - a. Product research and development.
 - b. Product and application engineering.
 - c. Product manufacturing, testing, and quality control.
 - d. Technical support for DDC system installation training, commissioning, and troubleshooting of installations.
 - e. Owner operator training.

B. DDC System Provider Qualifications:

- 1. Authorized representative of, and trained by, DDC system manufacturer.
- 2. In-place facility located within Alaska.
- 3. Demonstrate past experience with installation of DDC system products being installed for period within five consecutive years before time of bid.
- 4. Demonstrate past experience on five projects of similar complexity, scope, and value.
- 5. Demonstrate past experience of the control technician assigned to Project.
- 6. Staffing resources of competent and experienced full-time employees that are assigned to execute work according to schedule.
- 7. Service and maintenance staff assigned to support Project during warranty period.
- 8. Product parts inventory to support ongoing DDC system operation for a period of not less than five years after Substantial Completion.
- 9. DDC system manufacturer's backing to take over execution of the Work if necessary to comply with requirements indicated. Include Project-specific written letter, signed by manufacturer's corporate officer, if requested.

1.10 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Division 1 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Requirements for maintenance service.
- B. Furnish service and maintenance of control systems for one year from Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Furnish two complete inspections during Warranty Period, one in each season, to inspect, calibrate, and adjust controls. Submit written report after each inspection. Include 4 hours each trip.
- D. Include systematic examination, adjustment, and lubrication of unit, and controls checkout and adjustments. Repair or replace parts in accordance with manufacturer's operating and maintenance data. Use parts produced by manufacturer of original equipment.
- E. Perform work without removing units from service during building normal occupied hours.
- F. Provide emergency call back service at all hours for this maintenance period.

- G. Maintain locally, near project site, adequate stock of parts for replacement or emergency purposes. Have personnel available to ensure fulfillment of this maintenance service, without unreasonable loss of time.
- H. Perform maintenance work using competent and qualified personnel under supervision and in direct employ of manufacturer or original installer.
- I. Do not assign or transfer maintenance service to agent or subcontractor without prior written consent of Owner.

1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace products that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Adjust, repair, or replace failures at no additional cost or reduction in service to Owner.
 - 2. Include updates or upgrades to software and firmware if necessary to resolve deficiencies.
 - a. Install updates only after receiving Owner's written authorization.
 - 3. Perform warranty service during normal business hours and commence within 24 hours of Owner's warranty service request.
 - 4. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL (DDC) SYSTEM FOR HVAC

- A. Approved manufacturers:
 - 1. Alerton and Delta Controls as provided by Convergent Technologies. 139 E 51st Avenue Suite 100, Anchorage, AK 99503
 - 2. Honeywell or Automated Logic as provided by Meridian Systems Inc. 401 W International Airport Rd, Suite 13, Anchorage, AK 99518
 - 3. Distech or LONG Building Automation as provided by LONG Building Technologies, Inc.
 - 5660 B St, Anchorage, Alaska 99518
 - 4. Siemens Industry, Inc. 5333 Fairbanks St., Ste. B, Anchorage, AK 99518
 - 5. Delta Controls as provided by Alaska Integrated Services 383 Industrial Way Ste 100, Anchorage, AK 99501
 - 6. Tridium Niagara Installed by any manufacturer approved supplier/installer

2.2 DDC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Microprocessor-based monitoring and control including analog/digital conversion and program logic. A control loop or subsystem in which digital and analog information is received and processed by a microprocessor, and digital control signals are generated based on control algorithms and transmitted to field devices to achieve a set of predefined conditions.
 - 1. DDC system consisting of high-speed, peer-to-peer network of distributed DDC controllers, other network devices, operator interfaces, and software.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.3 WEB ACCESS

- A. DDC system to be web compatible.
 - 1. Web-Compatible Access to DDC System:
 - a. CBJ server shall perform overall system supervision and configuration, graphical user interface, management report generation, and alarm annunciation. Coordinate closely with CBJ during design for hosting requirements.
 - b. DDC system to support web browser access to building data. Operator using a standard web browser shall able to access control graphics and change adjustable set points.
 - c. Password-protected web access.

2.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Products installed in ducts, equipment, and return-air paths complying with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- B. DDC System Speed:
 - 1. Response Time of Connected I/O:
 - a. Update AI point values connected to DDC system at least every two seconds for use by DDC controllers. Points used globally to also comply with this requirement.
 - b. Update BI point values connected to DDC system at least every two seconds for use by DDC controllers. Points used globally to also comply with this requirement.
 - c. AO points connected to DDC system to begin to respond to controller output commands within one second. Global commands to also comply with this requirement.

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d. BO point values connected to DDC system to respond to controller output commands within one second. Global commands to also comply with this requirement.

2. Display of Connected I/O:

- a. Update and display analog point COV connected to DDC system at least every five seconds for use by operator.
- b. Update and display binary point COV connected to DDC system at least every five seconds for use by operator.
- c. Update and display alarms of analog and digital points connected to DDC system within 15 seconds of activation or change of state.
- d. Update graphic display refresh within four seconds.
- e. Point change of values and alarms displayed from workstation to workstation when multiple operators are viewing from multiple workstations to not exceed graphic refresh rate indicated.
- C. Network Bandwidth: Design each network of DDC system to include spare bandwidth with DDC system operating under normal and heavy load conditions indicated. Calculate bandwidth usage, and apply a safety factor to ensure that requirement is satisfied when subjected to testing under worst case conditions. Minimum spare bandwidth as follows:

1. Level 1 Networks: 30

2. Level 2 Networks: 30

3. Level 3 Networks: 30

D. DDC System Data Storage:

1. Include capability to continuously archive data on CBJ Network for all I/O points connected to system, including alarms, event histories, transaction logs, trends, and other information indicated.

E. DDC Data Access:

- 1. When logged into the system, operator able to also interact with any DDC controllers connected to DDC system as required for functional operation of DDC system.
- 2. Use for application configuration; for archiving, reporting, and trending of data; for operator transaction archiving and reporting; for network information management; for alarm annunciation; and for operator interface tasks and controls application management.

F. Future Expandability:

- 1. DDC system size is expandable to an ultimate capacity of at least 1.25 times total I/O points required for current Work.
- 2. Design and install system networks to achieve ultimate capacity with only addition of DDC controllers, I/O, and associated wiring and cable. Design and install initial network infrastructure to support ultimate capacity without having to remove and replace portions of network installation.

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- 3. Operator interfaces installed initially do not require hardware and software additions and revisions for system when operating at ultimate capacity.
- G. Input Point Values Displayed Accuracy: Meet following end-to-end overall system accuracy, including errors associated with meter, sensor, transmitter, lead wire or cable, and analog to digital conversion.
 - 1. Energy:
 - a. Thermal: Within 2 percent of reading.
 - b. Electric Power: Within 1 percent of reading.
 - 2. Flow:
 - a. Air: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - b. Air (Terminal Units): Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - c. Water: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - 3. Gas:
 - a. Carbon Dioxide: Within 50 ppm.
 - b. Carbon Monoxide: Within 5 percent of reading.
 - c. Refrigerant: Within 5 percent of reading.
 - 4. Moisture (Relative Humidity):
 - a. Air: Within 2 percent RH.
 - b. Space: Within 2 percent RH.
 - c. Outdoor: Within 5 percent RH.
 - 5. Pressure:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: 1 percent of instrument range.
 - b. Space: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - c. Water: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - 6. Temperature, Dew Point:
 - a. Air: Within 0.5 deg F
 - b. Space: Within 0.5 deg F
 - c. Outdoor: Within 2 deg F
 - 7. Temperature, Dry Bulb:
 - a. Air: Within 0.5 deg F
 - b. Space: Within 0.5 deg F
 - c. Outdoor: Within 2 deg F
 - d. Heating Hot Water: Within 0.5 deg F
 - e. Temperature Difference: Within 0.25 deg F
- H. Precision of I/O Reported Values: Values reported in database and displayed to have following precision:
 - 1. Current:
 - a. Milliamperes: Nearest 1/100th of a milliampere.

- b. Amperes: Nearest 1/10th of an ampere up to 100 A; nearest ampere for 100 A and more.
- 2. Energy:
 - a. Electric Power:
 - 1) Rate (Watts): Nearest 1/10th of a watt through 1000 W.
 - 2) Rate (Kilowatts): Nearest 1/10th of a kilowatt through 1000 kW; nearest kilowatt above 1000 kW.
 - 3) Usage (Kilowatt-Hours): Nearest kilowatt through 10,000 kW; nearest 10 kW between 10,000 and 100,000 kW; nearest 100 kW for above 100,000 kW.
- 3. Flow:
 - a. Air: Nearest cfm.
 - b. Water: Nearest gpm.
- 4. Moisture (Relative Humidity): Nearest 1 percent.
- 5. Position, Dampers and Valves (Percentage Open): Nearest 1 percent.
- 6. Pressure:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: Nearest 1/10th in. w.c.
 - b. Space: Nearest 1/100th in. w.c.
 - c. Water: Nearest 1/10 psig through 100 psig; nearest psig above 100 psig
- 7. Temperature:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
 - b. Outdoor: Nearest 1/10th degree.
 - c. Space: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
 - d. Heating Hot Water: Nearest degree.
- I. Environmental Conditions for Controllers, Gateways, and Routers:
 - 1. Products to operate without performance degradation under ambient environmental temperature, pressure, and humidity conditions encountered for installed location.
 - a. If product alone cannot comply with requirement, install product in a protective enclosure that is isolated and protected from conditions impacting performance. Enclosure to be internally insulated, electrically heated, cooled, and ventilated as required by product and application.
 - 2. Protect products with enclosures satisfying the following minimum requirements unless more stringent requirements are indicated. House products not available with integral enclosures complying with requirements indicated in protective secondary enclosures. Installed location dictates the following NEMA 250 enclosure requirements:
 - a. Outdoors, Protected: Type 3
 - b. Outdoors, Unprotected: Type 4X
 - c. Indoors, Heated Type 1
 - d. Mechanical Equipment Rooms: Type 12
 - e. Localized Areas Exposed to Washdown: Type 4X
 - f. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Not Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 2.

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- g. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 4X.
- h. Hazardous Locations: Explosion-proof rating for condition.

J. Environmental Conditions for Instruments and Actuators:

- 1. Instruments and actuators to operate without performance degradation under the ambient environmental temperature, pressure, humidity, and vibration conditions specified and encountered for installed location.
 - a. If instruments and actuators alone cannot comply with requirement, install instruments and actuators in protective enclosures that are isolated and protected from conditions impacting performance. Enclosure is internally insulated, electrically heated, and ventilated as required by instrument and application.
- 2. Protect instruments, actuators, and accessories with enclosures satisfying the following minimum requirements unless more stringent requirements are indicated. House instruments and actuators not available with integral enclosures complying with requirements indicated in protective secondary enclosures. Installed location is to dictate the following NEMA 250 enclosure requirements:
 - a. Outdoors, Protected: Type 3
 - b. Outdoors, Unprotected: Type 4X
 - c. Indoors, Heated Type 1
 - d. Mechanical Equipment Rooms: Type 12
 - e. Localized Areas Exposed to Washdown: Type 4X
 - f. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Not Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 2.
 - g. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 4X.
 - h. Hazardous Locations: Explosion-proof rating for condition.

K. Electric Power Quality:

- 1. Power-Line Surges:
 - a. Protect DDC system products connected to ac power circuits from power-line surges to comply with requirements of IEEE C62.41.1 and IEEE C62.41.2.
 - b. Do not use fuses for surge protection.
 - c. Test protection in the normal mode and in the common mode, using the following two waveforms:
 - 1) 10-by-1000-microsecond waveform with a peak voltage of 1500 V and a peak current of 60 A.
 - 2) 8-by-20-microssecond waveform with a peak voltage of 1000 V and a peak current of 500 A.
- 2. Ground Fault: Protect products from ground fault by providing suitable grounding. Products to not fail due to ground fault condition.

L. UPS:

- 1. DDC system products powered by UPS units are to include the following:
 - a. Servers.
 - b. Gateways.
 - c. DDC main control panel.
 - d. Desktop workstations.
 - e. Network Switches.
 - f. Transformers

M. Continuity of Operation after Electric Power Interruption:

1. Equipment and associated factory-installed controls, field-installed controls, electrical equipment, and power supply connected to building normal and backup power systems are to automatically return equipment and associated controls to operating state occurring immediately before loss of normal power, without need for manual intervention by operator when power is restored either through backup power source or through normal power if restored before backup power is brought online.

2.5 CBJ DDC SYSTEM OPERATOR INTERFACES

- A. Operator Means of System Access: Operator able to access entire DDC system through any of multiple means including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Desktop and portable workstation with hardwired connection through LAN port.
 - 2. Portable operator terminal with hardwired connection through LAN port.
 - 3. Portable operator workstation with wireless connection through LAN router.
 - 4. Mobile device and application with secured wireless connection through LAN router or cellular data service.
 - 5. Remote connection through web access.
- B. Make access to system, regardless of operator means used, transparent to operator.
- C. Network Ports: For hardwired connection of desktop or portable workstation. Network port easily accessible, properly protected, clearly labeled, and installed at the following locations:
 - 1. Each mechanical equipment room.
 - 2. Each control panel.

D. Portable Workstations:

- 1. Connect to DDC system Level 1 LAN through a communications port directly on LAN or through a communications port on a DDC controller.
- 2. Able to communicate with any device located on any DDC system LAN.
- 3. Connect to DDC system Level 2 or Level 3 LAN through a communications port on an application-specific controller, or a room temperature sensor connected to an application-specific controller.

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- 4. Connect to system through a wireless router connected to Level 1 LAN.
- 5. Connect to system through a cellular broadband data service.
- 6. Portable workstation able to communicate with any device connected to any system LAN regardless of point of physical connection to system.
- 7. Monitor, program, schedule, adjust set points, and report capabilities of I/O connected anywhere in system.
- 8. Have dynamic graphic displays that are identical to desktop workstations.

E. Critical Alarm Reporting:

- 1. Send operator-selected critical alarms to notify operator of critical alarms that require immediate attention.
- 2. Send alarm notification to multiple recipients that are assigned for each alarm.
- 3. Notify recipients by any or all means, including email and text message.
- F. Simultaneous Operator Use: Capable of accommodating up to five simultaneous operators that are accessing DDC system through any of operator interfaces indicated. Upgradable to 15 users in future.

2.6 NETWORKS

- A. Acceptable networks for connecting workstations, mobile devices, and network controllers include the following:
 - 1. IP.
 - 2. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.
- B. Acceptable networks for connecting programmable application controllers include the following:
 - 1. IP.
 - 2. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.
- C. Acceptable networks for connecting application-specific controllers include the following:
 - 1. ATA 878.1, ARCNET.
 - 2. TIA 485-A.
 - 3. IP
 - 4. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.

2.7 NETWORK COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

- A. Use network communication protocol(s) that are open to Owner and available to other companies for use in making future modifications to DDC system.
- B. ASHRAE 135 Protocol:
 - 1. Use ASHRAE 135 communication protocol as sole and native protocol used throughout entire DDC system.

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- 2. DDC system to not require use of gateways except to integrate HVAC equipment and other building systems and equipment; not required to use ASHRAE 135 communication protocol.
- 3. If used, gateways to connect to DDC system using ASHRAE 135 communication protocol and Project object properties and read/write services indicated by interoperability schedule.
- 4. Use operator workstations, controllers, and other network devices that are tested and listed by BTL.

2.8 DDC SYSTEM WIRELESS NETWORKS

A. Wireless Networks are not allowed.

2.9 SYSTEM SOFTWARE

A. System Software Minimum Requirements:

- 1. Real-time multitasking and multiuser 64-bit operating system that allows concurrent multiple operator workstations operating and concurrent execution of multiple real-time programs and custom program development.
- 2. Operating system capable of operating DOS and Microsoft Windows applications.
- 3. Database management software to manage all data on an integrated and non-redundant basis. Additions and deletions to database are to be without detriment to existing data. Include cross linkages so no data required by a program can be deleted by an operator until that data have been deleted from respective programs.
- 4. Network communications software to manage and control multiple network communications to provide exchange of global information and execution of global programs.
- 5. Operator interface software to include day-to-day operator transaction processing, alarm and report handling, operator privilege level and data segregation control, custom programming, and online data modification capability.
- 6. Scheduling software to schedule centrally based time and event, temporary, and exception day programs.

B. Operator Interface Software:

- 1. Minimize operator training through use of English language prorating and English language point identification.
- 2. Minimize use of a typewriter-style keyboard through use of a pointing device similar to a mouse.
- 3. Make operator sign-off a manual operation or, if no keyboard or mouse activity takes place, an automatic sign-off.
- 4. Make automatic sign-off period programmable from one to 60 minutes in one-minute increments on a per operator basis.
- 5. Record operator sign-on and sign-off activity.
- 6. Security Access:

- a. Use password control for operator access to DDC system.
- b. Assign an alphanumeric password (field assignable) to each operator.
- c. Grant operators access to DDC system by entry of proper password.
- d. Use same operator password regardless of which computer or other operator interface means are used.
- e. Automatically update additions or changes made to passwords.
- f. Assign each operator an access level to restrict access to data and functions the operator is cable of performing.
- g. Provide software with at least five access levels.
- h. Assign each menu item an access level so that a one-for-one correspondence between operator assigned access level(s) and menu item access level(s) is required to gain access to menu item.
- i. Display menu items to operator with those capable of access highlighted. Make menu and operator access level assignments online programmable and under password control.

7. Data Segregation:

- a. Include data segregation for control of specific data routed to a workstation, to an operator or to a specific output device, such as a printer.
- b. Include at least 32 segregation groups.
- c. Make segregation groups selectable such as "fire points," "fire points on second floor," "space temperature points," "HVAC points," and so on.
- d. Make points assignable to multiple segregation groups. Display and output of data to printer or monitor is to occur where there is a match of operator or peripheral segregation group assignment and point segregations.
- e. Make alarms displayed and printed at each peripheral to which segregation allows, but only those operators assigned to peripheral and having proper authorization level will be allowed to acknowledge alarms.
- f. Assign operators and peripherals to multiple segregation groups and make all assignments online programmable and under password control.

8. Operators able to perform commands including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Start or stop selected equipment.
- b. Adjust set points.
- c. Add, modify, and delete time programming.
- d. Enable and disable process execution.
- e. Lock and unlock alarm reporting for each point.
- f. Enable and disable totalization for each point.
- g. Enable and disable trending for each point.
- h. Override control loop set points.
- i. Enter temporary override schedules.
- j. Define holiday schedules.
- k. Change time and date.
- 1. Enter and modify analog alarm limits.
- m. Enter and modify analog warning limits.
- n. View limits.
- o. Enable and disable demand limiting.

- p. Enable and disable duty cycle.
- q. Display logic programming for each control sequence.

9. Reporting:

- a. Generated automatically and manually.
- b. Sent to displays, printers and disc files.
- c. Types of Reporting:
 - 1) General listing of points.
 - 2) List points currently in alarm.
 - 3) List of off-line points.
 - 4) List points currently in override status.
 - 5) List of disabled points.
 - 6) List points currently locked out.
 - 7) List of items defined in a "Follow-Up" file.
 - 8) List weekly schedules.
 - 9) List holiday programming.
 - 10) List of limits and deadbands.
- 10. Summaries: For specific points, for a logical point group, for an operator selected group(s), or for entire system without restriction due to hardware configuration.

C. Graphic Interface Software:

- 1. Include a full interactive graphical selection means of accessing and displaying system data to operator. Include at least five levels with the penetration path operator assignable (for example, site, building, floor, air-handling unit, and supply temperature loop). Native language descriptors assigned to menu items are to be operator defined and modifiable under password control.
- 2. Include a hierarchical-linked dynamic graphic operator interface for accessing and displaying system data and commanding and modifying equipment operation. Interface is to use a pointing device with pull-down or penetrating menus, color, and animation to facilitate operator understanding of system.
- 3. Include at least 10 levels of graphic penetration with the hierarchy operator assignable.
- 4. Make descriptors for graphics, points, alarms, and such modifiable through operator's workstation under password control.
- 5. Make graphic displays online user definable and modifiable using the hardware and software provided.
- 6. Make data displayed within a graphic assignable regardless of physical hardware address, communication, or point type.
- 7. Make graphics online programmable and under password control.
- 8. Make points assignable to multiple graphics where necessary to facilitate operator understanding of system operation.
- 9. Graphics to also contain software points.
- 10. Penetration within a graphic hierarchy is to display each graphic name as graphics are selected to facilitate operator understanding.
- 11. Provide a back-trace feature to permit operator to move upward in the hierarchy using a pointing device. Back trace to show all previous penetration levels. Include operator with

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- option of showing each graphic full-screen size with back trace as horizontal header or by showing a "stack" of graphics, each with a back trace.
- 12. Display operator accessed data on the monitor.
- 13. Provide operator with ability to select further penetration using pointing device to click on a site, building, floor, area, equipment, and so on. Display defined and linked graphic below that selection.
- 14. Include operator with means to directly access graphics without going through penetration path.
- 15. Make dynamic data assignable to graphics.
- 16. Display points (physical and software) with dynamic data provided by DDC system with appropriate text descriptors, status or value, and engineering unit.
- 17. Use color, rotation, or other highly visible means, to denote status and alarm states. Make colors variable for each class of points, as chosen by operator.
- 18. Provide dynamic points with operator adjustable update rates on a per point basis from one second to over a minute.
- 19. For operators with appropriate privilege, command points directly from display using pointing device.
 - a. For an analog command point such as set point, display current conditions and limits so operator can position new set point using pointing device.
 - b. For a digital command point such as valve position, show valve in current state such as open or closed so operator could select alternative position using pointing device
 - c. Include a keyboard equivalent for those operators with that preference.
- 20. Give operator ability to split or resize viewing screen into quadrants to show one graphic on one quadrant of screen and other graphics or spreadsheet, bar chart, word processing, curve plot, and other information on other quadrants on screen. This feature allows real-time monitoring of one part of system while displaying other parts of system or data to better facilitate overall system operation.
- 21. Help Features:
 - a. Online context-sensitive help utility to facilitate operator training and understanding.
 - b. Bridge to further explanation of selected keywords and contain text and graphics to clarify system operation.
 - 1) If help feature does not have ability to bridge on keywords for more information, provide a complete set of user manuals in an indexed word-processing program, which runs concurrently with operating system software.
 - c. Available for Every Menu Item:
 - 1) Index items for each system menu item.
- 22. Provide graphic generation software to allow operator ability to add, modify, or delete system graphic displays.

- a. Include libraries of symbols depicting HVAC symbols such as fans, coils, filters, dampers, valves pumps, and electrical symbols.
- b. Use a pointing device in conjunction with a drawing program to allow operator to perform the following:
 - 1) Define background screens.
 - 2) Define connecting lines and curves.
 - 3) Locate, orient, and size descriptive text.
 - 4) Define and display colors for all elements.
 - 5) Establish correlation between symbols or text and associated system points or other displays.
- D. Project-Specific Graphics: Graphics documentation including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Site plan showing each building, and additional site elements, which are being controlled or monitored by DDC system.
 - 2. Plan for each building floor showing the following:
 - a. Room layouts with room identification and name.
 - b. Locations and identification of all monitored and controlled HVAC equipment and other equipment being monitored and controlled by DDC system.
 - c. Location and identification of each hardware point being controlled or monitored by DDC system.
 - 3. Control schematic including a graphic system schematic representation, similar to that indicated on Drawings, with point identification, set point and dynamic value indication, sequence of operation.
 - 4. Graphic display for each piece of equipment connected to DDC system through a data communications link. Include dynamic indication of all points associated with equipment.

E. Customizing Software:

- 1. Software to modify and tailor DDC system to specific and unique requirements of equipment installed, to programs implemented and to staffing and operational practices planned.
- 2. Online modification of DDC system configuration, program parameters, and database using menu selection and keyboard entry of data into preformatted display templates.
- 3. At a minimum, include the following modification capability:
 - a. Operator Assignment: Designation of operator passwords, access levels, point segregation, and auto sign-off.
 - b. Peripheral Assignment: Assignment of segregation groups and operators to consoles and printers, designation of backup workstations and printers, designation of workstation header points, and enabling and disabling of printout of operator changes.
 - c. System Configuration and Diagnostics: Communications and peripheral port assignments, DDC controller assignments to network, DDC controller enable and disable, assignment of command trace to points, and application programs and initiation of diagnostics.

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- d. System Text Addition and Change: English or native language descriptors for points, segregation groups and access levels and action messages for alarms, run time, and trouble condition.
- e. Time and Schedule Change: Time and date set, time and occupancy schedules, exception and holiday schedules, and daylight-savings time schedules.
- f. Point related change capability is to include the following:
 - 1) System and point enable and disable.
 - 2) Run-time enable and disable.
 - 3) Assignment of points to segregation groups, calibration tables, lockout, and run time and to a fixed I/O value.
 - 4) Assignment of alarm and warning limits.
- g. Application program change capability is to include the following:
 - 1) Enable and disable of software programs.
 - 2) Programming changes.
 - 3) Assignment of comfort limits, global points, time and event initiators, time and event schedules and enable and disable time and event programs.
- 4. Provide software to allow operator ability to add points, or groups of points, to DDC system and to link them to energy optimization and management programs. Make additions and modifications online programmable using operator workstations, downloaded to other network devices and entered into their databases. After verification of point additions and associated program operation, upload and record database on hard drive and disc for archived record.
- 5. Include high-level language programming software capability for implementation of custom DDC programs. Include a compiler, linker, and up- and down-load capability.
- 6. Include a library of DDC algorithms, intrinsic control operators, arithmetic, logic, and relational operators for implementation of control sequences. Also include, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. Proportional control (P).
 - b. Proportional plus integral (PI).
 - c. Proportional plus integral plus derivative (PID).
 - d. Adaptive and intelligent self-learning control.
 - 1) Algorithm monitors loop response to output corrections and adjust loop response characteristics in accordance with time constant changes imposed.
 - 2) Algorithm operates in a continuous self-learning manner and retains in memory a stored record of system dynamics so that on system shut down and restart, learning process starts from where it left off.
- 7. Fully implemented intrinsic control operators including sequence, reversing, ratio, time delay, time of day, highest select AO, lowest select AO, analog controlled digital output, analog control AO, and digitally controlled AO.
- 8. Logic operators such as "And," "Or," "Not," and others that are part of a standard set available with a high-level language.

- 9. Arithmetic operators such as "Add," "Subtract," "Multiply," "Divide," and others that are part of a standard set available with a high-level language.
- 10. Relational operators such as "Equal to," "Not Equal to," "Less Than," "Greater Than," and others that are part of a standard set available with a high-level language.

F. Alarm Handling Software:

- 1. Include alarm handling software to report all alarm conditions monitored and transmitted through DDC controllers, gateways and other network devices.
- 2. Include first in, first out handling of alarms in accordance with alarm priority ranking, with most critical alarms first, and with buffer storage in case of simultaneous and multiple alarms.
- 3. Make alarm handling active at all times to ensure that alarms are processed even if an operator is not currently signed on to DDC system.
- 4. Alarms display is to include the following:
 - a. Indication of alarm condition such as "Abnormal Off," "Hi Alarm," and "Low Alarm."
 - b. "Analog Value" or "Status" group and point identification with native language point descriptor such as "Space Temperature, Room 212."
 - c. Discrete per point alarm action message, such as "Call Maintenance Dept. Ext-5561."
 - d. Include extended message capability to allow assignment and printing of extended action messages. Capability is to be operator programmable and assignable on a per point basis.
- 5. Direct alarms to appropriate operator workstations, printers, and individual operators by privilege level and segregation assignments.
- 6. Send email alarm messages to designated operators.
- 7. Send email, page and text to designated operators for critical alarms.
- 8. Categorize and process alarms by class.

a. Class 1:

- 1) Associated with fire, security, and other extremely critical equipment monitoring functions; have alarm, trouble, return to normal, and acknowledge conditions printed and displayed.
- 2) Unacknowledged alarms to be placed in unacknowledged alarm buffer.
- 3) All conditions make an audible alarm sound and require individual acknowledgment to silence audible sound.

b. Class 2:

- 1) Critical, but not life-safety related, and processed same as Class 1 alarms, except do not require individual acknowledgment.
- 2) Acknowledgement may be through a multiple alarm acknowledgment.

c. Class 3:

- 1) General alarms; printed, displayed, and placed in unacknowledged alarm buffer queues.
- 2) Configure so each new alarm received makes an audible alarm sound that are silenced by "acknowledging" alarm or by pressing a "silence" key.
- 3) Make acknowledgement of queued alarms either on an individual basis or through a multiple alarm acknowledgement.
- 4) Print alarms returning to normal condition without an audible alarm sound or require acknowledgment.

d. Class 4:

- 1) Routine maintenance or other types of warning alarms.
- 2) Alarms to be printed only, with no display, no audible sound and no acknowledgment required.
- 9. Include an unacknowledged alarm indicator on display to alert operator that there are unacknowledged alarms in system. Operator able to acknowledge alarms on an individual basis or through a multiple alarm acknowledge key, depending on alarm class.
- 10. To ensure that no alarm records are lost, make it possible to assign a backup printer to accept alarms in case of failure of primary printer.

G. Reports and Logs:

- 1. Include reporting software package that allows operator to select, modify, or create reports using DDC system I/O point data available.
- 2. Setup each report so data content, format, interval, and date are operator definable.
- 3. Sample and store report data on DDC controller, within storage limits of DDC controller, and then uploaded to archive on CBJ server for historical reporting.
- 4. Make it possible for operators to obtain real-time logs of all I/O points by type or status, such as alarm, point lockout, or normal.
- 5. Store reports and logs on CBJ server in a format that is readily accessible by other standard software applications, including spreadsheets and word processing.
- 6. Make reports and logs readily printable and set to be print either on operator command or at a specific time each day.
- H. Standard Reports: Provide standard DDC system reports with operator ability to customize reports later.
 - 1. All I/O: With current status and values.
 - 2. Alarm: All current alarms, except those in alarm lockout.
 - 3. Disabled I/O: All I/O points that are disabled.
 - 4. Alarm Lockout I/O: All I/O points in alarm lockout, whether manual or automatic.
 - 5. Alarm Lockout I/O in Alarm: All I/O in alarm lockout that are currently in alarm.
 - 6. Logs:
 - a. Alarm history.
 - b. System messages.
 - c. System events.
 - d. Trends.

I. Custom Reports: Operator able to easily define and prepare any system data into a daily, weekly, monthly, annual, or other historical report. Reports to include a title with time and date stamp.

J. Standard Trends:

- 1. Trend all I/O point present values, set points, and other parameters indicated for trending.
- 2. Associate trends into groups, and setup a trend report for each group.
- 3. Store trends within DDC controller and uploaded to CBJ server automatically on reaching 75 percent of DDC controller buffer limit, or by operator request, or by archiving time schedule.
- 4. Preset trend intervals for each I/O point after review with Owner.
- 5. Make trend intervals operator selectable from 10 seconds up to 60 minutes. Make minimum number of consecutive trend values stored at one time 100 per variable.
- 6. Continuously archive the data to the CBJ server without overwriting.
- 7. Make archived and real-time trend data available for viewing numerically and graphically by operators.
- K. Custom Trends: Operator-definable custom trend log for any I/O point in DDC system.
 - 1. Include each trend with interval, start time, and stop time.
 - 2. Sample and store data on DDC controller, within storage limits of DDC controller, and then uploaded to archive on CBJ server.
 - 3. Make data retrievable for use in spreadsheets and standard database programs.

L. Programming Software:

- 1. Include programming software to execute sequences of operation indicated.
- 2. Include programming routines in simple and easy to follow logic with detailed text comments describing what the logic does and how it corresponds to sequence of operation.
- 3. Programming Software: As follows:
 - a. Graphic Based: Use a library of function blocks made from preprogrammed code designed for DDC control systems.
 - 1) Assemble function blocks with interconnection lines that represent to control sequence in a flowchart.
 - 2) Make programming tools viewable in real time to show present values and logical results of each function block.
 - b. Menu Based: Not Allowed
 - c. Line by Line and Text Based: Not Allowed
- 4. Include means for detecting programming errors and testing software control strategies with a simulation tool before implementing in actual control. Simulation tool may be inherent with programming software or as a separate product.
- M. Database Management Software:

- 1. Where a separate SQL database is used for information storage, include database management software that separates database monitoring and managing functions by supporting multiple separate windows.
- 2. Secure database access using standard SQL authentication including ability to access data for use outside of DDC system applications.
- 3. Include database management function summarizing information on trend, alarm, event, and audit for the following database management actions:
 - a. Backup.
 - b. Purge.
 - c. Restore.
- 4. Database management software supporting the following:
 - a. Statistics: Display database server information and trend, alarm, event, and audit information on database.
 - b. Maintenance: Include method of purging records from trend, alarm, event, and audit databases by supporting separate screens for creating a backup before purging, selecting database, and allowing for retention of a selected number of day's data.
 - c. Backup: Include means to create a database backup file and select a storage location.
 - d. Restore: Include a restricted means of restoring a database by requiring operator to have proper security level.
- 5. Information of current database activity, including the following:
 - a. Ready.
 - b. Purging record from a database.
 - c. Action failed.
 - d. Refreshing statistics.
 - e. Restoring database.
 - f. Shrinking a database.
 - g. Backing up a database.
 - h. Resetting Internet information services.
 - i. Starting network device manager.
 - j. Shutting down the network device manager.
 - k. Action successful.
- 6. Database management software monitoring functions is to continuously read database information once operator has logged on.
- 7. Include operator notification through on-screen pop-up display and email message when database value has exceeded a warning or alarm limit.
- 8. Monitoring settings window with the following Sections:
 - a. Allow operator to set and review scan intervals and start times.
 - b. Email: Allow operator to create and review email and phone text messages to be delivered when a warning or an alarm is generated.

- c. Warning: Allow operator to define warning limit parameters, set reminder frequency, and link email message.
- d. Alarm: Allow operator to define alarm limit parameters, set reminder frequency, and link email message.
- e. Database Login: Protect system from unauthorized database manipulation by creating a read access and a write access for each of trend, alarm, event, and audit databases as well as operator proper security access to restore a database.
- 9. Monitoring settings taskbar with following informational icons:
 - a. Normal: Indicates by color and size, or other easily identifiable means, that all databases are within their limits.
 - b. Warning: Indicates by color and size, or other easily identifiable means, that one or more databases have exceeded their warning limit.
 - c. Alarm: Indicates by color and size, or other easily identifiable means, that one or more databases have exceeded their alarm limit.

2.10 ASHRAE 135 GATEWAYS

- A. Include BACnet communication ports, whenever available as an equipment OEM standard option, for integration via a single communication cable. BACnet-controlled plant equipment includes, but is not limited to, heat recovery ventilators, air-cooled condensing units, heat pump units, chillers, and variable-speed drives.
- B. Include with each gateway an interoperability schedule showing each point or event on legacy side that BACnet "client" will read, and each parameter that BACnet network will write to. Describe this interoperability of BACnet services, or BIBBs, defined in ASHRAE 135, Annex K.
- C. Gateway Minimum Requirements:
 - 1. Read and view all readable object properties on non-BACnet network to BACnet network, and vice versa, where applicable.
 - 2. Write to all writable object properties on non-BACnet network from BACnet network, and vice versa, where applicable.
 - 3. Include single-pass (only one protocol to BACnet without intermediary protocols) translation from non-BACnet protocol to BACnet, and vice versa.
 - 4. Comply with requirements of Data Sharing Read Property, Data Sharing Write Property, Device Management Dynamic Device Binding-B, and Device Management Communication Control BIBBs in accordance with ASHRAE 135.
 - 5. Hardware, software licenses, and configuration tools for operator-to-gateway communications.
 - 6. Backup programming and parameters on CD media with ability to modify, download, backup, and restore gateway configuration.

2.11 DDC CONTROLLERS

- A. DDC system consisting of a combination of network controllers, programmable application controllers, and application-specific controllers to satisfy performance requirements indicated.
- B. DDC controllers to perform monitoring, control, energy optimization, and other requirements indicated.
- C. DDC controllers are to use a multitasking, multiuser, real-time digital control microprocessor with a distributed network database and intelligence.
- D. Each DDC controller is capable of full and complete operation as a completely independent unit and as a part of DDC system wide distributed network.
- E. Environment Requirements:
 - 1. Controller hardware suitable for anticipated ambient conditions.
 - 2. Controllers located in conditioned space rated for operation at 32 to 120 deg F.
 - 3. Controllers located outdoors rated for operation at -10 to 150 deg F.
- F. Power and Noise Immunity:
 - 1. Operate controller at 90 to 110 percent of nominal voltage rating and perform an orderly shutdown below 80 percent of nominal voltage.
 - 2. Protect against electrical noise of 5 to 120 Hz and from keyed radios with up to 5 W of power located within 36 inches of enclosure.
- G. DDC Controller Spare Processing Capacity:
 - 1. Include spare processing memory for each controller. RAM, PROM, or EEPROM will implement requirements indicated with the following spare memory:
 - a. Network Controllers: 50 percent.
 - b. Programmable Application Controllers: Not less than 60 percent.
 - c. Application-Specific Controllers: Not less than 70 percent.
 - 2. Memory for DDC controller's operating system and database are to include the following:
 - a. Monitoring and control.
 - b. Energy management, operation, and optimization applications.
 - c. Alarm management.
 - d. Historical trend data of all connected I/O points.
 - e. Maintenance applications.
 - f. Operator interfaces.
 - g. Monitoring of manual overrides.
- H. DDC Controller Spare I/O Point Capacity: Include spare I/O point capacity for each controller as follows:

- 1. Network Controllers:
 - a. Minimum Spare I/O Points per Controller:
 - 1) AIs: Two.
 - 2) AOs: Two.
 - 3) BIs: Three.
 - 4) BOs: Three.
- 2. Programmable Application Controllers:
 - a. Minimum Spare I/O Points per Controller:
 - 1) AIs: Two.
 - 2) AOs: Two.
 - 3) BIs: Three.
 - 4) BOs: Three.
- 3. Application-Specific Controllers:
 - a. Minimum Spare I/O Points per Controller:
 - 1) AIs: One.
 - 2) AOs: One.
 - 3) BIs: One.
 - 4) BOs: One.
- I. Maintenance and Support: Include the following features to facilitate maintenance and support:
 - 1. Mount microprocessor components on circuit cards for ease of removal and replacement.
 - 2. Means to quickly and easily disconnect controller from network.
 - 3. Means to quickly and easily access connect to field test equipment.
 - 4. Visual indication that controller electric power is on, of communication fault or trouble, and that controller is receiving and sending signals to network.
- J. I/O Point Interface:
 - 1. Connect hardwired I/O points to network, programmable application, and application-specific controllers.
 - 2. Protect I/O points so shorting of point to itself, to another point, or to ground will not damage controller.
 - 3. Protect I/O points from voltage up to 24 V of any duration so that contact will not damage controller.
 - 4. AIs:
 - a. Include monitoring of low-voltage (0 to 10 V dc), current (4 to 20 mA) and resistance signals from thermistor and RTD sensors.
 - b. Compatible with, and field configurable to, sensor and transmitters installed.
 - c. Perform analog-to-digital (A-to-D) conversion with a minimum resolution of 8 bits or better to comply with accuracy requirements indicated.
 - d. Signal conditioning including transient rejection for each AI.
 - e. Capable of being individually calibrated for zero and span.
 - f. Incorporate common-mode noise rejection of at least 50 dB from 0 to 100 Hz for differential inputs, and normal-mode noise rejection of at least 20 dB at 60 Hz from a source impedance of 10000 ohms.

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g. External conversion resistors are not permitted.

5. AOs:

- a. Perform analog-to-digital (A-to-D) conversion with a minimum resolution of 8 bits or better to comply with accuracy requirements indicated.
- b. Output signals range of 4 to 20 mA dc or 0 to 10 V dc as required to include proper control of output device.
- c. Capable of being individually calibrated for zero and span.
- d. Drift is to be not greater than 0.4 percent of range per year.
- e. External conversion resistors are not permitted.

6. BIs:

- a. Accept contact closures and ignore transients of less than 5 ms duration.
- b. Isolate and protect against an applied steady-state voltage of up to 180 V ac peak.
- c. Include a wetting current of at least 12 mA to be compatible with commonly available control devices and protected against effects of contact bounce and noise.
- d. Sense "dry contact" closure without external power (other than that provided by controller) being applied.
- e. Pulse accumulation input points complying with all requirements of BIs and accept up to 10 pulses per second for pulse accumulation. Include buffer to totalize pulses. Pulse accumulator is to accept rates of at least 20 pulses per second. Reset the totalized value to zero on operator's command.

7. BOs:

- a. Include relay contact closures or triac outputs for momentary and maintained operation of output devices.
 - 1) Relay contact closures to have a minimum duration of 0.1 second and at least 180 V of isolation.
 - 2) Include electromagnetic interference suppression on all output lines to limit transients to non-damaging levels.
 - 3) Minimum contact rating to be 1 A at 24 V ac.
 - 4) Triac outputs to have at least 180 V of isolation and minimum contact rating of 1 A at 24 V ac.
- b. Include BOs with two-state operation or a pulsed low-voltage signal for pulse-width modulation control.
- c. BOs to be selectable for either normally open or normally closed operation.
- d. Include tristate outputs (two coordinated BOs) for control of three-point, floating-type electronic actuators without feedback.
- e. Limit use of three-point floating devices to VAV terminal unit control applications. Control algorithms to operate actuator to one end of its stroke once every 24 hours for verification of operator tracking.

2.12 NETWORK CONTROLLERS

A. General:

- 1. Include adequate number of controllers to achieve performance indicated.
- 2. Provide one or more independent, standalone, microprocessor-based network controllers to manage global strategies indicated.
- 3. Include enough memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements with spare memory indicated.
- 4. Share data between networked controllers and other network devices.
- 5. Operating system of controller to manage I/O communication signals to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and allow for central monitoring and alarms.
- 6. Include network controllers with a real-time clock.
- 7. Controller to continually check status of its processor and memory circuits. If an abnormal operation is detected, controller is to assume a predetermined failure mode and generate an alarm notification.
- 8. Make controllers fully programmable.

B. Communication:

- 1. Network controllers communicate with other devices on DDC system Level 1 network.
- 2. Network controller to also perform routing if connected to network of programmable application controllers and application-specific controllers.

C. Operator Interface:

- 1. Equip controllers with a service communications port for connection to portable operator's workstation.
- 2. Local Keypad and Display:
 - a. Equip controller with local keypad and digital display for interrogating and editing data.
 - b. Use of keypad and display requires a security password.

D. Serviceability:

- 1. Equip controller with diagnostic LEDs or other form of local visual indication of power, communication, and processor.
- 2. Connect wiring and cable connections to field-removable, modular terminal strips or to a termination card connected by a ribbon cable.
- 3. Maintain Basic Input Output System (BIOS) and programming information in event of power loss for at least 96 hours.

2.13 PROGRAMMABLE APPLICATION CONTROLLERS

A. General:

1. Include adequate number of controllers to achieve performance indicated.

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- 2. Provide enough memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements with spare memory indicated.
- 3. Share data between networked controllers and other network devices.
- 4. Include controller with operating system to manage I/O communication signals to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and allow for central monitoring and alarms.
- 5. Include controllers that perform scheduling with a real-time clock.
- 6. Controller is to continually check status of its processor and memory circuits. If an abnormal operation is detected, controller assumes a predetermined failure mode and generates an alarm notification.
- 7. Fully programmable.

B. Communication:

1. Programmable application controllers are to communicate with other devices on network.

C. Operator Interface:

1. Equip controllers with a service communications port for connection to portable operator's workstation.

D. Serviceability:

- 1. Equip controller with diagnostic LEDs or other form of local visual indication of power, communication, and processor.
- 2. Connect wiring and cable connections to field-removable, modular terminal strips or to a termination card connected by a ribbon cable.
- 3. Maintain BIOS and programming information in event of power loss for at least 72 hours.

2.14 APPLICATION-SPECIFIC CONTROLLERS

- A. Description: Microprocessor-based controllers, which through hardware or firmware design are dedicated to control a specific piece of equipment or system. Controllers are not fully user-programmable but are configurable and customizable for operation of equipment they are designed to control.
 - 1. Capable of standalone operation and continued control functions without being connected to network
 - 2. Share data between networked controllers and other network devices.
- B. Communication: Application-specific controllers are to communicate with other application-specific controllers and devices on network, and to programmable application controllers and network controllers.
- C. Operator Interface: Equip controllers with a service communications port for connection to portable operator's workstation. Connection is to extend to port on space temperature sensor that is connected to controller.

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D. Serviceability:

- 1. Equip controller with diagnostic LEDs or other form of local visual indication of power, communication, and processor.
- 2. Connect wiring and cable connections to field-removable, modular terminal strips or to a termination card connected by a ribbon cable.
- 3. Use nonvolatile memory and maintain all BIOS and programming information in event of power loss.

2.15 CONTROLLER SOFTWARE

A. General:

- 1. Software applications are to reside and operate in controllers. Edit applications through operator workstations.
- 2. Identify I/O points by up to 30-character point name and up to 16-character point descriptor. Use same names throughout, including at operator workstations.
- 3. Execute control functions within controllers using DDC algorithms.
- 4. Configure controllers to use stored default values to ensure fail-safe operation. Use default values when there is a failure of a connected input instrument or loss of communication of a global point value.

B. Security:

- 1. Secure operator access using individual security passwords and user names.
- 2. Passwords restrict operator to points, applications, and system functions as assigned by system manager.
- 3. Record operator log-on and log-off attempts.
- 4. Protect from unauthorized use by automatically logging off after last keystroke. Make the delay time operator-definable.
- C. Scheduling: Include capability to schedule each point or group of points in system. Each schedule is to consist of the following:

1. Weekly Schedules:

- a. Include separate schedules for each day of week.
- b. Each schedule should include capability for start, stop, optimal start, optimal stop, and night economizer.
- c. Each schedule may consist of up to 10 events.
- d. When a group of objects are scheduled together, include capability to adjust start and stop times for each member.

2. Exception Schedules:

a. Include ability for operator to designate any day of the year as an exception schedule.

b. Exception schedules may be defined up to a year in advance. Once an exception schedule is executed, it will be discarded and replaced by regular schedule for that day of week.

3. Holiday Schedules:

- a. Include capability for operator to define up to 99 special or holiday schedules.
- b. Place schedules on scheduling calendar with ability to repeated each year.
- c. Operator able to define length of each holiday period.

D. System Coordination:

- 1. Include standard application for proper coordination of equipment.
- 2. Include operator with a method of grouping together equipment based on function and location
- 3. Include groups that may be for use in scheduling and other applications.

E. Binary Alarms:

- 1. Set each binary point to alarm based on operator-specified state.
- 2. Include capability to automatically and manually disable alarming.

F. Analog Alarms:

- 1. Provide each analog object with both high and low alarm limits.
- 2. Include capability to automatically and manually disable alarming.

G. Alarm Reporting:

- 1. Include ability for operators to determine action to be taken in event of an alarm.
- 2. Route alarms to appropriate operator workstations based on time and other conditions.
- 3. Include ability for alarms to start programs, print, be logged in event logs, generate custom messages, and display graphics.

H. Remote Communication:

1. Include ability for system to notify operators by phone message, text message, and email in event of an alarm.

I. Electric Power Demand Limiting:

- 1. Monitor building or other operator-defined electric power consumption from signals connected to electric power meter or from a watt transducer or current transformer.
- 2. Predict probable power demand such that action can be taken to prevent exceeding demand limit. When demand prediction exceeds demand limit, action will be taken to reduce loads in a predetermined manner. When demand prediction indicates demand limit will not be exceeded, action will be taken to restore loads in a predetermined manner.
- 3. Accomplish demand reduction by the following means:
 - a. Reduce electric boiler staging.

- b. De-energize equipment based on priority.
- 4. Base demand-limiting parameters, frequency of calculations, time intervals, and other relevant variables on the means by which electric power service provider computes demand charges.
- 5. Include demand-limiting prediction and control for any individual meter monitored by system or for total of any combination of meters.
- 6. Include means operator to make the following changes online:
 - a. Addition and deletion of loads controlled.
 - b. Changes in demand intervals.
 - c. Changes in demand limit for meter(s).
 - d. Maximum shutoff time for equipment.
 - e. Minimum shutoff time for equipment.
 - f. Select rotational or sequential shedding and restoring.
 - g. Shed and restore priority.
- 7. Include the following information and reports, to be available on an hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, and annual basis:
 - a. Total electric consumption.
 - b. Peak demand.
 - c. Date and time of peak demand.
 - d. Daily peak demand.
- J. Maintenance Management: Monitor equipment status and generate maintenance messages based on operator-designated run-time, starts, and calendar date limits.
- K. Sequencing: Include application software based on sequences of operation indicated to properly sequence chillers, boilers, and other applicable HVAC equipment.
- L. Control Loops:
 - 1. Support any of the following control loops, as applicable to control required:
 - a. Two-position (on/off, open/close, slow/fast) control.
 - b. Proportional control.
 - c. Proportional plus integral (PI) control.
 - d. Proportional plus integral plus derivative (PID) control.
 - 1) Include PID algorithms with direct or reverse action and anti-windup.
 - 2) Algorithm to calculate a time-varying analog value used to position an output or stage a series of outputs.
 - 3) Make controlled variable, set point, and PID gains operator-selectable.
 - e. Adaptive (automatic tuning).

M. Staggered Start: Prevent all controlled equipment from simultaneously restarting after a power outage. Make the order which equipment (or groups of equipment) is started, along with the time delay between starts, operator-selectable.

N. Energy Calculations:

- 1. Include software to allow instantaneous power or flow rates to be accumulated and converted to energy usage data.
- 2. Include algorithm that calculates a sliding-window average (rolling average). Make algorithm flexible to allow window intervals to be operator specified (such as 15, 30, or 60 minutes).
- 3. Include algorithm that calculates a fixed-window average. Use a digital input signal to define start of window period (such as signal from utility meter) to synchronize fixed-window average with that used by utility.

O. Anti-Short Cycling:

- 1. Protect BO points from short cycling.
- 2. Feature to allow minimum on-time and off-time to be selected.

P. On and Off Control with Differential:

- 1. Include algorithm that allows BO to be cycled based on a controlled variable and set point.
- 2. Use direct- or reverse-acting algorithm and incorporate an adjustable differential.

O. Run-Time Totalization:

- 1. Include software to totalize run-times for all BI and BO points.
- 2. Assign a high run-time alarm, if required, by operator.

2.16 ENCLOSURES

A. General:

- 1. House each controller and associated control accessories in an enclosure. Enclosure is to serve as central tie-in point for control devices such as switches, transmitters, transducers, power supplies, and transformers.
- 2. Do not house more than one controller in single enclosure.
- 3. Include enclosure door with key locking mechanism. Key locks alike for all enclosures and include one pair of keys per enclosure.
- 4. Include wall-mounted enclosures with brackets suitable for mounting enclosures to wall or freestanding support stand as indicated.
- 5. Supply each enclosure with complete set of as-built schematics, tubing, and wiring diagrams and product literature located in pocket on inside of door.

