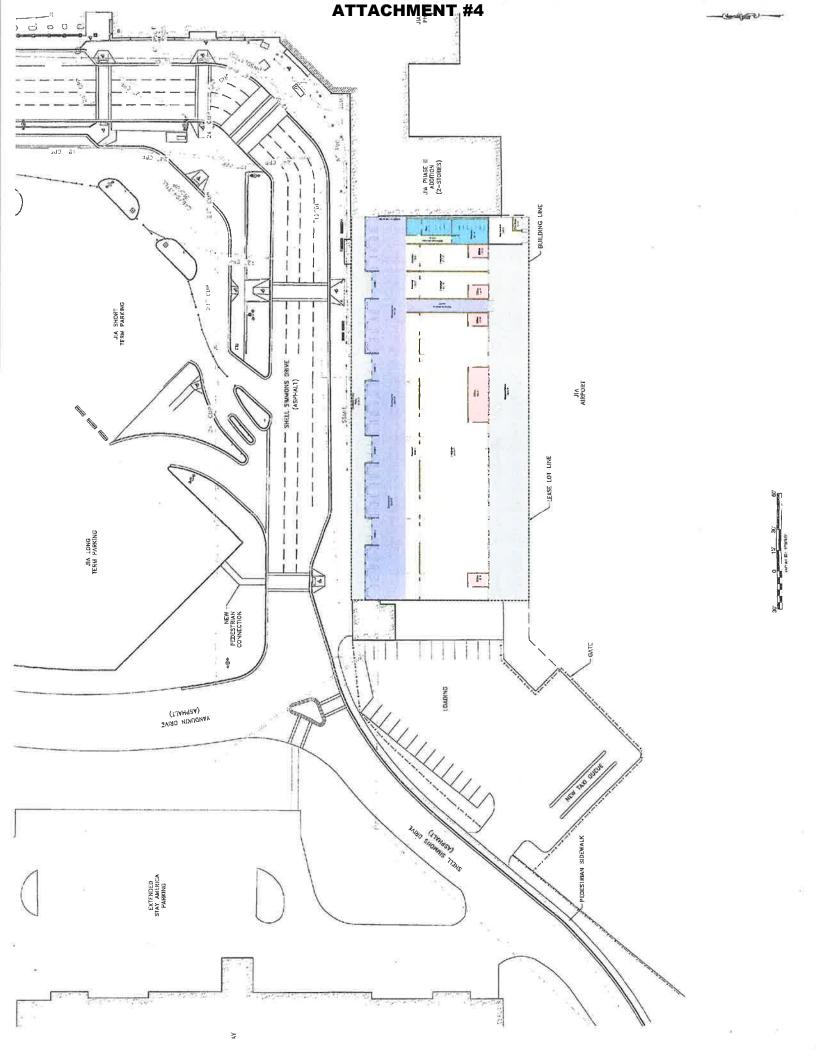
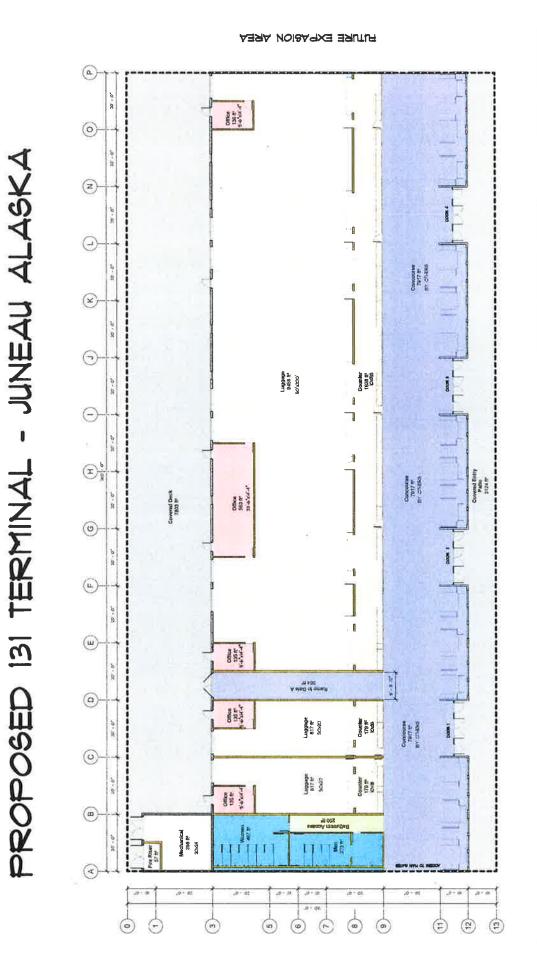