B. Internal Arrangement:

- 1. Arrange internal layout of enclosure to group and protect pneumatic, electric, and electronic components associated with controller, but not an integral part of controller.
- 2. Arrange layout to group similar products together.
- 3. Include a barrier between line-voltage and low-voltage electrical and electronic products.
- 4. Factory or shop install products, tubing, cabling, and wiring complying with requirements and standards indicated.
- 5. Terminate field cable and wire using heavy-duty terminal blocks.
- 6. Include spare terminals, equal to not less than 20 percent of used terminals.
- 7. Include spade lugs for stranded cable and wire.
- 8. Install maximum of two wires on each side of terminal.
- 9. Include enclosure field electric power supply with toggle-type switch located at entrance inside enclosure to disconnect power.
- 10. Include enclosure with line-voltage nominal 20 A GFCI duplex receptacle for service and testing tools. Wire receptacle on hot side of enclosure disconnect switch and include with 5 A circuit breaker.
- 11. Mount products within enclosure on removable internal panel(s).
- 12. Include products mounted in enclosures with engraved, laminated phenolic nameplates (black letters on a white background). Nameplates are to have at least 1/4-inch high lettering.
- 13. Route tubing cable and wire located inside enclosure within a raceway with continuous removable cover.
- 14. Label each end of cable, wire, and tubing in enclosure following an approved identification system that extends from field I/O connection and all intermediate connections throughout length to controller connection.
- 15. Size enclosure internal panel to include at least 25 percent spare area on face of panel.

C. Environmental Requirements:

- 1. Evaluate temperature and humidity requirements of each product to be installed within each enclosure.
- 2. Calculate enclosure internal operating temperature considering heat dissipation of all products installed within enclosure and ambient effects (solar, conduction, and wind) on enclosure
- 3. Where required by application, include temperature-controlled electrical heat to maintain inside of enclosure above minimum operating temperature of product with most stringent requirement.
- 4. Where required by application, include temperature-controlled ventilation fans with filtered louver(s) to maintain inside of enclosure below maximum operating temperature of product with most stringent requirement.
- 5. Include temperature-controlled cooling within the enclosure for applications where ventilation fans cannot maintain inside temperature of enclosure below maximum operating temperature of product with most stringent requirement.
- 6. Where required by application, include humidity-controlled electric dehumidifier or cooling to maintain inside of enclosure below maximum relative humidity of product with most stringent requirement and to prevent surface condensation within enclosure.

D. Wall-Mounted, NEMA 250, Type 1:

- 1. Enclosure shall be NRTL listed according to UL 50 or UL 50E.
- 2. Construct enclosure of steel, not less than:

- a. Enclosure size less than 24 in.: 0.053 in. thick.
- b. Enclosure size 24 in. and larger: 0.067 in. thick.
- 3. Finish enclosure inside and out with polyester powder coating that is electrostatically applied and then baked to bond to substrate.
 - a. Exterior color shall be manufacturer's standard.
 - b. Interior color shall be manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Hinged door full size of front face of enclosure and supported using:
 - a. Enclosures sizes less than 36 in. tall: Multiple butt hinges.
 - b. Enclosures sizes 36 in. tall and larger: Continuous piano hinges.
- 5. Removable internal panel with a white polyester powder coating that is electrostatically applied and then baked to bond to substrate.
 - a. Size less than 24 in.: Solid or Perforated steel, 0.053 in. thick.
 - b. Size 24 in. and larger: Solid aluminum, 0.10 in. or steel, 0.093 in. thick.
- 6. Internal panel mounting hardware, grounding hardware and sealing washers.
- 7. Grounding stud on enclosure body.
- 8. Thermoplastic pocket on inside of door for record Drawings and Product Data.
- E. Wall-Mounted, NEMA 250, Types 4 and 12:
 - 1. NRTL listed in accordance with UL 508A.
 - 2. Seam and joints are continuously welded and ground smooth.
 - 3. Where recessed enclosures are indicated, include enclosures with face flange for flush mounting.
 - 4. Externally formed body flange around perimeter of enclosure face for continuous perimeter seamless gasket door seal.
 - 5. Single-door enclosure sizes up to 60 inches tall by 36 inches wide.
 - 6. Double-door enclosure sizes up to 36 inches tall by 60 inches wide.
 - 7. Construct enclosure of steel, not less than the following:
 - a. Size Less Than 24 Inches: 0.067 inch thick.
 - b. Size 24 Inches and Larger: 0.067 inch thick.
 - 8. Finish enclosure with polyester powder coating that is electrostatically applied and then baked to bond to substrate.
 - a. Exterior Color: Manufacturer's standard.
 - b. Interior Color: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 9. Corner-formed door, full size of enclosure face, supported using multiple concealed hinges with easily removable hinge pins.
 - a. Sizes through 24 Inches Tall: Two hinges.
 - b. Sizes between 24 Inches through 48 Inches Tall: Three hinges.
 - c. Sizes Larger Than 48 Inches Tall: Four hinges.
 - 10. Double-door enclosures with overlapping door design to include unobstructed full-width access.
 - a. Single-door enclosures 48 inches and taller, and all double-door enclosures, with three-point (top, middle and bottom) latch system.

- 11. Removable internal panel with white polyester powder coating that is electrostatically applied and then baked to bond to substrate.
 - a. Size Less Than 24 Inches: Solid or perforated steel, 0.053 inch thick.
 - b. Size 24 Inches and Larger: Solid aluminum, 0.10 inch or steel, 0.093 inch thick.
- 12. Internal panel mounting studs with hardware, grounding hardware, and sealing washers.
- 13. Grounding stud on enclosure body.
- 14. Thermoplastic pocket on inside of door for record Drawings and Product Data.
- F. Wall-Mounted, NEMA 250, Type 4X-SS:
 - 1. NRTL listed in accordance with UL 508A.
 - 2. Seams and joints are continuously welded and ground smooth.
 - 3. Externally formed body flange around perimeter of enclosure face for continuous perimeter seamless gasket door seal.
 - 4. Construct enclosure of Type 316L stainless steel, not less than the following:
 - a. Size Less Than 24 Inches (600 mm): 0.053 inch (1.35 mm) thick.
 - b. Size 24 Inches (600 mm) and Larger: 0.067 inch (1.7 mm) thick.
 - 5. Outside body and door of enclosure with brushed No. 4 finish.
 - 6. Corner-formed door, full size of enclosure face, supported using continuous piano hinge full length of door.
 - 7. Doors fitted with three-point (top, middle, and bottom) latch system with single, heavy-duty, liquidtight, Type 316L stainless steel handle with integral locking mechanism.
 - 8. Removable internal panel of 0.093-inch (2.36-mm) stainless steel.
 - 9. Internal panel mounting studs and hardware, grounding hardware, and sealing washers.
 - 10. Install corrosion-resistant polyester vent drain in a stainless steel sleeve at bottom of
 - 11. Include enclosure with stainless steel mounting brackets.

2.17 RELAYS

- A. General-Purpose Relays:
 - 1. NRTL listed.
 - 2. Heavy-duty, electromechanical type; rated for at least 10 A at 250 V ac and 60 Hz.
 - 3. SPDT, DPDT, or three-pole double-throw, as required by control application.
 - 4. Plug-in-style relay with 8-pin octal plug for DPDT relays and 11-pin octal plug for three-pole double-throw relays.
 - 5. Construct contacts of silver, silver alloy, or gold.
 - 6. Enclose relay in a clear transparent polycarbonate dust-tight cover.
 - 7. Include LED indication and push-to-test button to test manual operation of relay without power on coil.
 - 8. Performance:
 - a. Mechanical Life: At least 10 million cycles.
 - b. Electrical Life: At least 100,000 cycles at rated load.
 - c. Pickup Time: 15 ms or less.
 - d. Dropout Time: 10 ms or less.

- e. Pull-in Voltage: 85 percent of rated voltage.
- f. Dropout Voltage: 50 percent of nominal rated voltage.
- g. Power Consumption: 2 VA or less.
- h. Ambient Operating Temperatures: Minus 40 to 115 deg F.
- 9. Equip relays with coil transient suppression to limit transients to non-damaging levels.
- 10. Plug each relay into industry-standard, 35 mm DIN rail socket. Plug all relays located in control panels into sockets that are mounted on a DIN rail.
- 11. Include relay socket with screw terminals. Mold into socket the coincident screw terminal numbers.

B. Multifunction Time-Delay Relays:

- 1. NRTL listed.
- 2. Continuous-duty type, rated for at least 10 A at 240 V ac and 60 Hz.
- 3. Relay with up to 8 programmable functions to provide on/off delay, interval, and recycle timing functions.
- 4. Plug-in-style relay with either multi-pin or blade plug.
- 5. Construct contacts of silver, silver alloy, or gold.
- 6. Enclose relay in a dust-tight cover.
- 7. Include knob and dial scale for alternative digital interface for setting delay time.
- 8. Visual Status Indication: Power "On" status.
- 9. Performance:
 - a. Mechanical Life: At least 10 million cycles.
 - b. Electrical Life: At least 100,000 cycles at rated load.
 - c. Timing Ranges: Multiple ranges from 0.1 seconds to 100 minutes.
 - d. Repeatability: Within 2 percent.
 - e. Recycle Time: 45 ms.
 - f. Minimum Pulse-Width Control: 50 ms.
 - g. Power Consumption: 5 VA or less.
 - h. Ambient Operating Temperatures: Minus 40 to 115 deg F.
- 10. Equip relays with transient suppression to limit transients to non-damaging levels.
- 11. Plug each relay into industry-standard, 35 mm DIN rail socket. Plug all relays located in control panels into sockets that are mounted on a DIN rail.
- 12. Include relay socket with screw terminals. Mold into socket the coincident screw terminal numbers.

C. Latching Relays:

- 1. NRTL listed.
- 2. Continuous-duty type, rated for at least 10 A at 250 V ac and 60 Hz.
- 3. SPDT, DPDT, or three-pole double-throw, as required by control application.
- 4. Plug-in-style relay with either multi-pin or blade plug.
- 5. Construct contacts of silver, silver alloy, or gold.
- 6. Enclose relay in a clear transparent polycarbonate dust-tight cover.
- 7. Performance:
 - a. Mechanical Life: At least 10 million cycles.
 - b. Electrical Life: At least 100,000 cycles at rated load.

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- c. Pickup Time: 15 ms or less.
- d. Dropout Time: 10 ms or less.
- e. Pull-in Voltage: 85 percent of rated voltage.
- f. Dropout Voltage: 50 percent of nominal rated voltage.
- g. Power Consumption: 2 VA or less.
- h. Ambient Operating Temperatures: Minus 40 to 115 deg F.
- 8. Equip relays with coil transient suppression to limit transients to non-damaging levels.
- 9. Plug each relay into industry-standard, 35 mm DIN rail socket. Plug all relays located in control panels into sockets that are mounted on a DIN rail.
- 10. Relay socket with screw terminals. Mold into socket the coincident screw terminal numbers.

D. Current Sensing Relays:

- 1. NRTL listed.
- 2. Monitors ac current.
- 3. Independent adjustable controls for pickup and dropout current.
- 4. Energized when supply voltage is present and current is above pickup setting.
- 5. De-energizes when monitored current is below dropout current.
- 6. Dropout current is adjustable from 50 to 95 percent of pickup current.
- 7. Visual indication of contact status.
- 8. Include current transformer, if required for application.
- 9. House current sensing relay and current transformer if required in its own enclosure. Use NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure for indoors applications and NEMA 250, Type 4X for outdoor applications.

E. Combination On-Off Status Sensor and On-Off Control Relays:

1. Description:

- a. On-off control and on-off status indication in a single device.
- b. LED status indication of activated relay and current trigger.
- c. Closed-Open-Auto override switch located on the load side of relay.

2. Performance:

- a. Ambient Temperature: Minus 30 to 140 deg F (Minus 34 to 60 deg C).
- b. Voltage Rating: Single-phase loads rated for 300 V ac. Three-phase loads rated for 600 V ac.

3. Status Indication:

- a. Current Sensor: Integral sensing for single-phase loads up to 20 A and external solid or split sensing ring for three-phase loads up to 150 A.
- b. Current Sensor Range: As required by application.
- c. Current Set Point: Fixed or adjustable, as required by application.
- d. Current Sensor Output:
 - 1) Solid-state, SPDT contact rated for 30 V ac and dc and for 0.4 A.

- 2) Solid-state, SPDT contact rated for 120 V ac and 1.0 A.
- 3) Analog, 0 to 5 or 10 V dc.
- 4) Analog, 4 to 20 mA, loop powered.
- 4. Relay: SPDT, continuous-duty coil; rated for 10-million mechanical cycles.
- 5. Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure for indoor applications; NEMA 250, Type 4X enclosure for outdoor applications.

2.18 ELECTRICAL POWER DEVICES

A. Control Transformers:

- 1. Sizing Criteria: Size control transformers for total connected load, plus additional 25 percent of connected load for future spare capacity.
- 2. Transformer Minimum Capacity: 100 VA.
- 3. Protection: Provide transformers with both primary and secondary fuses.
- 4. Enclosure: House control transformers in NEMA 250 enclosures, type as indicated in "Performance Requirements" Article for application.

B. DC Power Supplies:

- 1. Description: Linear or switched, regulated power supplies with ac input to one or multiple dc output(s).
 - a. Include both line and load regulation to ensure stable output.
 - b. To protect both power supply and load, include power supply with an automatic current limiting circuit.

2. Features:

- a. Connection: Plug-in style suitable for mating with standard 8-pin octal socket. Include power supply with mating mounting socket.
- b. Housing: Enclose circuitry in a housing.
- c. Local Adjustment: Include screw adjustment on exterior of housing for dc voltage output.
- d. Mounting: DIN rail.
- e. Visual status indicator.

3. Performance:

- a. Input Voltage: Nominally 120 V ac, 60 Hz.
- b. Output Voltage: Nominally 24 V dc with plus or minus 1 V dc adjustment.
- c. Output Current: Minimum 100 mA.
- d. Load Regulation: Within 0.1 percent.
- e. Line Regulation: Within 0.5 percent.
- f. Stability: Within 0.1 percent of rated volts after warmup period.

2.19 CONTROL WIRE AND CABLE

- A. Wire: Single conductor control wiring above 24 V.
 - 1. Wire Size: Minimum 18 AWG.
 - 2. Conductors: 7/24 soft annealed copper strand with 2- to 2.5-inch (50- to 65-mm) lay.
 - 3. Conductor Insulation: 600 V, Type THWN or Type THHN, and 90 deg C in accordance with LIL 83
 - 4. Conductor Insulation Colors: Black (hot), white (neutral), and green (ground).
 - 5. Furnish on spools.
- B. Single, Twisted-Shielded, Instrumentation Cable above 24 V:
 - 1. Wire Size: Minimum 18 AWG.
 - 2. Conductors: Twisted, 7/24 soft annealed copper strand with a 2- to 2.5-inch (50- to 65-mm) lay.
 - 3. Conductor Insulation: Type THHN/THWN or Type TFN rating.
 - 4. Conductor Insulation Colors:
 - a. Twisted Pair: Black and white.
 - b. Twisted Triad: Black, red, and white.
 - 5. Shielding: 100 percent type, 0.35/0.5-mil aluminum/Mylar tape, helically applied with 25 percent overlap, and aluminum side in with tinned copper drain wire.
 - 6. Outer Jacket Insulation: 600 V, 90 deg C rating, and Type TC cable.
 - 7. Furnish on spools.
- C. Single, Twisted-Shielded, Instrumentation Cable 24 V and Less:
 - 1. Wire Size: Minimum 18 AWG.
 - 2. Conductors: Twisted, 7/24 soft annealed copper stranding with a 2- to 2.5-inch (50- to 65-mm) lay.
 - 3. Conductor Insulation: Nominal 15-mil thickness, constructed from flame-retardant PVC.
 - 4. Conductor Insulation Colors:
 - a. Twisted Pair: Black and white.
 - b. Twisted Triad: Black, red, and white.
 - 5. Shielding: 100 percent type, 1.35-mil aluminum/polymer tape, helically applied with 25 percent overlap, and aluminum side in with tinned copper drain wire.
 - 6. Outer Jacket Insulation: 300 V, 105 deg C rating, and Type PLTC cable.
 - 7. Furnish on spools.
- D. LAN and Communication Cable: Comply with DDC system manufacturer requirements for network being installed.
 - 1. Comply with following requirements for balanced twisted pair cable described in Section 260519 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables"

- a. Plenum rated.
- b. Unique color that is different from other cables used on Project.

2.20 RACEWAYS

A. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes" for electrical power raceways and boxes.

2.21 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Control Equipment, Instruments, and Control Devices:
 - 1. Self-adhesive label or Laminated acrylic or melamine plastic sign bearing unique identification. Include instruments with unique identification identified by equipment being controlled or monitored, followed by point identification.
 - 2. Engraved phenolic consisting of three layers of rigid laminate. Top and bottom layers color-coded black with contrasting white center exposed by engraving through outer layer.
 - 3. Fastened with drive pins.
 - 4. Instruments, control devices, and actuators with Project-specific identification tags having unique identification numbers following requirements indicated and provided by original manufacturer do not require additional identification.

B. Valve Tags:

- 1. Brass tags and brass chains attached to valve.
- 2. Tag Size: Minimum 1.5 in diameter.
- 3. Include tag with unique valve identification indicating control influence such as flow, level, pressure, or temperature; followed by location of valve, and followed by three-digit sequential number. For example: AV-101.
- 4. Valves with Project-specific identification tags having unique identification numbers following requirements indicated and provided by original manufacturer do not require an additional tag.

C. Raceway and Boxes:

1. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

D. Equipment Warning Labels:

- 1. Self-adhesive label with pressure-sensitive adhesive back and peel-off protective jacket.
- 2. Lettering size at least 14-point type with white lettering on red background.
- 3. Warning label to read "CAUTION-Equipment operated under remote automatic control and may start or stop at any time without warning. Switch electric power disconnecting means to OFF position before servicing."

4. Lettering to be enclosed in a white line border. Edge of label is to extend at least 0.25 inch beyond white border.

2.22 VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVES

- A. Approved Manufacturers:
 - 1. ABB Model ACH-550.
 - 2. Siemens Model BT300.
 - 3. Danfoss Model VLT.
 - 4. Or approved equal.
- B. Scope: Furnish Variable Speed Drives as specified on the drawings and schedules. Standard and optional features shall be included within the VFD enclosure as specified.
- C. General: The VFD shall convert three-phase, 60 Hz utility power to adjustable voltage and frequency, three-phase, AC power for stepless motor speed control from 10% to 100% of the motor's 60 Hz speed. Input voltage shall be as specified on the drawing schedule. The VFD shall include a converter and an inverter section. The converter section shall convert fixed frequency and voltage AC utility power to variable DC voltage. VFD's that use silicon controlled rectifiers in the converter bridge shall also include an input power isolation transformer. The isolation transformer shall be housed in a separate NEMA 1 enclosure and shall include a copper electrostatic shield. The VFD and options shall be listed by a nationally recognized testing agency such as UL or ETL. The VFD and options shall comply with the applicable requirements of the latest standards of ANSI, IEEE, and the National Electric Code. Power line noise shall be limited to a voltage distortion factor and line notch depth as defined in IEEE Standard 519-1981, Guide for Harmonic Control and Reactive Compensation of Static Power Converters.
- D. The VFD shall not emit either conducted or radiated RFI in excess of the limitations set forth in the FCC Rules and Regulations, Part 15, Subpart J.
- E. Construction: The VFD shall include the following basic features:
 - 1. The VFD shall be housed in a NEMA 1 enclosure.
 - 2. The VFD shall have a fused disconnect.
 - 3. The following operator controls shall be located on the front of the enclosure:
 - a. Run/stop selector switch to start and stop the motor
 - b. Auto/manual selector switch
 - c. Manual speed potentiometer
 - d. Power on pilot light to indicate that the VFD is being supplied by the power line.
 - e. Fault pilot light to indicate that the VFD has tripped on a fault condition
 - f. Digital meter with selector switch to indicate percent speed and percent load.
 - g. Volt meter and amp meter.
 - 4. Built-in 3-5% input line reactance.
 - 5. When input power returns to normal following a fault trip for undervoltage, overvoltage, or phase loss, the VFD shall automatically restart. The VFD shall not automatically restart following fault trips due to overload or overcurrent.

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- 6. Factory minimum-level spare fuse kit.
- 7. Relay for RED signal from motor.

F. Controls:

- 1. Two programmable analog inputs
- 2. Six programmable digital inputs
- 3. Two programmable analog outputs
- 4. Three programmable relay outputs
- 5. BACNet (MS/TP) connection
- 6. Input signals of 0 to 20 mA and 0 to 10 VDC as required to complete sequence.
- G. Protective Requirements: The VFD shall include the following protective features:
 - 1. Current limiting semiconductor fused for the power input.
 - 2. Separate overload relay for each motor controlled.
 - 3. Protection against input power undervoltage, overvoltage and phase loss.
 - 4. Protection against output current overload and overcurrent.
 - 5. Protection against overtemperature within the VFD.
 - 6. Protection against overvoltage on the DC bus.
 - 7. Any disconnect switches between VFD and the motor shall include an auxiliary contact interlocked to the VFD fault trip circuit.
 - 8. DC bus discharge circuit for protection of service personnel.
- H. Adjustments: The VFD shall include the following adjustments available via potentiometers inside the enclosure:
 - 1. Maximum speed, adjustable 50-100% base speed.
 - 2. Minimum speed, adjustable 0-50% base speed.
 - 3. Ramp time, adjustable 2-60 seconds. Must be able to get to 30% within 1 second.
 - 4. Deceleration time, adjustable 2-60 seconds with override circuit to prevent nuisance trips if deceleration time is set too short.
 - 5. Current limit, adjustable 1-110%.
- I. VFD Warranty: The VFD shall be warranted by the manufacturer for a period of 24 months from the date of shipment. The warranty shall include parts, labor, travel costs, and living expenses incurred by the manufacturer to provide factory-authorized service

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates.

- B. Examine roughing-in for instruments installed in piping to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- C. Examine roughing-in for instruments installed in duct systems to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- D. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and ceilings for suitable conditions where product will be installed.
- E. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- F. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 DDC SYSTEM INTERFACE WITH OTHER SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Communication Interface to Equipment with Integral Controls:
 - 1. DDC system has communication interface with equipment having integral controls and having communication interface for remote monitoring or control.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install products to satisfy more stringent of all requirements indicated.
- B. Install products level, plumb, parallel, and perpendicular with building construction.
- C. Support products, tubing, piping wiring, and raceways. Brace products to prevent lateral movement and sway or a break in attachment when subjected to 50 pound force.
- D. If codes and referenced standards are more stringent than requirements indicated, comply with requirements in codes and referenced standards.
- E. Fabricate openings and install sleeves in ceilings, floors, roof, and walls required by installation of products. Before proceeding with drilling, punching, and cutting, check for concealed work to avoid damage. Patch, flash, grout, seal, and refinish openings to match adjacent condition.
- F. Install control units and other hardware in position on permanent walls where not subject to excessive vibration.
- G. Install software in control units and in operator workstation. Implement features of programs to specified requirements and appropriate to sequence of operation. Refer to Section 23 09 40.
- H. Install with 120 volts alternating current, 15 amp dedicated emergency power circuit to each programmable control unit.
- I. Install conduit and electrical wiring in accordance with Electrical Specs.

- J. Install electrical material and installation in accordance with appropriate requirements of Division 26.
- K. Firestop Penetrations Made in Fire-Rated Assemblies: Comply with requirements in Div 7 "Penetration Firestopping."
- L. Seal penetrations made in acoustically rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Div 7 "Joint Sealants."

M. Fastening Hardware:

- 1. Wrenches, pliers, and other tools that damage surfaces of rods, nuts, and other parts are prohibited for work of assembling and tightening fasteners.
- 2. Tighten bolts and nuts firmly and uniformly. Do not overstress threads by excessive force or by oversized wrenches.
- 3. Lubricate threads of bolts, nuts, and screws with graphite and oil before assembly.
- N. If product locations are not indicated, install products in locations that are accessible and that will permit service and maintenance from floor, equipment platforms, or catwalks without removal of permanently installed furniture and equipment.

3.4 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- A. Temperature sensors shall be installed at 48-60 inches above finished floor due to non-adjustable local device. Re-use of existing thermostat location and height is acceptable.
- B. CO2 sensors shall be mounted between 48 and 60 inches above finished floor where installed separate from room temperature sensor.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF ENCLOSURES

- A. Install the following items in enclosures, to comply with indicated requirements:
 - 1. Gateways.
 - 2. Routers.
 - 3. Controllers.
 - 4. Electrical power devices.
 - 5. UPS units.
 - 6. Relays.
 - 7. Accessories.
- B. Attach wall-mounted enclosures to wall using the following types of steel struts:
 - 1. For NEMA 250, Type 1 Enclosures: Use galvanized-steel strut and hardware.
 - 2. For NEMA 250, Type 4X Enclosures and Enclosures Located Outdoors: Use stainless steel strut and hardware.
 - 3. Install plastic caps on exposed cut edges of strut.

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C. Install continuous and fully accessible wireways to connect conduit, wire, and cable to multiple adjacent enclosures. Wireways used for application are to have protection equal to NEMA 250 rating of connected enclosures.

3.6 ELECTRIC POWER CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect electrical power to DDC system products requiring electrical power connections.
- B. Design of electrical power to products not indicated with electric power is delegated to DDC system provider and installing trade to provide a fully functioning DDC system. Work is to comply with NFPA 70 and other requirements indicated.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 262816 "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers" for electrical power circuit breakers.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for electrical power conductors and cables.
- E. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems," for electrical power raceways and boxes.

3.7 INSTALLATION OF IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems" for identification products and installation.
- B. Install laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with unique identification on face for each of the following:
 - 1. Server.
 - 2. Gateway.
 - 3. Router.
 - 4. DDC controller.
 - 5. Enclosure.
 - 6. Electrical power device.
 - 7. UPS unit.
- C. Install unique instrument identification for each instrument connected to DDC controller.
- D. Install unique identification for each control damper and valve actuator connected to DDC controller.
- E. Where product is installed above accessible tile ceiling, also install matching identification on face of ceiling grid located directly below.

- F. Where product is installed above an inaccessible ceiling, also install identification on face of access door directly below.
- G. Warning Labels and Signs:
 - 1. Permanently attach to equipment that can be automatically started by DDC control system.
 - 2. Locate where highly visible near power service entry points.

3.8 INSTALLATION OF NETWORKS

- A. Install balanced twisted pair cable when connecting between the following network devices:
 - 1. Operator workstations.
 - 2. Operator workstations and network controllers.
 - 3. Network controllers.
- B. Install balanced twisted pair or copper cable (as required by equipment) when connecting between the following:
 - 1. Gateways.
 - 2. Gateways and network controllers or programmable application controllers.
 - 3. Routers.
 - 4. Routers and network controllers or programmable application controllers.
 - 5. Network controllers and programmable application controllers.
 - 6. Programmable application controllers.
 - 7. Programmable application controllers and application-specific controllers.
 - 8. Application-specific controllers.
- C. Install cable in continuous raceway.

3.9 NETWORK NAMING AND NUMBERING

- A. Coordinate with Owner and provide unique naming and addressing for networks and devices.
- B. ASHRAE 135 Networks:
 - 1. MAC Address:
 - a. Assign and document a MAC address unique to its network for every network device.
 - b. Ethernet Networks: Document MAC address assigned at its creation.
 - c. MS/TP Networks: Assign from 00 to 64.
 - 2. Network Numbering:
 - a. Assign unique numbers to each new network.

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- b. Provide ability for changing network number through device switches or operator interface.
- c. DDC system, with all possible connected LANs, can contain up to 65,534 unique networks.

3. Device Object Identifier Property Number:

- a. Assign unique device object identifier property numbers or device instances for each device network.
- b. Provide for future modification of device instance number by device switches or operator interface.
- c. LAN is to support up to 4,194,302 unique devices.

4. Device Object Name Property Text:

- a. Device object name property field to support 32 minimum printable characters.
- b. Assign unique device "Object Name" property names with plain-English descriptive names for each device.
 - 1) Example 1: Device object name for device controlling heating water boiler plant at Building 1000 would be "HW System B1000."
 - 2) Example 2: Device object name for VAV terminal unit controller could be "VAV-102."

5. Object Name Property Text for Other Than Device Objects:

- a. Object name property field is to support 32 minimum printable characters.
- b. Assign object name properties with plain-English names descriptive of application.
 - 1) Example 1: "Zone 1 Temperature."
 - 2) Example 2 "Fan Start and Stop."

3.10 INSTALLATION OF CONTROL WIRE, CABLE, AND RACEWAY

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Wire and Cable Installation:
 - 1. Comply with installation requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."
 - 2. Comply with installation requirements in Section 271513 "Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling."
 - 3. Install cables with protective sheathing that is waterproof and capable of withstanding continuous temperatures of 90 deg C with no measurable effect on physical and electrical properties of cable.
 - a. Provide shielding to prevent interference and distortion from adjacent cables and equipment.

- 4. Terminate wiring in a junction box.
 - a. Clamp cable over jacket in a junction box.
 - b. Individual conductors in the stripped section of cable is to be slack between the clamping point and terminal block.
- 5. Terminate field wiring and cable not directly connected to instruments and control devices having integral wiring terminals using terminal blocks.
- 6. Install signal transmission components in accordance with IEEE C2, REA Form 511a, NFPA 70, and as indicated.
- 7. Use shielded cable to transmitters.
- 8. Use shielded cable to temperature sensors.
- 9. Perform continuity and meager testing on wire and cable after installation.

C. Conduit Installation:

1. Comply with Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems.

3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test ad inspect components, assemblies, and installations, including connections.

3.12 DDC SYSTEM I/O CHECKOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Check installed products before continuity tests, leak tests, and calibration.
- B. Check instruments for proper location and accessibility.
- C. Check instruments for proper installation on direction of flow, elevation, orientation, insertion depth, or other applicable considerations that will impact performance.
- D. Check instrument tubing for proper isolation, fittings, slope, dirt legs, drains, material, and support.
- E. Control Damper Checkout:
 - 1. Verify that control dampers are installed correctly for flow direction.
 - 2. Verify that proper blade alignment, either parallel or opposed, has been provided.
 - 3. Verify that damper frame attachment is properly secured and sealed.
 - 4. Verify that damper actuator and linkage attachment are secure.
 - 5. Verify that actuator wiring is complete, enclosed, and connected to correct power source.
 - 6. Verify that damper blade travel is unobstructed.

F. Control Valve Checkout:

- 1. Verify that control valves are installed correctly for flow direction.
- 2. Verify that valve body attachment is properly secured and sealed.
- 3. Verify that valve actuator and linkage attachment are secure.

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- 4. Verify that actuator wiring is complete, enclosed, and connected to correct power source.
- 5. Verify that valve ball, disc, or plug travel is unobstructed.
- 6. After piping systems have been tested and put into service, but before insulating and balancing, inspect each valve for leaks. Adjust or replace packing to stop leaks. Replace valve if leaks persist.

G. Instrument Checkout:

- 1. Verify that instrument is correctly installed for location, orientation, direction, and operating clearances.
- 2. Verify that attachment is properly secured and sealed.
- 3. Verify that conduit connections are properly secured and sealed.
- 4. Verify that wiring is properly labeled with unique identification, correct type, and size and is securely attached to proper terminals.
- 5. Inspect instrument tag against approved submittal.
- 6. For instruments with tubing connections, verify that tubing attachment is secure and isolation valves have been provided.
- 7. For flow instruments, verify that recommended upstream and downstream distances have been maintained.
- 8. For temperature instruments, verify the following:
 - a. Sensing element type and proper material.
 - b. Length and insertion.

3.13 DDC SYSTEM I/O ADJUSTMENT, CALIBRATION, AND TESTING

- A. Calibrate each instrument installed that is not factory calibrated and provided with calibration documentation.
- B. Provide written description of proposed field procedures and equipment for calibrating each type of instrument. Submit procedures before calibration and adjustment.
- C. For each analog instrument, make three-point test of calibration for both linearity and accuracy.
- D. Equipment and procedures used for calibration to comply with instrument manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Provide diagnostic and test equipment for calibration and adjustment.
 - 1. Use field testing and diagnostic instruments and equipment with an accuracy at least twice the instrument accuracy of instrument to be calibrated. For example, test and calibrate an installed instrument with accuracy of 1 percent using field testing and diagnostic instrument with accuracy of 0.5 percent or better.
- F. Calibrate each instrument in accordance with instruction manual supplied by instrument manufacturer.

- G. If after calibration the indicated performance cannot be achieved, replace out-of-tolerance instruments.
- H. Comply with field testing requirements and procedures indicated by ASHRAE's Guideline 11, "Field Testing of HVAC Controls Components," in the absence of specific requirements, and to supplement requirements indicated.

I. Analog Signals:

- 1. Check analog voltage signals using a precision voltage meter at zero, 50, and 100 percent.
- 2. Check analog current signals using a precision current meter at zero, 50, and 100 percent.
- 3. Check resistance signals for temperature sensors at zero, 50, and 100 percent of operating span using a precision-resistant source.

J. Digital Signals:

- 1. Check digital signals using a jumper wire.
- 2. Check digital signals using an ohmmeter to test for contact making or breaking.

K. Control Dampers:

- 1. Stroke and adjust control dampers following manufacturer's recommended procedure, from 100 percent open to 100 percent closed and back to 100 percent open.
- 2. Check and document open and close cycle times for applications with cycle time less than 30 seconds.
- 3. For control dampers equipped with positive position indication, check feedback signal at multiple positions to confirm proper position indication.

L. Control Valves:

- 1. Stroke and adjust control valves following manufacturer's recommended procedure, from 100 percent open to 100 percent closed and back to 100 percent open.
- 2. Check and document open and close cycle times for applications with cycle time less than 30 seconds.
- 3. For control valves equipped with positive position indication, check feedback signal at multiple positions to confirm proper position indication.
- M. Meters: Check meters at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- N. Sensors: Check sensors at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- O. Switches: Calibrate switches to make or break contact at set points indicated.

P. Transmitters:

- 1. Check and calibrate transmitters at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- 2. Calibrate resistance temperature transmitters at zero, 50, and 100 percent of span using a precision-resistant source.

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3.14 DDC SYSTEM CONTROLLER CHECKOUT

- A. Verify power supply.
 - 1. Verify voltage, phase, and hertz.
 - 2. Verify that protection from power surges is installed and functioning.
 - 3. Verify that ground fault protection is installed.
 - 4. If applicable, verify if connected to UPS unit.
 - 5. If applicable, verify if connected to backup power source.
 - 6. If applicable, verify that power conditioning units are installed.
- B. Verify that wire and cabling are properly secured to terminals and labeled with unique identification.
- C. Verify that spare I/O capacity is provided.

3.15 DDC CONTROLLER I/O CONTROL LOOP TESTS

A. Testing:

- 1. Test every I/O point connected to DDC controller to verify that safety and operating control set points are as indicated and as required to operate controlled system safely and at optimum performance.
- 2. Test every I/O point throughout its full operating range.
- 3. Test every control loop to verify that operation is stable and accurate.
- 4. Adjust control loop proportional, integral, and derivative settings to achieve optimum performance while complying with performance requirements indicated. Document testing of each control loop's precision and stability via trend logs.
- 5. Test and adjust every control loop for proper operation according to sequence of operation.
- 6. Test software and hardware interlocks for proper operation. Correct deficiencies.
- 7. Operate each analog point at the following:
 - a. Upper quarter of range.
 - b. Lower quarter of range.
 - c. At midpoint of range.
- 8. Exercise each binary point.
- 9. For every I/O point in DDC system, read and record each value at operator workstation, at DDC controller, and at field instrument simultaneously. Value displayed at operator workstation, at DDC controller, and at field instrument must match.
- 10. Prepare and submit report documenting results for each I/O point in DDC system and include in each I/O point a description of corrective measures and adjustments made to achieve desire results.

3.16 DDC SYSTEM VALIDATION TESTS

- A. Perform validation tests before requesting final review of system. Before beginning testing, first submit Pretest Checklist and Test Plan.
- B. After approval of Test Plan, execute all tests and procedures indicated in plan.
- C. After testing is complete, submit completed Pretest Checklist.
- D. Pretest Checklist: Submit the following list with items checked off once verified:
 - 1. Detailed explanation for any items that are not completed or verified.
 - 2. Required mechanical installation work is successfully completed and HVAC equipment is working correctly.
 - 3. HVAC equipment motors operate below full-load amperage ratings.
 - 4. Required DDC system components, wiring, and accessories are installed.
 - 5. Installed DDC system architecture matches approved Drawings.
 - 6. Control electric power circuits operate at proper voltage and are free from faults.
 - 7. Required surge protection is installed.
 - 8. DDC system network communications function properly, including uploading and downloading programming changes.
 - 9. Each controller's programming is backed up.
 - 10. Equipment, products, tubing, wiring cable, and conduits are properly labeled.
 - 11. All I/O points are programmed into controllers.
 - 12. Testing, adjusting, and balancing work affecting controls is complete.
 - 13. Dampers and actuators zero and span adjustments are set properly.
 - 14. Each control damper and actuator goes to failed position on loss of power and loss of signal.
 - 15. Valves and actuators zero and span adjustments are set properly.
 - 16. Each control valve and actuator goes to failed position on loss of power and loss of signal.
 - 17. Meter, sensor, and transmitter readings are accurate and calibrated.
 - 18. Control loops are tuned for smooth and stable operation.
 - 19. View trend data where applicable.
 - 20. Each controller works properly in standalone mode.
 - 21. Safety controls and devices function properly.
 - 22. Interfaces with fire-alarm system function properly.
 - 23. Electrical interlocks function properly.
 - 24. Operator workstations and other interfaces are delivered, all system and database software is installed, and graphics are created.
 - 25. Record Drawings are completed.

E. Test Plan:

- 1. Prepare and submit validation Test Plan including test procedures for performance validation tests.
- 2. Address all specified functions of DDC system and sequences of operation in Test Plan.
- 3. Explain detailed actions and expected results to demonstrate compliance with requirements indicated.

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- 4. Explain method for simulating necessary conditions of operation used to demonstrate performance.
- 5. Include Test Checklist to be used to check and initial that each test has been successfully completed.
- 6. Submit Test Plan documentation 10 business days before start of tests.

F. Validation Test:

- 1. Verify operating performance of each I/O point in DDC system.
 - a. Verify analog I/O points at operating value.
 - b. Make adjustments to out-of-tolerance I/O points.
 - 1) Identify I/O points for future reference.
 - 2) Simulate abnormal conditions to demonstrate proper function of safety devices.
 - 3) Replace instruments and controllers that cannot maintain performance indicated after adjustments.
- 2. Simulate conditions to demonstrate proper sequence of control.
- 3. Readjust settings to design values and observe ability of DDC system to establish desired conditions.
- 4. 24 hours after initial validation test, do as follows:
 - a. Re-check I/O points that required corrections during initial test.
 - b. Identify I/O points that still require additional correction and make corrections necessary to achieve desired results.
- 5. 24 Hours after second validation test, do as follows:
 - a. Re-check I/O points that required corrections during second test.
 - b. Continue validation testing until I/O point is normal on two consecutive tests.
- 6. Completely check out, calibrate, and test all connected hardware and software to ensure that DDC system performs according to requirements indicated.
- 7. After validation testing is complete, prepare and submit report indicating results of testing. For all I/O points that required correction, indicate how many validation re-tests it took to pass. Identify adjustments made for each test and indicate instruments that were replaced.
- G. DDC System Network Bandwidth Test:
 - 1. Test network bandwidth usage on all DDC system networks to demonstrate bandwidth usage under DDC system normal operating conditions and under simulated HLC.
 - 2. To pass, none of DDC system networks are to use more than 70 percent of available bandwidth under normal and HLC operation.

3.17 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. BAS contractor shall demonstrate complete and proper operation of all systems per the Sequence of Operations. Allow adequate time for start-up and Substantial Completion testing prior to placing control systems in permanent operation.
- B. Include a minimum of 16 hours technician time for Substantial Completion testing and checkout, performed on site.
- C. Furnish service technician employed by system installer to instruct Owner's representative in operation of systems plant and equipment.
- D. The demonstration shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Review of the Trend Logs.
 - 2. Complete and proper operation of control systems including simulations.
 - 3. Access to all devices for required maintenance.
 - 4. Review of associated graphics on the operator workstation.
- E. Trend logs shall document building operation after the installation, balancing and calibration is completed and after the control system is fully operational. Setpoints, valve positions, etc. shall be adjusted to artificially induce the sequences to occur.

3.18 FINAL REVIEW

- A. Submit written request to Owner when DDC system is ready for final review. State the following:
 - 1. DDC system has been thoroughly inspected for compliance with Contract Documents and found to be in full compliance.
 - 2. DDC system has been calibrated, adjusted, and tested and found to comply with requirements of operational stability, accuracy, speed, and other performance requirements indicated.
 - 3. DDC system monitoring and control of HVAC systems results in operation according to sequences of operation indicated.
 - 4. DDC system is complete and ready for final review.
- B. Upon receipt of written request for final review, a field report shall be issued documenting observations and deficiencies
- C. Take prompt action to remedy deficiencies indicated in reviewer's field report(s) and submit second written request after all deficiencies have been corrected. Repeat process until no deficiencies are reported.
- D. Prepare and submit closeout submittals and begin procedures indicated in "Extended Operation Test" Article when no deficiencies are reported.
- E. Part of DDC system final review to include demonstration to parties participating in final review.

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- 1. Provide staff familiar with DDC system installed to demonstrate operation of DDC system during final review.
- 2. Provide testing equipment to demonstrate accuracy and other performance requirements of DDC system that is requested by reviewers during final review.
- 3. Demonstration to include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. HVAC equipment and system hardwired and software safeties and life-safety functions are operating according to sequence of operation.
 - b. Correct sequence of operation after electrical power interruption and resumption after electrical power is restored for randomly selected HVAC systems.
 - c. Operation of randomly selected dampers and valves in normal-on, normal-off, and failed positions.
 - d. Reporting of alarm conditions for randomly selected alarms, including different classes of alarms, to ensure that alarms are properly received by operators and operator workstations.
 - e. Trends, summaries, logs, and reports set up for Project.
 - f. Software's ability to communicate with controllers, operator workstations, and uploading and downloading of control programs.
 - g. Software's ability to edit control programs offline.
 - h. Data entry to show Project-specific customizing capability including parameter changes.
 - i. Step through penetration tree, display all graphics, demonstrate dynamic update, and direct access to graphics.
 - j. Execution of digital and analog commands in graphic mode.
 - k. Spreadsheet and curve plot software and its integration with database.
 - 1. Online user guide and help functions.
 - m. Multitasking by showing different operations occurring simultaneously on four quadrants of split screen.
 - n. System speed of response compared to requirements indicated.
 - o. Communications and Interoperability: Demonstrate proper interoperability of data sharing, alarm and event management, trending, scheduling, and device and network management. Requirements must be met even if only one manufacturer's equipment is installed.
 - 1) Data Presentation: On each operator workstation, demonstrate graphic display capabilities.
 - 2) Reading of Any Property: Demonstrate ability to read and display any used readable object property of any device on network.
 - 3) Set-Point and Parameter Modifications: Show ability to modify set points and tuning parameters indicated.
 - 4) Peer-to-Peer Data Exchange: Network devices are installed and configured to perform without need for operator intervention to implement Project sequence of operation and to share global data.
 - 5) Alarm and Event Management: Alarms and events are installed and prioritized according to Owner. Demonstrate that time delays and other logic are set up to avoid nuisance tripping. Show that operators with sufficient privileges are permitted.
 - 6) Schedule Lists: Schedules are configured for start and stop, mode change, occupant overrides, and night setback as defined in sequence of operations.

- 7) Schedule Display and Modification: Ability to display any schedule with start and stop times for calendar year. Show that all calendar entries and schedules are modifiable from any connected operator workstation by an operator with sufficient privilege.
- 8) Archival Storage of Data: Data archiving is handled by operator workstation and server and local trend archiving and display is accomplished.
- 9) Modification of Trend Log Object Parameters: Operator with sufficient privilege can change logged data points, sampling rate, and trend duration.
- 10) Device and Network Management:
 - a) Display of network device status.
 - b) Display of BACnet object information.
 - c) Silencing devices transmitting erroneous data.
 - d) Time synchronization.
 - e) Remote device re-initialization.
 - f) Backup and restore network device programming and master database(s).
 - g) Configuration management of routers.

3.19 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions.

3.20 COMMISSIONING AND INSPECTION

A. Control Contractor technician/programmer shall be on-site throughout the duration of the substantial completion inspection and separate commissioning.

3.21 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative with complete knowledge of Project-specific system installed to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain DDC system.

B. Extent of Training:

- 1. Base extent of training on scope and complexity of DDC system indicated and training requirements indicated. Provide extent of training required to satisfy requirements indicated even if more than minimum training requirements are indicated.
- 2. Inform Owner of anticipated training requirements if more than minimum training requirements are indicated.
- 3. Minimum Training Requirements:
 - a. Provide not less than 16 hours of training total.

b. Stagger training over multiple training classes to accommodate Owner's requirements. All training to occur before end of warranty period.

C. Training Schedule:

- 1. Schedule training to provide Owner with at least 15 business days of notice in advance of training.
- 2. Training to occur within normal business hours at mutually agreed on time. Unless otherwise agreed to, training to occur Monday through Friday, except on U.S. Federal holidays, with two morning sessions and two afternoon sessions.
- 3. Provide staggered training schedule as requested by Owner.

D. Training Attendee List and Sign-in Sheet:

- 1. Request from Owner in advance of training a proposed attendee list with name, phone number, and email address.
- 2. Provide preprinted sign-in sheet for each training session with proposed attendees listed and no fewer than six blank spaces to add additional attendees.
- 3. Include preprinted sign-in sheet with training session number, date and time, instructor name, phone number, email address, and brief description of content to be covered during session. List attendees with columns for name, phone number, and email address and a column for attendee signature or initials.
- 4. Circulate sign-in sheet at beginning of each session and solicit attendees to sign or initial in applicable location.
- 5. At end of each training day, send Owner an email with attachment of scanned copy (PDF) of circulated sign-in sheet for each session.

E. Attendee Training Manuals:

- 1. Provide each attendee with color hard copy of all training materials and visual presentations.
- 2. Organize hard-copy materials in three-ring binder with table of contents and individual divider tabs marked for each logical grouping of subject matter. Organize material to provide space for attendees to take handwritten notes within training manuals.
- 3. In addition to hard-copy materials included in training manual, provide each binder with a sleeve or pocket that includes DVD or flash drive with PDF copy of all hard-copy materials.
- F. Instructor Requirements: Instructor must have 5 or more years of providing training with similar DDC system scope and complexity to the system installed. Instructor must be extremely familiar with specific DDC project installation.

G. Training Outline:

- 1. Submit training outline for Owner review at least 10 business days before scheduling training.
- 2. Include in outline a detailed agenda for each training day that is broken down into each of four training sessions that day, training objectives for each training session, and synopses for each lesson planned.

H. On-Site Training:

- 1. Owner will provide conditioned classroom or workspace with ample desks or tables, chairs, power, and data connectivity for instructor and each attendee.
- 2. Provide training materials, projector, and other audiovisual equipment used in training.
- 3. Provide as much of training located on-site as deemed feasible and practical by Owner.
- 4. Include on-site training with regular walk-through tours, as required, to observe each unique product type installed with hands-on review of operation, calibration, and service requirements.
- 5. Use operator workstation that is to be used with DDC system in the training. If operator workstations are unavailable, provide temporary workstation to convey training content.

I. Organization of Training Sessions:

- 1. Organize training sessions into logical groupings of technical content and to reflect different levels of operators having access to system. Plan training sessions to accommodate the following three levels of operators:
 - a. Daily operators
 - b. Advanced operators
 - c. System managers and administrators

J. Training Content for Daily Operators:

- 1. Basic operation of system.
- 2. Understanding DDC system architecture and configuration.
- 3. Understanding each unique product type installed including performance and service requirements for each.
- 4. Understanding operation of each system and equipment controlled by DDC system including sequences of operation, each unique control algorithm, and each unique optimization routine.
- 5. Logging on and off system.
- 6. Accessing graphics, reports, and alarms.
- 7. Adjusting and changing set points and time schedules.
- 8. Recognizing DDC system malfunctions.
- 9. Understanding content of operation and maintenance manuals including control drawings.
- 10. Understanding physical location and placement of DDC controllers and I/O hardware.
- 11. Accessing data from DDC controllers.
- 12. Operating portable operator workstations.
- 13. Review of DDC testing results to establish basic understanding of DDC system operating performance and HVAC system limitations as of Substantial Completion.
- 14. Running each specified report and log.
- 15. Displaying and demonstrating each data entry to show Project-specific customizing capability. Demonstrating parameter changes.
- 16. Stepping through graphics penetration tree, displaying all graphics, demonstrating dynamic updating, and direct access to graphics.
- 17. Executing digital and analog commands in graphic mode.
- 18. Demonstrating control loop precision and stability via trend logs of I/O for not less than 10 percent of I/O installed.
- 19. Demonstrating DDC system performance through trend logs and command tracing.

- 20. Demonstrating scan, update, and alarm responsiveness.
- 21. Demonstrating spreadsheet and curve plot software, and its integration with database.
- 22. Demonstrating on-line user guide, and help function and mail facility.
- 23. Demonstrating multitasking by showing dynamic curve plot, and graphic construction operating simultaneously via split screen.
- 24. Demonstrating the following for HVAC systems and equipment controlled by DDC system:
 - a. Operation of HVAC equipment in normal-off, normal-on, and failed conditions while observing individual equipment, dampers, and valves for correct position under each condition.
 - b. For HVAC equipment with factory-installed software, show that integration into DDC system is able to communicate with DDC controllers or gateways, as applicable.
 - c. Using graphed trends, show that sequence of operation is executed in correct manner, and HVAC systems operate properly through complete sequence of operation including seasonal change, occupied and unoccupied modes, warm-up and cool-down cycles, and other modes of operation indicated.
 - d. Hardware interlocks and safeties function properly and DDC system performs correct sequence of operation after electrical power interruption and resumption after power is restored.
 - e. Reporting of alarm conditions for each alarm, and confirm that alarms are received at assigned locations, including operator workstations.
 - f. Each control loop responds to set-point adjustment and stabilizes within time period indicated.
 - g. Sharing of previously graphed trends of all control loops to demonstrate that each control loop is stable and set points are being maintained.

K. Training Content for Advanced Operators:

- 1. Creating, deleting, and modifying alarms including annunciation and routing.
- 2. Creating, deleting, and modifying point trend logs including graphing and printing on an ad-hoc basis and operator-defined time intervals.

L. Training Content for System Managers and Administrators:

- 1. DDC system software maintenance and backups.
- 2. Uploading, downloading, and offline archiving of all DDC system software and databases.
- 3. Interface with Project-specific, third-party operator software.
- 4. Understanding password and security procedures.
- 5. Adding new operators and making modifications to existing operators.
- 6. Operator password assignments and modification.
- 7. Operator authority assignment and modification.
- 8. Workstation data segregation and modification.

END OF SECTION 230923

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General Requirements
- B. Boiler Control
- C. Heating System Pumps
- D. Domestic Hot Water
- E. Domestic Hot Water Pumps
- F. Building Air Handling System
- G. Exhaust Fans
- H. Apparatus Bay Air Handling System
- I. Terminal Heating Units

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. All points and alarms noted here and necessary for proper operation based off the sequence of operations shall be displayed on the Graphical User Interface for monitoring and controlling the building. All points outlined shall be addressable through the same means. All points shall be programmable from the host server and graphics shall be prepared for all points. All setpoints shall be adjustable through the graphics. All safety shutdowns shall be hardwired and shall not be dependent on the DDC for operation. All work outlined here shall be controlled by the BAS/DDC and connected to the BAS/DDC unless otherwise noted.
- B. All alarms based on a deviation from setpoint (i.e. 2 degrees F above setpoint) that experiences an offset, such as an outside air reset schedule, shall not be fixed but rather move with the setpoint.
- C. Provide email and text call-out alarm service to CBJ Facilities Maintenance for critical alarms including the following as a minimum. Coordinate required alarms, call-out number text, email, and requirements with Owner:
 - 1. Boiler Critical Fault

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- 2. Low Boiler Water Pressure Below 10 PSI
- 3. Low Building Heating Loop Temperature Below 100F building loop supply temperature when OSA is below 50F
- 4. Low Room Temperatures Below 50F

3.2 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

A. BOILER CONTROL (B-1)

- 1. Electric boiler shall operate according to its own internal staging and sequencing control when enabled by the LOCAL switch on boiler control panel or when remotely enabled by the DDC system when panel switch is in the REMOTE position.
- 2. Boiler Temperature Setpoint: Boiler staging to maintain adjustable 160F boiler outlet temperature when enabled. Set Electric High Limit controller with manual reset at 180F.
- 3. Boiler Control Switch and Remote/Local operation
 - a. Electric boiler shall operate according to its own internal staging and sequencing control when enabled by the LOCAL switch on boiler control panel or when remotely enabled by the DDC system when panel switch is in the REMOTE position.
 - b. REMOTE Position: When boiler control switch on boiler control panel is in REMOTE position, DDC shall enable Electric Boiler internal staging control to maintain minimum 140F supply temperature setpoint in the building heating loop. Boiler operating setpoint of 160F controlled at electric boiler temperature controller. Boiler to operate after being enabled until boiler setpoint is achieved irrespective of the building supply main temperature. Once boiler reaches setpoint, boiler is disabled until building heating main drops below 140F setpoint.
 - c. LOCAL Position: When in LOCAL mode, integral boiler control panel enables boiler operation though internal staging controls and local heating supply setpoint on boiler programmable controller without regard to remote signal. When in Local position, the boiler shall operate at setpoint (160F) regardless of the BAS remote enable/disable signal.
- 4. Set boiler controller with stage up delay of 5 minutes and stage down delay of 15 seconds.
- 5. The boiler circulating pump P-2 shall run whenever the boiler is enabled in REMOTE position. In LOCAL position, Boiler Pump P-2 shall run continuously. The pump shall continue to circulate ten minutes (adjustable) after the boiler is disabled.
- 6. Boiler Demand Limiting Control:
 - a. BAS signal shall be capable of limiting the number of boiler stages through 4-20 mA load limiting control only when boiler local/remote switch is in REMOTE position.
 - b. Enable from a display on boiler control graphic.
- 7. Flow Sensor shall not allow boiler to operate without flow, whether in Local or Remote mode. Flow sensor is integral to boiler.
- 8. Boiler KW monitoring. KW meter shall be provided hereunder to monitor energy usage.

- 9. Electric boiler shall be disabled in Remote mode when outdoor temperature is above an adjustable 65F. Building circulation pumps (P-3A and P-3B) disabled upon same high OSA shutoff control.
- 10. Generator Operation: During generator operation, boiler shall be limited to 90KW. Coordinate with Boiler Manufacturer and Generator installer. Connect to ATS terminal for detection of operation. Use demand limiting controller on boiler to limit staging for 90KW total. Upon return to normal power, Boiler to return to normal operation.
- 11. Monitor boiler alarms
- 12. Graphics: Indicate all points, including pump command and status, alarms, boiler supply and return temperatures, building heating main supply and return temperatures, outdoor air temperature, setpoints, local/remote status, boiler operating status, alarms, KW monitoring, KWH usage, generator status, demand limiting control, and pump and flow status..
- 13. Coordinate closely with manufacturer during submittal and procurement process so that boiler internal controls are provided with required terminal blocks, relays, wiring, and configuration as needed to work integrally with DDC system.
- B. BOILER CIRCULATION PUMP (P-2): Magnetic starter with three position switch. In AUTO position boiler load pump to operate according to DDC system operation or Electric boiler operation. When the magnetic starter is in the HAND position, pump to operate continuously.
 - 1. Electric Boiler Pump P-2: The boiler circulating pump P-2 shall run whenever the boiler is enabled. Electric boiler will not operate unless its respective boiler pump (P-2) is operating through flow switch.
 - 2. The pump shall continue to circulate ten minutes (adjustable) after the boiler is disabled.
 - 3. Graphics: Indicate pump status and alarms.
- C. BUILDING CIRCULATION PUMPS (P-3A/P-3B): A variable frequency drive (VFD), provides direct power for each respective pump motor. When the VFD is in the AUTO position, the BAS shall operate and modulate the speed of respective pump to maintain the required flow. Pumps to operate in lead/backup operation with pumps switching lead/backup designation once per week. When the VFD is in HAND position, a digital speed control integral with the VFD panel provides manual speed control.
 - 1. Pump Sequencing:
 - a. Modulate LEAD pump from 25% flow to 100% flow based on system pressure differential.
 - b. Pressure differential required at pressure sensing location (Mech) determined by the Adjustment and Control Contractors. Initially set pressure average differential at 9 psi.
 - c. If Lead pump fails to operate after 5 minutes, activate Back-up pump and send alarm. Alarm when a pump status differs from its command.
 - 2. Pressure Differential Sensor located where shown. Differential pressure sensor located at HRV-1 booster coil HC-2. Differential pressure sensor utilized to control pump speed.
 - 3. Generate an alarm if the minimum system differential pressure is not maintained within 2 psig (adjustable) of setpoint.
 - 4. Flow rates: Flow Meter installed in heating supply main to monitor flow rate in GPM. GPM shall be indicated on wall controller display and on graphics system.

- 5. System Pressure: Monitor the system pressure sensor and generate an alarm when pressure drops below 10 psi.
- 6. Activate an alarm when a VFD generated alarm occurs due to low current or other internal alarm. Include VFD speed and VFD fault alarm inputs to the BAS. Activate an alarm if either pump fails to operate when commanded on.
- 7. Graphics: Indicate heating water temperatures, setpoints, flow rate, pressure differentials and setpoint, lead/lag pump command and status, pump speed, and alarms.
- D. ELECTRIC DOMESTIC WATER HEATER (EHWH-1): Electric water heater shall operate to maintain domestic hot water temperature according to factory immersion thermostat control.
 - 1. Set electric water heater setpoint at 150F. Factory installed immersion sensor and stage sequencing controller shall activate multiple electric coil stages as required to maintain electric water heater setpoint. Alarm shall be generated on water supply temperature discharge above 160F.
 - 2. Set TV-1 building supply temperature at 120F. If the domestic hot water temperature leaving the hot water tempering station, TV-1, rises above 130 degrees (adjustable), an alarm shall be generated.
 - 3. Graphics. Indicate temperature setpoints, actual domestic hot water temperature leaving the water heater, and the actual hot water temperature leaving the thermostatic mixing valve. Indicate any alarms.
- E. DOMESTIC HW CIRCULATION PUMP (HWCP-1): Pump shall operate whenever immersion thermostat in the recirculating hot water piping, set at 95F, calls for heat.
 - 1. Pump operation shall be monitored by current sensor. Upon failure of a pump, an alarm shall be generated.
 - 2. Graphics: Indicate pump command and status, domestic hot water circulation temperature and setpoint, and alarms

F. HEAT RECOVERY UNIT (HRV-1):

- 1. HRV-1 Controls: The HRV unit utilizes internal controls to operate the fan speeds, enthalpy rotor wheel operation, defrost controls, and damper operation. The BAS system shall provide occupied and unoccupied (enable) commands and supply air temperature setpoint. The BAS shall also monitor internal controls through a BACnet interface.
- 2. Occupied Schedule: The BAS system shall provide occupied mode enable via hard wired connection to terminal blocks on the HRV controller. Initially set schedule for HRV to run continuously for proper ventilation and pressurization control.
- 3. Airflow Controls: The fan will operate on constant airflow control. Airflow CFM's for Supply and Return shall be entered on the HRV controller for speed control. The HRV fan speeds will modulate to maintain the airflow CFM setpoints. BAS to monitor.
- 4. Supply Air Temperature Setpoint Controls: The HRV controller will control the rotor heat exchanger to maintain the supply air temperature setpoint. Setpoint shall be provided remotely by the BAS system to the HRV Controller through a 0-10Vdc signal. Supply air temperature setpoint of 65F adjustable at the BAS.
- 5. Energy Recovery Rotor Control: The HRV controller shall modulate the rotor speed to achieve the supply temperature setpoint provided by the BAS.

- 6. Defrost Control: The HRV controller shall modulate the rotor speed to avoid frosting conditions. Set defrost control exhaust air temperature setpoint of 34F on controller.
- 7. Heating Control: Auxiliary heating is not included integral to the HRV. A remote booster coil is located downstream of the HRV for temperature control. BAS system shall modulate HC-2 booster coil automatic control valve to maintain an adjustable 65F supply air temperature.
- 8. Damper Control: Outdoor air and Exhaust air dampers shall be provided with the HRV unit. Dampers shall open when the unit is operating and close when the unit is shutdown. Damper control is integral to the HRV controller. BAS to monitor damper positions.
- 9. Filter Monitoring: The HRV controller shall monitor the filter loading for both the return and outdoor air filter sections. BAS to monitor filter pressure differential.
- 10. BAS Input/Outputs (Hard Wired Connections)
 - a. Supply air temperature setpoint from BAS
 - b. Remote enable based on BAS occupied schedule or BAS enable/disable override command.
- 11. Communication to BAS: BACnet IP. Include points as needed per BAS monitoring requirements below.
- 12. Energy Monitoring
 - a. Fan Energy Usage
 - b. Rotor Energy Efficiency
- 13. BAS Monitoring: The BAS shall monitor the following points through BACnet connection to the HRV. All points shall be shown on graphics.
 - a. Actual air temperature, including OSA, RA, EA, SA, wheel OSA inlet and outlet, wheel RA inlet and outlet.
 - b. Supply air setpoint from BAS
 - c. Enable command from BAS
 - d. SF/EF Fan status
 - e. Airflow in CFM for RA and SA
 - f. Damper positions
 - g. Rotory heat exchanger energy efficiency
 - h. Fan energy usage
 - i. Dirty filter
 - j. Alarms
- G. AIR HANDLING UNIT (SF-1 and RF-1): ECM speed controls provide speed control for SF-1 and RF-1 fan units. When the Starter is in the AUTO position, the BAS shall operate each fan unit at the speed required to meet design CFM or fan discharge pressure. When the Starter is in HAND position, the fan will operate. Display speed, alarms, and status on Graphics. In the AUTO or HAND positions, the fan units operate according to safety functions such as the low-limit thermostat and the smoke sensor.
 - Occupied Schedule: Occupied schedule for fan units shall be adjustable on the graphics. Contractor shall coordinate with Owner for each system schedule. Return and Supply fan shall have same occupied schedule with each day individually set.
 - 2. Schedule of Operation:
 - a. Normal Occupied Schedule: SF-1 and RF-1 shall operate in Occupied mode when activated by schedule.

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- b. Unoccupied Mode: SF-1 and RF-1 shall remain OFF in Unoccupied mode unless activated by Night Setback mode. RAD shall be fully open and OAD fully closed when fan is off.
- c. Night Setback Mode: SF-1 and RF-1 shall be activated into Night Setback mode if any booster coil zone space temperature drops more than 3F below Occupied Setpoint. SF operates with OAD and EAD fully closed and RAD in the 100% open position and respective booster coil valve at 100% open until the space temperature rises to room occupied setpoint.
- 3. During the Occupied schedule, Outdoor air damper (OAD) to open to minimum position to provide the required minimum outside air. Minimum OSA volume is as follows and is to be manually verified during initial adjustment of mechanical systems.
 - a. SF-1 Minimum OSA 625 CFM
 - b. SF-1 Maximum OSA: 55F MAT minimum
- 4. SF Speed: The BAS shall operate the fan unit at the speed required to meet design CFM (as verified and set with TAB Contractor).
- 5. Return Fan (RF-1): RF-1 shall operate whenever SF-1 operates in Occupied Schedule. The RF-1 speed shall modulate to maintain positive (+) 0.05 in wg air pressure downstream of RF.
- 6. Building pressure sensor located in Corridor. Outdoor reference pressure sensor shall be located on exterior of building's north wall out of wind. EA damper to modulate to maintain building pressure at +0.02 inches wg.
- 7. Exhaust Fan (EF-1): EF-1 shall operate whenever SF-1 operates in Occupied Schedule and when enabled by EF-1's individual schedule. See below.
- 8. Supply Air Temperature Setpoint: Supply air discharge sensor to modulate the OAD and RAD dampers to maintain an adjustable fan discharge air temperature provided by the supply air reset schedule; 60°F supply air at 60°F outside air temperature modulating to 65°F supply air at 50F outside air temperature and below, provided minimum OSA position is maintained. There is not a heating coil. Heating is provided by booster coils.
- 9. Booster Coils: Each zone served by SF-1 has its own room temperature control. Respective booster coil automatic valve shall modulate to maintain room temperature setpoint (adjustable) as indicated below.
 - a. Heating Mode: Automatic valve shall modulate to provide supply air between 65F (minimum) and 85F (maximum) discharge air as needed to maintain room setpoint. When at setpoint, Booster coil shall maintain 65F discharge temperature.
 - b. Cooling Mode: Automatic valve shall be closed when room temperature is above setpoint.
 - c. Install DDC duct sensor for booster coil discharge air temperature monitoring. Where signal thermostat controls both a booster coil automatic valve and a finned pipe automatic valve, the booster coil valve shall modulate very slowly so that the finned pipe heating unit can be on as much as possible. Booster Coil automatic valve to continue to open/close slowly when needed to maintain room temperature.
 - d. Initial (Booster Coil) Room Temperature Setpoints:
 - 1) Offices: Initially set at 68F
 - 2) Classroom, Dayroom, and Kitchen: Initially set at 68F.
 - 3) Shop and Corridor: Initially set at 65F

- 10. Filter Alarm: Differential pressure sensor across filter to send filter alarm to BAS whenever the differential pressure exceeds an adjustable 0.50 inches water column for pre-filters (MERV 8) and 1.2 inches water column for Carbon Filters. Analog input signal with set point adjustable at the BAS. Alarm is to be sent to the BAS for confirmation. Indicate filter pressure, setpoint, and any alarms on Graphics.
- 11. Low-limit control: Averaging bulb thermostat at the discharge of the supply fan to stop the fan below an adjustable 40°F. Control to stop fan shall be hardwired with the starter in both Hand and Auto positions. Mixing dampers repositioned to full recirculation position. Fan automatically reset on temperature rise above set point. Alarm is to be sent to the BAS for confirmation. Indicate temperatures and any alarms on Graphics.
- 12. Duct Smoke Detector: Supply fan and Return fan shall shutoff on detection of smoke. Fan shutoff shall be hard wired.
- 13. In HAND and AUTO position supply and return fans shall shut down on fire alarm activation and low limit temperature control.
- 14. Fan operation status: Current sensor to send fan operation signal to BAS when in operation. Activate an alarm when the fan status differs from the command. Indicate status and any alarms on Graphics.
- 15. Graphics: Indicate fan operation command and status, fan speed, OAD, EAD and RAD damper positions, outdoor air temperature, mixed air temperature, supply air temperature, return air temperature, filter differential pressure, setpoints, and alarms.
- H. EXHAUST FAN (EF-1): In the Auto position, exhaust fan to operate whenever enabled by the BAS and at the constant speed as required to provide proper airflow and pressurization. In the Hand position, the fan operates according to speed controller on VFD. Alarm is to be sent to the BAS for confirmation when fan does not operate when commanded on.
 - 1. EF-1 shall operate whenever SF-1 operates in Occupied Mode. EF-1 shall remain off in Unoccupied Mode and Night Setback Mode. See SF-1 Sequence.
 - 2. EF-1 shall also be enabled upon its own Occupied schedule in addition to being enabled by SF-1 Occupied Schedule.
 - 3. EF ECM Motor Speed: Fan operates at constant speed. ECM motor speed set during testing and balancing at the speed required to provide specified CFM.
 - 4. Exhaust air damper shall open when EF operates. Fan operation shall lag by 20 seconds to allow exhaust air damper to open. EAD to open when EF starter is in Hand or in Auto. EAD to close when EF is off.
 - 5. Graphics: Indicate fan operation command and status, exhaust air damper position, and alarms.
- I. HOSE TOWER EXHAUST FAN (EF-10):
 - 1. Existing exhaust fan shall operate when activated by wall switch.
 - 2. Fan operation shall be monitored by current sensor.
 - 3. Graphics: Indicate fan status.
- J. AIR HANDLING UNIT (AHU-4):
 - 1. Existing AHU-4 shall be modified from a ventilation and heating unit to a heating only unit. Outdoor and Exhaust Air Dampers shall be locked in the closed position and Return Air Damper locked in the full open position.

- 2. Schedule of Operation: AHU-4 shall operate to maintain Apparatus Bay room temperature setpoint. Unit shall activate when room temperature drops 2F below room temperature setpoint and shall operate until room temperature rises 1F above room temperature setpoint. Initially set Apparatus Bay room temperature at 62F
- 3. Supply air temperature: Modulate supply air temperature between 65F and 85F based on heating demand. Provide 65°F supply air at 0% heating demand modulating to 85°F supply air at 100% heating demand. Heating coil automatic valve to close to heating on an outside air temperature above an adjustable 65°F OSA.
- 4. Provide Fan Command and Status, Filter Alarms, Setpoints, Return and Supply Air temperatures, Room temperature setpoint and actual, Automatic Valve position. Provide all points on graphics.
- K. CONVECTORS AND FINNED PIPE CONVECTORS (CV, FP): Room temperature controller with occupant setpoint adjustment and digital display, set at an adjustable 68°F to open automatic valves to supply heat to individual rooms as needed. Normally open automatic valves open on failure of control power. Room temperature sensor value and setpoint displayed on floor plan graphic with Alarm sent to BAS when temperature drops more than 5F below setpoint. Room temperature setpoint override on BAS graphics.
- L. ENTRY CABINET UNIT HEATER (CUH): Plate type room sensor, initially set at 60F at the BAS, opens the two-way valve when heating is required and activates the fan unit through a 24/120-volt relay. Normally open automatic valve opens on failure of control power. Setpoint adjustment by occupant with override capability by the BAS system. Thermostat sensor value and setpoint displayed on floor plan graphic with Alarm sent to BAS when temperature drops below adjustable 50F.
- M. BOILER ROOM UNIT HEATER (UH-1): Line voltage room thermostat with occupant setpoint adjustment, initially set at 65F, operates the fan and opens the two-way valve when heating is required. Normally open automatic valve opens on failure of control power. Plate type low voltage room sensor to provide BAS monitoring of room temperature. Room temperature displayed on floor plan graphic with Alarm sent to BAS when temperature drops below adjustable 50F.
- N. HOSE TOWER UNIT HEATER (UH-2): Room temperature controller with occupant setpoint adjustment and digital display, initially set at 65F, opens the two-way valve when heating is required and activates the fan unit through a 24/120-volt relay. Normally open automatic valve opens on failure of control power. Setpoint adjustment by occupant with override capability by the BAS system. Thermostat sensor value and setpoint displayed on floor plan graphic with Alarm sent to BAS when temperature drops below adjustable 50F.
- O. EMS BAY UNIT HEATER (UH-3): Plate type room sensor, initially set at 65F at the BAS, opens the two-way valve when heating is required and activates the fan unit through a 24/120-volt relay. Normally open automatic valve opens on failure of control power. Setpoint adjustment by the BAS system. Room temperature sensor value and setpoint displayed on floor plan graphic with Alarm sent to BAS when temperature drops below adjustable 50F.

- P. TERMINAL HEATING UNIT GRAPHICS: All rooms, room names and numbers, room temperature setpoints, and actual room temperatures shall be displayed in plan view. In addition, each zone's automatic valve positions, room temperature setpoints, actual room temperatures, and supply air temperature set points and actual temperatures shall be accessible on the graphics program by "clicking" on the zone.
- Q. HEATING PLANT: In addition to individual equipment control schematics on graphics, an overall Heating Plant Control Schematic shall be included on graphics to provide a quick overview of heating plant system operation. Provide all equipment and points on overall heating plant schematic as shown.
- R. SYSTEM DIAGRAMS: Provide graphics for each system schematic and piping diagram indicating all temperatures, pressures, setpoints, status, commands, etc. See control schematics and piping diagrams on mechanical contract documents.
- S. ADDITIONAL SYSTEMS AND MONITORING POINTS: See Piping Diagrams, Floor Plans, and Control Drawings for additional points required.

END OF SECTION 230940

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pipe and pipe fittings for:
 - 1. Hydronic heating piping system.
 - 2. Equipment drains and overflows.
- B. Valves:
 - 1. Gate valves.
 - 2. Ball valves.
 - 3. Check valves.
- C. Delegated Seismic Restraint Design of Mechanical Piping and Equipment

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Include data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalogue information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support methods, joining procedures.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.
- E. The Contractor is responsible for the seismic restraint design for suspended piping and mechanical equipment meeting current ASCE-7 requirements. Seismic design parameters shall be as indicated on the Structural Plans. Structural steel bracing shall be designed in accordance with AISC 360 Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings. Calculations: Include detailed calculations justifying bracing designs and attachments, stamped and signed by a professional structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska.
- F. Shop Drawings for Seismic Bracing of Piping and Equipment.
 - 1. Include layout, spacings, orientation, sizes, thicknesses and grades of steel for bracing and bracing attachments.
 - 2. Include sizes and numbers of attachments, locations and attachment
 - 3. Include weld sizes and types using AWS symbols.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.
- H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.

- 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
- 2. Gate Valve Repacking Kits: One for each type and size of valve.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified in this section, with minimum three years of experience.
- C. Welder Qualifications: Certify in accordance with ASME (BPV IX).
 - 1. Provide certificate of compliance from authority having jurisdiction, indicating approval of welders.
- D. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.
- D. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- E. Store piping and equipment in clean, enclosed from weather, location at all times. Materials are not to be stored in direct contact with dirty surfaces or on dirt floor. If piping, equipment, and components are found to be improperly stored they shall be removed from the project immediately and new, clean materials shall be used.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HYDRONIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with ASME B31.9 and applicable federal, state, and local regulations.
- B. Piping: Provide piping, fittings, hangers and supports as required, as indicated, and as follows:
 - 1. Where more than one piping system material is specified, provide joining fittings that are compatible with piping materials and ensure that the integrity of the system is not jeopardized.

- 2. Use non-conducting dielectric connections whenever jointing dissimilar metals.
- 3. Grooved mechanical joints may be used in accessible locations only.
 - a. Accessible locations include those exposed on interior of building, in pipe chases, and in mechanical rooms, aboveground outdoors, and as approved by ARCHITECT.
 - b. Use rigid joints unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Provide pipe hangers and supports in accordance with ASME B31.9 unless indicated otherwise.
- C. Pipe-to-Valve and Pipe-to-Equipment Connections: Use flanges, unions, or grooved couplings to allow disconnection of components for servicing; do not use direct welded, soldered, or threaded connections.
- D. Valves: Provide valves where indicated and as follows:
 - 1. Provide drain valves where indicated, and if not indicated provide at least at main shutoff, low points of piping, bases of vertical risers, and at equipment. Use 3/4 inch gate valves with cap; pipe to nearest floor drain.
 - 2. For shut-off and to isolate parts of systems or vertical risers, use gate or ball valves.
- E. Welding Materials and Procedures: Conform to ASME (BPV IX).

2.2 HYDRONIC PIPING, ABOVE GROUND

- A. Existing piping is typically black steel. Dielectrics must be installed between steel and copper piping. Piping must not go back and forth between copper and black steel. In submittals indicate where different piping materials are planned.
- B. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Schedule 40, black, using one of the following joint types:
 - 1. Welded Joints: ASTM A234/A234M, wrought steel welding type fittings; AWS D1.1 welded.
 - 2. Threaded Joints: ASME B16.3, malleable iron fittings.
- C. Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L, hard drawn.
 - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast brass, or ASME B16.22, solder wrought copper.
 - 2. Joints: Solder, lead free, 95-5 tin-antimony, or tin and silver, with melting range 430 to 535 degrees F.
 - 3. Mechanical press fit joint with gasket equivalent to PROPRESS acceptable.

2.3 EQUIPMENT DRAINS AND OVERFLOWS

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B 306, Type DWV, drawn.
 - 1. Fittings: ASME B123, cast bronze, or ASME B 129 wrought copper.
 - 2. Joints: Solder, lead free, ASTM B 32, grade 50B.

2.4 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.
 - 1. If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
- B. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 Inch (13 to 38 mm): Galvanized steel, adjustable swivel, split ring.
- C. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Hot-dipped galvanized steel, adjustable, clevis.
- D. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Galvanized steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- E. Vertical Support: Galvanized steel riser clamp.
- F. Floor Support for Pipe Sizes to 4 Inches: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
- G. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- H. Hanger Rods: Mild steel threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded. Zinc plated.
- I. Inserts: Malleable iron case of galvanized steel shell and expander plug for threaded connection with lateral adjustment, top slot for reinforcing rods, lugs for attaching to forms; size inserts to suit threaded hanger rods.

2.5 UNIONS, FLANGES, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe 2 Inches and Under:
 - 1. Ferrous Piping: 150 psig malleable iron, threaded.
 - 2. Copper Pipe: Bronze, soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe Over 2 Inches:
 - 1. Ferrous Piping: 150 psig forged steel, slip-on.
 - 2. Copper Piping: Bronze.
- C. Dielectric Connections: Union or waterway fitting with water impervious isolation barrier and one galvanized or plated steel end and one copper tube end, end types to match pipe joint types used.

2.6 GATE VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Tyco Flow Control

- 2. Conbraco Industries
- 3. Nibco, Inc
- 4. Milwaukee Valve Company

B. Up To and Including 2 Inches:

1. Bronze body, bronze trim, hand wheel, inside screw, solid wedge disc, threaded ends. 1 inch and smaller valves may have soldered ends. 15% or less zinc content.

C. Over 2 Inches:

1. Iron body, bronze trim, bolted bonnet, rising stem, handwheel, outside screw and yoke, solid wedge disc with bronze seat rings, flanged ends. Flange gaskets rated for fluid and system temperature.

2.7 BALL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Tyco Flow Control
- 2. Conbraco Industries
- 3. Nibco, Inc
- 4. Milwaukee Valve Company

B. Up To and Including 3 Inches:

1. Bronze two piece body, chrome plated brass ball, full port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow out proof stem, lever handle threaded ends. 1 inch and smaller may have soldered ends. 15% or less zinc content.

2.8 SWING CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Hammond Valve.
- 2. Nibco, Inc.
- 3. Milwaukee Valve Company.

B. Up To and Including 2 Inches:

1. Bronze body, bronze trim, bronze rotating swing disc, with composition disc, threaded ends. 1 inch and smaller may have soldered ends.

C. Over 2-1/2 Inches and larger:

1. Iron body, bronze trim, bronze or bronze faced rotating swing disc, renewable disc and seat, flanged ends.

2.9 SPRING LOADED CHECK VALVES

- Manufacturers: A.
 - 1. Hammond Valve.
 - 2. Crane Co.
 - 3. Milwaukee Valve Company.
- В. Class 125, iron body, bronze trim, stainless steel springs, bronze disc, Buna N seals, wafer style ends.
- Up To and Including 2 inches: Class 125, bronze body. Stainless steel stem and 316 Stainless C. steel spring with rubber seat, threaded ends. 1" diameter and smaller valves may have soldered ends.
- 2-1/2 Inches and larger: D.
 - 1. Class 125, iron body, bronze trim, stainless steel springs, bronze disc, Buna N seals, wafer style ends.

2.10 WATER PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES

- Manufacturers: A.
 - 1. Amtrol Inc.
 - 2. Cla-Val Co;
 - 3. Watts Regulator Company.
- В. Up to 2 Inches:
 - MSS SP-80, bronze body, stainless steel and thermoplastic internal parts, fabric 1. reinforced diaphragm, strainer, threaded single union ends.
- Over 2 Inches: C.
 - 1. MSS SP-85, cast iron body, bronze fitted, elastomeric diaphragm and seat disc, flanged.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt on inside and outside before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment using jointing system specified.
- Keep open ends of pipe free from scale and dirt. Protect open ends with temporary plugs or D. GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPRADES AND HYDRONIC PIPING

caps.

E. After completion, fill, clean, and treat systems. Refer to Section 23 2500 for additional requirements.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install heating water piping to ASME B31.9 requirements.
- C. Route piping in orderly manner, parallel to building structure, and maintain gradient.
- D. Install piping to conserve building space and to avoid interfere with use of space.
- E. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- F. Sleeve pipe passing through partitions, walls and floors.
- G. Slope piping and arrange to drain at low points.
- H. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- I. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.9.
 - 2. Support horizontal piping as scheduled.
 - 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
 - 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
 - 5. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
 - 6. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
 - 7. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
 - 8. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
 - 9. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Hangers and supports located in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
 - 10. All hangers are to be installed on the outside of the insulated piping.
- J. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings. Refer to Section 23 0719.
- K. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed. Coordinate size and location of access doors.
- L. Use eccentric reducers to maintain top of pipe level.

- M. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welds.
- N. Prepare unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories, ready for finish painting.
- O. Install valves with stems upright, not inverted.
- P. Branch piping connected to sides of mains. Connections off of top or bottom not permitted. When approved by the Engineer, branch piping may be connected to side of mains at a 45 degree angle when limited by space.
- Q. Where piping penetrates wall, run insulation through penetration. Seal penetration with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. If sleeve is used as required in concrete penetrations, seal opening between pipe and sleeve with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. Seal as required by manufacturers UL fire rated assembly listing.
- R. Piping Tests: All heating piping tested hydrostatically at 125 psi for minimum of four hours. System shall remain tight for test period without leaks, displacement, or straining. Equipment, gages, and thermometer wells rated for a lesser pressure suitably protected during tests. Leaks developed during tests shall be corrected without caulking and test restarted until a perfectly tight system is obtained. Enclosed piping tested before concealing. Test performed in presence of Owner.
- S. At CONTRACTOR'S option, piping over and including 2-1/2" size may have mechanically extracted collars. Entire installation is to strictly follow manufacturer's instructions. Any deviation will require reinstallation of the collars. Mechanically extracted collars are not acceptable on connections to existing piping. Similar or equal to T-DRILL Industries.
- T. Where more than one piping system material is specified, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system is not jeopardized. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.
- U. Use unions, flanges, and couplings downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections. Do not use direct welded or threaded connections to valves, equipment or other apparatus.
- V. Use non-conducting dielectric connections whenever jointing dissimilar metals in open systems.
- W. Use spring loaded check valves on discharge of pumps.
- X. Use 3/4 inch gate valves with cap for drains at main shut-off valves, low points of piping, bases of vertical risers, and at equipment.

3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Hanger Spacing for Copper Tubing or Steel Pipe.
 - 1. 1/2 inch and 1-1/4 inch: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 2. 1-1/2 inch and 2 inch: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
 - 3. 2-1/2 inch through 3 inch: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
 - 4. 4 inch through 6 inch: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 5/8 inch.

3.4 SEISMIC RESTRAINT

- A. All piping which meet the following requirements shall be provided with seismic restraint in accordance with IBC approved guidelines.
- B. Piping with support system longer than 12-inches in length (as measured from the top of the pipe to the bottom of the support where the hanger is attached) are required to have seismic restraint when pipe sizes are larger than shown below:
 - 1. Piping located in mechanical equipment rooms that is 1-1/4 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.
 - 2. Pipes located outside of mechanical rooms 2-1/2 inches nominal diameter and larger AND with support system longer than 12-inches in length.
- C. See Section 1.2 Submittals above for additional information.

END OF SECTION 232113

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Expansion tanks.
- B. Air vents.
- C. Air separators.
- D. Strainers.
- E. Balancing valves.
- F. Relief valves.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product data for manufactured products and assemblies required for this project. Include product description, model and dimensions.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support methods, joining procedures.
- D. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, assembly views, lubrication instructions, and replacement parts list.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

1.4 CERTIFICATIONS

A. Expansion Tanks: ASME labeled, to ASME (BPV VIII, 1).

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.

- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EXPANSION TANKS (ET-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Amtrol.
 - 2. Taco.
- B. Vertical, floor mounted. Replaceable full acceptance bladder type for ET-1. Welded steel, tested and stamped in accordance with ASME SEC 8-D; rated for working pressure of 125 psig, with butyl material. Suitable for water or proplylene glycol solutions as indicated in schedules. Welded base. Seismic restraints.
- C. Accessories: Pressure gage and air-charging fitting.
- D. Size: See Schedules.

2.2 AUTOMATIC AIR VENTS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Spirotherm Spirotop
- B. Brass body, solid non-metallic float, brass vented head threaded for connection of drain. Viton seal and o-ring. 150 psig working pressure. Automatic air vent suitable for system operating temperature and pressure; with isolating valve.

2.3 MANUAL AIR VENT

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Hoffman Model 500.
 - 2. Bell & Gossett Model 17SR.
 - 3. Taco Model 417.
 - 4. Substitutions: Not Permitted.
- B. Manual Air Vent; Washer Type: Brass with hydroscopic fiber discs, vent ports, adjustable cap for manual shut-off, and integral spring loaded ball check valve.

2.4 AIR SEPARATORS (AS)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Spirotherm Spirovent VDN
- B. Air Separators, Dirt/Water type:
 - 1. Steel construction for 150 psig maximum operating pressure. ASME Section VIII, Division 1. Integrated brass venting mechanism on top. Threaded blowdown connection port at bottom.
 - 2. Flanged connections. Removable lower head with flanges to clean inside body.
 - 3. Air and dirt eliminator: Copper bundle designed to suppress turbulence and provide high efficiency. Shall be capable of removing 100% of free and entrained air, and 99.6% of the dissolved air. Dirt separation shall be at least 80% of all particles 30 micron and larger within 100 passes.

2.5 STRAINERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Spiray/Sarco
 - 3. Mueller.
- B. Size 2 inch and Under:
 - 1. Screwed brass or iron body for 175 psi working pressure, Y pattern with 1/32 inch stainless steel perforated screen.
- C. Size 2-1/2 inch to 4 inch:
 - 1. Flanged iron body for 175 psi working pressure, Y pattern with 3/64 inch stainless steel perforated screen.

2.6 FLOW SETTER VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - 2. ITT Bell & Gossett.
 - 3. Myson, Inc.
- B. Angle or straight pattern, rising stem, inside screw globe valve for 125 psi working pressure, with bronze body and integral union for screwed connections, renewable composition disc, plastic wheel handle for shut-off service, and lockshield key cap and set screw memory bonnet for balancing service.

2.7 RELIEF VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Armstrong International, Inc
 - 2. ITT Bell & Gossett
 - 3. Conbraço Industries
 - 4. Watts.
- B. Bronze body, teflon seat, stainless steel stem and springs, automatic, direct pressure actuated, capacities ASME certified and labeled.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install specialties in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Where large air quantities can accumulate, provide enlarged air collection standpipes.
- C. Provide manual air vents at system high points and as indicated.
- D. For water system automatic air vents in ceiling spaces or other concealed locations, provide vent tubing to nearest drain. For glycol automatic air vents, provide vent tubing to respective fill tank.
- E. Provide air separator on suction side of system circulation pump and connect to expansion tank.
- F. Provide valved drain and hose connection on strainer blow down connection.
- G. Provide spring loaded check valve on discharge side of centrifugal pumps.
- H. Clean and flush tanks prior to after installation. Seal until pipe connections are made.
- I. Provide relief valves on pressure tanks, low pressure side of reducing valves, heat exchangers, and expansion tanks.
- J. Select system relief valve capacity so that it is greater than make-up pressure reducing valve capacity. Select equipment relief valve capacity to exceed rating of connected equipment.
- K. Pipe relief valve outlet to nearest floor sink.
- L. Where one line vents several relief valves, make cross sectional area equal to sum of individual vent areas.
- M. Clean and flush heating system before adding heating water or propylene glycol solution.
- N. Secure expansion tank to concrete pad and wall structure with seismic restraint.

O. Support pump fittings with floor mounted pipe and flange supports.

3.2 MAINTENANCE

- A. See Division 1 Execution Requirements, for additional requirements relating to maintenance service.
- B. Explain corrective actions to OWNER's maintenance personnel in person.
- C. Clean all strainers immediately after pump start-up. Provide written verification to ARCHITECT.

END OF SECTION 232114

232123 - PUMPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. In-line Circulators.
- B. Canned Rotor Circulators.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide certified pump curves showing performance characteristics with pump and system operating point plotted. Include NPSH curve when applicable. Include electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support requirements and recommendations.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, assembly views, lubrication instructions, and replacement parts list.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
 - 2. Provide one set of mechanical seals and coupling for each pump.
 - 3. Provide one set of replaceable coupling and bearing assemblies or replaceable bearing cartridge for each pump.
 - 4. Provide one complete spare pump for each of the following: P-2 Electric Boiler Pump

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in the manufacture, assembly, and field performance of pumps, with minimum three years of documented experience.

232123 - PUMPS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Grundfos

2.2 HVAC PUMPS - GENERAL

- A. Provide pumps that operate at specified system fluid temperatures without vapor binding and cavitation, are non-overloading in parallel or individual operation, and operate within 25 percent of midpoint of published maximum efficiency curve.
- B. Minimum Quality Standard: UL 778.
- C. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by UL or testing agency acceptable to authority having jurisdiction as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

2.3 IN-LINE CIRCULATORS (P-3A/B)

- A. Type: Inline, direct coupled, maintenance free. NEMA-C face motor. Capable of 288F and 145 psi.
- B. Pump housing, motor stool: Cast-iron. Electro-coated (epoxy).
- C. Impeller, seal ring, sealing plate, split cone, coupling guard: 304 Stainless steel. Impeller sized for performance specified.
- D. Shaft: 431 Stainless steel.
- E. Seal: Maintenance free. Tungsten carbide/carbon with EPDM elastomer.
- F. Direct coupled.
- G. Performance:
 - 1. See Schedules
- H. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1. See Schedules.
 - 2. Motor shall be TEFC.
 - 3. Variable Frequency Drive provided by Control Contractor.
- I. Basis of Design:
 - 1. P-3A and P-3B: Grundfos TP series

232123 - PUMPS

2.4 CANNED ROTOR PUMPS (P-2)

- A. Type: Inline, canned-rotor type, maintenance free. Permanent magnet motor. Capable of 230F and 175 psi.
- B. Pump housing, motor stool: Cast-iron. Pump housing and pump head shall be electrocoated (epoxy).
- C. Impeller: Composite PES. Radial type with curved blades
- D. Rotor Can and Cladding: Stainless Steel
- E. Shaft: 316L Stainless steel.
- F. Differential pressure and temperature sensors.
- G. Performance:
 - 1. See Schedules.
 - 2. Pump shall be capable of running at design flow without special programming. Pump shall be set-up to run at design flow at constant speed.
- H. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1. See Schedules.
 - 2. Motor shall be permanent magnet motor type.
 - 3. Integral frequency converter.
- I. Basis of Design:
 - 1. P-2: Grundfos Magna series
- 2.5 Motors:
 - A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Baldor
 - 2. General Electric
 - 3. Reliance
 - B. Constructed and rated in accordance with current NEMA standards. The frame size, enclosures, and all appurtenances shall be suited to the application. 1.15 Service factor. Class F insulation.
 - 1. Single phase motors: NEMA Design N for fractional horsepower
 - 2. Three phase motors
 - 3. Motors suitable for use with variable frequency drives. Motor bearings insulated.
 - C. Electrical Requirements: At a minimum, motors must meet the following premium efficiency criteria as defined by (CEE) Consortium for Energy Efficiency.

232123 - PUMPS

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide access space around pumps for service. Provide no less than minimum space recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Decrease from line size with long radius reducing elbows or reducers. Support piping adjacent to pump such that no weight is carried on pump casings.
- D. Provide line sized shut-off valve and strainer on pump suction, and line sized soft seat spring type check valve, isolating valve, and balancing valve on pump discharge.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Lubricate pumps before start-up.
- B. Motors: Ensure proper alignment and rotation.
- C. Verify power requirements on-site with Control Contractor and Electrical Contractor.

3.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate this Work with the Work of other trades, and make arrangements for the complete and proper accomplishment of all related Work. Coordinate required controls with Control Contractor.

3.5 TESTING AND ADJUSTING

A. Upon completion of the installation, start-up the system, perform necessary testing and adjust the system to ensure proper operation.

END OF SECTION 232123

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Metal ductwork.
- B. Casing and plenums.
- C. Flexible ductwork

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data for duct materials.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of ducts and duct fittings. Record changes in fitting location and type. Show additional fittings used.

1.3 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- C. All sheet metal workers shall have a minimum documented sheet metal fabrication and installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Sheet Metal Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 3 apprentices or sheet metal workers for every one foreman. A foreman is defined as a sheet metal worker with minimum 3 years experience as detailed above or is an approved Journeyman.

1.4 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Construct ductwork to NFPA 90A standards.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install duct sealants when temperatures are less than those recommended by sealant manufacturers.
- B. Maintain temperatures within acceptable range during and after installation of duct sealants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DUCT ASSEMBLIES

- A. All Ducts: Galvanized steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. AHU Supply: 3 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.
- C. Return and Relief: 2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.
- D. General Exhaust: 2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.
- E. Outside Air Intake: 2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Galvanized Steel for Ducts: Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M FS Type B, with G60/Z180 coating. Minimum 24 gage material for ductwork. Minimum of 20 gage material for plenums.
- B. Joint Sealers and Sealants: Non-hardening, water resistant, mildew and mold resistant.
 - 1. Type: Heavy mastic or liquid used, suitable for joint configuration and compatible with substrates, and recommended by manufacturer for pressure class of ducts.
 - 2. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread of zero, smoke developed of zero, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
 - 3. For Use With Flexible Ducts: UL labeled.
- C. Hanger Rod: ASTM A36/A36M; steel, galvanized; threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuously threaded.

2.3 DUCTWORK FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate and support in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible, and as indicated.
- B. No variation of duct configuration or size permitted except by written permission. Size round duct installed in place of rectangular ducts in accordance with ASHRAE Handbook Fundamentals.
- C. Provide duct material, gages, reinforcing, and sealing for operating pressures indicated.
- D. Construct T's, bends, and elbows with radius of not less than 1-1/2 times width of duct on centerline. Where not possible and where rectangular elbows must be used, provide air foil turning vanes of perforated metal with glass fiber insulation.
- E. Provide turning vanes of perforated metal with glass fiber insulation when acoustical lining is indicated.

- F. Increase duct sizes gradually, not exceeding 15 degrees divergence wherever possible; maximum 30 degrees divergence upstream of equipment and 45 degrees convergence downstream.
- G. Fabricate continuously welded round and oval duct fittings in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible.
- H. Fittings shall be spot welded two gages heavier than indicated in SMACNA Standard. Prime coat welded joints. All round ductwork shall be spiral type. Utilize manufactured duct fittings for all branch take-offs unless indicated otherwise.
- I. Where ducts are connected to exterior wall louvers and duct connection is smaller than louver frame, provide blank-out panels sealing louver area around duct. Use same material as duct, painted black on exterior side; seal to louver frame and duct.
- J. Provide standard 45-degree lateral wye takeoffs unless otherwise indicated where 90-degree conical tee connections may be used.
- K. Pleated 90 degree round elbows may be used only on duct 8-inch diameter and under. Use segmented 5 piece elbows on 90 degree elbows 10 inches and over. 90 degree adjustable elbows are not acceptable unless approved on a case by case basis by the Engineer.
- L. Flanged closures must be SMACNA "J" rated with minimum 1-3/8 inch flange. Flange shall be gasketed. Corners bolted. Metal cleat for application around perimeter of transverse joint.
- M. Transverse joints: Ductmate proprietary duct connections will be accepted. Ductwork constructed using these systems will refer to manufacturers guidelines for sheet gage, intermediate reinforcement size and spacing, and joint reinforcement. TDF shall be constructed in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Manuals T-24 flange. Basis for evaluating a substitution shall be Ductmate Joining System, all steel construction. Ductmate system shall utilize minimum 20 gage steel companion angles, 12 gage steel corner pieces, and an integral polymer mastic seal. Acceptable joining systems: Ductmate 35, Nexus, Accuduct, or TDF. TDC is not acceptable.
- N. Longitudinal seams and fitting: Pittsburgh lock or snap lock shall be used on all longitudinal seams. Use Pittsburgh only on fittings, snap lock is not acceptable.

2.4 PLENUMS

- A. Fabricate plenums in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible and construct for operating pressures indicated.
- B. Support plenums with channel framing and secure to structure.

C. Reinforce access door frames with steel angles tied to horizontal and vertical plenum supporting angles. Install hinged access doors where indicated or required for access to equipment for cleaning and inspection.

2.5 INSULATED FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Thermaflex
 - 2. Thermoid
 - 3. Wiremold
- B. Two ply vinyl film supported by helical wound spring steel wire; fiberglass insulation; polyethylene vapor barrier film.
 - 1. Pressure Rating: 10 inches wg positive and 1.0 inches wg negative.
 - 2. Maximum Velocity: 4000 fpm.
 - 3. Temperature Range: -10 degrees F to 160 degrees F.

2.6 DUCT, CASING AND PLENUM SEALANTS

A. Sealant: UL listed vinylacrylic or copolymer based duct sealer. Similar to Durodyne DDS-181, Uni-mastic 181.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify sizes of equipment connections before fabricating transitions.
- B. Verify on-site conditions prior to beginning work. Coordinate closely with all disciplines, existing systems, and structural conflicts. Determine final duct routing onsite.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install, support, and seal ducts in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible.
- B. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. During construction provide temporary closures of metal or taped polyethylene on open ductwork to prevent construction dust from entering ductwork system. Check daily or more frequently that sealing of ducts is intact.
- D. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with adhesive and draw bands.
- E. Duct sizes indicated are inside clear dimensions. For lined ducts, maintain sizes inside lining.

- F. Provide openings in ductwork where required to accommodate thermometers and controllers. Provide pilot tube openings where required for testing of systems, complete with metal can with spring device or screw to ensure against air leakage. Where openings are provided in insulated ductwork, install insulation material inside a metal ring.
- G. Locate ducts with sufficient space around equipment to allow normal operating and maintenance activities.
- H. Use double nuts and lock washers on threaded rod supports.
- I. Connect diffusers to supply ducts with five feet maximum length of flexible duct. Do not use flexible duct to change direction.
- J. At exterior wall louvers, seal duct to louver frame and install blank-out panels.
- K. Duct and Plenum Sealing:
 - 1. Plenums: Seal plenum longitudinal and latitudinal joints with sealant. Apply sealant in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Inspect seams with ductwork pressurized and reapply as required for an airtight application.
 - 2. Seal all longitudinal and latitudinal joints of metal ducts with two coats of sealant. Apply sealant in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Apply second coat of sealant after first coat has completely cured. Inspect seams with ductwork pressurized and reapply as required for an airtight application.
 - 3. Exhaust Fan inlet and outlet ducts: Apply two coats of sealant to all seams.

3.3 INTERFACE WITH OTHER PRODUCTS

A. Provide openings in ductwork where required to accommodate thermometers and controllers. Provide Pitot tube openings where required for testing of systems, complete with metal can with spring device or screw to ensure against air leakage. Where openings are provided in insulated ductwork, install insulation material inside a metal ring.

3.4 CLEANING

A. If supply, exhaust, or return air ductwork is found to be dirty during construction due to inadequately capped/sealed ductwork or operating fans without filters, the CONTRACTOR shall clean all affected duct systems with high power vacuum machines to the satisfaction of the OWNER. Return air plenums not sealed off during construction shall be cleaned by the CONTRACTOR to the satisfaction of the OWNER. Protect equipment that may be harmed by excessive dirt with filters, or bypass during cleaning. Provide adequate access into ductwork for cleaning purposes. All construction debris is to be removed by CONTRACTOR prior to cleaning.

END OF SECTION 233100

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Automatic Dampers
- B. Duct access doors.
- C. Duct test holes.
- D. Flexible duct connections.
- E. Volume control dampers.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide for shop fabricated assemblies including volume control dampers. Include electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Project Record Drawings: Record actual locations of access doors and test holes.
- D. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect dampers from damage to operating linkages and blades.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 AUTOMATIC DAMPERS – DUCT MOUNTED

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Ruskin Model CD60
 - 2. Air Balance.
 - 3. Johnson Control.

- B. Dampers: 14 gage galvanized steel air foil shaped dampers with vinyl bulb or neoprene edging and flexible metal compression edge seals in 16 gage galvanized steel hat channel frame. Bearings shall be corrosion resistant, permanently lubricated, stainless steel sleeve type. Axles shall be plated steel type positively locked in damper blade. Damper blades positioned across short air opening dimension. Parallel blades for positive acting & opposed blade for modulating dampers.
- C. Low leakage type with maximum 2 percent leakage at 4 inch wg differential pressure when sized for 2000 fpm face velocity.

2.2 DUCT ACCESS DOORS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Air Balance
 - 2. Durodyne
 - 3. Ventlock
 - 4. Ruskin Company
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible, and as indicated. Submittal is required.
- C. Fabrication: Rigid and close fitting of reinforced galvanized steel with closed cell neoprene sponge rubber sealing gaskets and quick fastening locking devices. For insulated ductwork, install minimum 1 inch thick insulation with sheet metal cover.
 - 1. Less Than 12 inches square, secure with sash locks.
 - 2. Up to 18 inches Square: Provide two small hinges or one continuous hinge and one compression latch.
 - 3. Up to 24 x 48 inches: Three large hinges or one continuous hinge and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
 - 4. Sash Lock: Similar to Ventlock Model 90.
 - 5. Compression Latch: Similar to Ventlock Model 140, 202, or 310.
 - 6. Hinge: Small hinges to be zinc plated steel, minimum 2 x 1-1/2 inches wide or 1-1/2 inch wide piano hinge. Large hinges to be zinc plated steel, minimum 3 x 2 inches wide or 2 inch wide piano hinge. Similar to Ventlock Model 150, 157 or 167, 250.
 - 7. Access panels with sheet metal screw fasteners are not acceptable.

2.3 DUCT TEST HOLES

A. Temporary Test Holes: Cut or drill in ducts as required. Cap with neoprene plugs, threaded plugs, or threaded or twist-on metal caps.

2.4 FLEXIBLE DUCT CONNECTIONS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Carlisle HVAC
 - 2. Elgen Manufacturing
 - 3. DuroDyne.
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible, and as indicated.
- C. Flexible Duct Connections: Fabric crimped into metal edging strip.
 - 1. Fabric: UL listed fire-retardant neoprene coated woven glass fiber fabric to NFPA 90A, minimum density 30 oz per sq yd. Net Fabric Width: Approximately 2 inches wide.