ATTACHMENT #4 CONCEPT SITE PLAN C101 MCCOOL CARLSON GREEN
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MCCOOL CARRON GREEN UNEAU, ALASKA CITY & BOROUGH OF JUNEAU SHEET NO. ЈОИЕАЈ ІИТС, АІВРОЯТ ТЕРМІИАС ЕХР. Mucol Certson green pursus

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The Cart son green JIA MAIN TERMINAL PHASE I ADDITION (2-STORIES) **РРЕГІМІИАRY DESIGN** JIA PHASE II ADDITION (2-STORIES) 9,500 SF BUILDABLE 11,600 SF LOT SIZE 6 JIA SHORT TERM PARKING ONE ONE 20,500 SF RINDSANC 25,700 SF LOT SEE JIA LONG TERM PARKING EXTENDED STAY AMERICA PARKING EXTENDED STAY AMERICA HOTEL





TOTAL: 36,400 SF BCALE I' . 10'0" 3,125 SF 7,804 SF 455 SF 11,384 SF COVERED ENTRY
COVERED BACK
MECHANICAL TOTAL 12,220 SF 12,220 SF LARGE OPERATOR TOTAL 18 181 18 181 2,262 SF SMALL OPERATOR I SMALL OPERATOR I

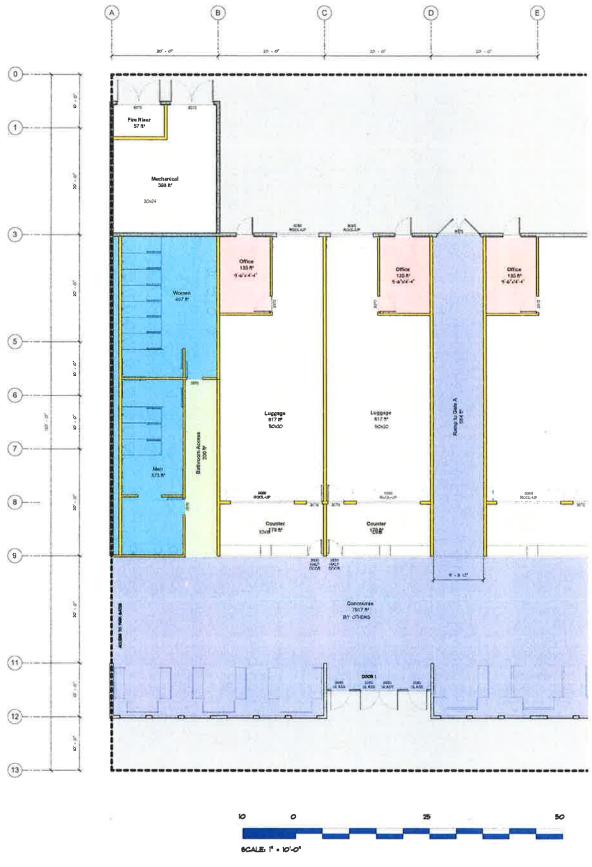
AREAS:

CONCOURSE BATHROOMS

1,040 SF 8,482 SF 9,522 SF

TOTAL

ENLARGED PLAN



VALUE NGINEERING NOTES:

Description: JUNEAU NORTH TERMINAL

the Francisco

Code: JNUTERM

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Page: 1

19:42:36

BASE TOTAL 4,896,400.00

All Rights Reserved

BID BOOK

Bid Item | Bid Item Description | Quantity | Unit | Unit Price | Total Price | DIV 1 GENERAL CONDITIONS 1.00 LS | 125,477,000 | 125,477.00 | 100 DIV 2 SITE WORK 200 1.00 LS | 453,532:000 453,532.00 1.00| LS | 300 DIV 3 CONCRETE 582,366.000 582,366.00 400 DIV 4 MASONRY 1.00 LS | 0.000 0.00 500 DIV 5 METALS 1.00| LS | 332,977,000 332,977.00 DIV 6 WOOD AND PLASTER 820,637.000 600 1.00 LS 820,637.00 DIV 7 THERMAL AND MOISTUR 1.00 LS 517,772-000 517,772.00 700 DIV 8 DOORS AND WINDOWS 227,217,000 800 1.00 LS 227,217.00 900 DIV 9 FINISHES 1.00 LS 166,324,000 166,324.00 1000 DIV 10 SPECIALTIES 1.00 LS 224,324.000 224,324.00 DIV 11 EQUIPMENT 198,323.000 1.00 LS 198,323.00 1100 1200 DIV 12 FURNISHINGS 1.00| LS 66,433.000 66,433.00 1300 DIV 13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTI 1.00| LS | 271,625,000 271,625.00 DIV 14 CONVEYING SYSTEMS 1.00 LS 0.000 1400 0.00 492,684.000 1500 DIV 15 MECHANICAL 1.00 LS 492,684.00 1.00 Ls 1600 DIV 16 ELECTRICAL 332,387.000 332,387,00 DIV 17 INSTRUMENT/CONTROL | 1.00 LS 84,322.000 | 84,322.00

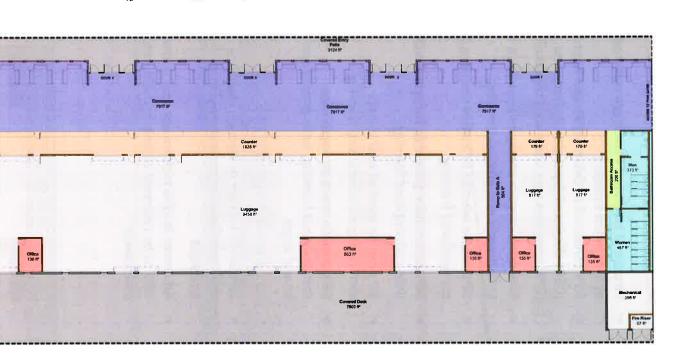
	"GREEN" BUILDING	STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANELS	LOGISTICS
• •	Extremely energy efficient building envelope Radiant floor heating provides an even heat where it is needed	Structural Insulated Panels are referred to as SIPs in the industry SIPs consisted of Oriented Strand Board (OSB) skins and Expanded Polystyrene	Allows City Borough of Juneau (CBJ) to evaluate the design concept and how it fits with their long-range planning and culture
•	Large overhead fans circulate warm air from ceilings to floors to provide more comfort	(EPS) core pressure laminated together SIPs don't contain studs, only bucks at the end of walls and around openings	Also allows the CBJ to evaluate the operations cost of the new facility Allows transparency and separates
•	Solar light tubes eliminate artificial lighting needs during daylight and	SIPs can be erected in 25% of the time for conventional framing	special interest of any one operator. Conversely, the public procurement process brings options to the table that
•	Air conditioning needs will be significantly reduced compared to	than conventional framing. SIPs can be used as roof panels	don't cede control of the North Terminal to private interests.
•	conventional construction The use of 'Air Socks' for even cold air distribution will create interest and advertising opportunities	eliminating structural sub framing SIPs provide more strength than conventional framing, both gravity and lateral loads	baggage handling security area close to by baggage handling security area close to by within the main terminal. This design concept could help expand the existing by terminal at low cost within the north
•	Efficient LED lighting will cut power cost up to 50% (when needed)	SIPs provide straight and true walls SIPs don't leakair or energy, making a	
•	targe overnangs reduce energy entering the building, reducing cooling needs Protected glass allows energy into concourse during winter to provide	envelope Advances in OSB technology now allow OSB to be resistant to water, mold, rot,	space for 121 operator(s). A south portion of this design could be constructed to solve the problem of congested and inefficient TSA security screening space.
	passive heating	and insects	The conceptual design presented herein assures consistent design flow critical for end users ability to operate efficiently, effectively and affordably.