2.5 VOLUME CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Ventlock
 - 2. Nailor Industries Inc
 - 3. Ruskin Company
 - 4. Durodyne
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible, and as indicated.
- C. Single Blade Dampers: Blade: 24 gage, minimum.
- D. Multi-Blade Damper: 14 gage aluminum air foil shaped dampers with vinyl bulb or neoprene edging and flexible metal compression edge seals in 16 gage galvanized steel hat channel frame. Bearings shall be corrosion resistant, permanently lubricated, stainless steel sleeve type. Axles shall be plated steel type positively locked in damper blade. Damper blades positioned across short air opening dimension.
- E. End Bearings: Except in round ductwork 12 inches and smaller, provide end bearings. On multiple blade dampers, provide oil-impregnated nylon or sintered bronze bearings. Provide closed end bearings on all ducts having a pressure classification over 2 inches wg; Ventlock Model 607 or 609. Similar Durodyne or Young
- F. Regulators:
 - 1. Provide self-locking, indicating regulators with heavy steel stamped handle on single and multi-blade dampers.
 - 2. On insulated ducts mount regulators on standoff mounting brackets, bases, or adapters.
 - 3. Where rod lengths exceed 30 inches provide regulator at both ends.
 - 4. Ventlock Model 641. Similar Durodyne, Young, Rossi.
 - 5. For concealed damper locations use concealed damper regulator type for installation in ceilings. Ventlock Model 666. Similar Durodyne, Young

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6. Regulators with wing nuts are not acceptable.

2.6 SLEEVES

A. Sleeves for Ductwork: Galvanized steel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.
- B. Verify ducts and equipment installations are ready for accessories.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, NFPA 90A, and follow SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible. Refer to Section 23 3100 for duct construction and pressure class.
- B. Provide backdraft dampers on exhaust fans or exhaust ducts nearest to outside and where indicated unless exhaust fan is served by an automatic damper.
- C. Provide duct access doors for inspection and cleaning before and after filters, coils, fans, automatic dampers, and elsewhere as indicated. Provide minimum 8 x 8 inch size for hand access, 16x16 size for head/shoulder access, and as indicated. Review locations prior to fabrication.
- D. Provide duct test holes where indicated and/or where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- E. Set sleeves in position in forms. Provide reinforcing around sleeves. Size sleeves large enough to allow for movement due to expansion and contraction. Provide for continuous insulation wrapping.
- F. Where ductwork penetrates floor, ceiling, or wall, close off space between duct and adjacent WORK with stuffing or fire stopping insulation and caulk airtight. Provide close fitting metal collar or escutcheon covers at both sides of penetration.
- G. At fans and motorized equipment associated with ducts, provide flexible duct connections immediately adjacent to the equipment.
- H. At all exhaust fans and at other equipment supported by vibration isolators, provide flexible duct connections immediately adjacent to the equipment.
- I. Provide balancing dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches are taken from larger ducts as required for air balancing. Install minimum 2 duct widths from duct take-off. Do not install balancing dampers prior to VAV boxes.

- J. Provide balancing dampers on duct take-off to diffusers, grilles, and registers, regardless of whether dampers are shown.
- K. Wherever possible, utilize 3'-0" to maximum 5'-0" of horizontal flexible duct prior to connection to diffuser. Do not use flexible duct where exposed. Do not use flexible duct as elbows.

END OF SECTION 233300

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Cabinet inline fans.
- B. Roof exhausters.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on fans and accessories including fan curves with specified operating point clearly plotted, power, RPM, sound power levels at rated capacity, and electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation instructions.
- D. Qualification Data for Seismic Bracing Design Engineer: A structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska to produce delegated design of seismic bracing for suspended mechanical units.
- E. Shop Drawings for Seismic Bracing
 - 1. Include layout, spacings, orientation, sizes, thicknesses and grades of steel for bracing and bracing attachments.
 - 2. Include sizes and numbers of attachments, locations and attachment
 - 3. Include weld sizes and types using AWS symbols.
- F. Calculations: Include detailed calculations justifying bracing designs and attachments, stamped and signed by a professional structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include instructions for lubrication, motor and drive replacement, spare parts list, and wiring diagrams.
- H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Welding: Qualifications for field welding and field welding procedures for seismic bracing. Qualifications and procedures shall comply with AWS D1.1 structural welding code.

C. Delegated Design Seismic Bracing for Suspended Fan Units: Engage a qualified structural engineer to design vertical support and seismic bracing for loads as specified in ASCE 7-2010: Minimum Design Loads for Buildings or Other Structures. Structural steel bracing shall be designed in accordance with AISC 360 Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Greenheck (Design Manufacturer)
- B. Cook
- C. Daikin

2.2 POWER VENTILATORS - GENERAL

- A. Performance ratings: Conform to AMCA standard 211 and 311. Fans must be tested in accordance with ANSI/AMCA Standard 210-99 and AMCA Standard 300-96 in an AMCA accredited laboratory. Fans shall be certified to bear the AMCA label for air and sound performance seal.
- B. Fabrication: Conform to AMCA 99.
- C. UL Compliance: UL listed and labeled, designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with UL 705.
- D. Electrical Components: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

2.3 ROOF EXHAUST FANS (EF-1)

A. Performance

- 1. Performance Ratings: Conform to AMCA 210 and bear the AMCA Certified Rating Seal.
- 2. Sound Ratings: AMCA 301, tested to AMCA 300, and bear AMCA Certified Sound Rating Seal.
- 3. Fabrication: Conform to AMCA 99.
- 4. Performance Base: Sea level conditions. Pressure Class I, Arrangement 10.
- 5. Temperature Limit: Maximum 180 degrees F.
- 6. Static and Dynamic Balance: Wheels shall be static and dynamically balanced to AMCA Standard 204-05.
- 7. Capacity: See Fan Schedules.
- 8. Performance:
 - a. EF-1: Maximum 1650 fan rpm

B. Wheel and inlet

1. Backward inclined wheel, aluminum construction with smooth curved inlet cone, heavy back plate, backward curved blades welded or riveted to flange and back plate; cast aluminum hub riveted to back plate and keyed to shaft with set screws.

C. Housings

- 1. Aluminum housings, air-tight locking seams or fully welded, braced, designed to minimize turbulence with spun inlet bell and shaped cut-off. Rooftop downblast centrifugal exhaust ventilator.
- 2. Coatings: Factory finish with a thermosetting polyester urethane. Prepare steel with a phosphatized treatment. 1000 hour spray test (ASTM B117).

D. Bearings, drive, and shaft

- 1. Bearings: Sleeve bearing or heavy duty ball bearings, with L-50 life at 200,000 hours.
- 2. Shaft: Hot rolled steel, precision ground and polished, with key way, protectively coated with lubricating oil, and shaft guard.
- 3. Direct Drive.

E. Motors

- 1. Electronically commutated (EC) motor. Motor mounted speed controller
- 2. Motor shall have potentiometer dial for speed adjustment.
- 3. 80% RPM turntown capability.

F. Accessories:

- 1. All fans with bird guards.
- 2. Fans mounted on roof on preinsulated curb, minimum 18 inches above roof top (low side). Preinsulated curbs to have exterior stainless steel or aluminum construction, with 1-inch insulation, 90 degree cant strip, and treated wood nailer strip.
- 3. Weather proof NEMA 3R disconnect switches installed at each fan.

2.4 CENTRIFUGAL INLINE FAN (RF-1)

A. Performance

- 1. Performance Base: Sea level conditions. Pressure Class I, Arrangement 10.
- 2. Maximum Normal Operating Temperature: 130 degrees F.
- 3. Static and Dynamic Balance: Wheels shall be static and dynamically balanced to balance grade G6.3 per ANSI S2.19.
- 4. Capacity: See Schedules.

B. Wheel and inlet

- 1. Backward inclined aluminum wheel.
- C. Housings

- 1. Galvanized steel housings, air-tight locking seams or fully welded, braced, designed to minimize turbulence with spun inlet bell and shaped cut-off. In-line type cabinet with inlet and discharge collars for duct connections.
- 2. Coating: Factory finish with a thermosetting polyester urethane. Prepare steel with a phosphatized treatment.

D. Bearings and sleeves

- 1. Bearings: Sleeve bearing or heavy duty ball bearings, with L-50 life at 200,000 hours.
- 2. Shaft: Hot rolled steel, precision ground and polished, with key way, protectively coated with lubricating oil, and shaft guard.
- 3. Direct Drive.

E. Accessories:

- 1. Factory installed disconnect. Wired from fan motor to junction box.
- 2. Spring hanging isolators (seismic restrained type). Restrained spring isolators shall have 1" static deflection and shall be similar to Mason Type 30 provided by fan manufacturer.
- 3. Inlet filter box with 2-inch pleated filters, MERV 8.

F. Motors

- 1. Electronically commutated (EC) motor. Similar to Greenheck VariGreen.
- 2. Motor shall have factory mounted speed controller with remote speed control from BAS.
- 3. 80% RPM turndown capability.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install flexible connections between connecting ductwork and fan inlet/outlets. Ensure metal bands of connectors are parallel with minimum 1 inch flex between casing and fan while running.
- C. In-Line Fans: Support from structural ceiling joists with suspended seismically restrained spring type vibration isolation.
- D. Install support system and seismic bracing for all suspended fan units as designed by a Structural Engineer, licensed in the State of Alaska.
- E. Install motors in accordance with ARI 430. Ensure proper alignment and rotation.
- F. Verify power requirements on-site.

END OF SECTION 233423

233700 – AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Diffusers.
- B. Grilles.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data for equipment required for this project. Review outlets and inlets as to size, finish, and type of mounting prior to submission. Submit schedule of outlets and inlets showing type, size, location, application, and noise level.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of air outlets and inlets.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Test and rate air outlet and inlet performance in accordance with ASHRAE Std 70.
- B. Test and rate louver performance in accordance with AMCA 500-L.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPLY GRILLE (SG-2)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Titus 300FL
 - 2. Krueger
 - 3. Price
- B. Type: Rectangular, double deflection with individually adjustable horizontal bars in face and vertical bars behind. 3/4-inch spacing.
- C. Frame: 1-1/4 inch margin with countersunk screw mounting. Direct duct mounted with rubber sponge gasketed seal.
- D. Fabrication: Aluminum. Baked Enamel Finish. White.

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2.2 CEILING SUPPLY DIFFUSERS (SG-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Titus TDCA-AA
 - 2. Krueger
 - 3. Price
- B. Type: Square 24x24 inch module size for lay-in type. Louver size as shown on plans. Round neck with size as shown on drawings.
- C. Diffusers: Movable vanes, accessible from face to adjust discharge from horizontal to vertical. Core for discharge pattern of four-way corner blow. Diffusers are four-way blow unless otherwise shown on schedule.
- D. Frame: 24"x24" Lay-in type border for all T-bar ceilings. Coordinate with ceiling plans for border type.
- E. Fabrication: Aluminum with white baked enamel finish.

2.3 EXHAUST AND RETURN GRILLES (EG-1)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Titus 350FL
 - 2. Krueger
 - 3. Price
- B. Type: Ceiling and wall return/exhaust grille. Face: Blades with 3/4 inch spacing, 35 degree deflection, blades parallel to long dimension.
- C. Frame: 1-1/4 inch margin with countersunk screw mounting. With sponge rubber gaskets under flanges.
- D. Fabrication: Aluminum. White baked enamel finish.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify inlet/outlet locations.
- B. Verify ceiling and wall systems are ready for installation.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

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AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS

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- B. Check location of outlets and inlets and make necessary adjustments in position to conform with architectural features, symmetry, and lighting arrangement.
- C. Install diffusers to ductwork with air tight connection.
- D. Provide balancing dampers on branch duct to diffusers and grilles whether shown or not.
- E. Paint ductwork visible behind air outlets and inlets matte black.
- F. Modify ceiling and ceiling lay-in panels as required for diffuser installation.
- G. Provide seismic earthquake tabs for attachment to ceiling grid.
- H. Adjust diffusers for proper air diffusion and to eliminate drafts as needed.

END OF SECTION 233700

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Boiler.
- B. Boiler Controls.
- C. Water Connections.
- D. Electrical Hook-up.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide literature indicating general assembly components, controls, safety controls, wiring diagrams with electrical characteristics and connection requirements, and service connections.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate assembly, weights, heater configuration, and electrical characteristics and connection requirements. Provide specific wiring diagram for this project.
- D. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate rigging, installation, and start-up procedures.
- E. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Indicate conditions observed after start-up, including control settings.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, cleaning procedures, replacement parts list, as-built wiring diagram, and maintenance and repair data.
- G. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to ASME (BPV IV) and ASME (BPV VIII, 1) for boiler construction.
- B. Conform to NFPA 70 for internal wiring of factory wired equipment.
- C. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. in UL (EAUED) as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect units before, during, and after installation from damage to casing by leaving factory shipping packaging in place until immediately prior to final acceptance.

1.8 START-UP AND COMMISSIONING

A. Start-Up: Factory technician start-up of electric boiler. Factory technician shall also work cooperatively with control contractor in order to fine tune electric boiler operation with BAS control system.

1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Provide service and maintenance of boilers, burners, trim, and controls for one year from Date of Substantial Completion.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide 3 year warranty to include coverage for boiler package.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Precision PCW2 (Design Manufacturer)
- B. Cleaver Brooks
- C. Teledyne Laars

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

A. Description: Electric hot water boiler, compact, completely packaged, factory assembled, ready for operation except for external connections of piping and electrical connections.

2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Assembly: Heavy Duty welded steel shell with heater support nipples or flanges and inspection hand hole. Provide necessary fittings to accept gages, safety and operating controls; flanged inlet and outlet connections; inlet diffuser; and lifting lugs, conforming to ASME (BPV IV) requirements, and tested for maximum working pressure of 150 psig.
- B. Heating Elements: Threaded or flanged, incoloy or stainless steel sheathed, with maximum density of 75 watts per square inch, suitable for operation at 150 psig. Attach each element to tube sheet by mechanical assembly permitting single elements to be replaced without replacing entire tube bundle. 4 elements minimum.
- C. Enclose in heavy duty 16 gauge steel enclosure with factory applied baked enamel, insulated with 4 inch thick and 3/4 lb. density fiberglass insulation.

2.4 TRIM

- A. ASME rated pressure relief valve set at 45 psi.
- B. Assemble with pressure gage, thermometer in brass separable well, automatic air vent, and drain valve.
- C. Probe type low water cut-off with manual reset to automatically prevent operation when water falls below safe level.
- D. Inlet flow switch to automatically prevent operation on low flow through boiler.
- E. Temperature gauge.
- F. Flanged Connections.

2.5 CONTROLS

- A. Provide pre-wired, factory assembled electric controls enclosed in NEMA 250, Type 1 cabinet, factory mounted integral with unit.
- B. Controls shall include:
 - 1. Non-fused disconnect switch with door interlock. Each door shall have separate disconnect so that one or more doors cannot be opened without disconnecting power to panel.
 - 2. Splitter arrangement and fused magnetic contactors for each element.

- 3. Inlet flow switch.
- 4. Ability for adjustable time delay 1-60 minutes for stage sequencing.
- 5. Fused control circuit transformer with control circuit on/off switch.
- 6. Proportioning step controller. Solid-state sequencer.
- 7. Low water cut-off.
- 8. Remote bulb operating thermostat complete with brass separable well.
- 9. Two remote bulb high limit thermostats (1 auto reset, 1 manual reset) complete with brass separable well.
- 10. Pilot lights for each step of control.
- 11. Kilowatt hour meter with connections for BAS monitoring.
- 12. Remote setpoint control through 4-20 mA signal.
- 13. Manual limit toggle switches for each stage.
- 14. On/Off switch with pilot light.
- 15. Local/Remote switch. Switch (Local) shall completely disconnect all remote BAS connections through relays.
- 16. Building Automation System terminal connection for remote enable.
- 17. Red common alarm light. Dry contacts for common alarm
- 18. Demand Limiting Capability
- 19. Generator status input to boiler to limit boiler to 90KW when generator is in operation.
- 20. Terminal for connection of:
 - a. Flow switch.
 - b. Building Automation System connection for local/remote control.
 - c. General alarm with pilot light and dry contracts.
 - d. KW monitoring.
 - e. Remote enable.
 - f. Terminals for boiler status, local/remote position status.

C. Electric Boiler Performance:

- 1. Performance rating shall be in accordance with HI- Testing and Rating Standard for Cast Iron and Steel Heating Boilers.
- 2. Rating:
 - a. Heating Capacity: 512 MBH. 150 KW.
 - b. Numbers of Steps: 10 steps at 15 KW each.

D. Electrical Characteristics and Components:

- 1. Disconnect Switch: Factory mount in control panel. Disconnect for each door.
- 2. Design and Fabrication: Balanced 3-phase, 3 wire, delta load at 208 volts, 3-phase, 60 Hz.
- 3. UL listed Control Panel.
- 4. Single point power connection.

E. Setpoints:

- 1. Operating Setpoint at 180F.
- 2. High limit manual shutoff at 210F.

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3.	Stage up delay set at 3 minutes between stages and down delay of 15 seconds.		
CIER FI	IRE STATION M/E UPRADES AND	ELECTRIC BOILERS	

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install boiler on reinforced concrete housekeeping base, minimum 3 inches high and 6 inches larger on each side than boiler base. Secure to pad in conformance with Seismic requirements.
- C. Provide piping connections and accessories as indicated.
- D. Pipe relief valves to nearest floor drain.
- E. Provide for connection to electrical service. Refer to Division 26.
- F. Install in accordance with National Electrical Code.

3.2 START-UP AND COMMISSIONING

A. Start-Up: Factory technician start-up and testing of electric boiler shall be complete. Factory technician shall also work cooperatively with control contractor in order to fine tune electric boiler operation with BAS control system.

3.3 TRAINING

- A. Train operating personnel in operation and maintenance of units. Factory technician shall provide minimum 2 hours training to Owner's representatives.
- B. Provide the services of manufacturer's field representative to conduct training.

3.4 MAINTENANCE

A. Provide service and maintenance of boilers, burners, trim, and controls for one year from Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 235213

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Packaged air to air heat recovery units.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data:
 - 1. Published Literature: Indicate dimensions, weights, capacities, ratings, gages and finishes of materials, and electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
 - 2. Filters: Data for filter media, filter performance data, filter assembly, and filter frames.
 - 3. Fans: Performance and fan curves with specified operating point clearly plotted, power, RPM. Fan energy consumption
 - 4. Energy Wheel: Performance characteristics, including latent and sensible recovery efficiency, frost point based on design conditions, speed range in RPM.
 - 5. Sound Power Level Data: Fan outlet and casing radiation at rated capacity.
 - 6. Electrical Requirements: Power supply wiring including wiring diagrams for interlock and control wiring, clearly indicating factory-installed and field-installed wiring.
 - 7. Control design: Control point schematic and complete written sequence of operations.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate assembly, unit dimensions, weight loading, required clearances, construction details, field connection details, and electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- D. Qualification Data for Structural Stand and Seismic Bracing Design Engineer: A structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska to produce delegated design of fabricated steel stand for mechanical units. Include seismic bracing design.
- E. Shop Drawings of fabricated steel stand for fan unit and seismic bracing design.
 - 1. Include layout, spacings, orientation, sizes, thicknesses and grades of steel for fabricated stand, bracing, and bracing attachments.
 - 2. Include sizes and numbers of attachments, locations and attachment
 - 3. Include weld sizes and types using AWS symbols.
- F. Calculations: Include detailed calculations justifying bracing designs and attachments, stamped and signed by a professional structural engineer registered in the State of Alaska.
- G. Manufacturer's Instructions: Include installation instructions.
- H. Maintenance Data: Include instructions for lubrication, filter replacement, motor and drive replacement, spare parts lists, and wiring diagrams.

- I. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
 - 2. Extra Filters: Two sets of each type for each unit.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Welding: Qualifications for field welding and field welding procedures for seismic bracing. Qualifications and procedures shall comply with AWS D1.1 structural welding code.
- C. Delegated Design of the Fabricated Steel Fan Stand and Seismic Bracing: Engage a qualified structural engineer to design the steel stand and design the seismic bracing for loads as specified in ASCE 7-2010: Minimum Design Loads for Buildings or Other Structures. Structural steel bracing shall be designed in accordance with AISC 360 Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings.
- D. Entire unit shall be UL 1812 or UL 1995 certified and bear a certification label by ETL, UL, or CSA.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept products on site in factory-fabricated protective containers, with factory-installed shipping skids and lifting lugs. Inspect for damage.
- B. Store in clean dry place and protect from weather and construction traffic. Handle carefully to avoid damage to components, enclosures, and finish.
- C. Do not operate units until ductwork is clean, filters are in place, bearings lubricated, and fan has been test run under observation.
- D. Follow manufacturer's instructions for rigging and placement of equipment.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer shall warrant for a period of not in excess of 18 months from the date of shipment by the Seller, or 12 months from the date of commencement of installation, whichever occurs first, the design, construction and materials of the Manufacturer's products, to be free from defects in materials and workmanship. Manufacturer sole obligation under this warranty is strictly limited to repair or replacement of any defective parts.
- B. Manufacturer to provide 5 year parts only warranty on the ERV wheel.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Heat Recovery Ventilators:
 - 1. Swegon
 - 2. Substitution: Provide all equal or better product and system that meets all specifications and drawings requirements.

2.2 HEAT RECOVERY DESIGN CRITERIA

A. PERFORMANCE:

1. The energy recovery ventilator units shall be based on nominal airflow conditions:

System Model	Nominal	Nominal	External Static
	Supply Airflow (CFM)	Return Airflow (CFM)	(in. H ₂ O)
GOLDRX05	1030	645	1.00

2. The energy recovery ventilator units shall be based on the following design conditions and efficiencies

Condition	In (F/% Humid)	Out (F/% Humid)	Eff. Sensible/ Latent
Winter Supply	5.0/93	59.8/32	82%/80%
Winter Return	71.6/25	16.8/86	
Summer Supply	73.9/42	74.8/52	82.8%/76.5%
Summer Return	75.0/55	74.1/46	

2.3 HRV UNITS

A HRV units shall be factory assembled and tested. Units shall include insulated steel cabinet with steel base, sensible recovery or total recovery enthalpy wheel as indicated in the equipment schedule, fan and motor assembly, filter racks, and integral controls. Unit shall be designed based on a modular concept and allow inclusion of pre and post heating

and cooling devices in modular sections that can be bolted to the main HRV components. HRV shall have a single point power connection.

2.4 CABINET

- A. Cabinet shall be nominal 2 inch double wall panel with Rockwool R8, mineral fiber, acoustic and thermal insulation. Insulation shall have a flame spread rating not exceeding 25 and a smoke developed rating not exceeding 50. Cabinet exterior shall be 20 gauge prepainted steel that meets or exceeds 650 hour salt spray test based on ASTM B117. Liners and other steel components shall be galvanized steel. All seams shall be sealed to provide air tight casing.
- B. Doors shall be nominal 2 inch double wall panel with the same construction as cabinet. Doors shall be fitted with hinges and flush mounted door handles. The doors shall have one lockable handle as standard and the handles shall have a two position opening mechanism for improved safety. Position 1 shall open the door approximately 1" against a positive stop, allowing for pressure equalization. Position 2 shall allow the door to fully open. Otherwise, doors must be provided with factory installed positive stopping mechanism, preventing the door from fully opening against a positive or negative pressure.
- C. The unit will be designed as single side access, allowing service and maintenance to all be completed from one side and allow for compact installation.
- D. Units shall be tested in accordance with EN 1886 or equivalent and meet the following criteria;
 - 1. Casing air leakage = A
 - 2. Thermal transmittance = T2
 - 3. Thermal bridging factor = TB2
- E. Units shall be designed so they can be unbolted and broken down into sections for access to restricted locations. All interconnecting wiring shall have quick connect harnesses at each section.
- F. All dampers shall have extruded heavy gauge 6063 aluminum frame that includes jamb seals. Blades shall be airfoil shaped extruded aluminum and include rubber blade seals. Linkage shall be installed in the frame outside of the airstream.
- G. All dampers shall include factory mounted, wired and tested actuators. Dampers shall be modulating or two position as required. Provide spring return dampers for outdoor air connections.

2.5 FANS

A. Fans shall be mixed flow plenum type with direct drive motor. Fan and motor assembly shall be mounted on common base with internal isolation and be factory balanced as a complete assembly. If not factory balanced as a complete unit then field balance is required, at the expense of the ERV supplier. Fan shall be connected to fan bulkhead by a

- canvas type flex connector. The fans will be capable of operating in ambient temperatures of up to 104°F.
- B. Fan motors shall be permanent magnet, synchronous motor type with integral digital motor controller. Fan bearings shall be serviceable type.
- C All fans shall be equipped with integral airflow measuring system connected to the unit controller. Airflow quantity shall be displayed on the unit handheld, touchscreen controls interface panel.
- D Provide factory installed fan removal rails in the fan section, and 6 point disconnect, to facilitate simple remove fan-motor assembly for service through standard doors. Wiring must be quick connect fittings. Hard wiring will not be acceptable.

2.6 FILTERS

- A. Unit shall include pre-filter rack upstream of energy recovery wheel. Final filter installed on supply side after pre-filter. Filters shall be accessed through hinged filter access door.
- B. Provide factory mounted pressure sensors to measure filter pressure drop across pre-filter and main filter. Pressure drop shall be digitally feedback to controller for utilization in control and alarm sequencing. Unit controller shall monitor filter pressure level and report when filter changes are required. Unit controller shall monitor filter pressure level and report when filter changes are required. Pressure drop for all filter banks shall be displayed on the unit handheld, touchscreen controls interface panel and provided via BACnet output to the BAS.

2.7 ENERGY RECOVERY DEVICE

- A. Units shall include rotary heat exchanger that transfers sensible or both sensible and latent energy. Recovery wheel shall be 10" thick, constructed of corrugated aluminum. ERV wheels less than 10" thick will not be acceptable.
- B. Recovery wheel shall be coated with Zeolite molecular sieve if designed for enthalpy transfer.
- C. Wheel supports shall be galvanized steel with a rigid steel hub.
- D. Wheel section shall be provided with a built in, fixed position, purge section. Rotary heat exchanger shall include face and peripheral brush seals.
- E. Drive motor shall be variable speed type integrated into unit controller and include torque sensing to provide wheel rotation sensing. Rotary Heat Exchangers without rotational speed control (constant speed wheels) are not acceptable.
- F. Rotary Heat Exchanger carry over must not exceed 0.45% tested in accordance with EN308:1997

- G. Rotary Heat Exchangers constructed of material other than aluminum (plastic, etc) are not acceptable.
- H. ERV wheel motor controller must be via DC stepper motor capable of controlling wheel speed between 0.5 and 20 RPM.
- I. ERV rotor shall be AHRI 1060 certified

2.8 CROSS CONTAMINATION (EATR) CONTROL

- A. Units shall include and utilize the following means to maintain cross contamination (EATR) at less than 0.5% of the supply airflow through the use of brush seals, rotor purge sector, variable speed rotor control to vary the rotor speed with supply airflow modulation, and return air opening pressure balance plates to ensure the correct pressure balance within the unit to ensure purge airflow from the outside airstream to the exhaust airstream:
 - 1. Units shall include standard pressure balancing plates at return air opening. These plates are to be set at startup, based on the pressure differential between supply and return air, to ensure purge airflow moves from the supply airstream to the exhaust airstream. Pressure gradient across the rotor seal must be between 0 and 0.08" and deliver EATR less than 0.5% as certified by 3rd party verification.
 - 2. Unit controls shall include built-in Air Quality Control algorithms. This feature includes standard algorithms in the unit controller and an optional factory installed modulating damper on the return airstream. The unit controls shall constantly monitor the pressure differential between supply and return air and maintain the pressure differential between 0 and 0.08" over the entire operating airflow range.

2.9 CONTROLS

- A. Unit shall include an integrated microprocessor based unit controller. The controls shall be located in the integral controls cabinet. All controls shall operate off a transformer from the main power supply for single point power connection. All internal controls and sensors shall be factory prewired and tested. The microprocessor shall have dual Ethernet ports with an internal firewall to allow remote access via third party without compromising the clients internal Network.
- B. HRV (ERV) units must utilize built-in controls and ERV wheel speed control algorithms that use wheel speed modulation to
 - 1. Control supply air temperature
 - 2. Prevent frost development
 - 3. Modulate wheel speed as supply airflow modulates to ensure maximum purge efficiency and absolute minimum airflow cross-contamination at less than 0.45% EATR at all airflow conditions.
- C. Provide airflow monitor to measure outdoor airflow through enthalpy wheel. Monitor shall be integrated into unit controller. Airflow accuracy shall be minimum \pm 5% of design airflow.

- C. Provide temperature sensors at all 4 positions on the ERV wheel. Display outside air temperature and return air temperature on the unit handheld, touchscreen controls interface panel and provide all 4 temperature readings via BACnet output to the BMS.
- D. Include each unit with a touch pad type human interface that allows monitoring and control of all unit functions. Human interface shall communicate with unit controller by hardwire connection. Human interface shall be unit mounted.
- E. The control system will regulate temperatures, airflows and other functions as required. Unit controller shall be pre-programmed with factory tested software for all possible functions. Controller shall utilize a "plug and play" feature that will automatically load and operate any necessary algorithm based on components and accessories that are connected to the controller such as air flow monitors, damper actuators, fans, rotary energy recovery, water control valves, etc.
- F. The controller shall provide the following, refer to sequence of operation below for specific unit control sequences;
 - 1. Control of fans correcting for both changes in total static pressure and air density in both VAV and constant airflow applications.
 - 2. Real time total unit power consumption (fans, ERV wheel motor and controls) as "watts/CFM" monitored through BMS.
 - 3. Fan performance monitoring.
 - 4. Ventilation airflow monitoring and control.
 - 5. Airflow density correction for winter and summer conditions.
 - 6. Energy recovery optimization including operation of rotary energy recovery device.
 - 7. Supplemental heating and cooling when included.
 - 8. Integration to VRF condensing units when included.
 - 9. Frost protection certified to meet the frost protection requirements of Passive House Institute
 - 10. Monitoring alarms, faults and maintenance points including filter changeout.
 - 11. Time and date schedules.
 - 12. Building pressurization.
 - 13. Humidity control.
 - 14. Data logging and trending.
- G. Include wireless capability via built-in WiFi connection that will allow the client to access remotely via Smart Phone, laptop, tablet, etc without supplemental software.
- H. If non-factory controls are proposed as an option, a factory witness test is required to show integration and functionality. Controls vendor and manufacturer shall generate and agree upon a unit test plan to test all unit control functions and verify controls features as called out in these specifications.
- I. Controller shall be BTL certified for BACnet IP and also include Modbus, Lon, and Metasys communication. Communication shall include monitoring, control, alarms, faults and maintenance information.

- J. Provide factory installed and tested contactors, overloads, fusing, motor speed controllers for supply, exhaust and rotary energy recovery device. Include all necessary control transformers.
- K. Provide unit mounted non-fused disconnect switch with single point power connection for main ERV.
- L. Supply all necessary temperature and pressure sensors complete with plug in wiring harnesses for proper option of unit.

2.10 CONTROL SEQUENCE - See 230940

A. HEAT RECOVERY UNIT (HRV-1):

- 1. HRV-1 Controls: The HRV unit utilizes internal controls to operate the fan speeds, enthalpy rotor wheel operation, defrost controls, and damper operation. The BAS system shall provide occupied and unoccupied (enable) commands and supply air temperature setpoint. The BAS shall also monitor internal controls through a BACnet interface.
- 2. Occupied Schedule: The BAS system shall provide occupied mode enable via hard wired connection to terminal blocks on the HRV controller. Initially set schedule for HRV to run continuously for proper ventilation and pressurization control.
- 3. Airflow Controls: The fan will operate on constant airflow control. Airflow CFM's for Supply and Return shall be entered on the HRV controller for speed control. The HRV fan speeds will modulate to maintain the airflow CFM setpoints. BAS to monitor.
- 4. Supply Air Temperature Setpoint Controls: The HRV controller will control the rotor heat exchanger to maintain the supply air temperature setpoint. Setpoint shall be provided remotely by the BAS system to the HRV Controller through a 0-10Vdc signal. Supply air temperature setpoint of 65F adjustable at the BAS.
- 5. Energy Recovery Rotor Control: The HRV controller shall modulate the rotor speed to achieve the supply temperature setpoint provided by the BAS.
- 6. Defrost Control: The HRV controller shall modulate the rotor speed to avoid frosting conditions. Set defrost control exhaust air temperature setpoint of 34F on controller.
- 7. Heating Control: Auxiliary heating is not included integral to the HRV. A remote booster coil is located downstream of the HRV for temperature control. BAS system shall modulate HC-2 booster coil automatic control valve to maintain an adjustable 65F supply air temperature.
- 8. Damper Control: Outdoor air and Exhaust air dampers shall be provided with the HRV unit. Dampers shall open when the unit is operating and close when the unit is shutdown. Damper control is integral to the HRV controller. BAS to monitor damper positions.
- 9. Filter Monitoring: The HRV controller shall monitor the filter loading for both the return and outdoor air filter sections. BAS to monitor filter pressure differential.
- 10. BAS Input/Outputs (Hard Wired Connections)
 - a. Supply air temperature setpoint from BAS

- b. Remote enable based on BAS occupied schedule or BAS enable/disable override command.
- 11. Communication to BAS: BACnet IP.
- 12. Energy Monitoring
 - a. Fan Energy Usage
 - b. Rotor Energy Efficiency
- 13. BAS Monitoring: The BAS shall monitor the following points through BACnet connection to the HRV. All points shall be shown on graphics.
 - a. Actual air temperature, including OSA, RA, EA, SA, wheel OSA inlet and outlet, wheel RA inlet and outlet.
 - b. Supply air setpoint from BAS
 - c. Enable command from BAS
 - d. SF/EF Fan status
 - e. Airflow in CFM for RA and SA
 - f. Damper positions
 - g. Rotory heat exchanger energy efficiency
 - h. Fan energy usage
 - i. Dirty filter
 - j. Alarms

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Bolt sections together with gaskets.
- C. Isolate fan section with flexible duct connections.
- D. Install flexible duct connections between fan inlet and discharge ductwork and air handling unit sections. Ensure that metal bands of connectors are parallel with minimum one inch flex between ductwork and fan while running.
- E. Install assembled unit on internal vibration isolators. Install isolated fans with resilient mountings and flexible electrical leads. Install restraining snubbers as indicated. Adjust snubbers to prevent tension in flexible connectors when fan is operating.
- F. Make connections to coils with unions or flanges.
- G. Air handling units shall be supported from structural stand provided by the Contractor. Install structural stand support system and seismic bracing for the HRV as designed by a Structural Engineer, licensed in the State of Alaska.

3.2 START UP SERVICE AND TRAINING

- A Engage factory authorized service technician to start up and commission units. Provide start up report to owner.
- B. Factory authorized service technician shall provide training to CBJ maintenance staff, minimum 4 hours.

END OF SECTION 237223

238211 – TERMINAL HEAT TRANSFER UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Cabinet Unit Heaters.
- B. Unit Heaters.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Substitution Procedures, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide typical catalog of information including arrangements.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation instructions and recommendations.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and locations of access doors in radiation cabinets required for access or valving.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, installation instructions, maintenance and repair data, and parts listings.
- F. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's warranty and ensure forms have been completed in OWNER's name and registered with manufacturer.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
 - 1. See Division 1 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

1.3 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.4 WARRANTY

A. See Division 1 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

238211 – TERMINAL HEAT TRANSFER UNITS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CABINET UNIT HEATERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Zehnder-Rittling
- 2. Sterling Hydronics/Mestek Technology, Inc
- 3. Trane Inc
- 4. Vulcan.
- B. Coils: Evenly spaced aluminum fins mechanically bonded to copper tubes, designed for 100 psi and 220 degrees F.

C. Cabinet:

- 1. Wall type: Steel with exposed corners and edges rounded, glass fiber insulation, and integral air outlet and inlet grilles, prime coated and painted. Surface wall mounted. Inverted Blow (Air directed out lower grille). Easily removable panels. Color selection by Architect.
- D. Finish: Factory applied baked enamel of color as selected by ARCHITECT on visible surfaces of enclosure or cabinet.
- E. Fans: Centrifugal forward-curved double-width wheels, statically and dynamically balanced, direct driven.
- F. Motor: Tap wound multiple speed permanent split capacitor with sleeve bearings, resiliently mounted.
- G. Control: Multiple speed switch, factory wired, located in cabinet.
- H. Filter: Easily removed 1 inch thick washable type, located to filter air before coil.
- I. Capacity: As Scheduled.

2.2 UNIT HEATERS (UH)

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Rittling
- 2. Sterling Hydronics/Mestek Technology, Inc
- 3. Trane Inc
- 4. Vulcan.
- B. Coils: Seamless copper tubing, silver brazed to steel headers, and with evenly spaced aluminum fins mechanically bonded to tubing.

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- C. Casing: 20 gage thick steel with threaded pipe connections for hanger rods.
- D. Finish: Factory applied baked enamel of color as selected by ARCHITECT.
- E. Fan: Direct drive propeller type, statically and dynamically balanced, with fan guard; horizontal models with permanently lubricated sleeve bearings.
- F. Air Outlet: 4-way Adjustable pattern diffuser with vertical and horizontal discharge.
- G. Motor: Permanently lubricated sleeve bearings on horizontal models.
- H. Control: Local disconnect switch.
- I. Capacity: As scheduled.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install equipment exposed to finished areas after walls and ceiling are finished and painted. Do not damage equipment or finishes.
- C. Protection: Provide finished cabinet units with protective covers during balance of construction.
- D. Cabinet Unit Heaters: Install where indicated. Install convectors 4-inches above floor.
- E. Unit Heaters: Hang from building structure, with pipe hangers anchored to building, not from piping. Mount as high as possible to maintain greatest headroom unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Hydronic Units: Provide with shut-off valve on supply and return and lockshield balancing valve on return piping. If not easily accessible, extend vent to exterior surface of cabinet for easy servicing.
- G. Provide seismic restraint cables for suspended unit heaters.

3.2 CLEANING

- A. After construction is completed, including painting, clean exposed surfaces of units. Vacuum clean coils and inside of cabinets.
- B. Touch-up marred or scratched surfaces of factory-finished cabinets, using finish materials furnished by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 238211

238216 – AIR COILS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Duct mounted heating coils.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide coil and frame configurations, dimensions, materials, rows, connections, and rough-in dimensions.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate coil and frame configurations, dimensions, materials, rows, connections, and rough-in dimensions.
- D. Certificates: Certify that coil capacities, pressure drops, and selection procedures meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's warranty and ensure forms have been completed in OWNER's name and registered with manufacturer.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect coil fins from crushing and bending by leaving in shipping cases until installation, and by storing indoors.
- B. Protect coils from entry of dirt and debris with pipe caps or plugs.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide one year manufacturer warranty.

238216 – AIR COILS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BOOSTER COILS (BC/HC)

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Aerofin Corporation
 - 2. Luvata
 - 3. USA Coil
- B. For water. Serpentine flow. With supply and return on same end. Nonferrous tubes secured to header to form permanently tight joints. Brazed joints. Nonferrous fin surface extending at right angles to the tubes, and mechanically secured at uniform pitch. Without water turbulating means. With removable plugs or headers. Complete with 16-gage galvanized steel channel frame for duct mounting. Coil completely drainable through single opening by gravity. Guaranteed working pressure of 100 psi; tested with 200 psi air pressure underwater.
- C. Booster coil capacity: ARI Certified and rated in Accordance with ARI 410. See schedules on drawings for performance and capacity. Tubes: 5/8 inch OD seamless copper or brass arranged in parallel or staggered pattern, expanded into fins, silver brazed joints.
- D. Installation: See booster coil details.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturers written instructions.
- B. Install in ducts and casings in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible.
 - 1. Support coil sections independent of piping on steel channel or double angle frames and secure to casings.
 - 2. Provide frames for maximum three coil sections.
 - 3. Arrange supports to avoid piercing drain pans.
 - 4. Provide airtight seal between coil and duct or casing.
- C. Protect coils to prevent damage to fins and flanges. Comb out bent fins.
- D. Install coils level.
- E. Make connections to coils with unions and flanges.
- F. Hydronic Coils:
 - 1. Hydronic Coils: Connect water supply to leaving air side of coil (counterflow arrangement).

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238216 – AIR COILS

- 2. Provide shut-off valve on supply and return line and lockshield balancing valve with memory stop on return line. See piping diagrams.
- 3. Locate water supply at bottom of supply header and return water connection at top.
- 4. Provide manual air vents at high points complete with stop valve.
- 5. Ensure water coils are drainable and provide drain connection at low points.
- G. Insulate headers located outside air flow as specified for piping. Refer to Section 230719.

END OF SECTION 238216

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specifications Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. This section applies to all sections of Division 26 "Electrical", Division 27 "Communications, and Division 28 "Electronic Safety and Security", unless specified otherwise.
- C. The Drawings of other trades (Architectural, Civil, Mechanical, and Plumbing) shall be examined for coordination and familiarity of work with other Contractors. Any duplication or omission of provisions in this project shall be brought to the attention of the Owner prior to Bidding.

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. The General Conditions and Supplementary General Conditions are part of this Division and are to be considered a part of this Contract.
- B. Where items of the General Conditions and Supplementary General Conditions are repeated in other Sections of the Specifications, it is merely intended to qualify or to call particular attention to them. It is not intended that any other parts of the General Conditions and Supplementary General Conditions shall be assumed to be omitted if not repeated therein. This Section applies equally and specifically to all Contractors supplying labor and/or equipment and/or materials as required under each Section of this Division. Where conflicts exist between the drawings and the specifications or between this section of the specifications and other sections, the more stringent or higher cost option shall apply.
- C. If is the intent of this Section of the Specifications to establish a standard of quality and performance characteristics for basic materials and installation methods used in building electrical systems.

1.3 INTENT

- A. This Contract is for all labor, materials and equipment required for installation. The system shall be complete and finished in all respects, tested and ready for operation. Work shall include calibration of equipment with factory settings. All materials, equipment and apparatus shall be new and of high quality.
- B. Any apparatus, appliance, material or Work not shown on the Drawings but mentioned in the specification, or vice versa, or any incidental accessories necessary to make the Work complete in all respects and ready for operation as determined by good trade practice even if not particularly specified, shall be furnished, delivered and installed under their respective Divisions without any additional expense to the Owner.

- C. Minor details not usually shown or specified but necessary for proper installation and operation shall be included in the Work as though they were hereinafter shown or specified.
- D. Work under each Section shall include giving written notice to the Owner of any materials or apparatus believed inadequate or unsuitable; in violation of laws, ordinances, rules or regulations of Authorities Having Jurisdiction; and any necessary items of Work omitted. In the absence of such written notice, it is mutually agreed that Work under each Section has included the cost of all required items for the accepted, satisfactory functioning of the entire system without extra compensation.
- E. Locations of all existing systems and equipment shown on the Drawings are based on the best available information. The Contractor shall verify all dimensions and locations of existing systems and equipment in the field and adjust as necessary.
- F. Certain items of existing equipment may be indicated for removal or relocation. Items noted for removal shall be disconnected and disposed of by the Contractor in a safe, legal and responsible manner and location. Items noted for relocation are intended for reuse in another location as designated on the Drawings. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to remove the material from its present location, store the material in a safe place and reinstall the material in its new location. Questions regarding the suitability of the material or equipment shall be brought to the attention of the Owner in writing.
- G. Wherever a particular piece of equipment, device or material is specifically indicated on the Drawings by model number, type, series or other means, that specification shall take precedence over equipment or materials specified herein.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Subcontractor" means the subcontractor working under this Division. Other Contractors are specifically designated "Mechanical Contractor", "General Contractor", and so on. Take care to ascertain limits of responsibility for connecting equipment which requires connection by two or more trades.
- B. "Install" shall mean set in place complete with all mounting facilities and connections as necessary ready for normal use or service.
- C. "Furnish" or "supply" shall mean purchase, deliver to, and off-load at the job site, all ready to be installed including where appropriate all necessary interim storage and protection.
- D. "Provide" shall mean furnish (or supply) and install as necessary.
- E. "Finished" refers to all rooms and areas scheduled to be painted in Room Finish Schedule on the Drawings. All rooms and areas not covered in Room Finish Schedule, including areas above ceilings shall be considered not finished, unless otherwise noted.
- F. "Approved equal" means any product which in the opinion of the Engineer is equal in quality, arrangement, appearance, and performance to the product specified.
- G. "Wiring" shall mean cable assembly, raceway, conductors, fitting and any other necessary accessories to make a complete wiring system.

- H. "Product" shall mean any item of equipment, material, fixture, apparatus, appliance or accessory installed under this Division.
- I. Substitutions: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction required by Contact Documents proposed by the Contractor after award of the Contract are considered requests for "substitutions."
- J. Indicated: The term "indicated" refers to graphic representation, notes, or schedules on the Drawings, other paragraphs or schedules in the Specifications, and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified," are used, it is to help the reader locate the reference; no limitation on location is intended.
- K. Directed: Terms such as "directed," "requested," "authorized," "selected," "approved," "required," "and "permitted" mean "directed by the Engineer," "requested by the Engineer," and similar phrases.
- L. Approve: The term "approved," where used in conjunction with the Engineer's action on the Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the Engineer's duties and responsibilities as stated in General and Supplementary Conditions.
- M. Regulation: The term "Regulations" includes laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- N. Remove: The term "remove" means to disconnect from its present position, remove from the premises and to dispose of in a legal manner.
- O. Replace: The term "replace" means to remove existing and install new in the present location.
- P. Standard Product Warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the Owner.
- Q. Special Warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the Owner.

1.5 DRAWINGS

- A. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate the general arrangement of systems and Work included in the Contract.
- B. Work under each Section shall closely follow Drawings in layout of Work; check Drawings of other Divisions to verify spaces in which work will be installed. Maintain maximum headroom; where space conditions appear inadequate, Owner and Engineer shall be notified before proceeding with installations.
- C. The Owner may, without extra charge, make reasonable modification in the layout as needed to prevent conflict with Work of other trades and/or for proper execution of the Work. A relocation of up to 10-feet would be considered reasonable.

D. Where variances occur between the Drawings and the Specifications or within either of the Documents, the item or arrangement of better quality shall be included in the Contract price. The Owner and Engineer shall decide on the item and the manner in which the Work shall be installed.

1.6 SURVEYS AND MEASUREMENTS

- A. Before submitting his Bid, the Contractor shall visit the site and become thoroughly familiar with all existing conditions under which his work will be installed. This Contract includes all modifications of existing systems required for the installation of new equipment. This Contract includes all necessary offsets, transitions and modifications required to install all new equipment in existing spaces. All new and existing equipment and systems shall be fully operational under this Contract before the job is considered complete. The Contractor shall be held responsible for any assumptions he makes, and omissions or errors he makes as a result of his failure to become fully familiar with the existing conditions at the site and the Contract Documents.
- B. The Contractor shall base all measurements, both horizontal and vertical, from established bench marks. All Work shall agree with these established lines and levels. Verify all measurements at the site and check the correctness of same as related to the Work.
- C. Should the Contractor discover any discrepancies between actual measurements and those indicated which prevent following good practice or which interfere with the intent of the Drawings and Specifications, the Engineer will be notified and Work will not proceed until instructions from the Engineer are received.

1.7 CODES AND STANDARDS

- A. Reference Standard Compliance
 - 1. Where equipment or materials are specified to conform to industry and technical society reference standards of the organizations such as American National Standards Institute (ANSI), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL), submit proof of such compliance. The label or listing by the specified organization will be acceptable evidence of compliance.
- B. The following Codes and Standards apply to all electrical work. Wherever Codes and/or Standards are mentioned in these Specification, the latest applicable edition or revision shall be followed:

The International Building Code

The National Electrical Code

NFPA 72: Fire Alarm NFPA 101: Life Safety

NFPA 110: Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems

Americans with Disabilities Act

C. The following Standards shall be used where referenced by the following abbreviations:

AIA American Institute of Architects

ANSI American National Standards Institute

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ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials
IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NSC National Safety Council

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

UL Underwriter's Laboratories

- D. All materials furnished and all work installed shall comply with the rules and recommendations of the NFPA, the requirements of the local utility companies, the recommendation of the fire insurance rating organization having jurisdiction and the requirements of all Governmental departments having jurisdiction.
- E. The Contractor shall include in the work, without extra cost to the Owner, any labor, materials, services, apparatus, and Drawings in order to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulation, whether shown on Drawings and/or specified or not.

1.8 PERMITS AND FEES

A. The Contractor shall give all necessary notices, obtain all permits; and pay all Government and State sales taxes and fees where applicable, and other costs, including utility connection or extensions in connection with the work, file all necessary Drawings, prepare all documents and obtain all necessary approvals of all Governmental and State departments having jurisdiction, obtain all required certificates of inspection for his work, and deliver a copy to the Owner and Engineer before request for acceptance and final payment for the work.

1.9 EQUIPMENT SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. In these Contract Documents, one or more makes of materials, apparatus or appliances may have been specified for use in this installation. These describe the basis of design and approved equivalents. This has been done for convenience in fixing the standard of workmanship, finish and design required for the installation without consideration of any or all associated costs. The Contractor acknowledges that not all requirements are shown for either alternate acceptable manufacturers listed or those alternates requiring a request for substitution and it is their responsibility to coordinate all requirements necessary to accommodate any change from the basis of design listed or scheduled. The Contractor is required to submit any and all costs (including costs associated or required by all trades) along with performance differences as part of their request for substitution. The details of workmanship finish and design, and the guaranteed performance of any material, apparatus or appliance which the Contractor desires to deviate for those mentioned herein shall also conform to these standards.
- B. Where no specific make of material, apparatus or appliance is mentioned, any first-class product made by a reputable manufacturer may be submitted for the Engineer's review.
- C. Where two or more names are given as approved manufacturers of equivalents, the Contractor must use the specified item or one of the named equivalents which still must meet all of the performance characteristics of the basis of design make and model. Where one name only is used and is followed by the words "or approved equal", the Contractor must use the item named

or he is required to apply for a substitution. Where one name only is used, the Contractor must use that item named.

- D. Where the Contractor proposes to deviate (provide an equivalent or request for substitution) from the equipment or materials as hereinafter specified, they are required to submit a request for substitution in writing. The Contractor shall state in their request whether it is a substitution or a non approved equivalent to that specified and the amount of credit or extra cost involved. The Base Bid shall be based on using the materials and equipment as specified with no exceptions.
- E. Where the Contractor proposes to use an item of equipment other than specified or detailed on the Drawings which requires any redesign of any part of the mechanical or electrical layout, all such redesign and all new drawings and detailing required therefore shall be prepared by the Engineer of Record at the expense of the Contractor and at no additional cost to the Owner.
- F. Where such accepted deviation resulting from using an approved equivalent or substitution requires a different quantity and arrangement of wiring, conduit and equipment from that specified or indicated on the Drawings, the Contractor shall, after acceptance by the Engineer, furnish and install any such additional equipment required by the system at no additional cost to the Owner, including any costs added to other trades due to the deviation.
- G. Equipment, material or devices submitted for review as an "equivalent" shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. The equivalent shall have the same construction features such as, but not limited to:
 - a. Material thickness, gauge, weight, density, etc.
 - b. Welded, riveted, bolted, etc., construction
 - c. Finish, corrosion protection
 - 2. The equivalent shall perform with the same or better operating efficiency.
 - 3. The equivalent shall be locally represented by the manufacturer for service, parts and technical information.
 - 4. The equivalent shall bear the same labels of performance certification as is applicable to the specified item, such as UL or NEMA labels.
- H. Equipment, material or devices submitted for review as a "substitution" shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Identify the product, or the fabrication or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specification Section and Drawing numbers. Provide complete documentation showing compliance with the requirements for substitutions, and the following information, as appropriate:
 - a. Product Data, including Drawings and descriptions of products, fabrication and installation procedures.
 - b. Samples, where applicable or requested.
 - c. A detailed comparison of significant qualities may include elements such as size, weight, durability, performance and visual effect.
 - d. Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by the Owner and separate Contractors that will become necessary to accommodate the proposed substitution.
 - e. A statement indicating the substitution's effect on the Contractor's Construction Schedule compared to the schedule without approval of the substitution. Indicate the effect of the proposed substitution on overall Contract Time.