DESIGN CONCEPT

- Economically Viable Construction
- Designed for low cost fast track expansion for both operator growth and new operators (spring/summer/fall)
- "Big Box Open Space" without interior bearing walls easily modified for both current and future tenants
- Open covered ramp Space with large cantilevered overhang requires no column supports – ease of baggage tugs ingress and egress
- Front concourse roof blends with lease space providing curb appeal with contiguous continuity

ATTACHMENT #4

- Sloped Roof follows architectural design concept with existing terminal
- Window layout compliments existing terminal and creates a look that the North Terminal is not an addition
- Concourse roof construction concurrent build with lease space design
- Construction methodology allows 2-phase construction with demo of a portion of the old north terminal, operators have internet and phone with minimal disruption
- Provides a consistent look, eliminating the eclectic look of operators building their own facilities



JUNEAU INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT



REPLACEMENT
OF THE
NORTH TERMINAL
FOR
135 OPERATIONS

PROPOSED

WARD AIR, INC.

CBJ AIRPORT TERMINAL NORTH WING RECONSTRUCTION OPTIONS SUMMARY

As of June 11, 2018

There are three possible options to replacing or upgrading the current public facility. They are:

- I. <u>CBJ Airport remains the owner</u> of the current public facility procuring re-construction through a public bid process (Harris Air/Island Air/Ward Air's recommended option);
- II. **Privatizing** the public facility to a single entity other than a 135 company by leasing the CBJ Airport North Wing land immediately adjacent to the terminal who will in turn construct, own and operate a new terminal under terms required by the airport; and
- III. <u>Privatizing</u> the public facility <u>to multiple current 135</u> <u>companies</u> by leasing the CBJ Airport North Wing land immediately adjacent to the terminal who will in turn construct, own and operate a their own terminal under their own terms (the option currently recommended by CBJ Airport staff and Alaska Seaplanes).

The attached sheet compares the features of these three options.

WARD AIR, INC. CBJ AIRPORT TERMINAL NORTH WING REPLACEMENT OPTIONS ANALYSIS As of June 11, 2018

North Wing Terminal Replacement Options

16 Important Features	(I) CBJ Owned	(II) One Lease	(I) CBJ Owned (II) One Lease (III) Multiple Leases
1. CBJ Airport retains long term control of an existing public facility.	YES	YES	ON
2. Allows for a <i>genuine Public Private Parnership</i> in which the CBJ Airport would ultimately retain ownership of this critical public facility.	YES	YES	ON
3. Ensures market competition at the CBJ airport allowing entry, expansion, contraction and exit of operators into the Juneau market without requiring a significant capital investment.	YES	YES	ON
4. Avoids any conflict of interest resulting from ceding control of a current public facility to a single currently viable private carrier or group of carriers.	YES	YES	ON
5. Avoids potential legal problems that could result should a 135 operator with a long term private leasehold interest as part of a public facility encounter financial difficulties, bankruptcy or a change of ownership.	YES	YES	ON 2
6. Avoids giving a competitive advantage to any one or group of operators over other 135 carriers currently in or who may want to enter the Juneau market.	YES	YES	ON
7. Allows re-construction of the North Wing as a homogenous "Big Box" allowing future flexibility and expansion.	YES	YES	ON
8. Will allow for compatible design criteria with rest of the Airport terminal, avoiding a trailer park look.	YES	YES	NO

MAYBE

MAYBE

MAYBE

Can be accomplished expeditiously.

provisions of Alaska Statutes Title 36.