- f. Cost information, including a proposal of the net change, if any in the Contract
- g. Certification by the Contractor that the substitution proposed is equal-to or better in every significant respect to that required by the Contract Documents, and that it will perform adequately in the application indicated. Include the Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of the failure of the substitution to perform adequately.
- h. Other Conditions: The Contractor's substitution request will be received and considered by the Engineer when one or more of the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by the Engineer; otherwise requests will be returned without action except to record noncompliance with these requirements.
 - 1) The request is directly related to an "or equal" clause or similar language in the Contract Documents.
 - 2) The specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time. The request will not be considered if the product or method cannot be provided as a result of failure to pursue the Work promptly or coordinate activities properly.
 - A substantial advantage is offered the Owner, in terms of cost, time, energy conservation or other considerations of merit, after deducting offsetting responsibilities the Owner may be required to bear. Additional responsibilities for the Owner may include additional compensation to the Engineer for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by the Owner or separate Contractors, and similar considerations.

1.10 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Provide Submittals in accordance with the requirements of Division 1 and as indicated in the following.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - 2. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the Work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination. The Engineer reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing: Allow sufficient review time so that installation will not be delayed as a result of the time required to process submittals, including time for resubmittals.
 - 1. Allow two (2) weeks for initial review. Allow additional time if processing must be delayed to permit coordination with subsequent submittals. The Engineer will promptly advise the Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
 - 2. If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.
 - 3. Allow two (2) weeks for reprocessing each submittal.
 - 4. No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Engineer sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.

- D. Submittal Preparation: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification. Indicate the name of the entity that prepared each submittal on the label or title block.
 - 1. Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken.
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Date.
 - c. Name and address of Engineer.
 - d. Name and address of Contractor.
 - e. Name and address of subcontractor.
 - f. Name and address of supplier.
 - g. Name of manufacturer.
 - h. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
 - i. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- E. Submittal Transmittal: Package each submittal appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal from Contractor to Engineer using a transmittal form. Submittals received from sources other than the Contractor will be returned without action. On the transmittal, record relevant information and requests for data. On the form, or separate sheet, record deviations from Contract Document requirements, including minor variations and limitations. Include Contractor's certification that information complies with Contract Document requirements.
- F. Except for submittals for record, information or similar purposes, where action and return is required or requested, the Engineer will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return promptly. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.
- G. Action Stamp: The Engineer will stamp each submittal with a uniform, self-explanatory action stamp. The stamp will be appropriately marked, to indicate the action taken.

1.11 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Submit newly prepared information, drawn to accurate scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not considered Shop Drawings.
- B. The Contractor shall submit for review detailed Shop Drawings of all equipment and material specified in each section and coordinated ductwork layouts. No material or equipment may be delivered to the job site or installed until the Contractor has received shop drawings for the particular material or equipment which have been properly reviewed. The Contractor shall submit for review copies of all shop drawings to be incorporated in the Electrical Contract. Refer to the General Conditions and Supplementary General Conditions for the format required for submission.
- C. Provide shop drawings for all devices specified under equipment specifications for all systems including fire alarm, distribution equipment, etc., or where called for elsewhere in the Specifications. Shop drawings shall include manufacturers' names, catalog numbers, cuts, diagrams, dimensions, identification of products and materials included, compliance with specified standards, notation of coordination requirements, notation of dimensions established

by field measurement and other such descriptive data as may be required to identify and accept the equipment. A complete list in each category (example: all fixtures) of all shop drawings, catalog cuts, material lists, etc., shall be submitted to the Engineer at one time. No consideration will be given to a partial shop drawing submittal.

- D. Where multiple quantities or types of equipment are being submitted, provide a cover sheet (with a list of contents) on the submittal identifying the equipment or material being submitted.
- E. Failure to submit shop drawings in ample time for review shall not entitle the Contractor to an extension of Contract time. No claim for extension by reason of such default will be allowed, nor shall the Contractor be entitled to purchase, furnish and/or install equipment which has not been reviewed by the Engineer.
- F. The Contractor shall furnish all necessary templates, patterns, etc., for installation work and for the purpose of making adjoining work conform; furnish setting plans and shop details to other trades as required.
- G. Acceptance rendered on shop drawings shall not be considered as a guarantee of measurements or building conditions. Where drawings are reviewed, review does not mean that drawings have been checked in detail; said approval does not in any way relieve the Contractor from his responsibility or necessity of furnishing material or performing work as required by the Contract Drawings and Specifications. Verify available space prior to submitting shop drawings.
- H. Acceptance of shop drawings shall not apply to quantity nor relieve Contractor of his responsibility to comply with intent of Drawings and Specifications.
- I. Acceptance of shop drawings is final and no further changes will be allowed without the written consent of the Engineer.
- J. Shop drawing submittal sheets which may show items that are not being furnished shall have those items crossed off to clearly indicate which items will be furnished.
- K. Do not use Shop Drawings without an appropriate final stamp indicating action taken in connection with construction.

1.12 COORDINATION WITH OTHER DIVISIONS

- A. All work shall be carried out in conjunction with other trades and full cooperation shall be given in order that all work may proceed with a minimum of delay and interference. Particular emphasis is placed on timely installation of major apparatus and furnishing other Contractors, especially the Contractor or Construction Manager, with information as to openings, chases, sleeves, bases, inserts, equipment locations, panels, etc., required by other trades.
- B. The Contractors are required to examine all of the Project Drawings and mutually arrange work so as to avoid interference with the work of other trades. In general, ductwork, heating, condenser, chilled water piping, sprinkler piping and drainage lines take precedence over water, gas and electrical conduits. The Engineer shall make final decisions regarding the arrangement of work which cannot be agreed upon by the Contractors.

- C. Where the work of the Contractor will be installed in close proximity to or will interfere with work of other trades, the Contractors will cooperate in working out space conditions to make a satisfactory adjustment.
- D. If the work under Section is installed before coordinating with other Divisions or Sections or so as to cause interference with work of other Sections, the necessary changes to correct the condition shall be made by the Contractor causing the interference without extra charge to the Owner.
- E. If so directed in other Sections, the Contractor indicated shall prepare composite working drawings and sections clearly showing how the work is to be installed in relation to the work of other trades, at no extra charge to the Owner.

1.13 WORKMANSHIP

- A. Service Support: The equipment items shall be supported by service organizations which are reasonably convenient to the equipment installation in order to render satisfactory service to the equipment on a regular and emergency basis during the warranty period of the contract.
- B. Modification of References: In each of the publications referred to herein, consider the advisory provisions to be mandatory, as though the word, "shall" had been substituted for "should" wherever it appears.
- C. The Contractor shall furnish the services of an experienced superintendent who shall be constantly in charge of the installation of the work together with all skilled workmen, journeymen, electricians, helpers and laborers required to unload, transfer, erect, connect, adjust, start, operate and test each system.
- D. Unless otherwise specifically indicated on the Drawings or Specifications, all equipment and materials shall be installed with the acceptance of the Engineer and in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer. This includes the performance of such tests as the manufacturer recommends.
- E. All labor for installation of electrical systems shall be performed by experienced, skilled tradesmen under the supervision of a licensed journeyman foreman. All work shall be of a quality consistent with good trade practice and shall be installed in a neat, workmanlike manner. The Engineer reserves the right to reject any work which, in his opinion, has been installed in a substandard, dangerous or unserviceable manner. The Contractor shall replace said work in a satisfactory manner at no extra cost to the Owner.

1.14 SHUTDOWNS

- A. The Owner shall be notified in writing of the estimated duration of the shutdown period at least two (2) days in advance of the date the work is to be performed.
- B. The Work shall be arranged for continuous performance whenever possible. The Contractor shall provide all necessary labor, including overtime if required, to assure that existing operating services will be shut down only during the time actually required to make necessary connections.

1.15 TEMPORARY POWER

- A. General: Provide new materials and equipment. If acceptable to the Engineer and local authority, undamaged previously used materials in serviceable condition may be used. Provide materials suitable for the use intended.
- B. Conditions of Use: Keep temporary services and facilities clean and neat in appearance. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Take necessary fire prevention measures. Do not overload facilities, or permit them to interfere with progress.
- C. Provide temporary lighting in all areas, throughout construction activities.
- D. Temporary Utility Service: Provide electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics during construction period. The Owner's existing meter, feeders, and distribution equipment may be utilized for temporary service.
- E. Apparatus Bay Doors: Provide temporary power to the apparatus bay doors throughout construction. Short outages, less than 2-hours, are allowed for reconnecting branch circuits during panelboard replacement. The work shall be coordinated to allow the doors to remain open during outages. The doors shall only remain open during favorable weather conditions.
- F. Provide temporary power to the station alerting system and associated network equipment throughout construction.
- G. Provide temporary power to the radio communication system and associated network equipment throughout construction.
- H. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when the need has ended, or when replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with the temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of the Contractor.

1.16 PROTECTION OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Work under each Section shall include protecting the work and material of all other Sections from damage by work or workmen and shall include making good all damage thus caused.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for work and equipment until the facility has been accepted by the Owner. Protect work against theft, injury or damage and carefully store material and equipment received on site which is not immediately installed. Close open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during construction to prevent entry of foreign material.
- C. Work under each Section includes receiving, unloading, uncrating, storing, protecting, setting in place and completely connecting equipment supplied under each Section. Work under each Section shall also include exercising special care in handling and protecting equipment and fixtures, and shall include the cost of replacing any of the equipment and fixtures which are missing or damaged.

D. Equipment and material stored on the job site shall be protected from the weather, vehicles, dirt and/or damage by workmen or machinery. Ensure that all electrical or absorbent equipment or material is protected from moisture during storage.

1.17 ADJUSTING AND TESTING

- A. After all the equipment and accessories to be furnished are in place, they shall be put in final adjustment and subjected to such operating tests so as to assure the Engineer that they are in proper adjustment and in satisfactory, permanent operating condition.
- B. Where requested by the Engineer, a factory-trained service representative shall inspect the installation and assist in the initial startup and adjustment to the equipment. The period of these services shall be for such time as necessary to secure proper installation and adjustments. After the equipment is placed in permanent operation, the service representative shall supervise the initial operation of the equipment and instruct the personnel representative for operation and maintenance of the equipment. The service representative shall notify the Contractor in writing, that the equipment was installed according to manufacturers recommendations and is operating as intended by the manufacturer.

1.18 CLEANING

- A. The Contractor shall thoroughly clean all equipment of all foreign substances, oils, dust, dirt, etc., inside and out before final acceptance by the Engineer.
- B. Upon completion of all work under the Contract, the Contractor shall remove from the premises all rubbish, debris and excess materials left over from his work.
- C. Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove and dispose of ALL waste materials, packaging material, skids etc. from the site and dispose of in a lawful manner in accordance with municipal, state and federal regulations.

1.19 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. The Contractor shall physically demonstrate procedures for all routine maintenance of all equipment furnished under each respective Section to assure accessibility to all devices.
- B. An authorized manufacturer's representative shall attest in writing that the equipment has been properly installed prior to startup of any major equipment. The following equipment will require this inspection: stand-by generator and fire alarm system. These letters will be bound into the operating and maintenance books.
- C. Refer to individual trade Sections for any other particular requirements related to operating instructions.

1.20 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Prepare operating and maintenance manuals in accordance with the requirements of Division 1 and as follows. The Contractor shall prepare complete maintenance and operating instructions manual, in pdf format. Organize operating and maintenance data into tabs. Mark appropriate identification on each tab.
- B. Manual shall include the following:
 - 1. Description of function, normal operating characteristics and limitations, performance curves, engineering data and tests, and complete nomenclature and commercial numbers of replacement parts.
 - 2. Manufacturer's printed operating procedures to include start-up, break-in, and routine and normal operating instructions; regulation, control, stopping, shutdown, and emergency instructions; and summer and winter operating instructions.
 - 3. Maintenance procedures for routine preventative maintenance and troubleshooting; disassembly, repair, and reassembly; aligning and adjusting instructions.
 - 4. Servicing instructions and lubrication charts and schedules.
 - 5. Spare parts list.
 - 6. Copies of warranties.
 - 7. Wiring diagrams.
 - 8. Inspection procedures.
 - 9. Shop Drawings and Product Data.
 - 10. Equipment start-up reports.
- C. Include in the manual, a tabulated equipment schedule for all equipment. Schedule shall include pertinent data such as: make, model number, serial number, voltage, normal operating current, belt size, filter quantities and sizes, bearing number, etc. Schedule shall include maintenance to be done and frequency.

1.21 ACCEPTANCES

- A. The equipment, materials, workmanship, design and arrangement of all work installed under the Electrical Sections shall be subject to the review of the Engineer.
- B. If extensive or unacceptable delivery time is expected on a particular item of equipment specified, the Contractor shall notify the Owner and Engineer, in writing, within thirty (30) days of the awarding of the Contract. In such instances, deviations may be made pending acceptance by the Engineer or the Owner's representative.
- C. Where any specific material, process or method of construction or manufacturing article is specified by reference to the catalog number of a manufacturer, the Specifications are to be used as a guide and are not intended to take precedence over the basic duty and performance specified or noted on the Drawings. In all cases, the Contractor shall verify the duty specified with the specific characteristics of the equipment offered for review. Equipment characteristics are to be used as mandatory requirements where the Contractor proposes to use an acceptable equivalent.
- D. If material or equipment is installed before it is reviewed and/or approved, the Contractor shall be liable for its removal and replacement at no extra charge to the Owner if, in the opinion of

the Engineer, the material or equipment does not meet the intent of, or standard of quality implied by, the Drawings and Specifications.

E. Failure on the part of the Engineer to reject shop drawings or to reject work in progress shall not be interpreted as acceptance of work not in conformance with the Drawings and/or Specifications. Work not in conformance with the Drawings and/or Specifications shall be corrected whenever it is discovered.

1.22 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- A. General: Do not use as-built drawings for construction purposes; protect from deterioration and loss in a secure, fire-resistive location; provide access to record documents for the Engineer's reference during normal working hours.
- B. As-Built Drawings: Maintain a clean, undamaged set of black-line prints of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings. Mark the set to show the actual installation where the installation varies from the Work as originally shown. Mark whichever drawing is most capable of showing condition fully and accurately; where Shop Drawings are used, record a cross-reference at the corresponding location on the Contract Drawings. Give particular attention to concealed elements that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date.
 - 1. Mark record sets with red erasable pencil; use other color to distinguish between variations in separate categories of the Work.
 - 2. Mark new information that is important to the Owner, but was not shown on Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings.
 - 3. Note related Change Order numbers where applicable.
 - 4. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets, bind with durable paper cover sheets, and print suitable titles, dates and other identification of the cover of each set.
 - 5. Final as-built documents shall consist of one (1) set of prints.

1.23 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

- A. The following general administrative and procedural requirements for warranties and bonds required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturers standard warranties on products and special warranties are to be included:
 - 1. General close-out requirements included in Section "CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES."
 - 2. Certifications and other commitments and agreements for continuing services to Owner are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- B. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, nor does it relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.
- C. Separate Prime Contracts: Each prime Contractor is responsible for warranties related to its own Contract.

1.24 GUARANTEES

- A. The Contractor shall guarantee all material and workmanship under these Specifications and the Contract for a period of one (1) year from the date of final acceptance by Owner. During this guarantee period, all defects developing through faulty equipment, materials or workmanship shall be corrected or replaced immediately by this Contractor without expense to the Owner. Such repairs or replacement shall be made to the Engineers satisfaction.
- B. Contractor shall provide name, address, and phone number of all contractors and subcontractors and associated equipment they provided.

1.25 PROJECT CLOSE-OUT

- A. Submit specific warranties, final certifications and similar documents.
- B. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
- C. Complete start-up testing of systems, and instruction of the Owner's operating and maintenance personnel. Discontinue or change over and remove temporary facilities from the site, along with construction tools, and similar elements.
- D. Complete final clean up requirements, including touch-up painting. Touch-up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 260000

SECTION 260100 – ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general requirements for demolition of electrical systems and materials.
- B. Comply with NEC, NECA, NFPA, and OSHA requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TEMPORARY CONNECTIONS

A. The Owner shall occupy portions of the building immediately adjacent to the area of demolition. Arrange demolition, including temporary connections, so as not to interfere with the Owner's operations.

3.2 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF DEMOLITION MATERIAL

- A. Materials and equipment to be removed, except items specifically noted to be relocated or delivered to the Owner, become the property of the Contractor and shall be immediately removed from the Project and legally disposed of. All salvaged items belonging to the Owner shall be stored in a secure area until delivery to the Owner as directed. Transport all such items to the Owner's designated storage area.
- B. Protect adjacent building services and materials indicated to remain. Install and maintain barriers to keep dirt, dust and noise from being transmitted to adjacent areas. Remove protection and barriers after demolition is completed. If infiltration of dust or dirt results due to improper barriers, Contractor shall be responsible for all maintenance and cleaning.
- C. Where electrical work to remain is damaged or disturbed in the course of the work, the Contractor shall remove damaged portions and provide new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. Unless otherwise noted, demolish and remove existing electrical materials and equipment only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Removal of equipment shall not interfere with existing operations.
- E. Notify Owner of discrepancies between existing conditions and the Drawings before proceeding with demolition or renovation.
- F. During construction the Contractor shall at all times maintain electrical utilities of the building. Should it be necessary to interrupt any electrical service or utility, the Contractor shall secure

SECTION 260100 - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION

permission in writing from the Owner's representative at least (7) business days in advance. Any interruption shall be made with minimum amount of inconvenience to the Owner.

- 1. Services passing through areas of remodeling shall be maintained throughout the construction period.
- 2. Circuits serving areas adjacent to the construction that are modified as part of the renovation shall be re-circuited as part of the Project.
- 3. Provide temporary and/or modify existing emergency power, emergency lighting, fire alarm, and other life safety services as required for the construction period.
- G. Turn off circuit breakers or switches serving abandoned circuits at the commencement of work and tag breaker or switch and label in panel schedule as "Spare".
- H. Remove conduit and wire back to panelboards or to nearest junction box that is not being removed and needs to remain in service. Wire shall be removed back to point of origin.
- I. Conduit and Junction Boxes:
 - 1. Conduit and boxes in existing walls to be demolished shall be removed.
 - 2. Conduit and boxes in existing walls to remain (if not reused) shall be removed.
 - 3. Conduit in existing ceilings that is not intended for reuse shall be removed back to the panelboard from where it originates.
 - 4. Conduits that had been run in existing slabs shall be saw-cut off flush where they exit the slab and sealed.

J. Conductors:

- 1. Conductors that are not to be reused shall be removed back to the nearest point-of-use. Where the entire circuit is to be removed, the conductors shall be removed back to the panelboard from which they originate.
- 2. Whenever it is necessary to withdraw conductors from existing raceways, new conductors shall be installed.
- K. Demolished items, rubbish and debris shall be removed from the construction site daily, and at the completion of the Work. Floors shall be swept clean daily.

END OF SECTION 260100

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Copper building wire rated 600 V or less.
- 2. Fire-alarm wire and cable.
- 3. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 271500 "Communications Horizontal Cabling" for cabling used for voice and data circuits.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE

- A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. General Cable; Prysmian Group North America.
 - 2. Okonite Company (The).
 - 3. Southwire Company, LLC.

C. Standards:

- 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- 2. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- D. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B8 for stranded conductors.

- E. Conductor Insulation:
 - 1. Type THHN and Type THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.

2.2 FIRE-ALARM WIRE AND CABLE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Allied Wire & Cable Inc.
 - 2. Superior Essex Inc.; subsidiary of LS Corp.
 - 3. West Penn Wire; brand of Belden, Inc.
- B. General Wire and Cable Requirements: NRTL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760.
- C. Signaling Line Circuits: Twisted, shielded pair, size as recommended by system manufacturer.
- D. Non-Power-Limited Circuits: Solid-copper conductors with 600 V rated, 75 deg C, color-coded insulation, and complying with requirements in UL 2196 for a two-hour rating.

2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors, splices, and lugs of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated; listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS
 - A. Feeders:
 - 1. Copper; solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
 - B. Branch Circuits:
 - 1. Copper, Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
 - C. Power-Limited Fire Alarm and Control: Solid for No. 12 AWG and smaller.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS
 - A. Service Entrance: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
 - B. Feeders: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES AND JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

C. Branch Circuits: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

3.4 INSTALLATION OF FIRE-ALARM WIRE

- A. Comply with NFPA 72.
- B. Wiring Method: Install wiring in metal raceway according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Fire-alarm circuits and equipment control wiring associated with fire-alarm system must be installed in a dedicated raceway system.
 - a. Cables and pathways used for fire-alarm circuits, and equipment control wiring associated with fire-alarm system, may not contain any other wire or cable.
 - 2. Signaling Line Circuits: Power-limited fire-alarm cables may be installed in the same raceway as signaling line circuits.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors as recommended by manufacturer. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of the enclosure. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess. Connect conductors that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure associated with fire-alarm system to terminal blocks. Mark each terminal according to system's wiring diagrams. Make all connections with approved crimp-on terminal spade lugs, pressure-type terminal blocks, or plug connectors.
- D. Cable Taps: Use numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes, cabinets, or equipment enclosures where circuit connections are made.

E. Color-Coding: Color-code fire-alarm conductors differently from the normal building power wiring. Use one color-code for alarm circuit wiring and another for supervisory circuits. Color-code audible alarm-indicating circuits differently from alarm-initiating circuits. Use different colors for visible alarm-indicating devices. Paint fire-alarm system junction boxes and covers red.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inch (150 mm) of slack.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 284621.11 "Addressable Fire-Alarm Systems" for connecting, terminating, and identifying wires and cables.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

3.7 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

3.8 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

END OF SECTION 260519

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes grounding and bonding systems and equipment.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

2.2 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B3.
 - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B8.
 - 3. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
 - 4. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inch (41 mm) wide and 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick.
 - 5. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inch (41 mm) wide and 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick.

2.3 CONNECTORS

A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.

- B. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.
- C. Compression-Type Bus-Bar Connectors: Copper or copper alloy, with two wire terminals.
- D. Beam Clamps: Mechanical type, terminal, ground wire access from four directions, with dual, tin-plated or silicon bronze bolts.
- E. Cable-to-Cable Connectors: Compression type, copper or copper alloy.
- F. Conduit Hubs: Mechanical type, terminal with threaded hub.
- G. Ground Rod Clamps: Mechanical type, copper or copper alloy, terminal with hex head bolt.
- H. U-Bolt Clamps: Mechanical type, copper or copper alloy, terminal listed for direct burial.
- I. Water Pipe Clamps:
 - 1. Mechanical type, two pieces with stainless-steel bolts.
 - a. Material: Tin-plated aluminum.

2.4 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel; 3/4 inch by 10 ft. (19 mm by 3 m).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare copper conductor.
 - 1. Bury at least 30 inch (750 mm) below grade.
- C. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 1. Install bus horizontally, on insulated spacers 2 inch (50 mm) minimum from wall, 6 inch (150 mm) above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Where indicated on both sides of doorways, route bus up to top of door frame, across top of doorway, and down; connect to horizontal bus.
- D. Conductor Terminations and Connections:
 - 1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
 - 2. Underground Connections: Welded connectors.

3. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

3.2 GROUNDING AT THE SERVICE

A. Equipment grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductors must be connected to the ground bus. Install a main bonding jumper between the neutral and ground buses.

3.3 GROUNDING SEPARATELY DERIVED SYSTEMS

A. Generator: Install grounding electrode(s) at the generator location. The electrode must be connected to the equipment grounding conductor and to the frame of the generator.

3.4 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.

3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inch (50 mm) below finished floor or final grade unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating if any.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
 - 1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
 - 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
 - 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.
- D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:

- 1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes; use a bolted clamp connector or bolt a lug-type connector to a pipe flange by using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
- 2. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
- 2. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 260526

SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Steel slotted support systems.
- 2. Conduit and cable support devices.
- 3. Support for conductors in vertical conduit.
- 4. Mounting, anchoring, and attachment components, including powder-actuated fasteners, mechanical expansion anchors, concrete inserts, clamps, through bolts, toggle bolts, and hanger rods.
- 5. Fabricated metal equipment support assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Preformed steel channels and angles with minimum 13/32 inch (10 mm) diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inch (200 mm) on center in at least one surface.
 - 1. Standard: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - 2. Material for Channel, Fittings, and Accessories: Galvanized steel.
 - 3. Channel Width: Selected for applicable load criteria.
 - 4. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-
- B. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel and malleable-iron hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- C. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for nonarmored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs must have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body must be made of malleable iron.
- D. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A36/A36M steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- E. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
 - 1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, stainless steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units are similar to MSS Type 18 units and comply with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- 4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58 units are suitable for attached structural element.
- 5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM F3125/F3125M, Grade A325 (Grade A325M).
- 6. Toggle Bolts: Steel springhead type.
- 7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

A. Description: Welded or bolted structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SELECTION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- B. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- C. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceways: Space supports as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size must be 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter.
- D. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF SUPPORTS

- A. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination must be weight of supported components plus 200 lb (90 kg).
- B. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:

SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
- 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
- 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
- 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
- 5. To Steel: Beam clamps (MSS SP-58, Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27), complying with MSS SP-69.
- 6. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
- 7. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate by means that comply with anchorage requirements.
- C. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid the need for reinforcing bars.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

A. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.

END OF SECTION 260529

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Type EMT-S raceways and elbows.
- 2. Type ERMC-S raceways, elbows, couplings, and nipples.
- 3. Type FMC-S raceways.
- 4. Type IMC raceways.
- 5. Type LFMC raceways.
- 6. Type PVC raceways and fittings.
- 7. Fittings for conduit, tubing, and cable.
- 8. Threaded metal joint compound.
- 9. Solvent cements.
- 10. Wireways and auxiliary gutters.
- 11. Metallic outlet boxes, device boxes, and covers.
- 12. Cabinets, cutout boxes, junction boxes, and pull boxes.
- 13. Cover plates for device boxes.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

- 1. Wireways and auxiliary gutters.
- 2. Surface metal raceways.
- 3. Cabinets and cutout boxes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TYPE EMT-S RACEWAYS AND ELBOWS

A. Steel Electrical Metal Tubing (EMT-S) and Elbows:

- 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 797 and UL Category Control Number FJMX.
 - 2) Material: Steel.
 - c. Options:

1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.2 TYPE ERMC-S RACEWAYS, ELBOWS, COUPLINGS, AND NIPPLES

- A. Galvanized-Steel Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit (ERMC-S-G), Elbows, Couplings, and Nipples:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 6 and UL Category Control Number DYIX.
 - 2) Exterior Coating: Zinc.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.3 TYPE FMC-S AND TYPE FMC-A RACEWAYS

- A. Steel Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC-S):
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standard: UL 1 and UL Category Control Number DXUZ.
 - 2) Material: Steel.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.4 TYPE IMC RACEWAYS

- A. Steel Electrical Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC):
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standard: UL 1242 and UL Category Control Number DYBY.

- c. Options:
 - 1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.5 TYPE LFMC RACEWAYS

- A. Steel Liquidtight Flexible Metal Conduit (LFMC-S):
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standard: UL 360 and UL Category Control Number DXHR.
 - 2) Material: Steel.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.6 TYPE PVC RACEWAYS AND FITTINGS

- A. Schedule 40 Rigid PVC Conduit (PVC-40) and Fittings:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 651 and UL Category Control Number DZYR.
 - 2) Dimensional Specifications: Schedule 40.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Minimum Trade Size: 1/2 inch (16 mm).

2.7 FITTINGS FOR CONDUIT AND TUBING

- A. Fittings for Type ERMC, and Type IMC Raceways:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514B and UL Category Control Number DWTT.

- 2) Material: Steel.
- 3) Coupling Method: Raintight compression coupling with distinctive color gland nut.
- B. Fittings for Type EMT Raceways:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514B and UL Category Control Number FKAV.
 - 2) Material: Steel.
 - 3) Coupling Method: Compression or setscrew coupling.
- C. Fittings for Type FMC Raceways:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514B and UL Category Control Number ILNR.
- D. Fittings for Type LFMC Raceways:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514B and UL Category Control Number DXAS.
- 2.8 ELECTRICALLY CONDUCTIVE CORROSION-RESISTANT COMPOUNDS FOR THREADED CONDUIT
 - A. Applicable Standards:
 - 1. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and approved by authorities having jurisdiction for application to threaded conduit assemblies.
 - 2. General Characteristics:
 - a. Reference Standards: UL 2419 and UL Category Control Number FOIZ.

2.9 SOLVENT CEMENTS

- A. Solvent Cements for Type PVC Raceways and Fittings:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: As recommended by conduit manufacturer in accordance with UL 514B and UL Category Control Number DWTT.

2.10 WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- A. Metal Wireways and Auxiliary Gutters:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 870 and UL Category Control Number ZOYX.
 - 2) Fittings and Accessories: Include covers, couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
 - 3) Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Degree of Protection: Type 1, Type 4, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Wireway Covers: Screw-cover type, unless otherwise indicated.

2.11 METALLIC OUTLET BOXES, DEVICE BOXES, AND COVERS

- A. Metallic Outlet Boxes:
 - 1. Description: Box having pryout openings, knockouts, threaded entries, or hubs in either the sides of the back, or both, for entrance of conduit, conduit or cable fittings, or cables, with provisions for mounting outlet box cover, but without provisions for mounting wiring device directly to box.
 - 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514A and UL Category Control Number QCIT.
 - c. Options:

1) Material: Sheet steel.

B. Metallic Conduit Bodies:

- 1. Description: Means for providing access to interior of conduit or tubing system through one or more removable covers at junction or terminal point. In the United States, conduit bodies are listed in accordance with outlet box requirements.
- 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514A and UL Category Control Number QCIT.

2.12 TERMINATION BOXES

- A. Description: Enclosure for termination base consisting of lengths of bus bars, terminal strips, or terminal blocks with provision for wire connectors to accommodate incoming or outgoing conductors or both.
- B. Termination Boxes and Termination Bases for Installation on Line Side of Service Equipment:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 1773 and UL Category Control Number XCKT.
 - 2) Listed and labeled for installation on line side of service equipment.

2.13 CABINETS, CUTOUT BOXES, JUNCTION BOXES, AND PULL BOXES

- A. Indoor Sheet Metal Cabinets:
 - 1. Description: Enclosure provided with frame, mat, or trim in which swinging door or doors are or can be hung.
 - 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL Category Control Number CYIV.
 - a) Non-Environmental Characteristics: UL 50.
 - b) Environmental Characteristics: UL 50E.

- c. Options:
 - 1) Degree of Protection: Type 1.
- B. Indoor Sheet Metal Junction and Pull Boxes:
 - 1. Description: Box with a blank cover that serves the purpose of joining different runs of raceway or cable.
 - 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL Category Control Number BGUZ.
 - a) Non-Environmental Characteristics: UL 50.
 - b) Environmental Characteristics: UL 50E.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Degree of Protection: Type 1, Type 4.
- C. Outdoor Sheet Metal Cabinets:
 - 1. Description: Enclosure provided with frame, mat, or trim in which swinging door or doors are or can be hung.
 - 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL Category Control Number CYIV.
 - a) Non-Environmental Characteristics: UL 50.
 - b) Environmental Characteristics: UL 50E.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Degree of Protection: Type 3R.
- D. Outdoor Sheet Metal Junction and Pull Boxes:
 - 1. Description: Box with a blank cover that serves the purpose of joining different runs of raceway or cable.
 - 2. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:

- 1) Reference Standards: UL Category Control Number BGUZ.
 - a) Non-Environmental Characteristics: UL 50.
 - b) Environmental Characteristics: UL 50E.
- c. Options:
 - 1) Degree of Protection: Type 3R.

2.14 COVER PLATES FOR DEVICES BOXES

- A. Metallic Cover Plates for Device Boxes:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514D and UL Category Control Numbers QCIT and OCMZ.
 - 2) Wallplate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match wallplate finish.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Damp and Wet Locations: Listed, labeled, and marked for location and use. Provide gaskets and accessories necessary for compliance with listing.
- B. Nonmetallic Cover Plates for Device Boxes:
 - 1. Applicable Standards:
 - a. Regulatory Requirements: Listed and labeled in accordance with NFPA 70 and marked for intended location and use.
 - b. General Characteristics:
 - 1) Reference Standards: UL 514D and UL Category Control Numbers QCIT and QCMZ.
 - 2) Wallplate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match wallplate finish.
 - c. Options:
 - 1) Wallplate Material: 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) thick high-impact thermoplastic (nylon) with smooth finish and color matching wiring device.
 - 2) Color: Ivory.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SELECTION OF RACEWAYS

A. Unless more stringent requirements are specified in Contract Documents or manufacturers' written instructions, comply with NFPA 70 for selection of raceways. Consult Architect for resolution of conflicting requirements.

B. Outdoors:

- 1. Exposed Conduit: ERMC, IMC.
- 2. Direct-Buried Conduit: PVC-40.
- 3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.

C. Indoors:

- 1. Exposed and Subject to Physical Damage: [ERMC] [IMC]. Raceway locations include the following:
 - a. Loading docks.
 - b. Corridors used for traffic of mechanized carts, forklifts, and pallet-handling units.
 - c. Mechanical rooms.
- 2. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
- 3. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
- 4. Damp Locations: EMT.
- 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
- D. Stub-ups to Above Recessed Ceilings: Provide EMT, IMC, or ERMC for raceways.
- E. Raceway Fittings: Select fittings in accordance with NEMA FB 2.10 guidelines.
 - 1. ERMC and IMC: Provide threaded type fittings unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. EMT in damp locations: Compression fittings.

3.2 SELECTION OF BOXES AND ENCLOSURES

- A. Unless more stringent requirements are specified in Contract Documents or manufacturers' written instructions, comply with NFPA 70 for selection of boxes and enclosures.
- B. Degree of Protection:
 - 1. Outdoors:
 - a. Type 3R.
 - b. Locations Exposed to Hosedown: Type 4.

c. Locations Aboveground Where Mechanism Must Operate When Ice Covered: Type 3S.

2. Indoors:

- a. Type 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Locations Exposed to Hosedown: Type 4.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF RACEWAYS

A. Installation Standards:

- 1. Unless more stringent requirements are specified in Contract Documents or manufacturers' written instructions, comply with NFPA 70 for installation of raceways.
- 2. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- 3. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- 4. Comply with NECA NEIS 101 for installation of steel raceways.
- 5. Comply with NECA NEIS 111 for installation of nonmetallic raceways.
- 6. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures without hubs with locknuts on both sides of enclosure wall. Install locknuts hand tight, plus one-quarter turn more.
- 7. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4 inch (35 mm) trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2 inch (41 mm) trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- 8. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration:
 - a. Provide insulating bushings to protect conductors, including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.

B. General Requirements for Installation of Raceways:

- 1. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- 2. Provide stub-ups through floors with coupling threaded inside for plugs, set flush with finished floor. Plug coupling until conduit is extended above floor to final destination or a minimum of 2 ft. (0.6 m) above finished floor.
- 3. Install no more than equivalent of three 90-degree bends in conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which no more than equivalent of two 90-degree fewer bends are permitted. Support within 12 inch (300 mm) of changes in direction.
- 4. Make bends in raceway using large-radius preformed ells except for parallel bends. Field bending must be in accordance with NFPA 70 minimum radii requirements. Provide only equipment specifically designed for material and size involved.
- 5. Conceal conduit within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- 6. Support conduit within 12 inch (300 mm) of enclosures to which attached.
- 7. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations in accordance with NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install fitting in flush

- steel box with blank cover plate having finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings in accordance with NFPA 70.
- 8. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal interior of raceways at the following points:
 - a. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 - b. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
 - c. Conduit extending from interior to exterior of building.
 - d. Conduit extending into pressurized duct and equipment.
 - e. Conduit extending into pressurized zones that are automatically controlled to maintain different pressure set points.
 - f. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- 9. Do not install conduits within 2 inch (50 mm) of the bottom side of a metal deck roof.
- 10. Keep raceways at least 6 inch (150 mm) away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- 11. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2 inch (53 mm) trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length. Ream inside of conduit to remove burrs.
- 12. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Provide polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200 lb (90 kg) tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inch (300 mm) of slack at both ends of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.
- C. Requirements for Installation of Specific Raceway Types:
 - 1. Types ERMC and IMC:
 - a. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound that maintains electrical conductivity to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Type PVC:
 - a. Do not install Type PVC conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 122 deg F (50 deg C). Conductor ratings must be limited to 75 deg C except where installed in a trench outside buildings with concrete encasement, where 90 deg C conductors are permitted.
 - b. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding and fittings.
- D. Raceway Fittings: Install fittings in accordance with NEMA FB 2.10 guidelines.
 - 1. EMT: Provide setscrew or compression, steel fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 2. Flexible Conduit: Provide only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit type. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.
- E. Expansion-Joint Fittings:

- 1. Install in runs of aboveground PVC that are located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F (17 deg C) and that have straight-run length that exceeds 25 ft. (7.6 m). Install in runs of aboveground ERMC and EMT conduit that are located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F (55 deg C) and that have straight-run length that exceeds 100 ft. (30 m).
- 2. Install expansion fittings at locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.
- 3. Install expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF BOXES AND ENCLOSURES

- A. Provide boxes in wiring and raceway systems wherever required for pulling of wires, making connections, and mounting of devices or fixtures.
- B. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements.
- C. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- D. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- E. Support boxes in recessed ceilings independent of ceiling tiles and ceiling grid.
- F. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for purpose.
- G. Fasten junction and pull boxes to, or support from, building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.
- H. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to ensure a continuous ground path.

3.5 FIRESTOPPING

A. Install firestopping at penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.6 CLEANING

A. Boxes: Remove construction dust and debris from device boxes, outlet boxes, and floor-mounted enclosures before installing wallplates, covers, and hoods.

END OF SECTION 260533

SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Round sleeves.
 - 2. Sleeve seal systems.
 - 3. Grout.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ROUND SLEEVES

- A. Wall Sleeves, Steel:
 - 1. Description: ASTM A53/A53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, plain ends and integral waterstop.

2.2 SLEEVE SEAL SYSTEMS

- A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable or between raceway and cable.
 - 1. Sealing Elements: EPDM rubber interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
 - 2. Pressure Plates: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Stainless steel of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements.

2.3 GROUT

- A. Description: Nonshrink; recommended for interior and exterior sealing openings in non-fire-rated walls or floors.
 - 1. Standard: ASTM C1107/C1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000 psi (34.5 MPa), 28-day compressive strength.

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPGRADES AND
JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT
CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS
FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS
AND CABLINE

SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

3. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF SLEEVES FOR NON-FIRE-RATED ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Above-Grade, Non-Fire-Rated, Concrete and Masonry-Unit Floors and Walls:
 - 1. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors:
 - a. Seal space outside of sleeves with mortar or grout. Pack sealing material solidly between sleeve and wall or floor so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect material while curing.
 - b. Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint.
 - 2. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable, unless sleeve seal system is to be installed.
 - 3. Install sleeves for wall penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of walls. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls. Deburr after cutting.
 - 4. Install sleeves for floor penetrations. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches (50 mm) above finished floor level. Install sleeves during erection of floors.
- B. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Wall Assemblies:
 - 1. Use circular metal sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
 - 2. Seal space outside of sleeves with approved joint compound for wall assemblies.
- C. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- D. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using steel pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seal systems. Size sleeves to allow for 1 inch (25 mm) annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
- E. Underground, Exterior-Wall and Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Install steel pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1 inch (25 mm) annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing sleeve seal system. Grout sleeve into wall or floor opening.

SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

3.2 INSTALLATION OF SLEEVE SEAL SYSTEMS

- A. Install sleeve seal systems in sleeves in exterior concrete walls and slabs-on-grade at raceway entries into building.
- B. Install type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

END OF SECTION 260544

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Color and legend requirements for raceways, conductors, and warning labels and signs.
- 2. Labels.
- 3. Bands and tubes.
- 4. Tapes and stencils.
- 5. Tags.
- 6. Signs.
- 7. Cable ties.
- 8. Paint for identification.
- 9. Fasteners for labels and signs.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
- E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

2.2 COLOR AND LEGEND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Color-Coding for Phase- and Voltage-Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder, and branch-circuit conductors.
 - 1. Color shall be factory applied or field applied for sizes larger than No. 8 AWG if authorities having jurisdiction permit.
 - 2. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:

- a. Phase A: Black.
- b. Phase B: Red.
- c. Phase C: Blue.
- d. Neutral: White.
- 3. Color for Equipment Grounds: Green.
- B. Warning Label Colors:
 - 1. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background.
- C. Equipment Identification Labels:
 - 1. Black letters on a white field.

2.3 LABELS

- A. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels: Preprinted, 3-mil- (0.08-mm-) thick, polyester flexible label with acrylic pressure-sensitive adhesive.
 - 1. Self-Lamination: Clear; UV-, weather- and chemical-resistant; self-laminating, protective shield over the legend. Labels sized such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
 - 2. Marker for Labels: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink recommended by printer manufacturer.
- B. Self-Adhesive Labels: Polyester, thermal, transfer-printed, 3-mil- (0.08-mm-) thick, multicolor, weather- and UV-resistant, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for intended use and location.
 - 1. Minimum Nominal Size:
 - a. 3-1/2 by 5 inches (76 by 127 mm) for equipment.
 - b. As required by authorities having jurisdiction.

2.4 TAPES AND STENCILS

- A. Marker Tapes: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.
- B. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Colored, heavy duty, waterproof, fade resistant; not less than 3 mils (0.08 mm) thick by 1 to 2 inches (25 to 50 mm) wide; compounded for outdoor use.
- C. Tape and Stencil: 4-inch- (100-mm-) wide black stripes on 10-inch (250-mm) centers placed diagonally over orange background and is 12 inches (300 mm) wide. Stop stripes at legends.
- D. Underground-Line Warning Tape:
 - 1. Tape:

- a. Recommended by manufacturer for the method of installation and suitable to identify and locate underground electrical and utility lines.
- b. Printing on tape shall be permanent and shall not be damaged by burial operations.
- c. Tape material and ink shall be chemically inert and not subject to degradation when exposed to acids, alkalis, and other destructive substances commonly found in soils.

2. Color and Printing:

- a. Comply with ANSI Z535.1, ANSI Z535.2, ANSI Z535.3, ANSI Z535.4, and ANSI Z535.5.
- b. Inscriptions for Red-Colored Tapes: "ELECTRIC LINE, HIGH VOLTAGE".

3. Tag

- a. Detectable three-layer laminate, consisting of a printed pigmented polyolefin film, a solid aluminum-foil core, and a clear protective film that allows inspection of the continuity of the conductive core; bright colored, compounded for direct-burial service.
- b. Width: 3 inches (75 mm).
- c. Overall Thickness: 5 mils (0.125 mm).
- d. Foil Core Thickness: 0.35 mil (0.00889 mm).
- e. Weight: 28 lb/1000 sq. ft. (13.7 kg/100 sq. m).
- f. Tensile according to ASTM D882: 70 lbf (311.3 N) and 4600 psi (31.7 MPa).

2.5 TAGS

A. Write-on Tags:

- 1. Polyester Tags: 0.010 inch (0.25 mm) thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and cable tie for attachment.
- 2. Marker for Tags: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by printer manufacturer.

2.6 SIGNS

A. Baked-Enamel Signs:

- 1. Preprinted aluminum signs, punched or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application.
- 2. 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) grommets in corners for mounting.
- 3. Nominal Size: 7 by 10 inches (180 by 250 mm).

B. Metal-Backed Butyrate Signs:

- 1. Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs, with 0.0396-inch (1-mm) galvanized-steel backing, punched and drilled for fasteners, and with colors, legend, and size required for application.
- 2. 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) grommets in corners for mounting.

- 3. Nominal Size: 10 by 14 inches (250 by 360 mm).
- C. Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Plastic Signs:
 - 1. Engraved legend.
 - 2. Thickness:
 - a. For signs up to 20 sq. in. (129 sq. cm), minimum 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick.
 - b. For signs larger than 20 sq. in. (129 sq. cm), 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick.
 - c. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
 - d. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) grommets in corners for mounting.
 - e. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

2.7 CABLE TIES

- A. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch (5 mm).
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F (23 Deg C) according to ASTM D638: 12,000 psi (82.7 MPa).
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 85 deg C).
 - 4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.
- B. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch (5 mm).
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F (23 Deg C) according to ASTM D638: 12,000 psi (82.7 MPa)
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 85 deg C).
 - 4. Color: Black.
- C. Plenum-Rated Cable Ties: Self-extinguishing, UV stabilized, one piece, and self-locking.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch (5 mm).
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F (23 Deg C) according to ASTM D638: 7000 psi (48.2 MPa).
 - 3. UL 94 Flame Rating: 94V-0.
 - 4. Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 284 deg F (Minus 46 to plus 140 deg C).
 - 5. Color: Black.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

A. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Verify and coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
- C. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.
- D. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual.
- E. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- F. Install signs with approved legend to facilitate proper identification, operation, and maintenance of electrical systems and connected items.
- G. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Before applying electrical identification products, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification product.
- H. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, and signal connections.
- I. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels, signs, and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
- J. Vinyl Wraparound Labels:
 - 1. Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 2. Attach labels that are not self-adhesive type with clear vinyl tape, with adhesive appropriate to the location and substrate.
- K. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels: Secure tight to surface of raceway or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- L. Self-Adhesive Labels:
 - 1. On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and operation and maintenance manual.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) high letters on 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches (50 mm) high.
- M. Marker Tapes: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.

- N. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 1. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches (150 mm) where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding.
- O. Tape and Stencil: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for surface preparation and paint application.
- P. Underground Line Warning Tape:
 - 1. During backfilling of trenches, install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above cable or raceway at 6 to 8 inches (150 to 200 mm) below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench exceeds 16 inches (400 mm) overall.
- Q. Write-on Tags:
 - 1. Place in a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 2. Secure using general-purpose cable ties.
- R. Baked-Enamel Signs:
 - 1. Attach signs that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) high letters on minimum 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) high sign; where two lines of text are required, use signs minimum 2 inches (50 mm) high.
- S. Metal-Backed Butyrate Signs:
 - 1. Attach signs that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) high letters on minimum 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) high sign; where two lines of text are required, use signs minimum 2 inches (50 mm) high.
- T. Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Plastic Signs:
 - 1. Attach signs and plastic labels that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) high letters on minimum 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) high sign; where two lines of text are required, use signs minimum 2 inches (50 mm) high.
- U. Cable Ties: General purpose, for attaching tags, except as listed below:
 - 1. Outdoors: UV-stabilized nylon.
 - 2. In Spaces Handling Environmental Air: Plenum rated.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

- A. Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment. Install access doors or panels to provide view of identifying devices.
- B. Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, pull points, and locations of high visibility. Identify by system and circuit designation.
- C. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, 600 V or Less: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use self-adhesive vinyl tape to identify the phase.
- D. Locations of Underground Lines: Underground-line warning tape for power, and control wiring.
- E. Workspace Indication: Apply [floor marking tape] [or] [tape and stencil] to finished surfaces. Show working clearances in the direction of access to live parts. Workspace shall comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1926.403 unless otherwise indicated. Do not install at flush-mounted panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.
- F. Instructional Signs: Self-adhesive labels, including the color code for grounded and ungrounded conductors.
- G. Equipment Identification Labels:
 - 1. Indoor Equipment: Self-adhesive label.
 - 2. Outdoor Equipment: Laminated acrylic or melamine sign.

END OF SECTION 260553

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes distribution, dry-type transformers with a nominal primary and secondary rating of 600 V and less, with capacities up to 1500 kVA.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 2. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment.
 - 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Federal Pacific.
 - 2. Hammond Power Solutions Inc.
 - 3. MGM Transformer Company.
 - 4. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 5. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.

2.2 GENERAL TRANSFORMER REQUIREMENTS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, air-cooled units for 60-Hz service.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

- 1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- C. Transformers Rated 15 kVA and Larger:
 - 1. Comply with 10 CFR 431 (DOE 2016) efficiency levels.
 - 2. Marked as compliant with DOE 2016 efficiency levels by an NRTL.
- D. Encapsulation: Transformers smaller than 30 kVA shall have core and coils completely resin encapsulated.
- E. Cores: Electrical grade, non-aging silicon steel with high permeability and low hysteresis losses.
- F. Coils: Continuous windings except for taps.
 - 1. Coil Material: Aluminum.
 - 2. Internal Coil Connections: Brazed or pressure type.
 - 3. Terminal Connections: Welded.

2.3 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70,
- B. Cores: One leg per phase.
- C. Enclosure: Ventilated.
 - 1. NEMA 250, Type 2: Core and coil shall be encapsulated within resin compound to seal out moisture and air.
 - 2. KVA Ratings: Based on convection cooling only and not relying on auxiliary fans.
 - 3. Wiring Compartment: Sized for conduit entry and wiring installation.
- D. Taps for Transformers 7.5 to 24 kVA: One 5 percent tap above and one 5 percent tap below normal full capacity.
- E. Insulation Class, Smaller Than 30 kVA: 180 deg C, UL-component-recognized insulation system with a maximum of 115 deg C rise above 40 deg C ambient temperature.
- F. Grounding: Provide ground-bar kit or a ground bar installed on the inside of the transformer enclosure.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Nameplates: Self-adhesive label for each distribution transformer. Self-adhesive labels are specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions for compliance with enclosure- and ambient-temperature requirements for each transformer.
- B. Verify that field measurements are as needed to maintain working clearances required by NFPA 70 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and concrete bases for suitable mounting conditions where transformers will be installed.
- D. Verify that ground connections are in place and requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" have been met.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install transformers level and plumb on a concrete base with vibration-dampening supports. Locate transformers away from corners and not parallel to adjacent wall surface.
- B. Construct concrete bases according to Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" and anchor floor-mounted transformers according to manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases with actual transformer provided. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified with concrete.
- C. Secure transformer to concrete base according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Secure covers to enclosure and tighten all bolts to manufacturer-recommended torques to reduce noise generation.
- E. Remove shipping bolts, blocking, and wedges.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- B. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- C. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.

D. Provide flexible connections at all conduit and conductor terminations and supports to eliminate sound and vibration transmission to the building structure.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Small (Up to 167-kVA Single-Phase or 500-kVA Three-Phase) Dry-Type Transformer Field Tests:
 - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection.
 - a. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - b. Inspect anchorage, alignment, and grounding.
 - c. Verify that resilient mounts are free and that any shipping brackets have been removed.
 - d. Verify the unit is clean.
 - e. Perform specific inspections and mechanical tests recommended by manufacturer.
 - f. Verify that as-left tap connections are as specified.
 - g. Verify the presence of surge arresters and that their ratings are as specified.

2. Electrical Tests:

- a. Measure resistance at each winding, tap, and bolted connection.
- b. Perform insulation-resistance tests winding-to-winding and each winding-to-ground. Apply voltage according to manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, comply with NETA ATS, Table 100.5. Calculate polarization index: the value of the index shall not be less than 1.0.
- c. Perform turns-ratio tests at all tap positions. Test results shall not deviate by more than one-half percent from either the adjacent coils or the calculated ratio. If test fails, replace the transformer.
- d. Verify correct secondary voltage, phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral, after energization and prior to loading.
- C. Remove and replace units that do not pass tests or inspections and retest as specified above.
- D. Test Labeling: On completion of satisfactory testing of each unit, attach a dated and signed "Satisfactory Test" label to tested component.

3.5 CLEANING

A. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.

END OF SECTION 262213

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Service and distribution switchboards rated 600 V and less.
- 2. Surge protection devices.
- 3. Disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices.
- 4. Instrumentation.
- 5. Control power.
- 6. Accessory components and features.
- 7. Identification.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each switchboard, overcurrent protective device, surge protection device, ground-fault protector, accessory, and component.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each switchboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details, including required clearances and service space around equipment. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Detail short-circuit current rating of switchboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - 5. Detail utility company's metering provisions with indication of approval by utility company.
 - 6. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 7. Include schematic and wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's agrees to repair or replace surge protection devices that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SWITCHBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Eaton.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 3. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain switchboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Comply with NEMA PB 2.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Comply with UL 891.
- F. Front-Connected, Front-Accessible Switchboards:
 - 1. Main Devices: Fixed, individually mounted.
 - 2. Branch Devices: Panel mounted.
 - 3. Sections front and rear aligned.
- G. Nominal System Voltage: As indicated.
- H. Main-Bus Continuous: As indicated.
- I. Indoor Enclosures: Steel, NEMA 250, Type 1.
- J. Outdoor Enclosures: Type 3R.
 - 1. Finish: Factory-applied finish in manufacturer's standard color; undersurfaces treated with corrosion-resistant undercoating.
 - 2. Enclosure: Downward, rearward sloping roof; bolt-on rear covers for each section, with provisions for padlocking.
- K. Space Heaters: Factory-installed electric space heaters of sufficient wattage in each vertical section to maintain enclosure temperature above expected dew point.
- L. Service Entrance Rating: Switchboards intended for use as service entrance equipment shall contain from one to six service disconnecting means with overcurrent protection, a neutral bus with disconnecting link, a grounding electrode conductor terminal, and a main bonding jumper.
- M. Utility Metering Compartment: Barrier compartment and section complying with utility company's requirements; hinged sealable door; buses provisioned for mounting utility company's current transformers and potential transformers or potential taps as required by utility

company. If separate vertical section is required for utility metering, match and align with basic switchboard. Provide service entrance label and necessary applicable service entrance features.

- N. Bus Transition and Incoming Pull Sections: Matched and aligned with basic switchboard.
- O. Hinged Front Panels: Allow access to circuit breaker, metering, accessory, and blank compartments.
- P. Buses and Connections: Three phase, four wire unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Provide phase bus arrangement A, B, C from front to back, top to bottom, and left to right when viewed from the front of the switchboard.
 - 2. Phase- and Neutral-Bus Material: Tin-plated, high-strength, electrical-grade aluminum alloy with tin-plated aluminum circuit-breaker line connections.
 - 3. Tin-plated aluminum feeder circuit-breaker line connections.
 - 4. Ground Bus: Minimum-size required by UL 891, hard-drawn copper of 98 percent conductivity, equipped with mechanical connectors for feeder and branch-circuit ground conductors.
 - 5. Main-Phase Buses and Equipment-Ground Buses: Uniform capacity for entire length of switchboard's main and distribution sections. Provide for future extensions from both ends
 - 6. Disconnect Links:
 - a. Isolate neutral bus from incoming neutral conductors.
 - b. Bond neutral bus to equipment-ground bus for switchboards utilized as service equipment or separately derived systems.
 - 7. Neutral Buses: 50 percent of the ampacity of phase buses unless otherwise indicated, equipped with mechanical connectors for outgoing circuit neutral cables. Brace bus extensions for busway feeder neutral bus.
- Q. Future Devices: Equip compartments with mounting brackets, supports, bus connections, and appurtenances at full rating of circuit-breaker compartment.

2.2 SURGE PROTECTION DEVICES

- A. SPDs: Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as complying with UL 1449, Type 1.
- B. Features and Accessories:
 - 1. Form-C contacts rated at 5 A and 250-V ac, one normally open and one normally closed, for remote monitoring of protection status.
 - 2. Surge counter.
- C. Peak Surge Current Rating: The minimum single-pulse surge current withstand rating per phase shall not be less than 200 kA. The peak surge current rating shall be the arithmetic sum of the ratings of the individual MOVs in a given mode.

- D. Protection modes and UL 1449 VPR for grounded wye circuits with 208Y/120 V, three-phase, four-wire circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 700 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 1200 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 3. Line to Line: 1000 V for 208Y/120 V.
- E. SCCR: Equal or exceed 100 kA.
- F. Nominal Rating: 20 kA.

2.3 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB): Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - 2. MCCB Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
 - c. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 75 percent of rated voltage.
 - d. Handle lockable in on and off position.

2.4 INSTRUMENTATION

- A. Multifunction Digital-Metering Monitor: Microprocessor-based unit suitable for three- or four-wire systems and with the following features:
 - 1. Switch-selectable digital display of the following values with maximum accuracy tolerances as indicated:
 - a. Phase Currents, Each Phase: Plus or minus 0.5 percent.
 - b. Phase-to-Phase Voltages, Three Phase: Plus or minus 0.5 percent.
 - c. Phase-to-Neutral Voltages, Three Phase: Plus or minus 0.5 percent.
 - d. Megawatts: Plus or minus 1 percent.
 - e. Megavars: Plus or minus 1 percent.
 - f. Power Factor: Plus or minus 1 percent.
 - g. Frequency: Plus or minus 0.1 percent.
 - h. Accumulated Energy, Megawatt Hours: Plus or minus 1 percent; accumulated values unaffected by power outages up to 72 hours.
 - 2. Mounting: Display and control unit flush or semiflush mounted in instrument compartment door.

2.5 CONTROL POWER

- A. Control Circuits: 120-V ac, supplied through secondary disconnecting devices from control-power transformer.
- B. Control-Power Fuses: Primary and secondary fuses for current-limiting and overload protection of transformer and fuses for protection of control circuits.
- C. Control Wiring: Factory installed, with bundling, lacing, and protection included. Provide flexible conductors for No. 8 AWG and smaller, for conductors across hinges, and for conductors for interconnections between shipping units.

2.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Service Equipment Label: NRTL labeled for use as service equipment for switchboards with one or more service disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store switchboards according to NECA 400.
- B. Install switchboards and accessories according to NECA 400.
- C. Equipment Mounting: Install switchboards on concrete base, 4-inch (100-mm) nominal thickness. Comply with requirements for concrete base specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - 1. Install conduits entering underneath the switchboard, entering under the vertical section where the conductors will terminate. Install with couplings flush with the concrete base. Extend 2 inches (50-mm) above concrete base after switchboard is anchored in place.
 - 2. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch (450-mm) centers around the full perimeter of concrete base
 - 3. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
 - 4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to switchboards.
 - 6. Anchor switchboard to building structure at the top of the switchboard if required or recommended by the manufacturer.
- D. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, straps and brackets, and temporary blocking of moving parts from switchboard units and components.
- E. Install filler plates in unused spaces of panel-mounted sections.

- F. Install overcurrent protective devices, surge protection devices, and instrumentation.
- G. Comply with NECA 1.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Switchboard Nameplates: Label each switchboard compartment with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- C. Device Nameplates: Label each disconnecting and overcurrent protective device and each meter and control device mounted in compartment doors with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Acceptance Testing:
 - a. Test insulation resistance for each switchboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit. Open control and metering circuits within the switchboard, and remove neutral connection to surge protection and other electronic devices prior to insulation test. Reconnect after test.
 - b. Test continuity of each circuit.
 - 2. Test ground-fault protection of equipment for service equipment per NFPA 70.
 - 3. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 4. Correct malfunctioning units on-site where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
 - 5. Test and adjust controls, remote monitoring, and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Switchboard will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain switchboards, overcurrent protective devices, instrumentation, and accessories.

END OF SECTION 262413

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. MCCB: Molded-case circuit breaker.
- B. SPD: Surge protective device.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types including mounting and anchorage, environmental protection, knockouts, corner treatments, covers and doors, gaskets, hinges, and locks.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - 5. Include evidence of NRTL listing for SPD as installed in panelboard.
 - 6. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 7. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Panelboard schedules for installation in panelboards.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Service Conditions: NEMA PB 1, usual service conditions, as follows:
 - 1. Ambient temperatures within limits specified.
 - 2. Altitude not exceeding 6600 feet (2000 m).

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1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace panelboards that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Panelboard Warranty Period: 18 months from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PANELBOARDS COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Enclosures: Flush and Surface-mounted, dead-front cabinets.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - b. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
 - 2. Height: 84 inches (2.13 m) maximum.
 - 3. Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover. Trims shall cover all live parts and shall have no exposed hardware.
- E. Incoming Mains Location: As required.
- F. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses: Tin-plated aluminum.
- G. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
 - 1. Material: Tin-plated aluminum.
 - 2. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type, with a lug on the neutral bar for each pole in the panelboard.
 - 3. Ground Lugs and Bus-Configured Terminators: Mechanical type, with a lug on the bar for each pole in the panelboard.
 - 4. Feed-Through Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.
 - 5. Subfeed (Double) Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at same end of bus as incoming lugs or main device.
- H. Future Devices: Panelboards shall have mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.

I. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals. Assembly listed by an NRTL for 100 percent interrupting capacity.

2.2 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Eaton.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 3. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- C. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- D. Doors: Concealed hinges; secured with flush latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.
- E. Surge Suppression: Factory installed as an integral part of indicated panelboards, complying with UL 1449 SPD, Type 2.

2.3 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. MCCB: Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers:
 - a. Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads.
 - b. Instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits.
 - c. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - 2. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and double-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
 - 3. GFEP Circuit Breakers: Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).
 - 4. Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter Circuit Breakers: Comply with UL 1699; 120/240-V, single-pole configuration.
 - 5. MCCB Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Breaker handle indicates tripped status.
 - c. UL listed for reverse connection without restrictive line or load ratings.
 - d. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.
 - e. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and HID lighting circuits.
 - f. Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.

- g. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 55 percent of rated voltage.
- h. Handle Padlocking Device: Fixed attachment, for locking circuit-breaker handle in on or off position.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Panelboard Label: Manufacturer's name and trademark, voltage, amperage, number of phases, and number of poles shall be located on the interior of the panelboard door.
- B. Breaker Labels: Faceplate shall list current rating, UL and IEC certification standards, and AIC rating.
- C. Circuit Directory: Directory card inside panelboard door, mounted in metal frame with transparent protective cover.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install panelboards and accessories according to NECA 407.
- C. Mount top of trim 90 inches (2286 mm) above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box.
- E. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish and mating with back box
- F. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- G. Stub four 1-inch (27-EMT) empty conduits from panelboard into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future.
- H. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; install warning signs complying with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads; incorporate Owner's final room designations. Obtain approval before installing. Handwritten directories are not acceptable. Install directory inside panelboard door.

- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- D. Device Nameplates: Label each branch circuit device in power panelboards with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test for low-voltage air circuit breakers stated in NETA ATS. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- B. Panelboards will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

END OF SECTION 262416

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Nonfusible switches.
 - 2. Molded-case circuit breakers (MCCBs).
 - 3. Enclosures.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include nameplate ratings, dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 2. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and application.

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

C. Comply with NFPA 70.

2.2 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Eaton.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 3. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
- B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Three Pole, Single Throw, 240-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- C. Accessories:
 - 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
 - 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.

2.3 MOLDED-CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Eaton.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 3. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
- B. Circuit breakers shall be constructed using glass-reinforced insulating material. Current carrying components shall be completely isolated from the handle and the accessory mounting area.
- C. Circuit breakers shall have a toggle operating mechanism with common tripping of all poles, which provides quick-make, quick-break contact action. The circuit-breaker handle shall be over center, be trip free, and reside in a tripped position between on and off to provide local trip indication. Circuit-breaker escutcheon shall be clearly marked on and off in addition to providing international I/O markings. Equip circuit breaker with a push-to-trip button, located on the face of the circuit breaker to mechanically operate the circuit-breaker tripping mechanism for maintenance and testing purposes.
- D. The maximum ampere rating and UL, IEC, or other certification standards with applicable voltage systems and corresponding interrupting ratings shall be clearly marked on face of circuit breaker. Circuit breakers shall be 100 percent rated.
- E. MCCBs shall be equipped with a device for locking in the isolated position.

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- F. Standards: Comply with UL 489 with interrupting capacity to comply with available fault currents.
- G. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current thermal element for low-level overloads and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
- H. Features and Accessories:
 - 1. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.

2.4 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: UL 489, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
- B. Enclosure Finish: The enclosure shall be gray baked enamel paint, electrodeposited on cleaned, phosphatized steel (NEMA 250 Type 1).
- C. Operating Mechanism: The circuit-breaker operating handle shall be externally operable with the operating mechanism being an integral part of the box, not the cover. The cover interlock mechanism shall have an externally operated override. The override shall not permanently disable the interlock mechanism, which shall return to the locked position once the override is released. The tool used to override the cover interlock mechanism shall not be required to enter the enclosure in order to override the interlock.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ENCLOSURE ENVIRONMENTAL RATING APPLICATIONS

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: Provide enclosures at installed locations with the following environmental ratings.
 - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 3. Other Wet or Damp, Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- B. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.

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- C. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting of eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs.
 - 2. Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections for Switches:
 - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
 - a. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - b. Inspect anchorage, alignment, grounding, and clearances.
 - c. Verify that the unit is clean.
 - d. Verify blade alignment, blade penetration, travel stops, and mechanical operation.
 - e. Verify that fuse sizes and types match the Specifications and Drawings.
 - f. Verify that each fuse has adequate mechanical support and contact integrity.
 - g. Inspect bolted electrical connections for high resistance using one of the two following methods:
 - 1) Use a low-resistance ohmmeter.
 - a) Compare bolted connection resistance values to values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from those of similar bolted connections by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
 - 2) Verify tightness of accessible bolted electrical connections by calibrated torque-wrench method in accordance with manufacturer's published data or NETA ATS Table 100.12.
 - a) Bolt-torque levels shall be in accordance with manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use NETA ATS Table 100.12.
 - h. Verify that operation and sequencing of interlocking systems is as described in the Specifications and shown on the Drawings.
 - i. Verify correct phase barrier installation.
 - j. Verify lubrication of moving current-carrying parts and moving and sliding surfaces.

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

2. Electrical Tests:

- a. Perform resistance measurements through bolted connections with a low-resistance ohmmeter. Compare bolted connection resistance values to values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- b. Measure contact resistance across each switchblade fuseholder. Drop values shall not exceed the high level of the manufacturer's published data. If manufacturer's published data are not available, investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- c. Perform insulation-resistance tests for one minute on each pole, phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with switch closed, and across each open pole. Apply voltage in accordance with manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use Table 100.1 from the NETA ATS. Investigate values of insulation resistance less than those published in Table 100.1 or as recommended in manufacturer's published data.
- d. Measure fuse resistance. Investigate fuse-resistance values that deviate from each other by more than 15 percent.
- e. Perform ground fault test according to NETA ATS 7.14 "Ground Fault Protection Systems, Low-Voltage."

C. Tests and Inspections for Molded Case Circuit Breakers:

- 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
 - a. Verify that equipment nameplate data are as described in the Specifications and shown on the Drawings.
 - b. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - c. Inspect anchorage, alignment, grounding, and clearances.
 - d. Verify that the unit is clean.
 - e. Operate the circuit breaker to ensure smooth operation.
 - f. Inspect bolted electrical connections for high resistance using one of the two following methods:
 - 1) Use a low-resistance ohmmeter.
 - a) Compare bolted connection resistance values to values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from those of similar bolted connections by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
 - 2) Verify tightness of accessible bolted electrical connections by calibrated torque-wrench method in accordance with manufacturer's published data or NETA ATS Table 100.12.
 - a) Bolt-torque levels shall be in accordance with manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use NETA ATS Table 100.12.
 - g. Inspect operating mechanism, contacts, and chutes in unsealed units.
- 2. Electrical Tests:

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- a. Perform resistance measurements through bolted connections with a low-resistance ohmmeter. Compare bolted connection resistance values to values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- b. Perform insulation-resistance tests for one minute on each pole, phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with circuit breaker closed, and across each open pole. Apply voltage in accordance with manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use Table 100.1 from the NETA ATS. Investigate values of insulation resistance less than those published in Table 100.1 or as recommended in manufacturer's published data.
- c. Perform a contact/pole resistance test. Drop values shall not exceed the high level of the manufacturer's published data. If manufacturer's published data are not available, investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- d. Perform insulation resistance tests on all control wiring with respect to ground. Applied potential shall be 500-V dc for 300-V rated cable and 1000-V dc for 600-V rated cable. Test duration shall be one minute. For units with solid state components, follow manufacturer's recommendation. Insulation resistance values shall be no less than two megohms.
- e. Determine the following by primary current injection:
 - 1) Long-time pickup and delay. Pickup values shall be as specified. Trip characteristics shall not exceed manufacturer's published time-current characteristic tolerance band, including adjustment factors.
 - 2) Short-time pickup and delay. Short-time pickup values shall be as specified. Trip characteristics shall not exceed manufacturer's published time-current characteristic tolerance band, including adjustment factors.
 - 3) Ground-fault pickup and time delay. Ground-fault pickup values shall be as specified. Trip characteristics shall not exceed manufacturer's published time-current characteristic tolerance band, including adjustment factors.
 - 4) Instantaneous pickup. Instantaneous pickup values shall be as specified and within manufacturer's published tolerances.
- 3. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- 4. Test and adjust controls, remote monitoring, and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Enclosed switches and circuit breakers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Manual motor controllers.
 - 2. Enclosed full-voltage magnetic motor controllers.
 - 3. Enclosures.
 - 4. Accessories.
 - 5. Identification.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of magnetic controller.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.
 - 2. Indicate dimensions, weights, required clearances, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 3. Wire Termination Diagrams and Schedules: Include diagrams for signal, and control wiring. Identify terminals and wiring designations and color-codes to facilitate installation, operation, and maintenance. Indicate recommended types, wire sizes, and circuiting arrangements for field-installed wiring, and show circuit protection features. Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
 - 4. Include features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.

- B. UL Compliance: Fabricate and label magnetic motor controllers to comply with UL 508 and UL 60947-4-1.
- C. NEMA Compliance: Fabricate motor controllers to comply with ICS 2.

2.2 MANUAL MOTOR CONTROLLERS

- A. Fractional Horsepower Manual Controllers (FHPMC): "Quick-make, quick-break" toggle or push-button action; marked to show whether unit is off, on, or tripped.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. ABB, Electrification Business.
 - b. Eaton.
 - c. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - d. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
 - 2. Configuration: Nonreversing.
 - 3. Overload Relays: Inverse-time-current characteristics; NEMA ICS 2, Class 10 tripping characteristics; heaters matched to nameplate full-load current of actual protected motor; external reset push button; bimetallic type.

2.3 ENCLOSED FULL-VOLTAGE MAGNETIC MOTOR CONTROLLERS

- A. Description: Across-the-line start, electrically held, for nominal system voltage of 600-V ac and less.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. ABB, Electrification Business.
 - 2. Rockwell Automation, Inc.
 - 3. Siemens Industry, Inc., Energy Management Division.
 - 4. Square D; Schneider Electric USA.
- C. Standard: Comply with NEMA ICS 2, general purpose, Class A.
- D. Configuration: Nonreversing.
- E. Contactor Coils: Pressure-encapsulated type.
 - 1. Operating Voltage: Manufacturer's standard, unless indicated.
- F. Control Power:

1. For on-board control power, obtain from line circuit or from integral CPT. The CPT shall have capacity to operate integral devices and remotely located pilot, indicating, and control devices.

G. Overload Relays:

- 1. Thermal Overload Relays:
 - a. Inverse-time-current characteristic.
 - b. Class 10 tripping characteristic.
 - c. Heaters in each phase shall be matched to nameplate full-load current of actual protected motor and with appropriate adjustment for duty cycle.
 - d. Ambient compensated.
 - e. Automatic resetting.

2.4 ENCLOSURES

- A. Comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
- B. The construction of the enclosures shall comply with NEMA ICS 6.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. General Requirements for Control Circuit and Pilot Devices: NEMA ICS 5; factory installed in controller enclosure cover unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Push Buttons, Pilot Lights, and Selector Switches: Standard-duty, except as needed to match enclosure type. Heavy-duty or oil-tight where indicated in the controller schedule.
 - a. Push Buttons: As indicated in the controller schedule.
 - b. Pilot Lights: As indicated in the controller schedule.
- B. Motor protection relays shall be with solid-state sensing circuit and isolated output contacts for hardwired connections.
 - 1. Phase-failure.
 - 2. Phase-reversal, with bicolor LED to indicate normal and fault conditions. Automatic reset when phase reversal is corrected.
 - 3. Under/overvoltage, operate when the circuit voltage reaches a preset value, and drop out when the operating voltage drops to a level below the preset value. Include adjustable time-delay setting.

2.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Controller Nameplates: Laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as described in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems," for each compartment, mounted with corrosion-resistant screws.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Wall-Mounted Controllers: Install magnetic controllers on walls with tops at uniform height indicated, and by bolting units to wall or mounting on lightweight structural-steel channels bolted to wall. For controllers not at walls, provide freestanding racks complying with Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Maintain minimum clearances and workspace at equipment according to manufacturer's written instructions and NFPA 70.
- D. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
- E. Setting of Overload Relays: Select and set overloads on the basis of full-load current rating as shown on motor nameplate. Adjust setting value for special motors as required by NFPA 70 for motors that are high-torque, high-efficiency, and so on.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Comply with the provisions of NFPA 70B, "Testing and Test Methods" Chapter.
 - 2. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
 - a. Compare equipment nameplate data with drawings and specifications.
 - b. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - c. Inspect anchorage, alignment, and grounding.
 - d. Verify the unit is clean.
 - e. Inspect contactors:
 - 1) Verify mechanical operation.
 - 2) Verify contact gap, wipe, alignment, and pressure are according to manufacturer's published data.
 - f. Motor-Running Protection:
 - 1) Verify overload element rating is correct for its application.
 - 2) If motor-running protection is provided by fuses, verify correct fuse rating.

- g. Inspect bolted electrical connections for high resistance using one of the two following methods:
 - 1) Use a low-resistance ohmmeter. Compare bolted connection resistance values with values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from those of similar bolted connections by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
 - 2) Verify tightness of accessible bolted electrical connections by calibrated torque-wrench method according to manufacturer's published data or NETA ATS Table 100.12. Bolt-torque levels shall be according to manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use NETA ATS Table 100.12.
- h. Verify appropriate lubrication on moving current-carrying parts and on moving and sliding surfaces.

3. Electrical Tests:

- a. Perform insulation-resistance tests for one minute on each pole, phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with switch closed, and across each open pole. Insulation-resistance values shall be according to manufacturer's published data or NETA ATS Table 100.1. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use Table 100.5. Values of insulation resistance less than those of this table or manufacturer's recommendations shall be investigated and corrected.
- b. Measure fuse resistance. Investigate fuse-resistance values that deviate from each other by more than 15 percent.
- c. Test motor protection devices according to manufacturer's published data.
- d. Test circuit breakers as follows:
 - 1) Operate the circuit breaker to ensure smooth operation.
 - 2) For adjustable circuit breakers, adjust protective device settings according to the coordination study. Comply with coordination study recommendations.
- e. Perform operational tests by initiating control devices.
- B. Motor controller will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes packaged engine generators used to supply non-emergency power, with the following features:
 - 1. Diesel engine.
 - 2. Diesel fuel-oil system.
 - 3. Control and monitoring.
 - 4. Generator overcurrent and fault protection.
 - 5. Generator, exciter, and voltage regulator.
 - 6. Sound attenuated and weather protective enclosure.
 - 7. Vibration isolation devices.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 263600 "Transfer Switches" for transfer switches including sensors and relays to initiate automatic-starting and -stopping signals for engine generators.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design: Caterpillar, Inc; Electric Power Division. Model C9, 300ekW, 375kVA, stand-by.
- B. Generator shall be furnished by the Owner for installation by the Contractor.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. NFPA Compliance:
 - 1. Comply with NFPA 37.
 - 2. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - 3. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 2 EPSS.
- B. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 2200.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner no fewer than ten working days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Owner's written permission.
- B. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 404.
- C. Comply with packaged engine generator manufacturers' written installation and alignment instructions and with NFPA 110.
- D. Equipment Mounting:
 - Install packaged engine generators on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply
 with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000
 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- E. Install packaged engine generator to provide access, without removing connections or accessories, for periodic maintenance.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- B. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Provide a minimum of one 90-degree bend in flexible conduit routed to the engine generator from a stationary element.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative.
- C. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical and mechanical test listed in first two subparagraphs below, as specified in NETA ATS. Certify compliance with test parameters.

- a. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
 - 1) Compare equipment nameplate data with Drawings and the Specifications.
 - 2) Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - 3) Inspect anchorage, alignment, and grounding.
 - 4) Verify that the unit is clean.
- b. Electrical and Mechanical Tests:
 - 1) Perform insulation-resistance tests according to IEEE 43.
 - a) Machines Larger Than 200 hp (150 kW): Test duration shall be 10 minutes. Calculate polarization index.
 - b) Machines 200 hp (150 kW) or Less: Test duration shall be one minute. Calculate the dielectric-absorption ratio.
 - 2) Test protective relay devices.
 - 3) Verify phase rotation, phasing, and synchronized operation as required by the application.
 - 4) Functionally test engine shutdown for low oil pressure, overtemperature, overspeed, and other protection features as applicable.
 - 5) Verify correct functioning of the governor and regulator.
- 2. NFPA 110 Acceptance Tests: Perform tests required by NFPA 110 that are additional to those specified here, including, but not limited to, single-step full-load pickup test.
- 3. Battery Tests: Equalize charging of battery cells according to manufacturer's written instructions. Record individual cell voltages.
 - a. Measure charging voltage and voltages between available battery terminals for full-charging and float-charging conditions. Check electrolyte level and specific gravity under both conditions.
 - b. Test for contact integrity of all connectors. Perform an integrity load test and a capacity load test for the battery.
 - c. Verify acceptance of charge for each element of the battery after discharge.
 - d. Verify that measurements are within manufacturer's specifications.
- 4. Battery-Charger Tests: Verify specified rates of charge for both equalizing and float-charging conditions.
- 5. System Integrity Tests: Methodically verify proper installation, connection, and integrity of each element of engine generator system before and during system operation. Check for air, exhaust, and fluid leaks.
- 6. Voltage and Frequency Transient Stability Tests: Use recording oscilloscope to measure voltage and frequency transients for 50 and 100 percent step-load increases and decreases, and verify that performance is as specified.
- 7. Harmonic-Content Tests: Measure harmonic content of output voltage at 25 and 100 percent of rated linear load. Verify that harmonic content is within specified limits.
- D. Coordinate tests with tests for transfer switches and run them concurrently.

- E. Test instruments shall have been calibrated within the past 12 months, traceable to NIST Calibration Services, and adequate for making positive observation of test results. Make calibration records available for examination on request.
- F. Leak Test: After installation, charge exhaust, coolant, and fuel systems and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- G. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation for generator and associated equipment.
- H. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- I. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- J. Retest: Correct deficiencies identified by tests and observations, and retest until specified requirements are met.
- K. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation resistances, time delays, and other values and observations. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain packaged engine generators.

SECTION 263600 - TRANSFER SWITCHES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes automatic transfer switches rated 600 V and less.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 The transfer switch shall be furnished by the Owner for installation by the Contractor.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Identify components according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Set field-adjustable intervals and delays, relays, and engine exerciser clock.
- C. Comply with NECA 1.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways except within electrical enclosures. Conceal raceway and cables except in unfinished spaces.
 - 1. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- B. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii.
- C. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect twisted pair cable according to Section 271513 "Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:

SECTION 263600 - TRANSFER SWITCHES

- a. Compare equipment nameplate data with Drawings and Specifications.
- b. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
- c. Inspect anchorage, alignment, grounding, and required clearances.
- d. Verify that the unit is clean.
- e. Verify appropriate lubrication on moving current-carrying parts and on moving and sliding surfaces.
- f. Verify that manual transfer warnings are attached and visible.
- g. Verify tightness of all control connections.
- h. Inspect bolted electrical connections for high resistance using one of the following methods, or both:
 - 1) Use of low-resistance ohmmeter.
 - 2) Verify tightness of accessible bolted electrical connections by calibrated torque-wrench method according to manufacturer's published data.
- i. Perform manual transfer operation.
- j. Verify positive mechanical interlocking between normal and alternate sources.
- k. Perform visual and mechanical inspection of surge arresters.
- 1. Inspect control power transformers.
 - 1) Inspect for physical damage, cracked insulation, broken leads, tightness of connections, defective wiring, and overall general condition.
 - 2) Verify that primary and secondary fuse or circuit-breaker ratings match Drawings.
 - 3) Verify correct functioning of drawout disconnecting contacts, grounding contacts, and interlocks.

2. Electrical Tests:

- a. Perform insulation-resistance tests on all control wiring with respect to ground.
- b. Verify settings and operation of control devices.
- c. Calibrate and set all relays and timers.
- d. Verify phase rotation, phasing, and synchronized operation.
- e. Perform automatic transfer tests.
- f. Verify correct operation and timing of the following functions:
 - 1) Normal source voltage-sensing and frequency-sensing relays.
 - 2) Engine start sequence.
 - 3) Time delay on transfer.
 - 4) Alternative source voltage-sensing and frequency-sensing relays.
 - 5) Automatic transfer operation.
 - 6) Interlocks and limit switch function.
 - 7) Time delay and retransfer on normal power restoration.
 - 8) Engine cool-down and shutdown feature.
- 3. Measure insulation resistance phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with insulation-resistance tester. Include external annunciation and control circuits. Use test voltages and procedure recommended by manufacturer. Comply with manufacturer's specified minimum resistance.
 - a. Check for electrical continuity of circuits and for short circuits.

SECTION 263600 - TRANSFER SWITCHES

- b. Inspect for physical damage, proper installation and connection, and integrity of barriers, covers, and safety features.
- c. Verify that manual transfer warnings are properly placed.
- d. Perform manual transfer operation.
- 4. After energizing circuits, perform each electrical test for transfer switches stated in NETA ATS and demonstrate interlocking sequence and operational function for each switch at least three times.
 - a. Simulate power failures of normal source to automatic transfer switches and retransfer from emergency source with normal source available.
 - b. Verify time-delay settings.
 - c. Verify pickup and dropout voltages by data readout or inspection of control settings.
 - d. Verify proper sequence and correct timing of automatic engine starting, transfer time delay, retransfer time delay on restoration of normal power, and engine cooldown and shutdown.
- B. Coordinate tests with tests of generator and run them concurrently.
- C. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation and contact resistances and time delays. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.
- D. Transfer switches will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- F. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each switch. Remove all access panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - 1. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - 2. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies switches checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
 - 3. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each switch 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain transfer switches and related equipment.
- B. Coordinate this training with that for generator equipment.

SECTION 271513 - COMMUNICATIONS COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Category 6 twisted pair cable.
 - 2. Twisted pair cable hardware, including plugs and jacks.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Performance: Horizontal cabling system shall comply with transmission standards in TIA-568-C.1, when tested according to test procedures of this standard.

2.2 CATEGORY 6 TWISTED PAIR CABLE

- A. Description: Four-pair, balanced-twisted pair cable, certified to meet transmission characteristics of Category 6 cable at frequencies up to 250MHz.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. 3M.
 - 2. Belden Inc.
 - 3. Berk-Tek, a Leviton Company.
 - 4. CommScope, Inc.
 - 5. Mohawk; a division of Belden Networking, Inc.
- C. Standard: Comply with NEMA WC 66/ICEA S-116-732 and TIA-568-C.2 for Category 6 cables.
- D. Conductors: 100-ohm, 23 AWG solid copper.
- E. Shielding/Screening: Unshielded twisted pairs (UTP).
- F. Cable Rating: As required.

SECTION 271513 - COMMUNICATIONS COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING

2.3 TWISTED PAIR CABLE HARDWARE

- A. Description: Hardware designed to connect, splice, and terminate twisted pair copper communications cable.
- B. General Requirements for Twisted Pair Cable Hardware:
 - 1. Comply with the performance requirements of Category 6.
 - 2. Comply with TIA-568-C.2, IDC type, with modules designed for punch-down caps or tools.
 - 3. Cables shall be terminated with connecting hardware of same category or higher.

C. Plugs and Plug Assemblies:

- 1. Male; eight position; color-coded modular telecommunications connector designed for termination of a single four-pair, 100-ohm, unshielded or shielded twisted pair cable.
- 2. Standard: Comply with TIA-568-C.2.
- 3. Marked to indicate transmission performance.

D. Jacks and Jack Assemblies:

- 1. Female; eight position; modular; fixed telecommunications connector designed for termination of a single four-pair, 100-ohm, unshielded or shielded twisted pair cable.
- 2. Designed to snap-in to a patch panel or faceplate.
- 3. Standard: Comply with TIA-568-C.2.
- 4. Marked to indicate transmission performance.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF TWISTED-PAIR HORIZONTAL CABLES

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA/BICSI 568.
- B. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways, except within consoles, cabinets, desks, and counters, where unenclosed wiring method may be used. Conceal raceway and cables, except in unfinished spaces.
 - 1. Install plenum cable in environmental air spaces, including plenum ceilings.

C. General Requirements for Cabling:

- 1. Comply with TIA-568-C.1.
- 2. Comply with BICSI's Information Transport Systems Installation Methods Manual, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems," "Cable Termination Practices" Section.
- 3. Install 110-style IDC termination hardware unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Do not untwist twisted pair cables more than 1/2 inch (12 mm) from the point of termination to maintain cable geometry.
- 5. Terminate all conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at indicated outlets and terminals.

SECTION 271513 - COMMUNICATIONS COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING

- 6. Cables may not be spliced. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches (760 mm) and not more than 6 inches (150 mm) from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
- 7. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Do not splice cable between termination, tap, or junction points. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation, and replace it with new cable.
- 8. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Heat lamps shall not be used for heating.
- 9. Pulling Cable: Comply with BICSI Information Transport Systems Installation Methods Manual, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems," "Pulling and Installing Cable" Section. Monitor cable pull tensions.

D. Separation from EMI Sources:

1. Comply with recommendations from BICSI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual" and TIA-569-D for separating unshielded copper communication cable from potential EMI sources, including electrical power lines and equipment.

3.2 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- B. Comply with TIA-569-D, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with "Firestopping Systems" Article in BISCI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Visually inspect jacket materials for NRTL certification markings. Inspect cabling terminations in communications equipment rooms for compliance with color-coding for pin assignments, and inspect cabling connections for compliance with TIA-568-C.1.
- 2. Visually inspect cable placement, cable termination, grounding and bonding, equipment and patch cords, and labeling of all components.
- B. Data for each measurement shall be documented. Data for submittals shall be printed in a summary report that is formatted similarly to Table 10.1 in BICSI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual," or shall be transferred from the instrument to the computer, saved as text files, printed, and submitted.
- C. Remove and replace cabling where test results indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- D. End-to-end cabling will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

SECTION 311900 - EROSION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The WORK under this Section includes providing erosion control during construction in accordance with the requirements of the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC). All discharge of pollutants and sedimentation from on-site drainage shall be caught on site.
- B. The area of disturbance for this project is less than 1 acre.
- C. The WORK under this section includes all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to maintain existing temporary erosion control devices; including, but not limited to, silt fences, silt inlet sacks, straw wattles, rock check dams, ditches, etc.
- D. The WORK also includes sweeping, watering, vacuuming of the existing asphalt roadways and surfaces used, including Glacier Avenue, F Street, Glacier Valley Station Parking Lot, Crest Avenue, and Yandukin Drive.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. <u>Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP)</u>. Permanent and temporary prevention of erosion and control of sedimentation during construction of the Project is included in the project Plans and Specifications.
- B. <u>Final Stabilization</u>. That point when all soil disturbing activities resulting from the project have been completed and a live uniform blanket of perennial vegetation, to preclude erosion, has been established on all unpaved areas (excluding graveled shoulders and crushed aggregate base course) not covered by permanent structures or equivalent permanent stabilization measures, such as use of riprap, gabions or geotextiles, have been implemented.
- C. <u>Best Management Practices (BMP's)</u>. A wide range of project management practices, schedules of activities or prohibition of practices that when used singly or in combination, prevent or reduce erosion, sedimentation and pollution of adjacent water bodies and wetlands. BMP's include both structural devises and non-structural practices and can be temporary or permanent. The State of Alaska DOT/PF <u>Best Management Practices for Construction</u> Erosion and Sediment Control describes a variety of standard BMP's.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit the following items for approval a minimum of 5 calendar days prior to the preconstruction conference.
 - 1. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

SECTION 311900 - EROSION CONTROL

B. The ENGINEER will review submittals within 14 calendar days then either approve them or require changes. If required for approval, modify the submittals within 5 calendar days of receiving comments from the ENGINEER.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Materials shall be suitable for the intended use and perform effectively to control silt and surface erosion. All materials shall remain the property of the CONTRACTOR.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. The CONTRACTOR is responsible to prepare, submit and maintain a erosion and sediment control plan.
- B. WORK at the Project site will not be permitted until the above documents are submitted to the ENGINEER an acceptance of this plan has been obtained from the governing agencies (if required by CGP).
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall install temporary erosion control structures and devices required by their Erosion and Sediment Control plan. They shall be maintained in effective operating conditions at all times. Prior to completion of work, the CONTRACTOR shall clean and remove all silt and debris caught from straw wattles, silt fences or silt inlet sacks.
- D. Temporary erosion and sediment control structures shall remain in place until the project is completed and replaced by permanent erosion control WORK, protected by final stabilization or until the ENGINEER approves their removal.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for meeting the requirements of all permits (including permits naming the OWNER, or other parties); therefore, shall be responsible for the quality of the run-off water from the Project site and for any fines and/or penalties resulting from the construction operation.
- F. Glacier Avenue, F Street, Crest Street and Yandukin Drive asphalt pavement surfaces shall be kept free of mud, silt, rocks, gravel, etc. from the CONTRACTOR's hauling operation. These roads and areas shall be kept clean by use of power sweepers, capable of picking up debris from the road and washing on a routine basis during hauling operations, or more frequently, as directed by the ENGINEER.

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for common excavation and embankment construction to the lines, grades and cross sections indicated in the Drawings, or as directed by the ENGINEER.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Sand Bedding Material gradation report from independent soils testing laboratory for current construction season.
- B. Shot Rock Borrow gradation report from independent soils testing laboratory for current construction season.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 COMMON EXCAVATION

A. Common excavation shall be silt, organics, muck, sand, gravel, cobbles, boulders and other granular material other than rock, and shall consist of excavation and disposal of these materials when encountered in the WORK.

2.2 USABLE EXCAVATION

A. Usable material from excavation shall be sand, gravel, rock or combination thereof containing no muck, peat, frozen materials, roots, sod or other deleterious material. The ENGINEER shall determine if the excavated material meets the requirements of useable excavation.

2.3 EMBANKMENT

A. Material for embankment construction shall consist of non-frost-susceptible earth, sand, gravel, fractured rock or combination thereof containing no muck, peat, frozen materials, roots, sod or other deleterious materials, and shall be compactable to the density required by the Specifications.

2.4 SELECTED EMBANKMENT

A. Selected Embankment shall meet all the requirements for Embankment Material, and in addition, shall have a plasticity index not greater than 6 as determined by AASHTO T 90 and shall contain no more than 6% by weight of material passing the 200 mesh sieve. The percentage of material passing the 200 mesh sieve shall be determined using only the material which passes a 3 inch sieve.

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2.5 BORROW

A. Borrow shall meet the requirements for Embankment above.

2.6 SELECT BORROW

A. Select Borrow shall meet the requirements for Selected Embankment above.

2.7 SHOT ROCK BORROW

A. Shot Rock Borrow shall conform to the following gradation:

SIEVE DESIGNATION	PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT
12 Inch	100
6 Inch	85 - 100
3 Inch	10 - 50
No. 200*	0 - 3

^{*}Gradation shall be determined on that portion passing the 3-inch screen

B. At least 50% by weight of the particles retained on the 3/8-inch sieve shall have at least two fractured faces as determined by ATM T-4.

C. Elongation Specification

The length of the crushed stone backfill shall not be more than twice the designated screed diameters.

D. Sodium Sulfate Loss

Aggregate shall pass the percent sodium sulfate loss per AASHTO T 104 with 9% maximum.

- E. Shot Rock Borrow for this Project shall have a maximum L.A. Abrasion percent of wear of 45 per AASHTO T 96 test method.
- F. Shot Rock Borrow shall consist of 12-Inch minus shot rock and shall contain no much, frozen material, roots, sticks, sod or deleterious matter. Shot rock borrow material shall be obtained from a local rock quarry. Shot Rock Borrow shall be free of platy mineral grains. Metamorphic shot rock shall be free of slaty cleavage.

2.8 SAND BEDDING MATERIAL

- A. Sand Bedding material shall contain no mulch, frozen material, roots, sod or other deleterious matter.
- B. The Sand Bedding shall have a plasticity index not greater than 6, as determined by AASHTO T 90. It shall consist of not more than 3% by weight of particles that pass the No. 200 sieve, as determined by ATM T-7.

C. Sand Bedding Material shall conform to the following gradation:

SIEVE DESIGNATION	PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT
1 Inch	100
1/2 Inch	85 - 100
No. 4	10-50
No. 200*	0-6

^{*}Gradation shall be determined on that portion passing the 3-inch screen

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

- A. Excavations shall be reasonably smooth and uniform to the lines, grades and cross sections shown in the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER. Excavations shall be conducted to ensure that material outside of excavation limits remains undisturbed.
- B. Cut slope excavations shall be protected from erosion by covering with visqueen or tarps anchored to prevent movement until the cut slope has been stabilized with rock and/or topsoil, jute mesh, and seed. Excavation within building footprint shall be maintained to drain freely at all times.
- C. When excavation to the limits indicated on the Drawings encounters unsuitable underlying material, the ENGINEER may require the CONTRACTOR to remove the unsuitable material and backfill with approved material. The CONTRACTOR shall take the necessary cross section measurements before backfill is placed in order to measure the amount of unsuitable material removed.
- D. Excavated soils that do not meet the requirements for selected borrow material and surplus excavation shall be disposed of by the CONTRACTOR at a location and in a manner approved by the ENGINEER. No material may be wasted without the prior approval of the ENGINEER.
- E. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for securing additional waste disposal sites other than the one designated waste disposal site shown on the Drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall obtain the written permission of the landowner for use of all disposal sites, and shall either obtain any required permits or assure that they have been obtained by others. If required by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish the permit numbers of all required permits for the disposal sites. The costs of securing such sites shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.
- F. Temporary storage on site of excavated materials that may be used on the Project is the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.
- G. The CONTRACTOR shall conduct all operations to prevent contaminating useable excavation with unsuitable material.
- H. The CONTRACTOR shall provide added care when excavating adjacent to existing roadways, sidewalks, curbs, walls, light poles, concrete seating walls and underground

utilities. Damage caused to existing roadways, sidewalks, curbs and underground utilities by the CONTRACTOR shall be repaired at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

I. After excavation to the subcut limit is complete and prior to backfilling with Shot Rock Borrow, the bottom of the subcut in common excavation soil conditions shall be proof rolled with an excavator or self propelled compactor until a firm base for the backfill material is obtained.

3.2 EMBANKMENT

- A. Embankments shall be constructed to a reasonably smooth and uniform shape conforming to the lines, grades and cross sections indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- B. Embankment construction includes, but is not limited to, placing and compacting selected borrow below and adjacent to building foundation walls and footings, sidewalks, curbs and underground structures. Only approved materials shall be used in the construction of embankments and backfills. Embankment material will be approved for gradation following placement, but prior to compaction.
- C. Embankment shall not be placed on frozen ground.
- D. Red top grading hubs shall be set to top of select borrow for this project in all areas where additional select borrow has been placed and compacted to ensure proper elevations have been obtained. They shall be set by the CONTRACTOR at breaks in the grade and on even grade intervals not to exceed 50 feet, with additional stakes at vertical curves.
- E. When embankment is to be placed on both sides of a concrete wall or box-type structure, operations shall be so conduced that the embankment is always at approximately the same elevation on both sides of the structure.
- F. The finish subgrade surface (bottom of base course level) shall not vary more than 0.05-foot when tested using a ten foot straightedge, applied parallel with and at right angles to the centerline of the roadway or parking area to receive base course grading D-1 material, nor vary more than 0.05-foot from the established grade.
- G. If continued hauling over a completed or partially completed embankment causes loss of stability as evidenced by pumping or rutting, or other damage, the CONTRACTOR shall repair the damaged embankment at its own expense and adjust its hauling equipment and procedures so as to avoid further damage.
- H. Usable excavation shall be compacted to the densities specified in the Drawings using tracked excavators or self-propelled compactors to achieve the desired density.

3.3 EMBANKMENTS CONSTRUCTED WITH MOISTURE DENSITY CONTROL

A. Except for embankments constructed predominantly of rock fragments or boulders, all embankments shall be constructed with moisture density control. Embankments shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed 12 inches in depth, loose measurement, for the full width of the embankment, except as required for traffic, and shall be compacted before the next layer is placed. A smaller depth will be required if the compaction

equipment is considered by the ENGINEER to be insufficient to obtain the required densities. Embankments shall be compacted at the approximate optimum moisture content to not less than 95% of the maximum density as determined by AASHTO T 180 D or Alaska T-12. Embankment materials may require drying or moistening to bring the moisture content near to optimum. In-place field densities will be determined by Alaska T-3 or T-11. Sufficient time shall be allowed between placement of layers to allow for field density tests.

3.4 EMBANKMENTS CONSTRUCTED FROM ROCK FRAGMENTS

- A. When embankment material consists predominantly of rock fragments or boulders too large to be contained in the lift thickness specified without crushing or further fracturing, such material may be placed in lifts not exceeding 18 inches in thickness.
- B. This material shall not be dumped in final position but shall be deposited on the fill and distributed by blading or dozing so that voids, packets and bridging will be reduced to a minimum. Intervening spaces and interstices shall be filled with smaller stones and earth to form a dense, well compacted embankment. Hauling equipment shall be uniformly routed over the entire width of the embankment, and compaction equipment shall be utilized if necessary to assure that a well-compacted embankment is obtained.
- C. Compaction shall be obtained by routing construction equipment and/or rollers uniformly over the entire surface of each layer before the next layer is placed.
- D. Dumping and rolling areas shall be kept separate, and no lift shall be covered by another until compaction has been completed and approved by the ENGINEER on-site representative.
- E. All shot rock borrow surfaces shall be rolled full width with a minimum of eight passes of a vibratory grid roller (minimum centrifugal force shall be 50,000 lb) prior to placement of subsequent layer of material. A vibratory grid roller will be required for this project.

3.5 INDIVIDUAL MINING PLAN

- A. If the CONTRACTOR decides to use material from the CBJ Stabler's Point rock quarry, the CONTRACTOR shall provide an Individual Mining Plan that conforms to the requirements of Section 000700 General Conditions and Special General Conditions.
- B. The Individual Mining Plan shall be developed using the survey information provided by the OWNER, or the CONTRACTOR may provide an independent survey with two-foot contours of the Pit property. The survey shall provide sufficient survey information to calculate quantities, shown drainage features and property boundaries. If the CONTRACTOR uses the OWNER furnished survey information, the Individual Mining Plan shall be done in CAD.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for the excavation and backfill required for installation of underground pipelines, conduits, concrete structures, vaults, and other appurtenances; and for ground surface restoration, including pavement as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER.

PART 2 - MATERIALS

2.1 TRENCH EXCAVATION

A. Trench excavation shall consist of all material, of whatever nature, excepting liquids, excavated from trenches for underground pipe, conduit or structures.

2.2 BEDDING

A. Bedding, Class A, shall be aggregate conforming to the following gradation and shall be used for all water and sanitary sewer pipes installed on this project:

Sieve Designation	Percent Passing by
_	Weight
1-1/2"	100
No. 4	0-35
No. 200	0-8

- B. Bedding, Class B, shall be three inch minus material, free of muck, frozen material, lumps, organic material, trash, lumber or other debris, with no more than eight percent passing the No. 200 screen. Class B bedding material shall be used for all storm drain pipes installed on this project.
- C. Pea gravel, or similar open graded product, shall not be used for bedding.

2.3 BACKFILL

A. Backfill is defined as material placed above the level of bedding material. Backfill material consists of native material excavated from the trench that is determined by the ENGINEER to be suitable as backfill. Backfill material used under asphalt or concrete pavement, as shown on the Drawings, shall be non-frost-susceptible, granular material that is free of rocks larger than six inches, much, frozen material, lumps, organic material, trash, lumber, or other debris. All backfill material available from trench excavation shall be utilized prior to the use of the imported backfill.

2.4 IMPORTED BACKFILL

A. Imported backfill shall be granular material, free draining, free of much, frozen material, lumps, or organic material and shall conform to the following gradation:

Sieve Designation	Percent Passing by
	Weight
3 Inch	100
No. 4 *	20-70
No. 200 *	0-6

^{*}Gradation shall be determined on that portion passing the three inch screen.

2.5 AGGREGATE BASE

A. Aggregate base shall conform to Grading D-1 of Section 31 2003 - Base Course.

2.6 ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

A. Asphalt concrete pavement shall conform to that specified in Section 32 1216 - Asphalt Concrete Pavement. Aggregate gradation and asphalt cement percentages shall conform to Type II-A, Class B mix. Current safety and pollution controls shall be met.

2.7 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

A. Portland cement concrete shall conform to that specified in Section 32 1313 - Site Concrete.

PART 3 - EXCECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

- A. Excavation for trenches shall conform to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings and to the limits depicted in the Drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall also do any WORK necessary to prevent surface water from entering the trench including dewatering of the trench to maintain dry pipe laying conditions.
- B. Excavation of any and all material more than six inches below the invert of the pipe as shown on the Drawings shall be done only when ordered in writing by the ENGINEER. The material so excavated will be handled in the manner described below:
 - 1. All excavated material suitable for use as backfill shall be piled in an orderly manner separately from unsuitable material, at a sufficient distance from the edge of the trench to prevent material from sloughing or sliding back into the trench. When the trench is in a traveled roadway the ENGINEER may require removal and temporary storage of excavated material elsewhere.
 - 2. Materials unsuitable for use as backfill shall be hauled to a CONTRACTOR furnished disposal site off of the Project, unless otherwise directed in writing by the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for securing waste disposal sites if none is indicated on the Drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall obtain the written permission of the landowner for use of all disposal sites, and shall either

- obtain any required permits or assure that they have been obtained by others. If requested by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish the permit numbers of all required permits for the disposal sites. The cost of securing such sites shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.
- 3. If the CONTRACTOR fails to comply with the provisions of any state statute, city ordinance or permit pertaining to waste disposal or disposal sites, the ENGINEER shall have the right, after giving 30 days written notice, to bring the disposal sites into compliance and collect the cost of the WORK from the CONTRACTOR, either directly or by withholding monies otherwise due under the Contract.
- C. No more than 150 feet of trench shall be open in advance of laying the pipe, and no more than ten feet of trench shall remain open at the end of each working period. When the trench is in a traveled roadway, it shall be completely backfilled, in accordance with the Specifications, and the roadway opened to traffic at the end of each working period.
- D. The CONTRACTOR shall protect and preserve all existing pavement, throughout the entire construction period. No tracked equipment may be operated on any pavement without first protecting the pavement with pavement pads approved by the ENGINEER. All pavement which is damaged in any manner by the CONTRACTOR's operations shall be restored to original or better condition at the CONTRACTOR's expense. Repair WORK to state highways shall be in all ways satisfactory to the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities.
- E. Where required to prevent caving of the trench, or by any safety law or regulation such as OSHA, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish and install bracing and/or sheeting to protect the excavation. This bracing and/or sheeting shall be removed as trench backfill progresses.
- F. Excavations for manholes and similar structures shall be large enough to provide proper working room. Any over depth excavation shall be backfilled with concrete or other approved material at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- G. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary support of existing structures, as necessary, to protect the structures from settlement or other disturbances caused by construction activities. All structures disturbed by the CONTRACTOR's activities shall be returned to original condition, or better.