MAYBE

MAYBE

9

CBJ AIRPORT TERMINAL NORTH WING REPLACEMENT OPTIONS ANALYSIS WARD AIR, INC.

As of June 11, 2018

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North Wing Terminal Replacement Options

16 Important Features	(I) CBJ Owned	(II) One Lease	(I) CBJ Owned (II) One Lease (III) Multiple Leases	
9. Would <i>allow Delta, Air North or other potential 121 carriers to rent space in the North Wing</i> if the 'knuckle" reconstruction incorporated a bag belt from the North Wing to the bag screening area, thereby <i>significantly forestalling any need for a multi-million dollar addition</i> to the existing two story east wing of				
the CBJ Airport Terminal.	YES	YES	ON	_
10. A public bid process would ensure transparency and avoid a potential legal challenge.	YES	YES	NO	
11. Avoids need for additional public financing.		YES	YES	_
12. Could be financed by bank or private financing.	MAYBE	YES	YES	_
13. May avoid the additional prevailing wage construction costs required by the				_

15. Staging of the construction would enable 135 Operators to continue operations during construction.	YES	YES	MAYBE
16. Allows a private contractor to determine if the existing North Wing			
superstructure can be utilized rather than demolished.	ON	YES	ON

PRO-FORMA NEW NORTH WING RENTAL RATE COMPUTATIONS

2 . 4 .

As of June 11, 2018

		Non-Prevailing Wage	iling Wage		Preva	lling Wage	Prevailing Wage @ 40% Premium	mn
	Tax Free	ree Rates	Non-Tax Free Rates	ee Rates	Tax Free Rates	Rates	Non-Tax Free Rates	ee Rates
Estimated Construction Cost	4,896,400	4,896,400	4,896,400	4,896,400	6,854,960	6,854,960	6,854,960	6,854,960
APR Bank Financing Rates 2018-06-11	3.4%	4.4%	4.9%	5.9%	3.4%	4.4%	4.9%	5.9%
Financing Years	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Financing Months	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240
Monthly Required Revenue for Debt Service	28,146	30,713	32,044	34,797	39,405	42,999	44,862	48.716
Annual Required Revenue for Debt Service	337,754	368,560	384,530	417,569	472,856	515,985	538,343	584,597
Annual Utility and Maintenance Cost Ratio	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Annual Utility and Maintenance Costs	50,663	55,284	57,680	62,635	70,928	77,398	80,751	87,690
Total Required Revenue	388,417	423,844	442,210	480,205	543,784	593,382	619,094	672,287
Leaseable Space			*1					
Large Carrier	12,221	12,221	12,221	12,221	12,221	12,221	12,221	12,221
Small Carrier 1	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,134
Small Carrier 2	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131	1,131
Covered Back 250 x 30	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
 Total Leaseable Space	21,983	21,983	21,983	21,983	21,983	21,983	21,983	21,983
Blended Annual Rental Rate/Square Foot	17.67	19.28	20.12	21.84	24.74	26.99	28.16	30.58
Current Blended Annual Rental Rates	000	00	6	0	0	000	Č	0
	20.41	ZU.41	14.02	20.41	40.41	ZU.41	ZU.41	ZU.41
Alaska Seaplanes	Rec	nested but	Requested but Not Provided	9	Red	uested but	Requested but Not Provided	
 Marginal Blended Annual Rate/Square Foot	-2.74	-1.13	-0,29	1.43	4,33	6.58	7,75	10,17

ATTACHMENT #4