3.2 BEDDING

A. Bedding shall be placed in conformance with the lines and grades shown on the Drawings. Before placing any bedding material, the bottom of the trench shall be hand raked ahead of the pipe laying operation to remove stones and lumps which will interfere with smooth and complete bedding of the pipe. The specified bedding material shall then be placed in layers the full width of the trench, each layer not exceeding eight inches in thickness loose measure, and compacted to 95% of maximum density as determined by AASHTO T 180 D, until the elevation of the plan grade for the pipe invert is attained. The pipe bed shall then be fine-graded by hand and compacted as above. Bell holes shall be hand dug at the location of joints and shall be of sufficient size to allow proper making

of the joint and to prevent the collar or bell of the pipe from bearing on the bottom of the trench.

- B. After the pipe has been laid and approved for covering, the specified bedding material shall be placed evenly on both sides of the pipe for the full width of the trench. Approval for covering does not imply final acceptance of the pipe, or relieve the CONTRACTOR in any way of responsibility to complete the Project in conformance with the Drawings and Specifications. Bedding material shall be placed in layers. The thickness, loose measure, or the first layer shall be either one-half the outside diameter of the pipe plus two inches or eight inches, whichever is least. This layer shall be compacted as specified above to provide solid support to the underside of the pipe.
- C. The bedding material shall be placed and compacted in layers not more than eight inches in thickness, loose measure, up to a plane 12 inches above the top of the pipe.
- D. The initial density test at any location will be paid for by the OWNER. If the initial test shows that the material compaction is not as specified, the CONTRACTOR shall modify the compaction methods used, as approved by the ENGINEER, and have the material retested until the tests show that the compaction method meets with the Specification requirements. If the CONTRACTOR's compaction methods are not consistent and/or do not meet the requirements of these Specifications, the OWNER reserves the right to undertake additional compaction tests as necessary to determine the extent of substandard compaction, and to charge the CONTRACTOR for all such tests.

3.3 BACKFILL

- A. The trench shall be backfilled above the bedding material, as shown in the Drawings, with approved material saved from trench excavation. If there is not sufficient approved material from the excavation, the backfilling of the trench shall be completed utilizing imported backfill. The backfill and/or imported backfill shall be compacted to 95% of optimum density within the street and sidewalk limits, as shown on the Drawings, and 90% elsewhere, as determined by AASHTO T 180 D. Lifts shall not exceed 12 inches in depth for loose material. After backfilling of the trench is completed, any excess material from trench excavation shall be hauled to a CONTRACTOR furnished disposal site off of the Project.
- B. Where trenches cross roadways, streets or driveways, etc., backfilling shall be done immediately following excavation and laying of the pipe. All crossings shall be backfilled, compacted, and open to traffic at the end of each working period. Major road crossings shall be excavated and backfilled in half widths of the traveled way so that at least one-half of the roadway is open to controlled traffic at all times during the WORK. All WORK performed within a right-of-way shall be done in conformance with the appropriate permits issued by the respective agency having jurisdiction over the right-of-way.
- C. At least 24 hours prior to commencing backfilling operations, the CONTRACTOR shall notify the ENGINEER of the proposed method of compaction. No method will be approved until the CONTRACTOR has demonstrated, under actual field conditions, that such method will produce the degree of compaction required.

D. The initial density test at any location will be paid for by the OWNER. If the initial test shows that the material compaction is not as specified, the CONTRACTOR shall modify the compaction methods used, as approved by the ENGINEER, and have the material retested until the tests show that the compaction meets the Specification requirements. If the CONTRACTOR's compaction methods are not consistent and/or do not meet the requirements of these Specifications, the OWNER reserves the right to undertake additional compaction tests as necessary to determine the extent of substandard compaction, and to charge the CONTRACTOR for all such tests.

3.4 AGGREGATE BASE

A. Aggregate base shall be placed in layers not exceeding six inches compacted depth, extending the full width of the trench and compacted to 95% of maximum density as determined by AASHTO T 180 D. The thickness of the top layer shall be such that, after compaction, the surface shall be at the elevation shown in the Drawings. Care shall be taken to ensure proper compaction near the sides of the trench, and to avoid segregation.

3.5 ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

- A. Pavement to be removed shall be neatly sawcut full depth along straight lines. Only such pavement shall be removed as is necessary to excavate for the appurtenances, but the pavement shall be cut a sufficient distance outside the excavation to prevent damage to adjacent pavement by lifting or tearing the mat. All removed pavement shall be disposed of at an approved asphalt disposal area.
- B. After trench backfilling is complete, the edges of existing pavement shall be neatly saw cut vertically as shown in the Drawings. All loose, cracked or undermined sections of existing pavement shall be removed. A tack coat shall be placed on the existing pavement edge just prior to placing new pavement.
- C. Pavement shall be replaced in accordance with Section 32 1216 Asphalt Concrete Pavement, and as shown on the Drawings. Pavement shall be placed in all streets and parking lots, as soon as possible, after completion of backfilling. All trenched highway crossings shall be patched within five days from the date each trench is first opened, unless otherwise shown in the Contract Documents, or approved by the ENGINEER. When weather conditions, unavailability of material, or time preclude placing permanent pavement with five days, temporary pavement shall be installed. Temporary paving will consist of at least a two inch thick layer of a pre-mixed, asphaltic surfacing material, and shall be installed and maintained flush with the existing surface until the permanent pavement is in place. Temporary pavement shall be removed prior to placing permanent pavement.
- D. There shall be zero grade change perpendicular to the trench.
- E. Permanently seal all sawcut joints with hot asphalt oil (CSS-1) after the permanent asphalt is in place. The CONTRACTOR shall repair all failed seals at joints during the 12 months after the date of final payment.

3.6 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

A. Portland cement concrete shall be replaced in accordance with Section 32 1313 - Site Concrete, and the details shown on the Drawings.

SECTION 312003 - BASE COURSE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for furnishing and placing one or more layers of aggregate base or leveling base course on a prepared surface to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Base course grading D-1 gradation and modified proctor (ASTM 1557/AASHTO T180-D) from independent laboratory from current construction season (2022).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIAL

- A. Aggregate base course shall consist of crushed gravel or crushed stone, conforming to the quality requirements of AASHTO M 147. The aggregate shall be free from lumps, balls of clay, or other objectionable matter, and shall be durable and sound.
- B. The base course shall be sampled according to "WAQTC FOP for AASHTO T2-Sampling Aggregates" as described in the *Alaska Test Methods Manual*, published by the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities.
- C. Coarse aggregate (that material retained on a No. 4 sieve) shall be crushed stone and shall consist of sound, tough, durable rock of uniform quality. Rock shall be free of schist that cleaves along preferred foliation planes. Rock shall be free of platy mineral grains. Metamorphosed rock shall be free of slaty cleavage. All material shall be free of from clay balls, vegetable matter or deleterious matters. Coarse aggregate shall not be coated with dirt or other finely divided matter. All aggregates shall be free of roots and wood. In addition, coarse aggregate shall meet the following requirements:

L.A. Wear, %, 25% maximum loss in accordance with AASHTO T 96. Degradation Value, 45 minimum in accordance with ATM 313. Sodium Sulfate Soundness Loss, %, 9 maximum in accordance with AASHTO T 104. Maximum Nordic Abrasion Value of 18, as determined by ATM 312, and shall meet the gradation requirements for grading D-1.

SECTION 312003 - BASE COURSE

D. Base course material shall conform to the following gradations:

BASE COURSE GRADING D-1 GRADATION

(Percent passing by weight)

Sieve Size	D-1
1"	100
3/4"	70-100
3/8"	50-80
No. 4	35-50
No. 8	20-35
No. 40	8-20
No. 200	0-6

For grading D-1, at least 70% by weight of the particles retained on a No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face as determined by Alaska T-4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Prior to placement of the base course, the underlying surface shall be prepared by dressing, shaping, wetting or drying, and compacting of the underlying material to a minimum density of 95% as determined by AASHTO T 180-D. Surfaces shall be cleaned of all foreign substances and debris.
- B. Any ruts or soft yielding spots that may appear shall be corrected by loosening and removing unsatisfactory material and adding approved material as required, reshaping, and recompacting the affected areas to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings. If required by the ENGINEER the CONTRACTOR shall proof load questionable areas with a loaded truck or other piece of equipment approved by the ENGINEER.
- C. Blue-top grading hubs shall be set to the top of base course at centerline and at the edge of asphalt pavement where no curb and gutter is to be installed. They shall be set by the CONTRACTOR at breaks in grade and on even grade at intervals not to exceed 25 feet, with additional stakes at vertical and horizontal curves.
- D. Base course material shall be deposited and spread in a uniform layer to the required grades, and to such loose depth that when compacted to the density required, the thickness will be as indicated on the Drawings. Portions of the layer which become segregated shall be removed and replaced with a satisfactory mixture, or shall be remixed to the required gradation.
- E. The maximum compacted thickness of any one layer shall not exceed six inches, except the compacted depth of a single layer may be increased to eight inches if compaction equipment capable of delivering sufficient compactive energy, as determined by the ENGINEER, is used. If the contract documents require the compacted depth to exceed six inches, the base shall be constructed in two or more layers of approximately equal thickness. Each layer shall be shaped and compacted before the succeeding layer is placed.

SECTION 312003 - BASE COURSE

- F. The base course shall be compacted to at least 95% of maximum density as determined by AASHTO T 180-D. In places not accessible to rolling equipment, the mixture shall be compacted with hand-tamping equipment.
- G. Blading, rolling, and tamping shall continue until the surface is smooth and free from waves and irregularities. If at any time the mixture is excessively moistened, it shall be serrated by means of blade graders, harrows, or other approved equipment, until the moisture content is such that the surface can be recompacted and finished as above.
- H. The grading operations shall be conducted in a manner that will remove any quarter crowns, or other humps in the cross section of the roadway. The cutting edges of the grading blade shall be replaced if they are found to be worn beyond the tolerances specified for the roadway surface. The finished surface shall not have humps or dips between blue-topped intervals along the roadway alignment that exceed the tolerances given in the following paragraph, I.
- I. The surface of the base course, when using a taut string line or straight edge of adequate length, spanning between two known grade control points (blue top hubs, lip of gutter, edge existing asphalt etc.) shall not show any deviation in excess of 3/8 inch. This shall be checked perpendicular and longitudinally to the grade control points and be documented by the INSPECTOR. The finish surface shall not vary more than ½ inch from established grade. Additionally, the algebraic average of all deviations from established grade of the finish base course surface elevations taken at 50-foot intervals shall be less than 0.02 foot.
- J. The initial density at any location will be paid for by the OWNER. If the initial test shows that the material compaction is not as specified, the CONTRACTOR shall modify the compaction methods used, as approved by the ENGINEER, and have the material retested until the tests show that the compaction meets the Specification requirements. All tests after the initial test at any given location shall be paid for by the CONTRACTOR.

SECTION 312318 - TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 DUST ABATEMENT

A. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all labor, equipment, and means required and shall carry out effective measures wherever and as often as necessary to prevent its operation from producing dust in amounts damaging to property, cultivated vegetation, or domestic animals, or causing a nuisance to persons living in or occupying buildings in the vicinity. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for any damage resulting from any dust originating from its operations. The dust abatement measures shall be continued until dust is no longer produced and the CONTRACTOR is relieved of further responsibility by the ENGINEER.

1.3 RUBBISH CONTROL

A. During the progress of the WORK, the CONTRACTOR shall keep the site of the WORK and other areas used by it in a neat and clean condition, and free from any accumulation of rubbish. The CONTRACTOR shall dispose of all rubbish and waste materials of any nature occurring at the WORK site, and shall establish regular intervals of collection and disposal of such materials and waste. No burning is permitted on site. The CONTRACTOR shall also keep its haul roads free from dirt, rubbish, and unnecessary obstructions resulting from its operations. Disposal of all rubbish and surplus materials shall be off the site of construction in accordance with local codes and ordinances governing locations and methods of disposal, and in conformance with all applicable safety laws, and to the particular requirements of Part 1926 of the OSHA Safety and Health Standards for Construction.

1.4 SANITATION

- A. Toilet Facilities: Fixed or portable chemical toilets shall be provided wherever needed for the use of employees. Toilets at construction job sites shall conform to the requirements of Part 1926 of the OSHA Standards for Construction.
- B. Sanitary and Other Organic Wastes: The CONTRACTOR shall establish a regular daily collection of sanitary and organic wastes. All wastes and refuse from sanitary facilities provided by the CONTRACTOR or organic material wastes from any other source related to the CONTRACTOR's operations shall be disposed of away from the site in a manner satisfactory to the ENGINEER and in accordance with all laws and regulations pertaining thereto.

1.5 CHEMICALS

A. All chemicals used during Project construction or furnished for Project operation, whether defoliant, soil sterilant, herbicide, pesticide, disinfectant, polymer, reactant or of other classification, shall show approval of either the U.S. Environmental Protection

SECTION 312318 - TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Agency or the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Use of all such chemicals and disposal of residues shall be in strict accordance with the printed instructions of the manufacturer. In addition, see the requirements set forth in paragraph 6.11 of the General Conditions.

1.6 EAGLE NESTING TREES

- A. Eagle nesting trees are known to exist in the Juneau area, although none are known to exist in the immediate vicinity of the Project site. The CONTRACTOR has the responsibility for adherence to the Bald Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668-668d) which prohibits molesting or disturbing bald eagles, their nests, eggs, or young.
- B. Guidelines for compliance to the Bald Eagle Protection Act are supervised by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Raptor Management Studies, 3000 Vintage Blvd, Suite 201, Juneau, Alaska 99801, phone (907) 586-7243. The contact person is Mike Jacobson, Eagle Management Specialist. The CONTRACTOR shall contact the Eagle Management Specialist for guidelines of the Bald Eagle Protection Act.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3- EXECUTION (Not Used)

SECTION 312319 - DEWATERING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes provisions for site dewatering during excavation operations for the Project. Dewatering consists of lowering and controlling groundwater levels and hydrostatic pressures to permit geothermal well field piping installation including sand bedding and backfill material compaction to be performed in near dry conditions. All equipment, materials and labor necessary shall be furnished by the CONTRACTOR to ensure dewatered conditions.

1.3 QUALITY CONTROL

A. Maintain adequate supervision and control to ensure that stability of excavated and constructed slopes are not adversely affected by water, erosion is controlled, and flooding of excavation does not occur.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DEWATERING

- A. Provide an adequate system to lower and control groundwater in order to permit excavation and placement of geothermal well field piping materials. Install sufficient dewatering equipment to drain water-bearing strata above and below bottom of geothermal well field piping and other excavations.
- B. Dispose of water removed from excavations in a manner to avoid endangering public health, property, and portions of WORK under construction or completed. Dispose of water in a manner to avoid inconvenience to others. Provide sumps, sedimentation tanks, and other flow control devices as required by governing authorities to maintain proper water quality.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall submit a dewatering plan to the ENGINEER. Written approval of the CONTRACTOR's dewatering plan shall be obtained prior to commencement of WORK.
- D. The dewatering plan shall include, but should not be limited to the following provisions:
 - 1. Prevent surface or groundwater from flowing into or accumulating in excavations.
 - 2. Prevent water from flowing in an uncontrolled fashion across the project site or to erode slopes or to undermine cut slopes.
 - 3. Prevent water from being diverted onto adjacent properties.
 - 4. Provide continual and effective drainage of excavations.

SECTION 312319 - DEWATERING

- 5. Provide and maintain temporary diversion ditches, dikes, and grading as necessary. Trench excavations shall not be used for this purpose.
- 6. Provide sumps, wellpoints, french drains, pumps, and other control measures necessary to keep excavations free of water.
- 7. Provide control measures prior to excavation to water level and maintain water level continuously below working level.

END OF SECTION 312319

SECTION 316000 - CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to perform all surveying and staking necessary for the completion of the Project in conformance with the Drawings and Specifications and standard surveying practices, including all calculations required to accomplish the WORK.
- B. The WORK shall include the staking, referencing and all other actions as may be required to preserve and restore land monuments and property corners which are situated within the Project area, and to establish monuments as shown on the Drawings.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION

- A. All surveying involving property lines or monuments shall be done by, or under the direction of, a Registered Land Surveyor licensed in the State of Alaska.
- B. The ENGINEER will supply information relative to the approximate locations of monuments and corners, but final responsibility for locations, referencing, and restoration shall rest with the CONTRACTOR.
- C. In the event the CONTRACTOR does not replace the survey monuments and property corners disturbed by the CONTRACTOR's operations, the ENGINEER may, after first notifying the CONTRACTOR, replace the monuments in question. The cost of such replacements shall be deducted from payments to the CONTRACTOR.
- D. The CONTRACTOR shall provide the ENGINEER with a copy of all surveyors' notes, if requested by the ENGINEER, prior to each Pay Request payment.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall provide the ENGINEER with a copy of all surveyors' notes, prior to the request for final payment, and include the information on the record drawings.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall obtain all information necessary for as-built plan production, from actual measurements and observations made by its own personnel, including Subcontractors, and submit this information to the ENGINEER.
- G. The CONTRACTOR shall use competent, qualified personnel and suitable equipment for the layout work required and shall furnish all stakes, templates, straightedges and other

SECTION 316000 - CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING

devices necessary for establishing, checking and maintaining the required points, lines and grades.

- H. The CONTRACTOR shall perform all staking necessary to delineate clearing and/or grubbing limits; all cross sections necessary for determination of excavation and embankment quantities, including intermediate and/or remeasure cross sections as may be required; all slope staking; all staking of culverts and drainage structures, including the necessary checking to establish the proper location and grade to best fit the conditions on site; the setting of such finishing stakes as may be required; the staking of right-of-way; the staking, referencing and other actions as may be required to preserve or restore land monuments and property corners; and all other staking necessary to complete the project.
- I. Field notes shall be kept in standard bound notebooks in a clear, orderly and neat manner, consistent with standard surveying practices. The CONTRACTOR's field books shall be available for inspection by the ENGINEER at any time.
- J. All field survey notes, including those which become source documentations from which quantities for payment are computed, shall be recorded by a notekeeper furnished by the CONTRACTOR. The notekeeper shall be thoroughly familiar with generally accepted standards of good survey notekeeping practice.
- K. The ENGINEER may randomly spot-check the CONTRACTOR's surveys, staking and computations at the ENGINEER discretion. After the survey or staking has been completed, the CONTRACTOR shall provide the ENGINEER with a minimum of 72 hours notice prior to performing any WORK, and shall furnish the appropriate data as required, to allow for such random spot-checking; however, the ENGINEER assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the WORK.
- L. A closed level loop is required through Temporary Bench Marks (TBMs) listed in the Drawings. No side shots will be permitted. A copy of the surveyor's notes shall be provided to the ENGINEER.
- M. Global Position System (GPS) survey methods shall not be used for grading control unless approved in writing by the ENGINEER.

END OF SECTION 316000

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. WORK consists of the furnishing and mixing of aggregate, asphalt cement, and additives at a mixing plant and the hauling, spreading, and compaction of the asphalt concrete mixture on a previously prepared surface, all as specified in the contract and in conformance with the lines, grades and thicknesses shown on the Drawing.
- B. Asphaltic concrete mix for this Project shall be Type II-A, Class B, see Table 321216-1 and Table 321216-2.

TABLE 321216-1

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MIX REQUIREMENTS			
DESIGN PARAMETERS	CLASS A	CLASS B	
Stability, lbs.	1,800	1,800	
Flow, 0.01 inch (0.25 mm)	8-14	8-14	
Voids in total mix, percent	2.5-4.0	2.5 - 4.0	
Compactions, number of blows each side of test specimen	75	50	
Dust-asphalt ratio (1)	0.6-1.0	0.6-1.0	
Percent oil content	5.8-6.8	5.8-6.8	
Voids in the mineral aggregate (VMA) Minimum value			
Type I	13.0	12.0	
Type II or IIA	14.0	13.0	
Type III	15.0	14.0	

⁽¹⁾ Dust-asphalt ratio is defined as the percent of material passing the U.S. No. 200 sieve divided by the percent of asphalt (calculated by weight of mix).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COMPOSITION OF ASPHALT CONCRETE MIXTURES - JOB MIX DESIGN

- A. Asphalt concrete mixtures shall be composed of aggregate, asphalt cement, and required additives combined within the limits for the type and class specified in the contracts.
- B. It is the CONTRACTOR's responsibility to ensure that, in addition to the aggregate gradation requirements, the aggregate material meets all the requirements of this Section and asphalt concrete mixture meets the applicable design parameters, when tested according to ATM T-17.
- C. At least 15 days prior to the production of asphalt concrete pavement the CONTRACTOR shall submit a current mix design. The mix design shall be performed within six (6) months of the construction season. The following related items shall be submitted with the mix design:

- 1. Notification that aggregate proposed for the asphalt concrete mixture is available for sampling.
- 2. A letter stating the proposed gradation for the Trial Job Mix Design, gradations for individual stockpiles, and blend ratio for each aggregate stockpile.
- 3. A minimum of three (3) one-gallon samples of the asphalt cement proposed for use in the mixture, including name of product, manufacturer, test results as required, manufacturer's certificate of compliance, and a temperature viscosity curve for the asphalt cement.
- 4. A 1/2 pint sample of the anti-strip additive proposed, including name of product, manufacturer, and manufacturer's data sheet, and current Materials Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- 5. The CONTRACTOR shall accompany the ENGINEER during sampling, and shall furnish all the assistance needed to ensure that the ENGINEER obtains representative samples.
- 6. The mix design shall be 50 blow Marshall Method.
- D. The ENGINEER will evaluate the gradation for the Trial Job Mix Design and suitability of the materials submitted. If the asphalt concrete mixture conforms to the design parameters specified in Table 32 1216-1 when tested according to ATM T-17, the ENGINEER will approve the Trial Job Mix Design and specify a target value for the asphalt cement content, mixing temperature and additives.
- E. If the Trial Job Mix Design does not conform to the design parameters specified in Table 321216-1, when tested by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall submit in writing to the ENGINEER another proposed gradation for a second Trial Job Mix Design. Samples of aggregate and additional asphalt cement shall be obtained in the same manner as for the original Trial Job Mix Design. The ENGINEER shall evaluate and test the second Trial Job Mix Design and either approve or disapprove the design based on the contract requirements. The above procedure shall be repeated until the Trial Job Mix Design is approved.
- F. If the CONTRACTOR proposes a change in source of aggregate material, source of asphalt cement, or a change in the gradation target values after production has started, the CONTRACTOR shall submit in writing the proposed gradation target values to the ENGINEER and request a new Trial Job Mix Design be evaluated for approval. The CONTRACTOR shall accompany the ENGINEER during sampling and shall furnish all assistance needed to assure that the ENGINEER obtains representative samples. Approval of the new Trial Job Mix Design and/or aggregate material will require testing and evaluation. Trial Job Mix Design test results will be available within 15 calendar days of submittal. If the asphalt concrete mixture conforms to the design parameters specified in Table 32 1216-1 when tested in accordance with ATM T-17, the ENGINEER will develop a new target value for the asphalt cement content, mixing temperature and additives. The new target values for gradation and asphalt cement content will only be in effect on asphalt concrete mixture produced after the CONTRACTOR submittal of the new gradation target values for the Trial Job Mix Design.
- G. The location and type of the mixing plant shall be included with the Trial Job Mix Design data. Asphalt concrete mixtures produced from different plants shall not be mixed.

H. All trial job mix designs as required will be assessed and paid for by the CONTRACTOR.

2.2 ASPHALT AGGREGATES

- A. Aggregate for Plant Mix Asphalt Pavement:
 - 1. Coarse Aggregate: Coarse aggregate (that material retained on the No. 4 sieve) shall be crushed stone and shall consist of sound, tough, durable rock of uniform quality. Rock shall be free of schist that cleaves along preferred foliation planes. Rock shall be free of platy mineral grains. Metamorphosed rock shall be free of slaty cleavage. All material shall be free from clay balls, vegetable matter or other deleterious matters. Coarse aggregate shall not be coated with dirt or other finely divided mineral matter. All asphalt aggregates shall be fee of roots and wood. In addition, coarse aggregate shall meet the following requirements:

Nordic Abrasion Value	Nordic Abrasion Test Procedures 1	16.0 Max.
Percent of Wear	AASHTO T 96	25 max.
Degradation Value	ATM T-13	30 min.
Percent Sodium Sulfate Loss	AASHTO T 104	10 max.
Percent Fracture	ATM T-4	100 min. single face/ 80 min. double face

- 2. Asphalt concrete aggregate shall not exceed eight percent thin elongated pieces as determined by ATM T-9.
- 3. Fine Aggregate: Fine aggregate (passing the No. 4 sieve) shall meet the quality requirements of AASHTO M 29. Fine aggregate angularity shall be 40 minimum as determined by AASHTO T 304.
- 4. The several aggregate fractions for the mixture shall be sized, graded, and combined in such proportions that the resulting composite blend conforms to the grading requirements of Table 32 1216-2. Aggregates gradations shall be determined by ATM T-7, except when the sample is obtained by extraction.
- 5. Asphalt aggregate may be a blend but shall be 80% mechanically crushed with no more than 20% natural sand.
- 6. The material furnished shall conform to the approved Job Mix Design within the tolerances specified, except the limits given in Table 32 1216-2 may not be exceeded.

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¹ Nordic Abrasion Test Procedures will apply to both the coarse and intermediate aggregate for asphalt aggregate. Test procedures for Nordic Abrasion are available at AKDOT&PF SE Region Materials Laboratory.

Sieve Size	Tolerance % Passing
³ / ₄ inch	100
½ inch	± 6
3/8 inch	± 6
No. 4	± 6
No. 8	± 6
No. 16	± 5
No. 30	± 4
No. 50	± 4
No. 100	± 3
No. 200	± 1

TABLE 32 1216-2

11MEE 32 1210 2				
ASPHALT CONCRETE AGGREGATE				
Percent Passing by Weight				
Sieve Design	Type I	Type II	Type II-A	Type III
1-inch	100			
3/4 inch	80-95	100	100	
½ inch	60-88	80-95	86-98	100
3/8 inch	48-77	60-87	74-86	80-95
No. 4	28-63	36-48	46-58	44-81
No. 8	14-55	19-35	29-41	26-70
No. 16	9-46	10-25	18-28	16-59
No. 30	6-39	7-21	11-19	9-49
No. 50	5-29	5-20	6-14	6-36
No. 100	4-18	4-15	3-9	4-22
No. 200	2-6	2-6	2-6	2-6

2.3 ASPHALT MATERIALS

A. "The grade of asphalt cement material will be PG 58-22. The asphalt cement material shall conform to the applicable requirements of this Section and will be conditionally accepted at the source. If the material is to be conditionally accepted at the source, the CONTRACTOR shall provide a manufacture's certificate of compliance in accordance with this section and test results of the applicable quality requirements of this Section before the material is shipped. If there is a change in the source of the asphalt cement or if the kinematic viscosity (viscosity at 275°F) of the asphalt supplied for the Trial Job Mix Design by a factor of two (doubles or halves) or more, then operations shall be suspended while a new Trial Job Mix Design proposal is submitted for approval.

B. ASPHALT CEMENT

- 1. Asphalt cement shall be SHRP Performance Graded Binder PG58-28 PLUS.
- 2. Asphalt cement shall meet AASHTO M 320 and with Elastic Recovery (AASHTO T 301) 50% minimum.

C. CUT-BACK ASPHALTS

- 1. Cut-back asphalts shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 81 and M 82 except as follows:
 - a. In Table 1 of M 82, reduce the minimum absolute viscosity on residue from distillation at 60°C to 100, in the MC-30 and MC-250 columns, and revise the maximum distillate percentage by volume of total distillate at 225°C for MC-30 to read: 35%.

TEST FOR	SPECIFICATIONS	AASHTO TEST METHOD	SPECIFICATIONS
Penetration	(4°C [39.2°F], 200g, 60s), dmm RTFO Aged Residue Note 1	Т 49	15+
Ductility	(7.2°C [45°F], 1 cm/min), cm RTFO Aged Residue	T 51	10+
Absolute Viscosity	(60°C [140°F]), P Original Binders RFTO Aged Residue	T 202 T 202	1,100+ 1,500-6,000
Kinematic Viscosity	(60°C [140°F]), RTFO Viscosity/Orig. Viscosity	Т 201	275+
Absolute Viscosity Ratio	(60°C [140°F]), RTFO Viscosity/Orig. Viscosity		4.0-
Flash Point, Cleveland Open Cup	C(F) Original Binder	T 48	232°+(450°+)
Solubility in Trichloroethylene	%, Original Binder	T 44	99.0+
Ductility	(25°C [77°F], 5 cm/min), cm RTFO Aged Residue	T 51	75+

Note 1 "RTFO Aged Residue" means the asphaltic residue obtained using the rolling thin film oven test (RTFO Test), AASHTO T 240.

D. EMULSIFIED ASPHALTS

- 1. CCS-1 cationic emulsified asphalts shall comply with the requirements listed in Table 321216-3.
- 2. CCS-1 Cationic Emulsified Asphalt shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 208.

TABLE 321216-3

TESTS ON EMULSION	
Viscosity @ 77°F., SSF	30 max.
Storage Stability, 1 day, %	1 Max.
Demulsibility 35 ml. 0.8% SDS, %	25 min.
Particle Charge	Positive*
Sieve, % retained	0.10 max.
Distillation Oil by Vol. of Emulsion, %	5 max.
Distillation Residue by Wt. of Emulsion, %	45 min.
TESTS ON RESIDUE	
Penetration @ 77°F.	100-200
Ductility @ 77°F., 5 cm/min., cm	40 min.
Solubility in TCE, %	97.5 min.

^{*} If particle charge test is inconclusive, material having a max. Ph value of 6.7 will be acceptable.

E. STORAGE AND APPLICATION TEMPERATURES

1. Asphalt materials required by the Specifications shall be stored and applied within the temperatures ranges indicated below:

TABLE 321216-4 STORAGE AND APPLICATION TEMPERATURES

STOREGETH DIRECTION TERM ENGINEES				
Type and Grade of Material	Spray °F	Mix °F	Storage °F	
MC-30	85+		140 Max	
MC-250	165+	165-220	240 Max	
RC-800	200+		200 Max	
CRS-2	125-175		100-175	
CMS-2	125-175	120-160*	100-175	
CSS-1	90-120	90-160*	50-125	
AC-2.5	270+	235-280**	325 Max	
AC-5	280+	250-295**	325 Max	
AC-10	280+	250-315**	325 Max	
STE-1	70-140	70-150	50-125	
PG58-22		350 max	275-325°F	

^{*} Temperature of the emulsified asphalt in the pugmill mixture.

2.4 ANTI-STRIP ADDITIVES

A. Anti-strip agents shall be used in the proportions determined by ATM T-14 and shall be included in the approved Trial Job Mix Design. At least 70% of the aggregate shall remain coated when tested in accordance with ATM T-14.

2.5 PROCESS QUALITY CONTROL

A. The ENGINEER has the exclusive right and responsibility for determining the acceptability of all materials incorporated into the Project. It is expressly understood, however, that the CONTRACTOR is solely responsible for the sampling and testing of

^{**} As required to achieve Kinematic viscosity of 150-300 centistokes.

material for process control of the asphalt concrete mixture including screening, crushing, blending, stockpiling of the aggregate and production of the asphalt concrete mixture and monitoring compaction of the asphalt concrete mixture.

B. The results of the acceptance testing performed by the ENGINEER may not be available to the CONTRACTOR until a period of at least seven working days has elapsed from the date of sampling.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WEATHER LIMITATIONS

A. The asphalt concrete mixture shall not be placed on a surface with standing water, on an unstable roadbed when the base material is frozen, or when weather conditions prevent the proper handling or finishing of the mixture. No asphalt concrete, Type II, or Type III mixture, shall be placed unless the surface temperature is 40°F or warmer.

3.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. All equipment shall be in good working order and free of asphalt concrete mix buildup. All equipment shall be available for inspection and demonstration 72 hours prior to placement of asphalt concrete.
- B. Bituminous Mixing Plants:
 - 1. Mixing plants shall conform to AASHTO M 156.
 - 2. Proportioning (batch) scales shall not be used for weighing material for payment. Weigh scales used in conjunction with a storage silo may be used to weigh the final product for payment, provided the scales are certified.

C. Hauling Equipment:

- 1. Trucks used for hauling asphalt mixtures shall have tight, clean, smooth metal beds which have been thinly coated with a minimum amount of either paraffin oil, lime water solution as approved by the ENGINEER. Diesel or fuel oil shall not be used.
- 2. Each truck shall have a watertight canvas cover of such size as to extend at least one foot over the sides and end of the truck bed and be adequately secured to protect the asphalt concrete mixture. The use of the canvas cover shall be required at all times.
- 3. The Contractor shall make the trucks to be used for hauling the asphalt concrete mixture available for inspection by the Engineer prior to paving day and shall be identified in the Paving Plan. Trucks that do not meet the requirements of this section may be rejected by the Engineer and not allowed on the project unless the deficiencies are remedied and approved by the Engineer in advance of hauling asphalt. Use of trucks not approved for delivery by the Engineer may result in the rejection of the asphalt concrete mixture within the unapproved truck.

D. Asphalt Pavers:

- 1. Asphalt pavers shall be self-propelled units, provided with a heated vibratory screed. Grade and cross slope shall be controlled through the use of automatic grade and slope control devices. The paver screed control system shall be automatically actuated by the use of a string line, or minimum 30-foot long ski. The length of the string line shall be adjusted to produce the required surface smoothness.
- 2. The paver shall be equipped with a receiving hopper having sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation. The hopper shall be equipped with a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly in front of the screed.
- 3. The screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the required smoothness, thickness, and texture without tearing, shoving, or displacing the asphalt concrete mixture. Screed extensions used for paving a constant width shall be heated and vibrated. Auger extensions shall be the same length as the rigid screed extensions.
- 4. The use of a pickup machine to transfer the asphalt mixture from a windrow to the paver hopper will be permitted, provided the pickup machine is capable of collection of the windrowed material without damage to the underlying course. The ENGINEER will not allow the continued use of the pickup machine if segregation, excessive temperature loss, or any detrimental effects are observed.
- 5. Paver hopper wings shall either be left in the top or down position throughout the paving operation. If the CONTRACTOR wishes to dump the wings during paving, the material on the wings and in the hopper shall not be incorporated into the finish mat or included in the quantity for payment.
- 6. The screed assembly shall have a joint compaction device and a joint edge restrainer.

E. Rollers

- 1. The CONTRACTOR shall supply a sufficient number and weight of rollers to compact the mixture to the required density while maintaining the pace of the paving operations. Rollers shall be of the static steel wheel, vibratory steel wheel, and pneumatic tire type, self propelled and capable of reversing without backlash. They shall be specifically designated to compact hot asphalt concrete mixtures. The use of equipment which results in crushing of the aggregate will not be permitted. Pneumatic tire rollers shall be fully skirted; shall be at least six (6) feet wide; and shall be configured so that the rear group of tires align to cover the spaces between the front group of tires. The roller shall have an operating weight per tire of at least 3,000 pounds. Tires shall be of equal size, a minimum of 20 inches in diameter, shall be inflated to at least 80 psi and maintained so that tire pressures do not vary more than 5 psi between any two (2) tires
- F. Sidewalks shall be paved with a pull box-type paver, as manufactured by Layton Manufacturing Co., or similar equipment. Heavy, self-propelled laydown units that will place concentrated loading on curb and gutter sufficient to cause breakage, or other damage to the concrete, will not be permitted.

3.3 PREPARATION OF EXISTING SURFACE

- A. The existing surface shall be prepared in conformance with the Drawings and Specifications. Existing paved surfaces shall be cleaned of loose material by sweeping with a power broom, supplemented by hand sweeping, if necessary.
- B. Contact surfaces of curbing, gutters, manholes, and other structures shall be coated with a thin, uniform coating of tack coat material in conformance with Section 32 1217 Tack Coat prior to the asphalt mixture being placed.
- C. Surfaces which have received a prime coat shall be allowed to cure such that the prime coat is not picked up by the haul vehicles. Surfaces which have received an emulsion tack coat shall be allowed to break prior to placement of asphalt concrete mixture.
- D. The grading, shaping, and strengthening where applicable, of the road surface shall be as specified in Section 31 2003 Base Course.
- E. A string line installed by the CONTRACTOR at the direction of the ENGINEER will be the edges of paving.
- F. Prior to paving over any existing pavement, the surface shall be thoroughly cleaned and an application of tack coat applied that will provide a strong bond between the two layers.

3.4 PREPARATION OF ASPHALT

A. A continuous supply of the asphalt cement shall be supplied to the mixer at a uniform temperature, within 25°F of the Job Mix Design mixing temperature.

3.5 PREPARATION OF AGGREGATES

- A. The aggregate for the asphalt concrete mixture shall be heated and dried to a temperature compatible with the mix requirements specified. Flames used for drying and heating shall be properly adjusted to avoid damage to the aggregate and to avoid the presence of unburned fuel on the aggregate. Any asphalt concrete mixture in which soot or fuel is present shall be wasted and no payment made.
- B. Drying operations shall reduce the aggregate moisture content to the extent that the moisture content of the asphalt concrete mixture, sampled at the point of acceptance for asphalt cement content, shall be no more than 0.5% (by total weight of mix), as determined by ATM T-25.

3.6 MIXING

- A. The aggregate, asphalt cement additives shall be combined in the mixer in the amounts required by the Job Mix Design.
- B. The materials shall be mixed such that a complete and uniform coating of the aggregate is obtained. For batch plants, dry aggregate shall be placed in motion immediately prior to the addition of asphalt cement. Wet mixing time shall be adequate to obtain 98% coated particles when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 195.

C. The temperature of the asphalt concrete mixture at the time of the mixing shall be as determined by the Job Mix Design.

3.7 TEMPORARY STORAGE OF ASPHALT CONCRETE MIXTURE

- A. Temporary storing or holding of hot asphalt concrete mixture in silo type storage bins will be permitted.
- B. All the asphalt concrete mixture drawn from the silo type storage bins shall conform to all of the requirements for asphalt concrete mixtures as if loaded directly into hauling equipment from the mixing plant. Signs of visible segregation, heat loss, changes from the Job Mix Design, change in the characteristics of asphalt cement, lumpiness or stiffness of the mixture will be cause for rejection.
- C. Unsuitable asphalt concrete mixture shall be disposed of by the CONTRACTOR at no cost to the OWNER.

3.8 SPREADING AND PLACING

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall submit a Paving Plan for the ENGINEER's review a minimum of five (5) working days prior to initiating the paving operation. The Paving Plan shall consist of, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Paving schedule to include sequence of operations.
 - 2. Paving schedule distributed to residents within the Project boundary.
 - 3. Operational details to include:
 - a. Plant operating capacity and target production rate.
 - b. Number and capacity of trucks, cycle time, and delivery rate.
 - c. The manufacturer and model of the paver and pickup machine, to include information on grade followers, sensors, operating speed and production rate of the pavers.
 - d. Number, type, weight, and operating speed of rollers.
 - e. Location of longitudinal joints.
 - f. Method of constructing transverse joints.
 - g. Construction plan for paving intersections and driveways.
 - h. The manufacturers, model number, and the last certified calibration date for the CONTRACTOR's nuclear densometer gauge.
- B. The asphalt concrete mixture shall be laid upon a surface approved by the ENGINEER, spread and struck off to the required compacted thickness. Asphalt pavers shall be used to distribute the asphalt concrete mixture in lanes of such widths as to hold to a practical minimum the number of longitudinal joints required, subject to the requirements of this Section.
- C. When laying asphalt concrete mixtures, the paver shall be operated at uniform forward speeds consistent with the delivery of asphalt concrete mix to avoid unnecessary stopping and starting of the paver.

- D. On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, the asphalt concrete mixture shall be spread, raked and luted by hand tools. For such areas the asphalt concrete mixture shall be placed to the required compacted thickness.
- E. Any asphalt concrete mixture which is observed to be contaminated or segregated will be rejected.
- F. When the section of roadway being paved is open to traffic, adjacent traffic lanes shall be paved to the same elevation within 24 hours unless prevented by weather or other factors beyond the CONTRACTOR's control.
- G. When multiple lifts are specified in the contract, the final lift shall not be placed until all other lower lift pavement throughout that section, as defined by the Paving Plan, has been placed and accepted. Paving shall not begin until all adjacent curb has been poured and cured for 72 hours or until satisfactory strength is achieved.
- H. Manhole frame and covers and water valve boxes shall be set to final grade in accordance to CBJ Standard 205 MANHOLE HEIGHTS, prior to paving operations. If the cover lugs or frame, whichever is higher, does not meet the required depression range following the finish paving operations, the CONTRACTOR shall construct a transition slab with asphalt pavement overlay, per CBJ Standard 126 CONCRETE COLLAR, at no additional cost to the OWNER.
- K. The CONTRACTOR shall hold a pre-paving conference on site with the ENGINEER to review and verify and accuracy of the Paving Plan prior to paving day. The paving foreman shall be present to explain each of the operational details included in the paving plan.

3.9 COMPACTION

- A. Immediately after the asphalt mixture has been spread, struck-off and surface irregularities adjusted, it shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted by rolling.
- B. Minimum compaction shall be 94% of AASHTO T 209. The target value for density will be 94 to 97% of the maximum specific gravity (MSG) as determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209 for the first sample from each lot of asphalt concrete mixture, as defined in this Section. Acceptance testing for field density will be determined in accordance with ATM T-18 or ASTM D-2950, as directed in writing by the ENGINEER.
- C. The asphalt concrete mixture, including the leveling course, shall have a minimum of three (3) complete passes with a pneumatic-tired roller prior to cooling to 175°F. A pass is defined as once over each point on the pavement surface.
- D. Areas not accessible to the rollers shall be graded with rakes and lutes and compacted with mechanical tampers. For depressed areas a trench roller may be used to achieve the required compaction.
- E. Any asphalt concrete mixture that becomes loose and broken segregated, mixed with dirt, or is any other way defective shall be removed and replaced with fresh hot asphalt

concrete mixture, which shall be compacted to conform with the surrounding area. Any area showing an excess or deficiency of asphalt cement shall be removed and replaced.

F. Rollers or other vehicles shall not be parked or left standing on pavement that has not cooled sufficiently to prevent indentation by wheels.

3.10 JOINTS

- A. Joints shall be made to ensure a continuous bond between old and new sections of the course. All joints shall present the same texture and smoothness as other sections of the course.
- B. When joining old existing pavement and new pavement, the old pavement shall be cut in a neat line, with a power driven saw. All saw cuts on the Project shall be sealed with hot asphalt sealant.
- C. Improperly formed asphalt joints resulting in surface irregularities or rock segregation shall be removed, full road width, replaced with new material, and thoroughly compacted. The edge of pavement along the centerline joint shall not be allowed to drop below 200 degrees Fahrenheit prior to the asphalt mix from the adjacent lane being placed against this edge.
- D. A thin tack coat of asphalt cement or asphalt emulsion shall be applied on all cold joints prior to placing any fresh asphalt concrete mixture against the joint. This WORK shall be completed by the CONTRACTOR just prior to paving.
- E. Transverse joints shall be formed by cutting back on the previous run to expose the full depth of the course or by using a removable bulkhead.
- F. The longitudinal joints in one layer shall offset those in the layer immediately below by at least six (6) inches. The joints in the top layer shall be at centerline or lane lines except where pre-formed marking tape striping is required, in which case the longitudinal joint in the top layer shall be offset not more than one (1) foot.
- G. The density at the joints shall not be more than 2% lower than the density specified in the lanes away from the joint.
- H. Rolling at the longitudinal joint should be done from the hot side with a vibratory roller as soon as possible. The hot side should always overlap the cold side by 1 to 1.5 inches at the joint.
- I. The finished asphalt surface along the edge of catch curb and gutter shall be ½ inch above the top edge of the gutter pan.
- J. All joints with existing asphalt pavement shall be resealed with PG 58-22 asphalt cement after the new pavement has cooled to ambient temperature. All joints with concrete gutters found to have a gap shall be blown out using a weed burner torch, filled with PG 58-22 asphalt cement and covered with a layer of dry sand. Excess sand shall be removed and asphalt cement placed on the concrete gutter more than one-inch from the edge of gutter shall be removed using solvent or other approving methods.

3.11 SURFACE TOLERANCE

- A. The surface will be tested after final rolling at selected locations using a ten (10) foot straightedge. The variation of the surface from the testing edge of the straightedge between any two (2) contacts with the surface shall not exceed 3/16 inch. The asphalt concrete mixture in all defective areas shall be removed and replaced. All costs associated with removal and replacement of asphalt concrete mixture in the defective areas shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.
- B. All asphalt surfaces segregated with single large stones void of intermediate aggregate on the surface shall be removed and replaced full lane width. The surface particles shall be consistent and conform to the contract gradation.

3.12 PATCHING DEFECTIVE AREAS

A. Any asphalt concrete mixture that becomes contaminated with wood or foreign material or is in any way defective shall be removed. Defective materials shall be removed for the full thickness of the course. The pavement shall be sawcut so that the sides are perpendicular and parallel to the direction of traffic and so that the edges are vertical. Edges shall be coated with a thin tack coat material in accordance with Section 32 1217 — Tack Coat. Fresh asphalt concrete mixture shall be placed in sufficient quantity so that the finished surface will conform to grade and smoothness requirements. The asphalt concrete mixture shall be compacted to the density specified. No payment shall be made for material replacing defective material. All costs associated with the patching of defective areas shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.

3.13 ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING AND TESTING

- A. Asphalt concrete pavement will be accepted for payment based on the ENGINEER's approval of: the Job Mix Design; the materials; the placement and compaction of the asphalt concrete pavement to the specified depth, finished surface requirements, tolerances, and densities. Any area of finished surfacing that is visibly segregated, fails to meet surface tolerance requirements or specified thickness or densities, or is in any way defective, shall be removed and replaced with new asphalt concrete pavement. Removal and replacement of defective pavement shall be at no additional cost to the OWNER. The full depth of the new asphalt concrete mixture will be replaced: surface patching will not be allowed.
- B. Acceptance sampling and testing shall be performed by the ENGINEER. Acceptance testing will determine whether the materials, installation and compaction efforts used by the CONTRACTOR have met these specifications. The results of the acceptance testing performed by the ENGINEER may not be available to the CONTRACTOR until a period of at least seven working days has elapsed from the date of sampling.
- C. A lot will be the total asphalt placed on the Project per season. A sublot will be one Day's production on the Project. Each sublot shall be randomly sampled and tested in accordance with this Subsection for asphalt cement content, maximum specific gravity using the Rice Method, density, and gradation.

- D. Samples taken for the determination of asphalt cement content and gradation will be taken from behind the screed prior to initial compaction. Asphalt cement content shall be determined by ATM T-23. The cost of this sampling (one per sublot) will be borne by the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall pay for additional testing if not in compliance.
- E. ASTM D-2950 will be used to measure density. A minimum of six (6) random tests in locations determined by the ENGINEER will be taken from each sublot. When using ASTM D-2950, the MSG or laboratory pounds per cubic feet shall be determined by using the Rice Method, AASHTO T 209. The Rice Method, for the purposes of nuclear gauge compaction testing, replaces the Marshal Method. Acceptance testing for density will be completed by the ENGINEER in the following sequence:
 - 1. The ENGINEER will randomly sample the in-place asphalt concrete mixture with a nuclear densometer gauge. Random is defined as having no specific pattern. Frequency of this testing will be determined by the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR may request a re-test of any nuclear densometer sample not within Specification limits. The ENGINEER will select the sample location for the re-test. Only one (1) re-test per sample will be allowed. This acceptance testing will be paid for by the OWNER.
 - 2. If the random density acceptance testing indicates that the density specified has not been met, further sampling and testing will be required by the ENGINEER. At the direction of the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall cut at least one (1) full depth six (6) inch diameter core sample (per lot) from the finished mat. The samples shall be neatly cut by a core drill at the randomly selected locations. Core holes for sampling shall be backfilled and compacted with hot asphalt concrete mixture within two (2) hours of sampling. The core samples will be tested for compliance with these specifications at a certified laboratory specified by the ENGINEER. Any sampling and testing required beyond the nuclear densometer testing by the ENGINEER will be paid by the CONTRACTOR.
- F. At the direction of the ENGINEER, samples taken for the determination of aggregate gradation may be obtained from one (1) of the following locations:
 - 1. From the combined aggregate cold feed conveyor via a diversion chute, or from the stopped conveyor belt.
 - 2. For dry batched aggregates, on batch plants, the pugmill shall be cleaned by dry batching at least two (2) dry batches or until no asphalt coating is found on the aggregate. One complete batch will be dropped in a loader bucket and hand mixed thoroughly with a shovel until a sample can be taken. The sample will be used for acceptance, gradation, control, and payment.
- G. Additional materials testing will be required whenever a new Trial Job Mix Design is approved. The maximum specific gravity (MSG) for each lot will be determined from the first randomly selected sample from the first sublot. Material testing includes, but is not limited to, gradations, extractions, density testing and core analysis.
- H. If field density is determined in accordance with ASTM D-2950, additional core samples will be required whenever a new Trial Job Mix Design is approved or whenever there is a change in the typical section. The MSG for each lot will be determined from the first randomly selected sample from the first sublot. The CONTRACTOR shall reimburse the OWNER for all materials testing beyond the first \$2,000.00. Material testing includes but is not limited to gradations, extractions, density testing and core analysis.

- I. All tests necessary to determine conformance with the requirements specified in this Section will be performed by the ENGINEER and paid for by the CONTRACTOR.
- J. The frequency of materials testing for asphalt is determined by the ADOT&PF Materials Frequency Guide. The ENGINEER shall meet with the Project Manager prior to paving in order to determine the appropriate testing frequency. The latest edition of the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities Standard Specifications for Highway Construction shall be used and incorporated by reference herein.
- K. For each lot of asphalt pavement produced, at least two (2) samples shall be taken by the CONTRACTOR for purposes of acceptance testing by the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall split the sample with the OWNER to retain a portion for their use. The sample shall be taken according to proper sampling methods, from the asphalt pavement on the grade.

The deduction amounts will be determined from the OWNER's acceptance testing results. The values will be calculated by averaging the amount of the absolute value of the two tests outside the job mix design tolerance (the difference between the actual test result and the job mix design tolerance range). A test value within the job mix design tolerance will be considered a zero (0) value for averaging the two values. Deduction from the asphalt pavement pay item shall be made at the following amounts:

- 1. #200 Sieve: the greater of either 1.0% the contract price for asphalt pavement placed within the sampled lot or \$500 per each 0.1% outside the job mix design tolerance, not exceeding 6% maximum, of the percent passing the #200 sieve. The allowable tolerance for this Contract shall be $\pm 1.0\%$ of the target mix design value and shall not exceed the content limits specified in this Contract. If values fall outside of the allowable tolerance, deductions shall be calculated from the mix design target value.
- 2. Asphalt Content: the greater of either 1.0% of the contract price for asphalt pavement placed within the sampled lot or \$500 per each 0.1% outside the allowable job mix design asphalt content tolerance. The allowable asphalt content tolerance for this Contract shall be $\pm 0.4\%$ of the target job mix design value and not to fall below a value of 5.6%. If values fall outside of the allowable tolerance, deductions shall be calculated from the mix design target value.

The pay deductions for exceeding the job mix design tolerances does not constitute acceptance of a mix that does not meet the specifications. Further acceptance testing will be performed to determine if the asphalt pavement specifications have been met. No payment for asphalt pavement will be made for asphalt pavement exceeding job mix design tolerances, or not meeting asphalt pavement specifications, until additional testing determines whether the asphalt pavement meets all other specifications.

For the purposes of this Contract, one lot of asphalt pavement is defined as 500 tons, or a single day's asphalt pavement production of at least 100 tons.

END OF SECTION 321216

SECTION 321217 - TACK COAT

PART 1- GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for furnishing and applying bituminous material to an existing asphalt surface to provide a bond for a new asphalt pavement surface.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Asphalt material used for tack coat shall be STE-1 or CCS-1 Cationic Emulsified Asphalt, conforming to the requirements of the following table:

CCS-1/STE-1 CATIONIC EMULSIFIED ASPHALT

TESTS ON EMULSION Viscosity @ 77°F., SSF 30 max. Storage Stability, One (1) day, % One (1) max. Demulsibility 35 ml. 0.8% SDS, % 25 min. Particle Charge Positive * Sieve, % retained 0.10 max. Distillation Oil by Vol. Of Emulsion, % Five (5) max. Distillation Residue by Wt. Of Emulsion, % 45 min. TESTS ON RESIDUE Penetration @ 77° F. 100-200 Ductility @ 77°F., 5cm/min., cm 40 min Solubility in TCE, % 97.5 min.

^{*} If particle charge test is inconclusive, material having a maximum pH value of 6.7 will be acceptable.

Storage/Application	Spray °F	Mix °F	Storage °F
Limitations for STE-1	70-140	70-150	50-125
Limitations for CCS-1	70-140	70-160	50-125

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT

A. The CONTRACTOR shall provide equipment for heating and applying the Tack Coat.

3.2 CONSTRUCTION

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPRADES AND JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108

SECTION 321217 - TACK COAT

- A. The existing surface shall be patched, thoroughly cleaned, and free of irregularities to provide a reasonably smooth and uniform surface to receive the treatment. Unstable corrugated areas shall be removed and replaced with suitable patching materials. The edges of existing pavements, which are to be adjacent to new pavement, shall be cleaned to permit the adhesion of asphalt materials.
- B. Tack Coat shall not be applied to a wet surface. Tack Coat shall be applied only when the air temperature is above 40°F.
- C. CSS-1 emulsified asphalt for tack coat shall be diluted with an equal amount of potable water at a temperature of between 50°F and 102°F and mixed for a minimum of 15 minutes before using.
- D. Diluted emulsion shall be used within 48 hours after the water is added.
- E. The diluted emulsion shall be uniformly applied with a pressure distributor at a rate of 0.05 to 0.10 gallons per square yard, as directed.
- F. The Tack Coat shall be applied in such a manner as to offer the least inconvenience to traffic and to permit one-way traffic without pick-up, or tracking of the asphalt material.
- G. Existing improvements such as the rigid conduit, power supply cable, concrete encasement and centerline light shall be protected to prevent contact with bituminous material. The Tack Coat shall be allowed to dry until it is in a proper condition of tackiness to receive the next course. The Tack Coat shall be applied only as far in advance of the next course placement as is necessary to obtain this proper condition of tackiness. Until the next course is placed, the CONTRACTOR shall protect the Tack Coat from damage.
- H. STE-1 cationic asphalt shall not be diluted.

END OF SECTION 321217

SECTION 321218 - REMOVE EXISTING ASPHALT SURFACING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to sawcut and remove existing asphalt surfacing as shown on the Drawings, or as directed by the ENGINEER.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. All materials shall conform to the requirements of the Specifications or to the requirements of the agency having jurisdiction over the pavement being replaced.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Asphalt Pavement to be removed shall be neatly saw cut full depth along straight lines, with a tolerance of 0.1 feet in 50 feet and 0.2 feet in 100 feet. Only such pavement shall be removed as is necessary to excavate for the appurtenances, but the pavement shall be cut a sufficient distance outside the excavation to prevent damage to adjacent pavement by lifting or tearing the mat. All removed pavement shall be disposed off of the Project at an approved disposal site.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall deliver the removed asphalt surfacing material to an approved asphalt disposal site.
- C. If the CONTRACTOR fails to comply with the provisions of any CBJ ordinance, State Statute or permit pertaining to asphalt disposal sites; the ENGINEER shall have the right, after giving 30 days written notice, to bring the disposal sites into compliance and collect the cost of the WORK from the CONTRACTOR, either directly or by withholding monies otherwise due under the contract.

END OF SECTION 321218

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for furnishing and installing portland cement concrete for site concrete structures in conformance with the Drawings and Specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PORTLAND CEMENT

- A. Portland cement shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 85.
- B. Unless otherwise permitted by the ENGINEER, the product from only one mill and one brand and type of portland cement shall be used on the Project.

2.2 FINE AGGREGATE

A. Fine aggregate for portland cement concrete shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 6 with the following exceptions:

Delete section on deleterious substances and substitute the following:

Delete paragraph 4.2 of AASHTO M 6.

2.3 COARSE AGGREGATE

A. Coarse aggregate for portland cement concrete shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 80, class A, with the following exceptions:

Delete section on deleterious substances and substitute the following:

Sticks and roots, percent by weight	0.10 max
Friable Particles, percent by weight	
Maximum loss from AASHTO T 96 shall be 50 percent.	
Maximum loss from AASHTO T-104 shall be 12 percent.	

2.4 PIGMENTED CONCRETE

A. Pigmented Concrete shall be Davis Colors powdered pigment, color light grey 8084, or approved equal, mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or approved equal.

2.5 JOINT FILLERS

- A. Joint filler, of the type designated in the contract, shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Poured filler shall conform to AASHTO M 173 or AASHTO M 282 as specified.
 - 2. Preformed fillers shall conform to AASHTO M 33 for bituminous type; AASHTO M 153 for sponge rubber (type I), cork (type II), and self-expanding cork (type III); AASHTO M 213 for nonextruding and resilient bituminous types and resilient bituminous types and AASHTO M 220 for pre-formed elastomeric types as specified.
 - 3. AASHTO M 220 for preformed elastomeric types as specified. The filler shall be punched to admit the dowels where called for on the Drawings. Joint filler shall be furnished in a single piece for the depth and width required for the joint unless otherwise authorized by the ENGINEER. When more than one piece is authorized for a joint, the abutting ends shall be fastened securely, and held accurately to shape, by stapling or other positive fastening satisfactory to the ENGINEER.
 - 4. Foam filler shall be expanded polystyrene filler having a compressive strength of not less than 10 psi.
 - 5. Hot -poured sealants for concrete and asphaltic pavements shall conform to ASTM D 3405.
 - 6. Hot-poured elastomeric type sealant for concrete pavements shall conform to ASTM D 3406.
 - 7. Cold-poured silicone type sealant for concrete pavements shall conform to Federal Specification TT-S-1543, Class A. The sealant shall be a one part, low-modulus silicone rubber with an ultimate elongation of 1,200 percent.

2.6 CURING MATERIAL

- A. Curing material shall conform to the following requirements as specified:
 - 1. Burlap Cloth made from Jute Kenaf AASHTO M 182.
 - 2. Sheet Material for Curing Concrete AASHTO M 171.
 - 3. Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds AASHTO M 148 for Curing Concrete, Type I.
- B. The requirements specified in AASHTO M 148 covering "Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete" are modified by adding the following:

1. Liquid membrane-forming compounds utilizing linseed oil shall not be used.

2.7 AIR ENTRAINING AGENTS

A. Air-entraining admixtures shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 154.

2.8 MIXING WATER

A. Unless otherwise permitted in writing by the ENGINEER, all water shall be obtained from the CBJ potable water system.

2.9 REINFORCING STEEL

A. Reinforcing shall conform to AASHTO M 31, and be of grade 60 or the grade designated on the Drawings or in the Specifications. Welded wire fabric shall conform to AASHTO M 55. Epoxy coated reinforcing bars shall conform to AASHTO M 284.

2.10 SHIPPING AND STORAGE OF CEMENT

- A. Cement may be shipped from pretested approved bins. The cement shall be well protected from rain and moisture. Any cement damaged by moisture or which fails to meet any of the specified requirements shall be rejected and removed from the WORK.
- B. Cement stored by the CONTRACTOR for a period longer than 60 days in other than sealed bins or silos shall be retested before being used. Cement of different brands, types, or from different mills shall be stored separately.

2.11 COMPOSITION OF CONCRETE

- A. All portland cement concrete shall be ready-mix, provided by an approved plant regularly engaged in the production of concrete, unless otherwise authorized in writing by the ENGINEER. Ready-mix concrete shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 157.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the mix design to the ENGINEER for approval. The mix design shall be suitable for its intended use. Concrete shall be designed using an absolute volume analysis. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for having each mix design tested at a laboratory. Prior to the start of production of any mix design, the CONTRACTOR shall submit test results and certifications for all materials, detailed mix design data and results of laboratory tests to the ENGINEER for approval. Approval by the ENGINEER will be based on apparent conformity to these Specifications. It shall remain the CONTRACTOR's responsibility during production to produce concrete conforming to the mix design and the minimum acceptance criteria in the contract. When requested by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall submit samples of all materials for verification testing. Production shall not commence until the mix design is approved by the ENGINEER.
- C. Unless otherwise specified the design mix shall meet the following:

Minimum cement content 6 1/2 sacks (611 lb.) per C.Y. Maximum water/cement ratio 5.75 gal/sack (0.51 #/#)

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28-day compressive strength (fc) as indicated on Drawings.

Slump $3" \pm 1"$ Entrained Air 3 to 6%

Coarse Aggregate AASHTO M 43, Gradation No. 67

Cement factors are based on 94-pound sacks

- D. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for producing and placing specification concrete with a cement content within a tolerance of two percent.
- E. The use of superplasticizers in the concrete mix to improve the workability of mixes with low water cement ratios will require prior written approval by the ENGINEER.
- F. The CONTRACTOR may, subject to prior approval in writing, use alternative sizes of coarse aggregate as shown in Table 1 of AASHTO M 43. If the use of an alternative size of coarse aggregate produces concrete which exceeds the permissible water-cement ratio above, thereby requiring additional cement above that specified, no compensation will be made to the CONTRACTOR for the additional cement.

2.12 SAMPLING AND TESTING

- A. Field tests of all materials will be made by the ENGINEER when deemed necessary, in accordance with the applicable Specifications. When the results of the field tests indicate the material does not conform to the requirements of the Specifications, the re-tests required by the ENGINEER shall be at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- B. Materials which fail to meet contract requirements, as indicated by laboratory tests, shall not be used in the WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall remove all defective materials from the site.
- C. Types and sizes of concrete specimens shall be in accordance with ASTM C 31. Additional slump tests and/or test cylinders may be required at the discretion of the ENGINEER. Should the analysis of any test cylinder not meet the preceding requirements of Article 2.11 (Composition of Concrete) its representative concrete shall be removed and replaced at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- D. Three copies of all test reports shall be furnished to the ENGINEER.

2.13 COLD WEATHER CONCRETE

- A. Concrete shall not be placed when the descending air temperature in the shade, away from artificial heat, falls below 40°F. Placement of concrete shall not resume before the ascending air temperature reaches 35°F, without specific written authorization. When the air temperature falls below 40°F, or is, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, likely to do so within a 24 hour period after placing concrete, the CONTRACTOR shall have ready on the job materials and equipment required to heat mixing water and aggregate and to protect freshly placed concrete from freezing.
- B. Concrete placed at air temperatures below 40°F shall have a temperature not less than 50°F nor greater than 70°F when placed in the forms. These temperatures shall be

obtained by heating the mixing water and/or aggregate. Mixing water shall not be heated to more than 160°F.

- C. Binned aggregates containing ice or in a frozen condition will not be permitted nor will aggregates which have been heated directly by gas or oil flame or heated on sheet metal over an open fire. When aggregates are heated in bins, only steam-coil or water-coil heating will be permitted, except that other methods, when approved, may be used. If live steam is used to thaw frozen aggregate piles, drainage times comparable to those applicable for washed aggregates shall apply.
- D. When the temperature of either the water or aggregate exceeds 100°F, they shall be mixed together so that the temperature of the mix does not exceed 80°F at the time the cement is added.
- E. Any additives must have prior approval of the ENGINEER before being used.
- F. The use of calcium chloride is prohibited.
- G. When placing concrete in cold weather, the following precautions shall be taken in addition to the above requirements:
 - 1. Heat shall be applied to forms and reinforcing steel before placing concrete as required to remove all frost, ice, and snow from all surfaces which will be in contact with fresh concrete.
 - 2. When fresh concrete is to be placed in contact with hardened concrete, the surface of the previous pour shall be warmed to at least 35°F, thoroughly wet, and free water removed before fresh concrete is placed.
 - 3. When Type I or II cement is used, freshly placed concrete shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 70°F for three days or not less than 50°F for five days. When Type III cement is used, freshly placed concrete shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 70°F for two days or not less than 50°F for three days.
 - 4. The above requirements are not intended to apply during the normal summer construction season when air temperatures of 40°F or higher can reasonably be anticipated during the two-week period immediately following concrete placement, or until the concrete is no longer in danger from freezing.
- H. When temperatures below 20°F are not expected during the curing period and, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, no other adverse conditions, such as high winds, are expected, concrete temperatures may be maintained in thick concrete sections by retention of heat of hydration by means of adequately insulated forms.
- I. When, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, greater protection is required to maintain the specified temperature, the fresh concrete shall be completely enclosed and an adequate heat source provided. Such enclosure and heat source shall be so designed that evaporation of moisture from the concrete during curing is prevented. Precautions shall be taken to protect the structure from overheating and fire.

- J. At the end of the required curing period protection may be removed, but in such a manner that the drop in temperature of any portion of the concrete will be gradual and not exceed 30°F in the first 24 hours.
- K. For concrete placed within cofferdams and cured by flooding with water, the above conditions may be waived provided that the water in contact with the concrete is not permitted to freeze. De-watering shall not be carried out until the ENGINEER determines that the concrete has cured sufficiently to withstand freezing temperatures and hydrostatic pressure.
- L. The CONTRACTOR shall be wholly responsible for the protection of the concrete during cold weather operations. Any concrete injured by frost action or overheating shall be removed and replaced at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

2.14 FORMS

- A. Forms shall be so designed and constructed that they may be removed without injuring the concrete.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, forms for exposed surfaces shall be made of plywood, hard-pressed fiberboard, sized and dressed tongue-and-groove lumber, or metal in which all bolt and rivet holes are countersunk, so that a plane, smooth surface of the desired contour is obtained. Rough lumber may be used for surfaces that will not be exposed in the finished structure. All lumber shall be free from knotholes, loose knots, cracks, splits, warps, or other defects affecting the strength or appearance of the finished structure. All forms shall be mortar tight, free of bulge and warp, and shall be cleaned thoroughly before reuse.
- C. In designing forms and falsework, concrete shall be regarded as a liquid. In computing vertical loads a weight of 150 pounds per cubic foot shall be assumed. The lateral pressure for design of wall forms shall not be less than that given by the following formulas:

For walls with R less than or equal to 7 feet per hour:

 $P=150 + \frac{9000R}{T}$, but not more than 2000 p.s.f. or 150 h, whichever is less.

For walls with R greater than 7 feet per hour:

 $P=150 + \frac{43,400}{T} + \frac{2800R}{T}$, but not more than 2000 p.s.f. or 150 h, whichever is less.

Where:

P = lateral pressure for design of wall forms, p.s.f.

R = rate of placement, feet per hour

T = temperature of concrete in forms, °F

h = maximum height of fresh concrete in form, feet.

- D. The above formulas apply to internally vibrated concrete placed at 10 feet per hour or less, without the use of retarding agents, and where depth of vibration is limited to four feet below the top of the concrete surface. The CONTRACTOR shall state the placement rate and minimum concrete temperature on the working drawings for concrete form WORK. Deflection of plywood, studs, and walers shall not exceed 1/360 of the span between supports.
- E. Forms shall be so designed that placement and finishing of the concrete will not impose loads on the structure resulting in adverse deflections or distortions.
- F. The forms shall be so designed that portions covering concrete that is required to be finished may be removed without disturbing other portions that are to be removed later. As far as practicable, form marks shall conform to the general lines of the structure.
- G. When possible, forms shall be day-lighted at intervals not greater than 10 feet vertically, the openings being sufficient to permit free access to the forms for the purpose of inspecting, and working.
- H. Metal ties or anchorages within the forms shall be so constructed as to permit their removal to a depth of at least one inch from the face without injury to the concrete. All fittings for metal ties shall be of such design that, upon their removal, the cavities which are left will be of the smallest possible size.
- I. All exposed edges 90° or sharper shall be chamfered 3/4 inch unless otherwise noted. Chamfering of forms for re-entrant angles shall be required only when specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- J. Forms shall be inspected immediately prior to the placing of concrete. Dimensions shall be checked carefully and any bulging or warping shall be remedied and all debris and standing water within the forms shall be removed. Special attention shall be paid to ties and bracing and where forms appear to be braced insufficiently or built unsatisfactorily, either before or during placing of the concrete, the ENGINEER shall order the WORK stopped until the defects have been corrected.
- K. Forms shall be constructed true to line and grade. Clean-out ports shall be provided at construction joints.
- L. All forms shall be installed in accordance with approved fabrication and erection plans.
- M. All porous forms shall be treated with non-staining form oil or saturated with water immediately before placing concrete.
- N. Falsework shall be built to carry the loads without appreciable settlement. Falsework that cannot be founded on solid footings must be supported by ample falsework piling. Falsework shall be designed to sustain all imposed loads.
- O. Detail drawings of the falsework shall be submitted for review, but such review shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of any responsibility under the contract for the successful completion of the structure.

- P. Forms and falsework shall not be removed without the consent of the ENGINEER. The ENGINEER consent shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of responsibility for the safety of the WORK. Blocks and bracing shall be removed at the time the forms are removed and in no case shall any portion of the wood forms be left in the concrete.
- Q. To facilitate finishing, forms used on exposed vertical surfaces shall be removed in not less than 12, nor more than 48 hours, depending upon weather conditions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. All concrete shall be placed before it has taken its initial set and, in any case, within 30 minutes after mixing. Concrete shall be placed in such a manner as to avoid segregation of coarse or fine portions of the mixture, and shall be spread in horizontal layers when practicable. Special care shall be exercised in the bottom of slabs and girders to assure the working of the concrete around nests of reinforcing steel, so as to eliminate rock pockets or air bubbles. Enough rods, spades, tampers and vibrators shall be provided to compact each batch before the succeeding one is dumped and to prevent the formation of joints between batches.
- B. Extra vibrating shall be done along all faces to obtain smooth surfaces. Care shall be taken to prevent mortar from splattering on forms and reinforcing steel and from drying ahead of the final covering with concrete.
- C. Concrete shall not be placed in slabs or other sections requiring finishing on the top surface when precipitation is occurring or when in the opinion of the ENGINEER precipitation is likely before completion of the finishing, unless the CONTRACTOR shall have ready on the job all materials and equipment necessary to protect the concrete and allow finishing operations to be completed.
- D. Troughs, pipes, or short chutes used as aids in placing concrete shall be arranged and used in such a manner that the ingredients of the concrete do not become separated. Where steep slopes are required, troughs and chutes shall be equipped with baffle boards or shall be in short lengths that reverse the direction of movement. All chutes, troughs, and pipe shall be kept clean and free of hardened concrete by flushing thoroughly with water after each run. Water used for flushing shall be discharged clear of the concrete in place. Troughs and chutes shall be of steel or plastic or shall be lined with steel or plastic and shall extend as nearly as possible to the point of deposit. The use of aluminum for pipes, chutes or tremies is prohibited. When discharge must be intermittent, a hopper or other device for regulating the discharge shall be provided.
- E. Dropping the concrete a distance of more than five (5) feet or depositing a large quantity at any point and running or working it along the forms will not be permitted. The placing of concrete shall be so regulated that the pressures caused by wet concrete shall not exceed those used in the design of the forms.
- F. High frequency internal vibrators of either the pneumatic, electrical, or hydraulic type shall be used for compacting concrete in all structures. The number of vibrators used shall be ample to consolidate the fresh concrete within 15 minutes of placing in the

forms. In all cases, the CONTRACTOR shall provide at least two concrete vibrators for each individual placement operation (one may be a standby), which shall conform to the requirements of these Specifications. Prior to the placement of any concrete, the CONTRACTOR shall demonstrate that the two vibrators are in good working order and repair and ready for use.

- G. The vibrators shall be an approved type, with a minimum frequency of 5,000 cycles per minute and shall be capable of visibly affecting a properly designed mixture with a one inch slump for a distance of at least 18 inches from the vibrator.
- H. Vibrators shall not be held against forms or reinforcing steel nor shall they be used for flowing the concrete or spreading it into place. Vibrators shall be so manipulated as to produce concrete that is free of voids, is of proper texture on exposed faces, and of maximum consolidation. Vibrators shall not be held so long in one place as to result in segregation of concrete or formation of laitance on the surface.
- I. Concrete shall be placed continuously throughout each section of the structure or between indicated joints. If, in any emergency, it is necessary to stop placing concrete before a section is completed, bulkheads shall be placed as the ENGINEER may direct and the resulting joint shall be treated as a construction joint.
- J. The presence of areas of excessive honeycomb may be considered sufficient cause for rejection of a structure. Upon written notice that a given structure has been rejected, the rejected WORK shall be removed and rebuilt, in part or wholly as specified, at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

3.2 PUMPING CONCRETE

- A. Concrete may be placed by pumping if the CONTRACTOR demonstrates that the pumping equipment to be used will effectively handle the particular class of concrete with the slump and air content specified and that it is so arranged that no vibrations result that might damage freshly placed concrete. The operation of the pump shall be such that a continuous stream of concrete without air pockets is produced.
- B. When pumping is completed, the concrete remaining in the pipeline, if it is to be used, shall be ejected in such a manner that there will be no contamination of the concrete or separation of the ingredients. After this operation, the entire equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned. Slump tests shall be taken at the discharge end of the pipe.

3.3 EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. Expansion joints shall be located and formed as required on the Drawings.
- B. Open Joints. Open joints shall be placed in the location shown on the Drawings and shall be formed. The form shall be removed without chipping or breaking the corners of the concrete. Reinforcement shall not extend across an open joint, unless so specified on the Drawings.

- C. Filled Joints. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, expansion joints shall be constructed with pre-molded expansion joint filler with a thickness equal to the width of the joint.
- D. The joint filler shall be cut to the same shape and size as the adjoining surfaces. It shall be fixed firmly against the surface of the concrete already in place in such manner that it will not be displaced when concrete is deposited against it.
- E. Immediately after the forms are removed, the expansion joints shall be inspected carefully. Any concrete or mortar that has sealed across the joint shall be removed.
- F. Joint sealer for use in deck joints shall be of the type shown on the Drawings conforming to the requirements of Article 2.4 (Joint Filler) of this Section. The faces of all joints to be sealed shall be free of foreign matter, paint, curing compound, oils, greases, dirt, free water, and laitance.
- G. Elastomeric Compression Seals. The joint seal shall be shaped as shown on the Drawings. It shall be installed by suitable hand or machine tools and thoroughly secured in place with a lubricant-adhesive recommended by the seal manufacturer. The lubricant-adhesive shall cover both sides of the seal over the full area in contact with the sides of the joint.
- H. The seal shall be in one piece for the full width of the joint. Any joints at curbs shall be sealed adequately with additional adhesive.
- I. The seal may be installed immediately after the curing period of the concrete. Temperature limitations of the lubricant-adhesive as guaranteed by the manufacturer shall be observed.
- J. Strip Seals. Expansion joint strip seals shall be as shown on the Drawings, and composed of a steel extrusion and an extruded strip seal. The steel shall conform to ASTM A242 or A588. Strip seals shall be one piece for the length of the joint.
- K. Installation of the expansion joints shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, except that the joint opening shall be adjusted for the dimensions indicated on the Drawings.

3.4 PIPES, CONDUITS, AND DUCTS

A. Pipes, conduits, and ducts that are to be encased in concrete shall be installed in the forms by the CONTRACTOR before the concrete is placed. Unless otherwise indicated, they shall be standard, lightweight cast-iron water pipe or wrought iron. They shall be held rigidly so they will not be displaced during concrete placement.

3.5 FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES

A. All concrete surfaces exposed in the completed WORK shall receive an Ordinary Finish, as described below, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings or in the special provisions.

3.6 ORDINARY FINISH

- A. An Ordinary Finish is defined as the finish left on a surface after the removal of the forms, the filling of all holes left by form ties, and the repairing of all defects. The surface shall be true and even, free from stone pockets and depressions or projections. All surfaces that cannot be satisfactorily repaired shall be given a Rubbed Finish.
- B. The concrete in caps and tops of walls shall be struck off with a straightedge and floated to true grade. The use of mortar topping for concrete surfaces shall in no case be permitted.
- C. As soon as the forms are removed, metal devices that have been used for holding the forms in place, and which pass through the body of the concrete, shall be removed or cut back at least one inch beneath the surface of the concrete. Fins of mortar and all irregularities caused by form joints shall be removed.
- D. All small holes, depressions, and voids that show upon the removal of forms, shall be filled with cement mortar mixed in the same proportions as that used in the body of the WORK. In patching larger holes and honeycombs, all coarse or broken material shall be chipped away until a dense uniform surface of concrete exposing solid coarse aggregate is obtained. Feathered edges shall be cut away to form faces perpendicular to the surface. All surfaces of the cavity shall be saturated thoroughly with water, after which a thin layer of neat cement mortar shall be applied. The cavity shall then be filled with stiff mortar composed of one part portland cement to two parts sand, which shall be thoroughly tamped into place. The mortar shall be pre-shrunk by mixing it approximately 20 minutes before using. The length of time may be varied in accordance with brand of cement used, temperature, humidity, and other local conditions. The surface of this mortar shall be floated with a wooden float before initial set takes place and shall be neat in appearance. The patch shall be kept wet for a period of five days.
- E. For patching large or deep areas, coarse aggregate shall be added to the patching material. All mortar for patching on surfaces which will be exposed to view in the completed structure shall be color matched to the concrete. Test patches for color matching shall be conducted on concrete that will be hidden from view in the completed WORK and shall be subject to approval.

3.7 RUBBED FINISH

- A. When forms can be removed while the concrete is still green, the surface shall be pointed and wetted and then rubbed with a wooden float until all irregularities and form marks are removed and the surface is covered with a lather composed of cement and water. This lather shall be allowed to set for at least five days. The surface shall then be smoothed by being rubbed lightly with a fine carborundum stone. If permitted, a thin grout composed of one part cement and one part fine sand may be used in the rubbing.
- B. If the concrete has hardened before being rubbed, a medium coarse carborundum stone shall be used to finish the surface. Such WORK shall not be done until at least four days after placing and it shall be done in the following manner:
 - 1. A thin grout composed of one part cement and one part fine sand shall be spread over a small area of the surface. It shall be rubbed immediately with the stone

until all form marks and irregularities are removed and the surface is covered with a lather. The surface shall then be finished as described above for green concrete.

- C. The surface shall be smooth in texture and uniform in appearance. The building up of depressions will not be permitted.
- D. If, through the use of first-class form materials and the exercise of special care, concrete surfaces are obtained that are satisfactory, the CONTRACTOR may be relieved entirely or in part from the requirements for a rubbed finish.

3.8 CURING CONCRETE

A. Water Curing:

- 1. All concrete surfaces shall be kept wet for at least seven (7) days after placement if Type I or II cement has been used or for three days if Type III cement has been used. Concrete shall be covered with wet burlap, cotton mats, or other materials meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 171 immediately after final finishing of the surface. These materials shall remain in place for the full curing period or they may be removed when the concrete has hardened sufficiently to prevent marring. The surface shall immediately be covered with sand, earth, straw, or similar materials.
- 2. In either case the materials shall be kept thoroughly wet for the entire curing period. All other surfaces, if not protected by forms, shall be kept thoroughly wet, either by sprinkling or by the use of wet burlap, cotton mats, or other suitable fabric, until the end of the curing period. If wood forms are allowed to remain in place during the curing period, they shall be kept moist at all times to prevent opening at joints.
- B. Membrane Curing. Liquid membrane curing compound meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 148, Type I, may be permitted, subject to approval by the ENGINEER. Compounds utilizing linseed oil shall not be used. All finishing of concrete surfaces shall be performed to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER prior to applying the impervious membrane-curing compound. The concrete surfaces must be kept wet with water continuously until the membrane has been applied. The manufacturer's instructions shall be carefully followed in applying the membrane. In all cases, the membrane-curing compound must always be thoroughly mixed immediately before application. If the membrane becomes marred, worn, or in any way damaged, it must immediately be repaired by wetting the damaged area thoroughly and applying a new coat of the impervious membrane-curing compound. Membrane curing will not be permitted for concrete slabs that are to be covered with waterproof membranes, for polymer modified concrete or at construction joints.

3.9 BACKFILLING

- A. Unbalanced backfilling against concrete structures will not be permitted until the concrete has attained a compressive strength of not less than 80% of the ultimate strength (f'_c) shown on the Drawings.
- B. The compressive strength shall be determined from informational test cylinders cured on the site under similar conditions of temperature and moisture as the concrete in the structure.

3.10 CLEANING UP

A. Upon completion of the structure and before final acceptance, the CONTRACTOR shall remove all falsework. Falsework piling shall be removed or cut off at least two feet below the finished ground line.

END OF SECTION 321313

SECTION 321314 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools, and equipment necessary for furnishing and installing concrete structures in accordance with these Specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, details, and locations shown on the Drawings or directed by the ENGINEER.
- B. Civil Concrete Structures are concrete sidewalks and concrete curbs.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturer:
 - 1. Form-release agents.
 - 2. Joint filler for concrete sidewalk, curbs and site walls.
 - 3. Reinforcing steel shop drawings.
 - 4. Concrete mix design.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 85.
- B. Aggregate shall be clean, durable, uniformly graded sand and gravel, or crushed stone, 100 percent passing a 1 1/2 inch sieve and containing not more than five percent passing a U.S. No. 200 sieve.
- C. Air-entraining admixtures shall conform to the requirement of AASHTO M 154.
- D. Water shall be obtained from the CBJ potable water system, unless otherwise permitted in writing by the ENGINEER.
- E. Curing materials shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 182, AASHTO M 171, or AASHTO M 148, as appropriate, except that AASHTO M 148 is modified to prohibit the use of compounds utilizing linseed oil.
- F. Reinforcing Steel shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 31.
- G. Welded Wire Fabric shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 55.

SECTION 321314 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

- H. Joint Fillers shall be of the type specified in the contract, and shall conform to the appropriate following requirements:
 - 1. Poured filler shall conform to AASHTO M 173 or AASHTO M 282 as specified.
 - 2. Hot-poured sealants for concrete and asphaltic pavements shall conform to ASTM D 3405, color gray.
 - 3. Hot-poured elastomeric type sealant for concrete pavements shall conform to ASTM D 3406, color gray.
 - 4. Cold-poured silicone type sealant for concrete pavements shall conform to Federal Specification TT-S-1543, Class A. The sealant shall be one part, low-modulus silicone rubber with an ultimate elongation of 1,200 percent, color gray.
 - 5. Preformed fiber expansion joint fillers shall conform to AASHTO M 213 for non-extruding and resilient bituminous types.

2.2 COMPOSITION OF CONCRETE

- A. Portland cement concrete will ordinarily be accepted on the basis of certification.
- B. The concrete shall contain three to six percent of entrained air, as determined by AASHTO T 152. Concrete shall have a slump of not more than four inches as determined by AASHTO T 119.
- C. Concrete shall contain not less than 611 pounds of cement and not more than 300 pounds of water per cubic yard.
- D. The concrete shall develop a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi in 28 days.
- E. The concrete shall be subject to acceptance or rejection by visual inspection at the job site. Re-tempering concrete will not be permitted.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall submit for approval the following:
 - 1. The type and sources of aggregates and cement.
 - 2. Scale weights of each aggregate proposed as pounds per cubic yard of concrete.
 - 3. Quantity of water proposed as pounds per cubic yard of concrete.
 - 4. Quantity of cement proposed as pounds per cubic yard of concrete.
 - 5. Air content.
 - 6. Slump.
- G. When a commercial supplier is used, the CONTRACTOR shall furnish a certification with each truckload of concrete certifying that the material and mix proportions used are in conformance with the approved mixture.
- H. Concrete complying with Section 32 1313 Site Concrete will be acceptable as an approved mixture with appropriate certification.
- I. The ENGINEER may make and test cylinders for strength determinations.

SECTION 321314 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

2.3 FORMS

A. Forms shall be designed and constructed to be removed without injuring the concrete. They shall be free of bulge and warp, and constructed so the finished concrete will be of the form and dimensions shown on the Drawings, and true to line and grade. Forms for concrete containing a retarding admixture shall be designed for a lateral pressure equal to that exerted by a fluid weighing 150 pounds per cubic foot.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PLACING CONCRETE

- A. Concrete shall be placed to avoid segregation of materials and shall be consolidated with mechanical vibrators in accordance with Section 32 1313 Site Concrete.
- B. When concrete is placed by the pumping method or by tremie operations, the use of aluminum pipe or conduit for transporting the concrete will not be permitted.
- C. The intervals between delivery of batches for a single pour shall not exceed 30 minutes.
- D. When placing concrete at or below an atmospheric temperature of 35 °F the CONTRACTOR shall comply with the applicable requirements of Section 32 1313 Site Concrete.

3.2 FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES

A. All concrete surfaces shall have an ordinary finish in accordance with the requirements of Section 32 1313 – Site Concrete, except "Concrete International Corporation" Ashford formula shall be used as a curing compound.

3.3 CURING CONCRETE

A. All concrete will be cured a minimum of seven days, or, if high early strength cement is used, a minimum of three days. The concrete shall be cured in accordance with Section 32 1313 – Site Concrete.

3.4 AS-CAST FORMED FINISHES

- A. Rubbed Finish: Apply the following to smooth-form-finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
 - 1. Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborumdum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.

SECTION 321315 - SIDEWALK, CURB AND GUTTER

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools, and equipment necessary for furnishing and installing concrete sidewalks and concrete curbs as shown on the Drawings.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Samples: For each of the following materials:
 - 1. Sidewalk joint filler.
- B. Technical data sheets for the concrete synthetic fibers.
- C. Construction Joint Layout: Indicate proposed construction joints as indicated in the Drawings and required to construct the Project.
 - 1. Location and layout of joints is subject to the approval of the ENGINEER.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Materials shall conform to the requirements of Section 32 1313 Site Concrete, except "Concrete International Corporation" Ashford Formula, or approved equal, shall be used instead of the specified curing materials.
- B. Synthetic fibers shall be used for reinforcement with curb & gutter, sidewalk and perimeter curb. Reinforcing steel or wire mesh shall not be used unless approved by the ENGINEER. Curb & gutter and valley gutters shall utilize a fibrillated product, 300 mm in length, such as Fibermesh 300, or approved equal. Application rate shall be at least 1.5 pounds per cubic yard of concrete. Fibermesh shall be as manufactured by "SI Concrete Systems" or approved equal.
- C. Joint fillers shall conform to requirements of Section 32 1313 Site Concrete.
- D. Synthetic fibers shall be added to concrete at the batch plant with the types and weights as follows:
 - 1. Sidewalk Fibermesh 150 (formerly Stealth), as manufactured by "SI Concrete Systems," or approved equal, at 1.5 pounds per cubic yard of concrete.
 - 2. Curb and Gutter Fibermesh 300 (fibrillated fibers), as manufactured by "SI concrete Systems," or approved equal, at 1.5 pounds per cubic yard of concrete.

SECTION 321315 - SIDEWALK, CURB AND GUTTER

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION

- A. Sidewalk, concrete slabs, curb and gutter shall conform to the applicable requirements of Section 32 1313 Site Concrete, and as shown on the Drawings, except "Concrete International Corporation" Ashford formula, or approved equal, shall be used as a curing compound.
 - 1. The curing compound shall be sprayed on the surface with a low-pressure sprayer immediately following the finishing operation.
 - 2. The entire surface shall be kept wet for 30 minutes by brooming excess material onto the dry spots or by re-spraying them immediately. No areas on the concrete surface shall be allowed to dry during the initial 30 minute period.
 - 3. As the curing compound begins to dry into the surface and becomes slippery, lightly sprinkle the surface with water to aid the penetration of the curing compound and to bring any alkali to the surface.
 - 4. After 30 to 40 minutes, squeegee or broom the surface to remove any excess curing compound and alkali or other impurities brought to the surface. All WORK required for the application of the curing compound shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. All exposed or unprotected edges of sidewalks shall be tooled to a radius of not more than one-half inch. After floating, trowel finish the entire surface using steel trowels. Final finish shall be obtained by brooming the surface, including the tooled edge, to a gritty finish after all free moisture has disappeared from the surface. Sprinkling of cement or sand for blotting will not be permitted.
- C. Concrete curb and gutter shall be integral, one course construction, and molded in place on a compacted base course. The face forms of the integral curb and gutter shall be removed as soon as practicable. The top and inclined surface shall then be worked with float or steel trowels to a gritty finish. Glazing, sprinkling of sand or cement, or blotting will not be permitted. Both front and back edges shall be tooled to a radius of one-half inch.
- D. Use of monolithic curb and gutter machines will be permitted only with the written approval of the ENGINEER. Mortar may be added to the curb machine in a quantity approved by the ENGINEER.
- E. Expansion joints shall be placed at a maximum of 30-foot intervals, along all structures and about all features that project into, through, or against the concrete. An expansion joint shall be constructed at the intersection of sidewalks and at the beginning and end of curb returns. Expansion joints shall not be placed between the sidewalk and the curb.
- F. Expansion joint material shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 213. This material shall extend the full width of the structure and shall be cut to such dimensions that the base of the expansion joint shall extend to the subgrade and the top shall be depressed not less than one-quarter inch nor more than one-half inch below the finished surface of the concrete. The material shall be one piece in the vertical dimension and

SECTION 321315 - SIDEWALK, CURB AND GUTTER

shall be securely fastened to the existing concrete face against which fresh concrete is to be poured.

- G. Joints shall be cleared of all gravel and loose material. Joint surfaces shall be kept clean and dry during sealing. Sealing shall be done in accordance to manufacturer's recommendations. Sealant placed incorrectly shall be removed and replaced at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- H. Transverse contraction joints, cut to a depth of ½ of the slab thickness prior to the final set of the concrete. The joints shall be tooled in the sidewalk as shown on the Drawings. Where the sidewalk adjoins the curb (parallel to it), contraction joints in the sidewalk and curb shall be made to match where practicable.
- I. The top and face of the finished curb shall be true and straight and the top surface of curbs shall be of uniform width, free from lumps, sags, or other irregularities. When a straightedge 10 feet long is laid on the top or face of the curb, or on the surface of gutters, the surface shall not vary more than 0.02 foot from the edge of the straightedge except at grade changes or curves. All discolored concrete shall be cleaned at the CONTRACTOR's expense. The concrete may be cleaned by abrasive blast cleaning or other methods approved by the ENGINEER. Repairs shall be made by removing and replacing the entire unit between scoring lines or joints.
 - J. All forms for segments between PC's and PT's with a radius of less than 100' shall be arced to match required curvature. No straight forms will be permitted for use within the curved segments with a radius of less than 100'. Straight forms used for any arced segment with a radius greater than 100' shall not exceed 10' in length.
- K. The CONTRACTOR shall protect all newly placed concrete from damage of any kind to prevent disfigurement during the curing period. Damaged concrete shall be repaired or replaced to the ENGINEER's satisfaction at no additional cost to the OWNER.

SECTION 321316 - REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB AND CONCRETE CURB

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this section includes providing all labor, materials, tools, and equipment necessary for sawcutting, removing and disposing of existing concrete slabs and concrete curb of any shape as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION

- A. Concrete slabs and concrete curbs to be removed shall be separated from the remaining portion by saw cutting. Saw cuts shall be at right angles to the slab edge for full depth of the slab. Broken edges shall be trimmed to eliminate jagged or irregular surfaces. The CONTRACTOR shall dispose of the material at an approved disposal area.
- B. The CONTRACTOR is responsible to secure disposal sites, including obtaining written permission from the owner and any required permits, if none are indicated on the Drawings. The cost of securing such sites shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.

SECTION 323000 - FILTER CLOTH

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, material, tools, and equipment necessary for furnishing and installing filter cloth in accordance with the Drawings, or as directed by the ENGINEER.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Filter cloth material certification and manufacturer's product information for each type of filter cloth. Type C filter cloth material applies to this project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CLOTH

- A. Filter cloth shall be composed of plastic yarn fabricated into a pervious sheet with distinct pores or openings.
- B. The plastic yarn shall consist of a long-chain synthetic polymer composed of at least 85% by weight of propylene, ethylene, or vinylidene-chloride and shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors added to the base plastic to make the filaments resistant to deterioration due to ultraviolet and heat exposure. The cloth shall be calendared or otherwise finished so that the yarns will retain their relative position with respect to each other. The edges of the cloth shall be selvedged or otherwise finished to prevent the outer yarn from pulling away from the cloth.
- C. Type A filter cloth, woven or non-woven, shall meet the following requirements:

Grab Tensile Strength (ASTM D 1682) 90 lbs. min. Bursting Strength (ASTM D 751) 100 psi min.

Equivalent Opening Size (EOS) 40 minimum, 100 maximum

D. Type B filter cloth, woven or non-woven, shall meet the following requirements:

Grab Tensile Strength (ASTM D 1682) 200 lbs. min. Bursting Strength (ASTM D 751) 500 psi min.

E. Type C filter cloth, woven or non-woven, shall meet the following requirements:

Grab Tensile Strength (ASTM D 1682)

Grab Tensile Elongation (ASTM D 1682)

Bursting Strength (ASTM D 751)

Trapezoid Tear Strength (ASTM D 1117)

Puncture Strength (ASTM D 751)*

Vater Permeability (AASHTO M 288)**

200 lbs. min.

290 psi min.

50 lbs. min.

75 lbs. min.

0.001 cm/sec. min.

*Using 5/16" flat-tipped pod

**5 cm. Constant head

GLACIER FIRE STATION M/E UPRADES AND JUNEAU FIRE STATION GENERATOR REPLACEMENT CBJ Contract No. BE22-108 FILTER CLOTH

SECTION 323000 - FILTER CLOTH

2.2 SEAMS

A. Seams, when required, shall be sewn with thread of material meeting the chemical requirements given above for plastic yarn. The sheets for filter cloth shall be sewn together at the factory or another approved location to form sections not less than two feet wide. Seams shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D 1682, using one inch square jaws and 12 inches per minute constant rate of traverse. The strengths shall be not less than 90 pounds in any principal direction.

2.3 ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. All brands of plastic filter cloth and all seams to be used will be accepted on the basis of a certification. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the ENGINEER a mill certificate or affidavit signed by a legally authorized official from the company manufacturing the cloth. The mill certificate or affidavit shall attest that the cloth meets the chemical, physical, and manufacturing requirements stated in this Section.

2.4 SHIPMENT AND STORAGE

A. During all periods of shipment and storage, the cloth shall be protected from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, temperatures greater than 140° F, mud, dirt, dust, and debris. To the extent possible, the cloth shall be wrapped in a heavy-duty protective covering.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION

- A. Filter cloth shall be placed in the manner and at the locations shown on the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER. At the time of installation, cloth shall be rejected if it has defects, rips, holes, flaws, deterioration, or damage incurred during manufacture, transportation, or storage.
- B. The surface upon which the filter cloth is to be placed shall be free of projections or depressions, and rocks, roots, and other sharp objects which may cause the filter cloth to be punctured. The filter cloth shall be placed without stretching and shall lie smoothly in contact with the soil or wall surface. When overlapping of strips is necessary, the joints shall be overlapped a minimum of two feet. End overlaps shall be made in the direction of flow.
- C. The cloth shall be protected at all times during construction from contamination or from damage during its installation or during placement of subsequent covering; contaminated or damaged cloth shall be replaced at the CONTRACTOR's expense, or if the ENGINEER permits, torn fabric may be patched. The aggregate material shall be cleaned from the fabric, and the torn area shall be overlain with fabric with a minimum three foot overlap around the edges of the torn area. Care shall be taken that the patch remains in place when material is placed over the affected area.
- D. The WORK shall be scheduled so that not more than 30 Days elapse between the placement of the cloth and the time it is covered with specified material.

SECTION 323000 - FILTER CLOTH

- E. Type A filter cloth shall be utilized in all installations except for subgrade reinforcement.
- F. Type C filter cloth shall be utilized for subgrade reinforcement.
- G. Following placement of the fabric on the prepared surface, material of the type shown on the Drawings shall be back-dumped on the previously spread fabric or ground adjacent to the fabric and carefully pushed or spread onto the fabric by a dozer or other machinery. A minimum depth of one foot, or the depth shown on the Drawings, shall be maintained at all times between the fabric and the wheels or tracks of the construction equipment. At not time shall equipment operate on the unprotected fabric. The material shall be spread in the direction of the fabric overlap. Special care shall be taken to maintain a proper overlap and fabric continuity.

SECTION 323002 - PAINTED TRAFFIC MARKINGS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for furnishing and placing painted traffic markings as shown on the Drawings.
- B. Details not shown on the Drawings shall be in conformity with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and the Alaska Traffic Manual Supplement published by the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIAL

- A. Paint for traffic markings shall use one of the following:
 - 1. AASHTO M 248, Type F (Alkyd Resin), or
 - 2. FSS TT-P-19D(1) Paint, Latex (Acrylic Emulsion, Exterior), or
 - 3. The current State of Alaska DOT&PF maintenance specification for pavement marking paint.
- B. Paint for concrete shall meet FSS TT-P-19D(1) Paint, Latex (Acrylic Emulsion, Exterior).

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Lines shall be applied as shown on the Drawings.
- B. Gaps not marked as a result of template use for spray-applied auxiliary markings shall be filled with marking material after template removal.
- C. Pavement markings shall be free of uneven edges, overspray, or other readily visible defects which detract from the appearance or function of the pavement markings.
- D. Methods and equipment used for pavement preparation and marking removal shall be subject to the approval of the ENGINEER.
- E. Other construction WORK, such as shoulder paving, topsoil placement and grading, and seeding, shall be scheduled and performed in a manner to avoid damage to applied pavement markings.

SECTION 323002 - PAINTED TRAFFIC MARKINGS

3.2 PAVEMENT PREPARATION

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall clean all visible loose or foreign material from the surface to be marked. The pavement marking equipment shall be equipped with an air jet to remove all debris from the pavement in advance of the applicator gun. The air jet shall operate when marking material is being applied and be synchronized with marking material application.
- B. Pavement markings shall be applied only when the surface is clean and dry. The CONTRACTOR shall power broom clean all surfaces where edge lines are to be applied. When required by the ENGINEER, other surfaces shall also be power broom cleaned.
- C. Marking shall not be applied to Portland cement concrete until the concrete in the areas to be marked is clean of membrane curing material and is dry.

3.3 LAYOUT AND PREMARKING

A. The CONTRACTOR shall lay out the locations of all lines, words and other symbols to ensure their proper placement. The layout and premarking lines shall be approved by the ENGINEER before marking operations are started. When applying longitudinal or transverse lines, the CONTRACTOR shall use existing lines, construction joints or premarking to guide this marking equipment.

3.4 LINE TYPES

- A. Accessible parking stall and access aisle stripes shall be 4-inch wide, solid blue.
- B. Parking lot stall marking lines shall be continuous white stripes, four inches in width.
- C. Lane arrows and letters shall be white markings, with a minimum rate of application of 0.01 gallon per square foot of markings.

3.5 EQUIPMENT AND APPLICATION OF PAINTED TRAFFIC MARKINGS

- A. The markings shall be applied by machine methods acceptable to the ENGINEER. The paint machine shall be of the spray type capable of satisfactorily applying the paint under pressure with uniformity of feed through nozzles spraying directly upon the pavement. Each machine shall be capable of applying two separate stripes, either solid or skip, at the same time. Each paint tank shall be equipped with a mechanical agitator. Each nozzle shall be equipped with satisfactory cutoff valves which will apply broken or skip lines automatically. Each nozzle shall have a mechanical bead dispenser that will operate simultaneously with the spray nozzle and distribute the beads in a uniform pattern at the rate specified. Each nozzle shall also be equipped with suitable line guides consisting of metallic shrouds or air blasts.
- B. The paint shall be thoroughly mixed prior to application, and shall be applied when the air temperature is above 40° F and rising, to a clean and dry surface
- C. The painted area shall be protected from traffic until the paint is thoroughly dry.

SECTION 323002 - PAINTED TRAFFIC MARKINGS

3.6 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

A. When indicated on the Drawings, pavement markings shall be removed. The markings shall be removed by high-pressure water blast, sand blast, high temperature burning with excess oxygen, or other methods, with the approval of the ENGINEER. Care shall be exercised during marking removal not to scar, discolor or otherwise damage the pavement surface. Overpainting or other methods of covering markings in lieu of removal shall not be permitted.

SECTION 331117 - PIPE INSULATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The WORK under this Section includes providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary for furnishing and installing pipe insulation for water pipe and service pipe at locations shown on the Drawings and as directed by the ENGINEER.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Rigid board insulation certification and catalogue cut sheet.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 RIGID INSULATION

A. Rigid insulation shall be rigid board closed cell polystyrofoam material containing a flame retardant additive specifically designed for underground pipe or pavement installations, equivalent to Dow Chemical Company Styrofoam HI, and approved by the ENGINEER. Rigid board dimensions shall be 2' wide by 8' long by 2" thick. R Valve = 10. Compressive strength = 60 psi.

2.2 SPRAYED-ON INSULATION

A. Sprayed-on urethane foam insulation applied directly to the pipe exterior with an elastomeric coating, may be approved by the ENGINEER, provided the material has demonstrated a satisfactory performance history in underground installation and has the following physical properties:

Density 2 pcf, Minimum

Compressive Strength (ASTM D 1621) 35 psi, Minimum at 5% Deflective or Yield

Water Absorption 0.25% by Vol. Maximum (ASTM C 177)

Thermal Conductivity Max. 0.23 BTU (ASTM C 177) Hr.Ft.² EF.In. Thickness

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION

SECTION 331117 - PIPE INSULATION

- A. When water pipes or service pipes have less than 5-feet of cover to finished grade or vertical clearance at a storm drain culvert crossing, either above or below, they shall be insulated as shown on the Drawings.
- B. Rigid insulation shall be a minimum of 2-feet wide and 2-inches thick. The length of insulation required shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER. Insulation shall be placed between 6 and 12-inches from the water pipe or service pipe with the width centered on the longitudinal axis of the water pipe or service pipe as shown on the Drawings.
- C. Sprayed-on urethane foam insulation shall be a minimum of 4-inches thick and be installed in strict conformance to the manufacturer's recommendations. Precautions to protect CONTRACTOR personnel, Project inspectors, and the public in general shall be taken by the CONTRACTOR in compliance with OSHA Standards and the manufacturer's recommendations.